<u>Time-limit</u> By Speed post





GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Water Respources (WS-B) Department 27/11/2019, Thiruvananthapuram

No.B2/222/219/WRD

From

Secretary to Government

То

Dr.M.Dhinadhayalan Adviser (PHEE) Nirman Bhawan, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs ,Government of India New Delhi - 110032.

Sri.A.Sudhakar DH,WQM-I Division, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi - 110032.

Sir,

- Sub: Water Resources Department Hon'ble NGT order dtd 11.09.2019 passed in O.A.No.496/2016 in the matter of News item published in Hindusthan Times dtd 19.06.2015 - Consolidated Report of the State of Kerala - submitting of - reg
- Ref: a.Letter No.Q-1514/1/216-CPHEEO dated 25/1/219 of the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affiars, New Delhi
 b)Letter F.No.A-14011/325-2015/2019-WQM-II dated 24.10.2019 of the Central Pollution Control Board.

With reference above, I am directed to forward herewith consolidated report of State of Kerala regarding the present status of the implementation and aciton plans on Rain Water Harvesting for Conservation of Water for the purpose of filing a combined report before Hon'ble NGT in compliance with the judgment dated 11.09.2019.

Yours Faithfully, GOPAKUMARAN NAIR B ADDITIONAL SECRETARY

For Secretary to Government.



WATER RESOURCES DEPARMENT GOVT. OF KERALA

SIGNIFICANCE OF RAIN WATER HARVESTING FOR CONSERVATION OF WATER

Status of implementation and Action Plan KWA, GWD & KRWSA - Consolidated Report



Page 1 of 30

4027429/2019/WRD(OS)

Index

SI no.	Particulars	Page no.
1.	Introduction '	3
n.	Note on the significance of Rain Water Harvesting for conservation of water- Department wise:-	
	A. Kerala Rural Water Supply & Sanitation Agency (KRWSA)	4
	B. Ground Water Department (GWD)	9
	C. Kerala Water Authority (KWA)	14
ш.	Plan of Action - Rain Water Harvesting for Conservation of Water	
	A. Kerala Rural Water Supply & Sanitation Agency (KRWSA)	20
	B. Ground Water Department (GWD)	23
	C. Kerala Water Authority (KWA)	29
IV	Conclusion	30

Page 2 of 30

1. Introduction.

Kerala is a blessed land with green vegetation, rivers, backwaters and vast natural resources. The state receives an average annual rainfall of 3000 mm. But Kerala faces severe water scarcity between February and mid May every year which leads to acute water shortages during summer, especially in the drinking water sector. Paucity of water during this period for drinking and other needsimpact adversely the health and livelihood of the people especially rural poor. This situation is expected to persist in the coming years also. It is estimated that Kerala needs 5823 million cu. metres of water additionally over and above the existing resources every year to meet its needs. Despite 44 rivers and world's largest well density, per capita surface and groundwater availability of the State is lower than that of other States in the country. Harvesting rainwater, which is abundantly available, for dry months lends itself as a viable solution in Kerala for solving the shortage of drinking water. If even a small proportion of the huge volume of rainwater lost to the sea can be successfully harvested, it can solve the problem of drinking water scarcity in Kerala especially in the dry months. Government of Kerala has embarked on a special campaign for promoting Rain Water Harvesting (RWH). The efforts taken at various levels are observed to be attracting large population to practice RWH. Moreover the programme is well accepted by people in Kerala, especially those who are living in hilly, costal and remote areas with limited access to potable water.

Rainwater harvesting is a technique or strategy for the collection of rainwater and storing it in the right way for future use. The water can be collected from various surfaces and platforms and stored for later use. In most cases, the water is usually collected from rooftops and other hard surfaces. Rainwater harvesting is considered as a very reliable way to conserve water. One of the simplest ways of storing water from the collection is storage tanks. The systems used for water collection is based on simple techniques that are very easy to maintain. The overall expenses used in setting up harvesting methods are much cheaper compared to other purifying or pumping means. Also, its maintenance is feasible on the economic front as it does not require deep pockets. Another important advantage is that it reduces dependency on other ground water sources.

As we all know, Kerala has a sloppy terrain and the rain water we receive will flow into the sea within a day. It emphasise the importance of conscious efforts to conserve this precious resource. We should adopt local specific and ecofriendlymethods and techniques to conserve the rain water and thereby enrich our ground water level. It is evident that we have developed so many models of rainwater harvesting and ground water recharging.



Page 3 of 30

2. NOTE ON THE SIGNIFICANCE OF RAIN WATER HARVESTING FOR CONSERVATION OF WATER.

A. KERALA RURAL WATER SUPPLY & SANITATION AGENCY (KRWSA)

1. Implementation of RWH units through Jalanidhi Projects

Scaling up of rooftop rainwater harvesting programme with the component of ground water recharge is found suitable for the individual households as alternative method for providing drinking water and gradually improving the water table. Hence the technology was adopted in implementing the World Bank aided Kerala Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project (popularly known as Jalanidhi) since 2001. The project has been implemented with people participation for setting up of small and large water supply scheme managed and operated by the beneficiary themselves. The cost is shared by Government (GoK), concerned Gramapanchayath (GP) and beneficiary (BG) in definite proportion.

Many of the GPs especially belonging to hilly and coastal regions are seriously planning to adopt RWH as technology option to provide the source of the water supply schemes. The RWH technology for providing as a source of the water supply scheme is more economical and the water so obtained is free from quality issues. The agency could so far construct 23,390 nos of RWH structures all over Kerala through Jalanidhi phase-1 & Phase 2 project. Details are as shown below,

_	JALANI	DHI - Details of RWH s	tructures constructe	đ
_		Status as on 30.	06.19	
SI No.	District	Jalanidhi-Phase-1 (FY2000-2008)	Jalanidhi-Phase- 2 (FY 2012-2019)	Total RWH structures constructed
1	Trivandrum			0
2	Kollam	695		695
3	Alappuzha		-	0
4	Pathanamthitta	754	89	843
5	Kottayam	1645	3073	4718
6	Iddukki	900	6123	7023
7	Ernakulam	690		690
8	Thrissur	393		393
9	Palakkad	2183		2183
10	Malappuram	1395		1395
П	Kozhikkode	1701		1701
12	Wayanad	79		79
13	Kannur	840	488	1328
14	Kasargode	2029	313	2342
	Total	13304	19986	23390

Page 4 of 30

2. Implementation of RWH units under State Plan Scheme by Rain Centre-KRWSA

Rain Centre functioning under KRWSA was constituted in the year 2004 to promote Rain Water Harvesting and Ground Water Recharge activities in the State. Initially the Centre was focusing on promoting the concept of Rain Water Harvesting and as part of it a number of IEC activities along with training programmes were conducted throughout the State. Demo RWH tanks of various capacities were constructed in public institutions with the idea of disseminating the ferro cement technology to the general public.

Initially World Bank assistance and MGP funds were provided for promoting Rain Water Harvesting activities. Considering the need for inculcating the habit of min water harvesting as alternate source of water among people, a detailed proposal was submitted to the Planning Board for including in the 12th Five Year Plan. The proposal was approved and budget allocation was sanctioned from the first year of 12th Plan.

Scaling up of roof top Rain Water Harvesting programme with the component of Ground Water Recharge is found suitable for the individual households as alternative method for providing drinking water and gradually improving the water table. The programme is well accepted by the people in the State, especially those who are living in hilly, coastal and remote areas with limited access to potable water.

. During the last six years the Centre was assisting individual households and schools to construct RWH structures with the primary objective of minimizing the drinking water issues. The programme is implemented utilizing the Plan provision provided in the State Budget of every Financial Year.

Many of the Grama Panchayths, especially those located at hilly and coastal regions are seriously implementing Rain Water Harvesting as a technology option to solve the drinking water issues of their GPs. Similarly, many institutions with demand for large quantity of water have evinced interest in establishing rain water harvesting units as an additional source of drinking water. During the last six year period 7100 Nos of families in 34 Grama Panchayaths and 840 Nos. Govt. Schools in the state have been assisted under the programme.

The assistance of the programme was extended to schools belonging to both Government and aided sector. The programme named as **'JalaSowhrudhaVidhayalayam'** was implemented State wide by assisting the selected Government/Aided schools to construct RWH structures. The selection of schools under the programme was entrusted to the Education Department.

The RWH &GWR programme is implemented on a cost sharing basis, the capital cost sharing pattern being 5% for BPL and 10% for APL category. The estimated unit cost for the construction of 10,000 litre capacity ferro cement RWH unit is Rs.65600/-. The unit cost is likely to vary from location to location based on the rate fluctuations of materials in the market. The State has recognized need and importance of Rain Water Harvesting programme once again especially under the light of recent floods.

The rain water harvested and stored in the RWH tanks becomes a blessing to several families as they have enough pure water to survive the drought and flood period. Also the concerned GPs and households take initiatives to share the water with the families that had shortage of drinking water. Considering the increased demand for RWH as an alternative and additional source of water, it is essential that financial support is extended from Government at least till such time that the technology gains wide acceptance.

Page 5 of 30

a) Aim of the scheme

The broad aim of the programme is to improve the drinking water facility of the individual households and schools that are facing acute shortage of water. Rain Water harvesting is adopted as alternative source for drinking water as the existing water sources of most of the households and schools in remote and hilly areas dry up from the month of January onwards. The RWH tanks provided as part of this programme will be used as a supplementary source during the rainy season and the water stored at the end of the rainy season is carefully utilized in the summer months.

The concept of harvesting rain water for drinking and other purposes are made known to the general community and student community while they are involving in the implementation and post implementation period of the programme. The message of rain water harvesting as alternative source of water and conservation of the rain water for the future is passed on to generations irrespective of their age, social status etc. The programme is contributing to the sustainability of the water bodies as it ensures ground water recharge along with rain water harvesting and that in turn will be long term measures taken for addressing the water scarcity - problems.

b) Objective of the programme

The specific objectives of the programme are:

- To popularize RWH with individual households as alternative solution to drinking water scarcity.
- To institutionalize RWH as a means of water conservation and alternate/additional solution for drinking water in public/Government institutions.
- To promote the concept of RWH & GWR across the State aimed at building awareness of the general public on water conservation.
- To initiate campaign for popularizing the concept of well recharge for improving the water table towards ensuring water security.
- 5. To establish replicable Rain Water Harvesting models for the State.

c)	Plan Fund	Allocation	Status -	year wise
----	-----------	------------	----------	-----------

SLNo	Financial Year	Fund allocated (lakhs)	Fund Released (Lakhs)	Beneficiary share mobilized (Lakhs)	Remarks
1	2012-13	1202.00	802.00	60.56	Work completed.
2	2013 - 14	. 420.00	400.00	35.58	Work completed.
3	2014 - 15	400.00	420.00	31.96	Work completed.
4	2015 - 16	420.00	420.00	00	Work completed. No cost sharing for
~	2016 - 17	1000.00	200.00		school RWH programme
5	2017-18	1820.00	500.00	73.04	Work completed.
6	2018-19	1500.00	1127.00	67.42	Work completed.
7	2019-20	2031.00	500.00	00	Work under progress
	1. 18	Total .	4409.00	265.56	

Page 6 of 30

4027429/2019/WRD(OS)

1

÷.

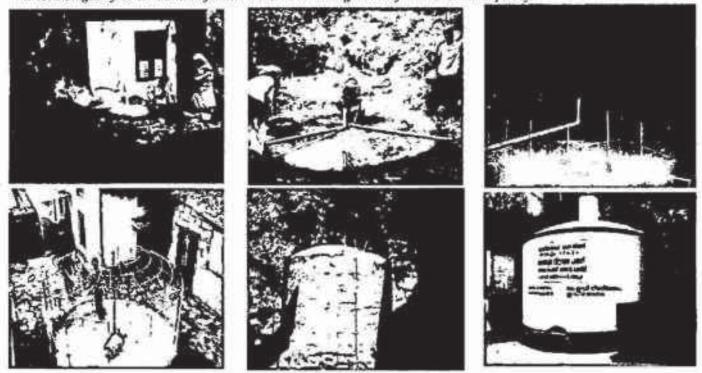
I

Physical Status - Year Wise.

Financial Year	Name of District	No. of GPs	Name of GPs covered	No. of RWH units constructed
	Kannur		Udayagiri	246
			Konnathadyp	500
	Idukki		Velliyamattom	350
2012-13	*1		Kanjikuzhy	45
		б	Manarcadu	280
	Kottayam		Parathodu	530
2013-14	Thatas		Karunapuram	450
	Idukki	4	Kokkayar	425
	44100240040000		Pallipuram	105
	Emakulam		Nayarambalam	55
2014-15			Kattapana	200
	Idukki		Kamakshy	200
		5	Peruvanthanam	200
	NAMES OF BRIDE		West Eleri	200
	Kasargod		Mangalpady	200
2015-16 & 2016-17	State vide - 14districts	All the districts	Implemented in selected 840 Govt. Schools	840
	Thiruyananthapuram		Anad	62
	22.155		Clappana	57
	Kollam	_	Kalluvathukkal	215
			Niranam	53
2017-18	Pathanamthitta		Puramattom	175
	New Color State Area	9	Koruthodu	303
	Kottayam		Thalanadu	175
	Palakkad		Thrikkaderi	235
	Kasargod		Valiyaparamba	300
			Aryanadu	4
	Thiruvananthapuram		Aryamgodu	122
	Pathanamthitta		Vechoochira	175
		12	Edathwa	175
2010 10	Alappuzha	10	Neelamperoor	175
2018-19	100		Ramankari	175
	The second s		Poonjar	175
	Kottayam		Thrikodithanam	175
	(and the second s		Karimkunnam	175
	Idukki		Senapathy	175
	TOTAL	34		7927

Page 7 of 30

Various stages of construction of Rain Water Harvesting Tank of 10000 Litres capacity.



RWII units constructed in individual households.



Page 8 of 30

B. GROUND WATER DEPARTMENT (GWD)

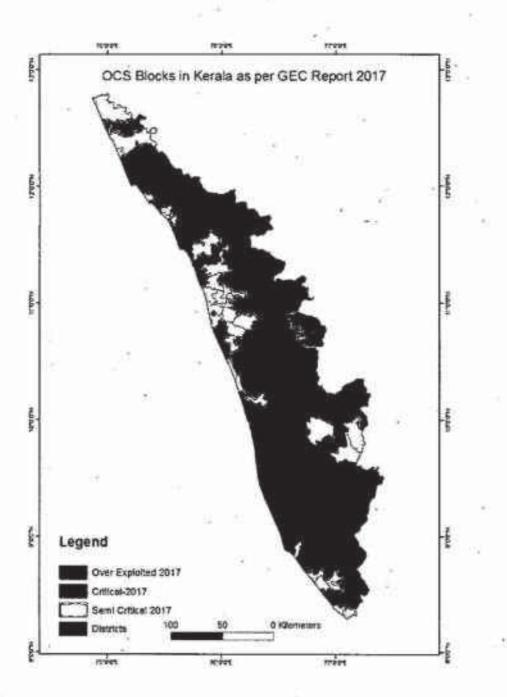
The State of Kerala is blessed with abundant rainfall that amounts to an average of 3,000 mm, which is two times more than that of National average. But the pattern in rainfall distribution indicates 69 % of the annual rainfall is received during the Southwest Monsoon (June to September) and 16 % received during Northeast Monsoon (October to December) and the remaining is from the Summer Rains. The intensity of rainfall is high and the precipitation occurs in short spells lasting only few hours. The rainfall is the major source of groundwater recharge. As per the latest groundwater resource estimation, the annual groundwater availability in Kerala as on March 2017 has been computed as 5.21 BCM, in which rainfall recharge accounts for about 82% of the annual recharge, with the remaining contributed by other sources. In Kerala the topography is highly undulating and steep and hence the rain falls on the ground drains fast into the sea without contributing much to groundwater recharge.

About 88% of the total geographic areas are underlined by massive hard rocks. Whereas, the weathered laterite that forms the cap rock acts as phreatic aquifer is not appreciable enough (20 meters approx.) to store entire rainfall. Due to this reason, the hilly areas often experience water scarcity immediately after the rainfall due to hydrogeological and other natural topographic complexities.

Categorization of Areas

Based on the periodic groundwater resource assessment jointly carried out by Central Groundwater Board and State Groundwater Department, the assessment units (Development Blocks) have been categorized into Safe, Semi-Critical, Critical and Over-Exploited according to the stage of groundwater development. On the Basis of recent estimation; out of 152 Nos of blocks a total number of 119 blocks are categorized as Safe and, 30 blocks are categorized as Semi-critical and 2 blocks as Critical and 1 as Over-Exploited. Special attention is being given to recharge groundwater in these OCS blocks through roof top rainwater harvesting by making use of recharge wells/pits. It is also seen that number of bore wells are increasing and deep groundwater extraction also depleting the groundwater resources rapidly. The list of OCS blocks and its stage of development is given in the Annexure-I. 133

Page 9 of 30



Scheme for Groundwater Conservation and Recharge

Groundwater Department is implementing a "Scheme for Groundwater Conservation and Recharge". Under this scheme, rain water collected from the roof-top is harvested for recharging the aquifer through dug wells and recharge pits. The recharging of deep aquifers through bore wells are also being experimented. The total budget outlay during the period 2019-20 was450 lakhs. It is estimated that there are about 65 Lakhs dug wells in Kerala and the groundwater extractions by means of traditional dug wells are prevalent source of fresh water. There are number of public dug wells left abandoned and needs renovation. These dug wells can be considered as suitable structures to recharge groundwater. The Central Groundwater Board has prepared a Block wise master plan in 2015 to take up artificial groundwater recharge to groundwater. The same canbe used as a guideline to stream line groundwater recharge activities of the Department.

Page 10 of 30

Groundwater recharging initiatives of Groundwater Department

Groundwater department is engaged in recharging groundwater through roof top rainwater harvesting in public buildings and government institutions. Department had successfully carried out roof top rainwater harvesting in Kattakada Legislative Assembly Constituency of Thiruvananthapuram District. This constituency was officially declaredas the first Assembly constituency in Kernla to implement artificial groundwater recharging structures in all Government offices and Schools in November 14th 2019. The details of groundwater recharging initiatives carried out by groundwater department in government institutions and public buildings are given in the Annexure-II

The Department had undertaken a program to assess the scope of groundwater recharge through bore wells through experimental studies across the State. The interim results of bore well recharging studies from Idukki District ispromising. Due to limited storage spaces in the phreatic aquifer zones, the scope of storing huge volume of groundwater in the deep aquifers through bore wells is being explored. Groundwater department had already prepared a proposal in the Karadikunnu Watershed of Chittor Block of Palakkad District to carry out bore well recharging.

Roof top Rainwater Harvesting

Rainwater Harvesting is the technique of collection and storage of rainwater in any form of container for the use at the time of need. This is also called insitu rainwater harvesting. The excess water can be diverted for recharging groundwater table. In Kerala insitu rainwater harvesting is recommended in the coastal area and also elevated hilly areas where groundwater quality/quantity may not be suitable/sufficient for drinking purpose. Artificial recharge to groundwater is a process by which the groundwater reservoir is augmented at a rate exceeding the natural conditions of replenishment. If the source water for recharge is rainwater, then it is generally called rainwater harvesting to recharge groundwater. It is to be noted that the Roof Top Rainwater Harvesting structures are mandatory in all new buildings in Kerala, but the enforcement mechanism is not sufficient. By considering the availability of large number of open wells and roof tops in the OCS blocks the scope of groundwater recharging through roof water harvesting is high.

Roof Top Rainwater Harvesting in Public Buildings

Successful recharging structure depends on the hydrogeology of the area, nature and extent of the aquifer, soil cover, topography, depth to water level and quality of groundwater. The availability of source water and clean roof tops are the prime requisite for groundwater recharging. The source for groundwater recharge is basically assessed in terms of noncommitted surplus monsoon run off. Kerala is blessed with abundant rainfall and utilizable monsoon run off is quantified as about 42,000 MCM. The areas having a post monsoon water level of >6m can be considered as ideal for artificial groundwater recharging.

Groundwater Department proposed to recharge groundwater through plan scheme from the year 2020 to 2025. The roof top rainwater harvesting projects can be achieved by making use of the dug wells, recharge pits, hore wells in government institutions and public buildings. A total number of 33 Blocks in Kerala belongs to OCS category as per the latest groundwater resource estimation as on March 2017. A total number of 1010 different artificial groundwater recharge structures are proposed to be implemented in government owned buildings and institutions in these blocks for an amount of Rs.1025.25 lakhs. The proposed structures in each district, its expected cost and its implementation plan are given in the Annexure-III (a-e).

Page 11 of 30

٠

÷

19

Annexure-I

SI. No	District	Name of the Block	Category	Stage of Groundwater Development
1	Ernakulam	Parakkadavu	Semi Critical	79.12
2	Idukki	Elam Desom	Semi Critical	73.8
3	Idukki	Kattappana	Semi Critical	81.43
4	ldukki	Nedumkandam	Semi Critical	84.28
5	Kaonur .	Kannur	Semi Critical	80.74
6	Kannur	Pasur	Semi Critical	89.84
7	Kannur	Thalassery	Semi Critical	79.42
8	Kesargod	Kanhanged	Semi Critical	77.67
9	Kasargod	Kasaragod	Critical	97.68
10	Kasargod	Karadka	Semi Critical	82.03
11	Kasargod	Manjeswar	Semi Critical	83.36
12	Kollam	Mukhathala	Semi Critical	73.13
13	Kozhikođe	Ballussery	Semi Critical	84.7
14	Kozhikode	Kuunamangalam	Semi Critical	82.56
15	Malappuram	Kondotty	Semi Critical	84.72
16	Malappuram +	Kuttippuram	Semi Critical	77.92
17	Malappuram	Malappuram	Semi Critical	74.91
18	Malappuram	Thanur	Semi Critical	83.86
19	Malappuram	Thriurangadi	Semi Critical	82.57
20	Malappuram '	Tirur	Semi Critical	77.75
21	Malappuram	Vengara	Semi Critical	79.84
22	Palakkad	Chittur	Over Exploited	104.49
23	Palakkad	Pattambi	Semi Critical	81.37
24	Palakkad	Thrithala	Semi Critical	76.64
25	Palakkad	Malampuzha	Critical	97,72
26	Thiruvananthapuram	Athiyannur	Semi Critical	88.91
27	Thiruvananthapuram	Chirayinkil	Semi Critical	83.06
28	Thiruvananthapuram	Parassala	Semi Critical	81.94
29	Thiruvananthapuram	Pothencode	Semi Critical	87.71
30	Thiruvananthapuram	Nedumangad	Semi Critical	85.02
31	Thrissur	Chowannur	Semi Critical	75.94
32	Thrissur	Mathilakom	Semi Critical	81.24
33	Thrissur	Thalikkulam	Semi Critical	75.22

Page 12 of 30

Details of Groundwater Conservation and Recharge Schemes implementedby Groundwater Department in Government Institutions and Buildings.

	Budget		
Financial Year	Allocation in Lakhs	Expenditure in Lakhs	Structure
2012-13	50	44	•
2013-14	.60	58.57	In the 12th 5 year plan(2012 -2017), Total Budget Allocation was 260 lakhs in which 219.91 lakhs expenditure incurred for
2014-15	 70 *	39.46	completing 1 Subsurface dyke 169 Nos of Recharge Pit/ Dug well Recharge Schemes and 4 Nos of Check dams
2015-16	40	38.15	3
2016-17	40	39.68	41 Recharge pit/Dugwell
2017-18	157	124.32	83 Recharge pit/Dugwell Recharge Scheme 5 Borewell Recharge Scheme
2018-19	350	129.09	76 Recharge pit/Dugwell Recharge Scheme 5 Borewell Recharge Scheme

ā,

Page 13 of 30

C. Kerala Water Authority (KWA)

It may be noted that the issue for consideration in the OA 325/2015 is identification, protection and restoration of water bodies whereas in the OA 253/2015 (afterwards OA 496/2016) the issue is the problem of water quality on account of contamination of groundwater. In the order dated 10.05.2019 in the OA 325/2015, the Principal Bench of NGT has observed that reuse of treated sewage water as well as restoration of water bodies are connected to ground water conservation, which in turn is connected to remedying the pollution of polluted river stretches and directed all the States and UTs to review the existing framework of restoration of all the water bodies by preparing an appropriate action plan, while in OA 496/2016, the Principal Bench of NGT noted the need for comprehensive groundwater management plan covering Rain Water Harvesting (RWH) systems, use of treated water for ground water recharge and regulation of extraction of groundwater, apart from revival and rejuvenation of water bodies.

The above directions in the two original applications before the Principal Bench indicates the need for a comprehensive action plan consisting mainly of actions pertaining to pollution control of rivers, sewage management, ground water management and rain water harvesting. The indicative guidelines (copy attached) published by CPCB in June 2019 in compliance to the order dated 10.05.2019 of the Principal Bench of NGT in OA 325/2015 contains the key activities and components and agencies to perform the task. As per this the agencies responsible for rainwater harvesting (RWH) are Local Bodies and District Magistrates and hence the comprehensive action plan for RWH is to be submitted by those departments. However, KWA has plans to implement RWH in assets owned and managed by KWA. Though KWA gives priority to perennial surface water sources while designing schemes, groundwater extraction is resorted to in small/mini water supply schemes. When such schemes are changed to comprehensive water supply schemes based on surface water sources in a phased manner, KWA has plans to handover the sources (tube/bore wells) of such small/min schemes to Ground Water Department for using them as a source for ground water recharging. Besides this, roof top rainwater harvesting is now practiced in some buildings and water treatment plants of KWA and we have plans to adopt this to the maximum possible extent in buildings owned by KWA.

The actions on the other points mentioned in the indicative guidelines published by CPCB in June 2019 in compliance to the order dated 10.05.2019 of the Principal Bench of NGT in OA 325/2015 and pertaining to KWA is detailed below.

2 (g) GW Protection - Capping of contaminated tube wells and potable water supply through alternate measures in the affected areas of ground water

As per status in IMIS, the web portal of the Ministry of Jal Shakti, Government of India as on 01.04.2015 there were 95 Fluoride affected habitations in the State. Out of the above, 63 habitations have been covered with piped water supply as on 31.03.2019. As per the current status 32 habitations are remaining to be covered and ongoing projects are available for 17 habitations which will be covered by 2021 March.

Regarding the remaining 15 habitations, repeated water quality tests were conducted based on directions from the Ministry of Jal Shakti to ensure detection of contamination. As per the test

Page 14 of 30

results, now fluoride content is within the Acceptable / Permissible limit in 7 out of these 15 habitations. Action is being taken to cover the remaining 8 habitations with piped water supply by 2021 March for which feasible proposals are being prepared. Aggressive RWH and recharging these quality affected sources will also help redeem the situation.

3. Sewage Management

(a) Identification of cities, towns and villages discharging sewage into river/tributary

Though 21 river stretches in Kerala were identified as polluted by the Hon'bleNGT, it was observed that only one river in Trivandrum, viz, Karamana River is reported with problem of direct discharge of sewage in to the river/tributary. The Action Plan for this river was approved by NGT. Out of the remaining 20 rivers, no river was identified as having problem of pollution due to direct discharge of sewage into the water body. Action plan for 13 rivers approved by the River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC) were submitted to CPCB and Hon'ble NGT in 06/2019 and permission was sought for exempting the remaining 7 rivers from the list as these stretches were having BOD less than 3 mg/L. Based on the direction by CPCB that these cannot be exempted and action plan has to be submitted the action plan for these rivers also have been prepared by KPCB.

The status report as on 07.11.2019 on the actions (short term)to be taken by KWA as per the Approved Action Plan of Karamana River is indicated below:

No.	omenan	Cost	Source of		
	Activity	Rs. in Cr.	fund	Timeline	Present Status
a)	Pumping lines from the terminal pumping station Kuriyathi, to be connected directly to STP at Muttathara	3.375	AMRUT	May-19	Work completed and commissioned.
b)	Rehabilitation/upgradation of Thaliyal and Aranoor Sewerage Pumphouse by rehabilitation of existing well, construction of new well and grit chamber, installation of new pump sets	2.37	Plan scheme	May-20	Work order issued for Thaliyal. No offer received for Aranoor. To be retendered.
c)	5 MLD sewage treatment plant at Medical College	19.2	AMRUT	May-20	Work started. The progress of work is slow due to lack of permission for dumping excavated earth.
d)	Installation of adequate pumps in Mudavanmughal and Enchakkal pumping stations	0.23	Plan scheme	Mar-20	No response to tender. Presently retendered.

Page 15 of 30

4027429/2019/WRD(OS)

e)	DG sets in all lift and pumping stations – Mudavanmughal, , Kuriyathi, Pattoor, Kannammola, Plamoodu,Murinjapalam	0.92	: Plan scheme	May-20	AS issued by Government in State Pian 2019-20 Bharat Heavy Electrical Limited has submitted their report and the report	
ŋ	Reconnect sewer at Rajaji Nagar, stop outflow of sewage into Amayizhanchanthodu, control stormwater entry into sewer to avoid overflow in Thampanoor area. Sewage generated in Rajaji Nagar shall be diverted to main sewer line. Sewage generated in Thoppil area shall be diverted main sewer line	0.1	Maintenance work	Dec-19	is under scrutiny. Work could no proceed since the foundation of the bus terminal falls in the alignment. The scope of the work to be revised by rerouting the pipeline through main road.	
g)	Divert the sewer line from the School compound of Government Karamana High School	0.42	Plan Scheme	May-20	Agreement executed Road restoration charge remitted to PWD Road restoration estimate from NH to be obtained.	
h)	Rehabilitation by laying new lines increasing size of undersized main and reconstruction by dilapidated manholes for the last 3 years		Pian Scheme/ AMRUT			Works completed - 23 No. (Rs. 3.58 cr.
n)	Total works in progress (62No.)	15.26		May-20	In progress - 39 No (Rs. 11.68 cr.)	
	Works in tendering stage (16No.)	4.05			Tendered/To bi tendered - 16 No (Rs. 4.05 cr.)	
	Extension of sewer network wherever technically feasible in new areas of existing blocks				Works completed 11 No. (Rs. 1.68 cr.)	
i)	In progress(20 No.)	15,78	Plan scheme / AMRUT	May-20	In progress - 9 No (Rs. 14.1 cr.)	
	Tendering(9 No.)	9.31	- / AMAOI		Tendered/To b tendered - 9 No (Rs. 9.31 cr.)	
ŋ	Around 155 houses in Kurukuvilakom, Kannettumukku shall be provided with septic treatment system.	To be estimated			Not technically feasible to connect to the existing sewe system. Septic tank will be provided by Corporation.	

Page 16 of 30

4027429/2019/WRD(OS)

k)	Procurement of sewer cleaning machines and equipment maintenance	3.17	Plan Scheme	May-20	Work tendered. No response to first tender. Work retendered.
	Establishment of six additional blocks in uncovered areas				Works completed - 1 No. (Rs. 2.28 cr.)
I)	111 1 1021033 110 103.1	INNURM& AMRUT	May-20	In progress - 9 No. (Rs. 85.05 cr.)	
9	Tendering (10 nos)	25.59		23	Tendered/To be tendered - 10 No. (Rs. 25.59 cr.)

(b) Identifying drains joining river and their quantification and characterization of pollution load

This has to be done by the LSGIs

- (c) Preparation of DPR for interception and diversion of drains to STPS for which suitable site to be identified and plan for utilisation of treated sewage
- (f) Restoration of natural drains for carrying only stormwater(but not sewage)
- (h) Interception and diversion of sewage from drains and connectivity to STPs

The above action points (c,f,h) are interrelated. The main activities mentioned like restoration of natural drains for carrying only stormwater, preparation of DPR and interception and diversion of sewage from all drains are to be carried out by the local bodies/irrigation/PCB. However, as part of the action plan for Karamana river, the drain carrying sewage to the river from the terminal pumping station at Kuriyathi was intercepted and separate pumping main was laid to convey sewage directly to STP at Muttathara. This has resulted in taking about 20 MLD sewage additionally to STP (increasing the capacity utilisation from 50 MLD to 70 MLD.

(d) Execution of STP works and necessary infrastructure and ensuring household sewer connection for full utilisation of STP.

The present generation of sewage in Thiruvananthapuram city is estimated as 140MLD. Sewage presently treated is around 70MLD at the Muttathara treatment facility with a capacity of 107 MLD with facility for co-treatment of septage. The remaining sewage is managed through individual septic tanks and pit latrines. Around 30 tankers of septage are emptied at the STP on a daily basis. The projected sewage generation/day in the year 2051 is 153 MLD. With 80% coverage through piped sewerage system, additional STP required is only for 15 MLD (Existing capacity of STP is 107 MLD). Inorder to ensure household sewer connection and full utilisation of the STP long term measures are planned as below. The plan is to complete these activities within a period of three years.

No.	. Long term measures proposed	Amount Required (Rs.in Crore)	Present Status
a)	Extension of sewerage system to Block F to G coastal belt	200	2
b)	Extension of sewerage system to Block H toR	700	<i>i</i>
c)	Extension of sewerage system to Newly added areas of corporationviz, Kazhakootam, Sreekaryam,Kudappanakunnu, Vattiyoorkavu&Vizhinjam	300	AS for the proposal for engaging Consultants for
d)	Providing sewerage system in Block A to E	100	preparation of
c)	Rehabilitation of existing network and pump house in block A to E	100	Detailed Engineering Report has been received under RK1
ſ	Procurements of equipment for maintenance sewcrage system	10	(Rs. 17 Crores)
g)	Additional STP requirement	60	
h)	Total Amount required	1,470	

(g) Ensuring utilisation of treated sewage for beneficial use such as agriculture, construction activity, washing/flushing/cleaning/industrial cooling etc.

In order to promote the reuse of treated water, treated sewage water from STP had been given free of cost. But only very few are using the facility. As potential users are very less for the treated sewage water (only secondary treatment), it has been decided to provide tertiary treatment for a part of the treated water as an initial step to enhance the reuse of water. Accordingly Administrative sanction has been accorded by the Government for 5MLD tertiary treatment at STP, Muttathara vide GO(Rt) No. 419/2019/WRD dated 14.06.2019. This can overcome the apprehension of people in using treated sewage water to a large extent. Weshall generate awareness among builders to utilize the treated effluent (tertiary treated) for construction purpose. Once tertiary treatment plant at Muttathara is completed as detailed above, more demand for the treated water is expected. The identified potential users are as follows.

Travancore Titanium Lt	d (1.50 MLD)	i.	ŀ
English India Clay	(0.5 MLD)		
VSSC	(0.2 MLD)		
Railway terminals	(0.5 MLD)		l
Airport 2 terminals	(0.5 MLD)		
BSF	(0.1 MLD)		
Air force station	(0.1 MLD)		
NHAl-median wetting	(0.2 MLD)		
Construction agencies			
Educational Institutions		ara (0.1 MLD)	
Resort and Hotels arour	(0.3 MLD)		
Dairy farm-irrigation		(0.5 MLD)	
CONCEPTION INTO A DOMESTIC STRUCTURE S		CALCEL CONTRACTOR	

As the agency responsible for both water supply and sewage services, KWA shall make sure that needful action is taken as per the plan.

Page 18 of 30

Plan of Action

Rain Water Harvesting for Conservation of Water.

a) Kerala Rural Water Supply & Sanitation Agency (KRWSA)

b) Ground Water Department (GWD)

c) Kerala Water Authority (KWA)

Page 19 of 30

a) Kerala Rural Water Supply & Sanitation Agency (KRWSA)

Plan of Action for the RWH & GWR activities proposed for Financial Years 2019-20 and

2020 -21.

a) Construction of Individual household level RWH tanks of 10000 ltrs capacity.

The household level RWH tanks provided shall help the families to directly harvest the rain water and use it for drinking and other domestic purposes. The proposed structure can store rain water for the three summer months, thereby addressing water scarcity during summer. The programme envisages covering 3000 Nos. of households selected from 20 GPs who shall be provided assistance for 300 Nos. of RWH units per GP. The support under this programme shall be considered in order to fill the gap of water supply coverage. Thus the assistance shall be provided to households where there are no facilities at all for drinking water at present. Major criteria for selecting the GPs will be low percentage of water supply coverage. The 10% beneficiary contribution shall ensure an increased sense of responsibility and ownership among the beneficiaries and sustainability of the structure in the long term.

b) Installation of Open well Recharge system for sustainability.

The broad aim of the programme is to improve the water quantity and quality levels of homestead open dug wells. The sustainability of the water sources is ensured by promoting rain water harvesting and ground water recharge activities and that in turn will become long term measures for addressing the water scarcity problems.

It is envisaged to recharge 13500 Nos. of seasonal and quality affected wells of 20Nos. of selected GramaPanchayths where the water quality and quantity problems are severely affected. The GPs that are categorized under critical blocks and JalanidhiPanchayaths shall be prioritized while selecting the GPs. The wells shall be made sustainable through recharging the same by directing rain water from the roof tops. The water quality of these wells is ensured by protecting them from pollution. Possible measures shall be taken in order to sanitize the well as part of sustainability. The sources of rural water supply schemes which require the support for recharging through rain water harvesting will also be included under the programme. The programme will be implemented on a cost sharing basis.

c) Community Managed Rain Water Harvesting storage tanks for SC/ST/other backward colonies where water scarcity is acute.

Common rain water harvesting storage tanks shall be constructed for providing water to a group of families living together. There are several SC/ST/other backward colonies where water is a major issue and people residing in such colonies had to walk long distance for fetching water. The public well provided with in the colony may not be yielding sufficiently to provide water to the requirement of the people in the colony. The common RWH storage tank provided shall serve as a substitute source and the overflow from the storage tank shall be directed to the public well as recharge mechanism.

In order to sustain the scheme, the existing open/bore well source in the colony shall be rehabilitated or additional well shall be provided with the arrangement for pumping and Page 20 of 30 distribution system to the households in the colony. The scarcity of water during the summer months can be managed by utilizing the sources alternatively.

The structure shall be constructed in a common place and water shall be collected from the houses located nearby the structure. The colony shall be mobilized to form into a beneficiary group and the post operation activities shall be entrusted with the group. The structure shall be constructed on a cost sharing basis to ensure the participation of the households for ownership and responsibility. The size of the structures shall be decided based on the number of households in selected colony. It is proposed to implement the programme in 7 Nos. of selected colonies.

d) Implementing RWH & GWR activities for Govt. institutions in Typm city.

A portion of the Plan provision is proposed to be utilized for RWH projects in Thiruvanathapuram city complementing 'Operation Anantha – II', the flood control project being implemented in Thiruvanathapuram city.

One of the major activities proposed for controlling flood in Thiruvanathapuram city is adoption of rain water harvesting and roof top rain water collection and storage systems. The various efforts taken as part of 'Operation Anantha – 1' has resulted in controlling the flood to a great extent in the city. In flood control and management measures, the water retention measure reduces the flow of water discharged to the canals and drains, thereby avoiding the overflow of canals and drains. Rain Water harvesting and roof top rain water storage systems help in holding the runoff and will reduce the chances of flooding, besides improving the ground water table. The improved water table will reduce the dependency on piped water also.

	Name of activity proposed	Financial Year 2019-20		Financial Year 2020-21	
SLNo.		No. of units approved	Estimated Amount (Rs. in crore)	No. of units proposed	Estimated Amount (Rs. in crore)
1	Construction of Individual household level RWH tanks of 10000 Itrs capacity with GWR system	1000 Nos. of individual house holds	7.10	2000 Nos. of individual house holds	14.00
2	Installation of Open well Recharge system for attainability of wells.	8500 Nos. of individual house holds	9.35	5000 Nos. of individual house holds	20.00
3	Community Managed Rain Water Harvesting storage tanks in SC/ST/other backward colonies where water scarcity is acute	2 Nos. of Colonies	0.10	5 Nos. of Colonies	0.50
4	Implementing RWH & GWR activities for Govt. institutions in Typm city. ***	10 Nos of Govt. Institutions	3	12 Nos of Govt. Institutions	2
	Total		19.55		36.5

*** See annexure for details

4027429/2019/WRD(OS)

r

ŝ

and the second

ĺ

1

L

***Annesure

SI No.	Name of Institution	Component	Units
	Fire and Rescue	Construction of 1 No. of Open well with pump and accessories	1
1	Services Head	Construction of 1 No. of GLSR (26000 litre)	1
	quarters	Installing pipe lines for the collection of rain water from existing building	1
		Construction of 1 No. of Rain Water Harvesting and Flood Moderation Pond at ARP Camp, Nandavanam, Thiruvananthapuram (239000 litres capacity)	a
2	ARP Camp	Construction of 50 Nos. of Rain Water Recharge pits at ARP Camp, Thiruvananthapuram	50
+		Construction of 50Nos. of Rain pits at ARP Camp, Thiruvananthapuram	50
	SAP Camp	Developing and renovating the exiting Rain Water Harvesting and Flood Moderation Pond (1976500 litres capacity)	1
3		Construction of 200Nos of rain water Recharge pits.	200
		Construction of 200Nos, of Rain pits.	200
		Supply and Fixing of 1 No. of Syntex tank(5000 ltr)	1
	SAP Quarters	Construction of 1 No. of Open well at SAP, Quarters Area, Perootkada, Thirovananthapuram	- A
4		Construction of 100Nos, of Rain Water Recharge pit	100
		Construction of 100Nos. of Rain pits.	100
		Supply and Fixing 1 No. of ofSyntex tank(5000 ltr capacity) Museum	1
		Renovation of 1 No. of existing 5.00 lakks litre capacity RWH units of Museum building	ĩ
		Cleaning of the existing well	1
	3	Construction of I No. of rain pit	1
	÷	At Secretary's Residence Renovation of 1 No. of existing 10,800.00 litre capacity RWH units	1
		At Deputy Speaker's Residence	
5	Kerala Legislative Assembly Complex	Renovation of 1 No of existing 10,000.00 litre capacity RWH units	Ĭ
		Construction of I No. of rain pit	1
		At Hon'ble Speaker's Bungalow	
		Renovation of 1 No. of existing 10,000.00 litre capacity RWH units	1
		At Main building premises	
		Renovation of 1 No.of existing 5.00 lakhs litre capacity * RWH units	2
() (Construction of 10Nos. of Recharge pit pit	10

Page 22 of 30

4027429/2019/WRD(OS)

		Renovation of existing 8 Nos. of RWH unit at the premises of Govt Ayurveda College - Thiruvananthapuram	ĩ
6	Govt. Ayurveda College	Construction of 30Nos. of rain water Recharge pit	30
	conce	Renovation works INo. existing well	1
		Construction of 100Nos. of Rain pits	100
	-	Construction of 4Nos. of RWH units at SMV High School, Mg Road, Thiruvananthapuram	4
	SMV High School	Construction of 103Nos.Rain Water Recharge pits	103
		Renovation of 1No.of existing open well	1
7	Girls High School And Higher Secondary school premises cotton hill	Renovation of 1 No. of existing RWH unit at Govt. Girls high school and higher secondary school premises Cotton Hill, Thiruvananthapuram	1
		Construction of 120Nos. of Rain Water Recharge pits.	120
		Renovation of 1 No. of existing open well	- 4
8	Girls Pre-Primary & Primary School Cotton Hill	Providing RWH facilities at govt. Girls High School And Higher Secondary school premises, Manakkadu, Thiruvananthapuram	1
9	Girls High School And Higher	Renovation of 2Nos. of existing RWH units at the premises of the school	2
4	Secondary school premises,	Renovation of 1No. of existing open well.	1
	Manakkadu	Construction of 55 Nos. of Recharge pits.	55
	Govt Teachers	Renovation of the existing RWH system	1
10	Training Institute,	Construction of 100 Nos of Rain Water Recharge pits	100
	Manakkadu	Renovation of 1No.of existing open well	ï

×

b) Ground Water Department (GWD)

IMPLEMENTATION PLAN AT A GLANCE

(-1)

Implementation Year	No of DWR	No of RCP	No BWR	Estimated Cost In Lakhs
2020-21	76	43	50	170.75
2021-22	89	44	57	193.25
2022-23	97	50	60	209.5
2023-24	108	52	59	220.75
2024-25	97	52	76	231
GRAND TOTAL				1025.25

*DWR – Dug Well Recharge *RCP – Recharge Pits

*BWR - Bore well Recharge

Page 23 of 30

12

Annexure-III a	An	nexure-	111	н
----------------	----	---------	-----	---

Action Plan for	Artificial Groundwater	Recharge in OCS Blo	ocks during 2021-22
-----------------	------------------------	----------------------------	---------------------

SI, No	District	Name of the Block	*DWR	*RCP	*BWF
1	Emakulam	Parakkadavu	1	1	0
2	ldukki	Elam Desom	1	I.	2
3	Idukki	Kattappana	1	1	2
4	Idukki	Nedumkandam	1	1	2
5	Kannur	Kannur	3	1	2
6	Kannur	Panur	3	2	1
7	Kannur	Thalassery	3	1	2
8	Kasargod	Kanhangad	3	2	1
10	Kasargod	Karadka	2	1	2
9	Kasargod	Kasaragod	3	1	1
11	Kasargod	Manjeswar	2	1	1
12	Kollam	Mukhathala	2	3	2
13	Kozhikode	Ballussery	3	1	1
14	Kozhikode	Kunnamangalam	2	1	1
15	Malappuram	Kondotty	2	1	1
16	Malappuram	Kuttippuram	2	1	1
17	Malappuram	Malappuram	2	1	1
18	Malappuram	Thanur	2	1	1
19	Malappuram	Thriurangadi	2	2	T
20	Malappuram	Tirur	2	2	1
21	Malappuram	Vengara	2	2	1
22	Palakkad	Chittur	3	1	1
25	Palakkad	Malampuzha	2	2	2
23	Palakkad	Pattambi	3	1	1
2.4	Palakkad	Thrithala	2	1	2
26	Thiruvananthapuram	Athiyannur	3	1	Ĩ
27	Thiruvananthapuram	Chirayinkil	2	1	
30	Thiruvananthapuram	Nedumangad	3	1	1
28	Thiruvananthapuram	Parassala	3	1	1
29	Thiruvaoanthapuram	Pothencode	2	1	1
31	Thrissur	Chowannur	3	1	5
32	Thrissur	Mathilakom	3	2	4
33	Thrissur	Thalikkulam	3	2	3
	Total Number of Structures Estimated Unit Cost in Lakhs Total Amount Expected)	76 1 76	43 0.75 32.25	50 1.25 62.5

1

Page 24 of 30

b

12.1				14.4.4	122.1
Аπ	ne	CUI	rp.	ш	h

Action Plan for Artificial Groundwater Recharge in OCS Blocks during 2021-22

SI. No	District	Name of the Block	DWR	RCP	BWR
1	Emakulam	Parakkadavu	2	2	0
2	Idukki	Elam Desom	1	1	2
3	Idukki	Kattappana	1	1	2
4	Idukki (Nedumkandam	0	1	2
5	Kannur	Kannur	4	1	2
б	Kannur .	Panur .	2	1	3
7	Kannur	Thalassery	2	1	1
8	Kasargod	Kanhangad	3	1	2
10	Kasargod	Karadka	3	2	1
9	Kasargod	Kasaragod	3	1	1
11	Kasargod	Manjeswar	3	2	1
12	Kollam	Mukhathala	2	2	3
13	Kozhikode	Ballussery	3	1	1
14	Kozhikode	Kunnamangalam	2	.1	1
15	Malappuram	Kondotty	1	1	I
16	Malappuram	Kuttippuram	2	2	1
17	Malappuram	Malappuram	2	1	1
18	Malappuram	Thanur	2	2	1
19	Malappuram	Thriurangadi	2	1	1
20	Malappuram	Tirur	2	2	1
21	Malappuram	Vengara	2	1	1
22	Palakkad	Chittur	4	1	2
25	Palakkad	Malampuzha	4	I	2
23	Palakkad	Pattambi	4	1	2
24	Palakkad	Thrithala	3	2	2
26	Thiruvananthapuram	Athiyannur	5	1	2
27	Thiruvananthapuram	Chirayinkil	4	1	2
30	Thiruvananthapuram	Nedumanged	3	1	1
28	Thiruvananthapuram	Parassala	3	2	1
29	Thiruvananthapuram	Pothencode	3	1	1
31	Thrissur	Chowannur	4	2	5
32	Thrissur	Mathilakom	4	1	4
33	Thrissur	Thalikkulam	4	2	4
	Total Number of Structures Estimated Unit Cost in Lakhs Total Amount Expected in Lakhs		89 1 89	44 0.75 33	57 1.25 71.25

-

1

14.55		1000	
An	nexure	-111	c

Action Plan for Artificial Groundwater Recharge in OCS Blocks during 2022-23

SI. No	District	Name of the Block	DWR	RCP	BWR
1	Emakulam	Parakkadavu	2	3	1
2	Idukki	Elam Desom	1	1	4
3	Idukki	Kattappana	0	0	2
4	Idukki	Nedumkandam	11	1	2
5	Kannur	Kannur	4	2	1
6	Kannur	Panur	3	2	2
7	Kannur	Thalassery	3	2	2
8	Kasargod	Kanhangad	3	2	2
10	Kasargod	Karadka	3	2	• 1
9	Kasargod	Kasaragod	3	2	1
11	Kasargod	Manjeswar	3	2	1
12	Kollam	Mukhathala	2	3	2
13	Kozhikode	Ballussery	3	1	1
14	Kozhikode	Kunnamangalam	2	1	1
15	Malappuram	Kondotty	2	2	1
16	Malappuram	Kuttippuram	2	1	1
17	Malappuram	Malappuram	2	1	. i
18	Malappuram	Thanur	2	1	1
19	Malappuram	Thriurangadi	3	1	1
20	Malappuram	Tinur	3	1	1
21	Malappuram	Vengara	3	1	1
22	Palakkad	Chittur	3	2	2
25	Palakkad	Malampuzha	- 41	1	2
23	Palakkad	Pattambi	4	1.	3
24	Palakkad	Thrithala	4	1	3
26	Thiruvananthapuram	Athiyannur	4	2	1
27	Thiruvananthapuram	Chirayinkil	4	2	2
30	Thiruvananthapuram	Nedumangad	4	1	2
28	Thiruvananthapuram	Parassala	4	2	2
29	Thiruvananthapuram	Pothencode	4	1	2
31	Thrissur	Chowannur	4	1	3
32	Thrissur	Mathilakom	4	2	4
33	Thrissur	Thalikkulam	4	2	4
	Total Number of Structures Estimated Unit Cost in Lakhs Total Amount Expected		97 1 97	50 0.75 37.5	60 1.25 75

ŧ

Ā

SI. No	District	Name of the Block	DWR	RCP	BWR
1	Emakulam	Parakkadavu	2	2	1
2	Idukki	Elam Desom	1	1	4
3	ldukki	Kattappana	1	0	2
4	Idukki	Nedumkandam	1	1	2
5	Kannur	Kannur	3	2	2
6	Kannur	Panur	4	2	1
7	Kannur	Thalassery	4	1	2
8	Kasargod	Kanhangad	4	2	2
10	Kasargod	Karadka	4	2	1
9	Kasargod	Kasaragod	4	2	1
11	Kasargod	Manjeswar	4	2	1
12	Kollam	Mukhathala	2	3	2
13	Kozhikode	Ballussery	3	1	1
14	Kozhikode	Kunnamangalam	3	1	1
15	Malappuram	Kondotty	3	2	1
16	Malappuram	Kuttippuram	3	2	1
17	Malappuram	Malappuram	3	2	1
18	Malappuram	Thanur 1	3	2	1
19	Malappuram	Thriurangadi	3	1	1
20	Malappuram	Tirur	3	1	1
21	Malappuram	Vengara	2	2	1
22	Palakkad	Chittur	4	4	3
25	Palakkad	Malampuzha	4	2	4
23	Palakkad	Pattambi	4	2	3
24	Palakkad	Thrithala	4	2	3
26	Thiruvananthapuram	Athiyannur	4	1	2
27	Thiruvananthapuram	Chirayinkil	4	1	1
30	Thiruvananthapuram	Nedumangad	4	1	2
28	Thiruvananthapuram	Parassala	4	1	1
29	Thiruvananthapuram	Pothencode	4	1	2
31	Thrissur	Chowannur	4	1	2
32	Thrissur	Mathilakom	4	1	3
33	Thrissur	Thalikkulam	4	1	3

Page 27 of 30

Annexure-III c	A	n	les	ar	e-	m	c
----------------	---	---	-----	----	----	---	---

Action Plan for	Artificial Groundwater	Recharge in OCS	Blocks during	2024-25
-----------------	------------------------	-----------------	---------------	---------

SI. No	District	Name of the Block	DWR	RCP	BWR
1	Emakulam	Parakkadavu	2	2	1
2	Idukki	Elam Desom	1	1	2
3	Idukki	Kattappana	1	0	2
4	Idukki	Nedumkandam	1	1	2
5	Kannur	Kannur	3	2	2
6	Kanour	Panur	3	2	2
7	Kannur	Thalassery	3	2	2
8	Kasargod	Kanhangad	4	2	2
10	Kasargod	Karadka	4	1	2
9	Kasargod	Kasaragod	4	2	2
11	Kasargod	Manjeswar	3	1	2
12	Kollam	Mukhathala	2	3	2
13	Kozhikode	Ballussery	3	1	2
14	Kozhikode	Kunnamangalam	3	1	2
15	Malappuram	Kondotty	2	2	2
16	Malappuram	Kuttippuram	3	2	2
17	Malappuram	Malappuram	3	2	2
18	Malappuram	Thanur	3	2	3
19	Malappuram	Thriurangadi	2	2	2
20	Malappuram	Tirur	3	1	2
21	Malappuram	Vengara	2	1	2
22	Palakkad	Chittur	3	1	3
25	Palakkad	Malampuzha	3	1	2
23	Pałakkad	Pattambi	3	1	3
24	Palakkad	Thritbala	3	2	2
26	Thirevananthapuram	Athiyaanur	3	2	3
27	Thiruvananthapuram	Chirayinkil	4	3	2
30	Thiruvanaathapuram	Nedumangad	4	2	3
28	Thiruvananthapuram	Parassala	4	2	3
29	Thiruvananthapuram	Pothencode	3	1	3
31	Thrissur	Chowannur	4	2	4
32	Thrissur	Mathilakom	4	1	3
33	Thrissur	Thalikkulam	- 4	1	3
	Total Number of Structures Estimated Unit Cost in Lakhs		97 1	52 0.75	76 1.2

Total Amount Expected in Lakhs

Page 28 of 30

95

39

97

c) Kerala Water Authority (KWA)

KWA has plans to implement RWH in feasible places. Roof top rainwater harvesting is now practiced in only one or two buildings and water treatment plants of KWA and we have plans to adopt this to the maximum possible extent in buildings owned by KWA. For this structures with roof top area exceeding 100 m² has been identified and action is planned to implement rooftop rain water harvesting in all these buildings within a span of two years. The Action plan is indicated below.

121

Name of Office	Name of District	Area of available roof tops >100m2	Approximate Qty of Rain Water that can be harvested (Litre/year)	Time Line
WS Division, Attingal	Thiruvananthapuram	3977	3579300	May 2020
Sewerage Division Patoor	Thiruvananthapuram	2275	2047500	May 2020
WS Division, Neyyatinkara	Thiruvananthapuram	1706.25	1535625	May 2020
Project Div Kollam	Kollam	1'576	1418400	Sep 2020
PHD Kottarakkara	Kollam	7589	6830100	Sep 2020
PH Division Thiruvalla	Pathanamthitts	3830	3447000	Sep 2020
PH Division Pathanamthitta	Pathanaruthitta	750	675000	Sep 2020
Project Adoor	Pathanamthitta	1150	1035000	Sep 2020
PHD Kottayam	Kottayam	3852	3466800	Jan 2021
Project Kottayam	Kottayam	1800	1620000	Jan 2021
PHD Koduthurathy	Kottayam	1252	1126800	Jan 2021
PH Division Thiruvalla	Alappozha	800	720000	Jan 2021
PHD Alappuzha	Alappuzha	16079	14471100	Jan 2021
PHD Muvattuppuzba	Ernskularn	3962	3565800	May 202
PH Division Thodupuzha	Idukki	8829	7946100	May 202
Project DivNattika	Thrissur	3211	2889900	May 202
PH. Dn. Thrissur	Thrissur	5180	4662000	May 202

Page 29 of 30

4027429/2019/WRD(OS)

PH. Dn. Irinjalakkoda	Thrissur	2081	1872900	May 2021
Project DivNattika	Palakkad	750	675000	May 2021
PH. Dn. Palakkad	Palakkad	3833	3449700	Sep 2021
PHD Shomar	Palakkad	6953	6257700	Sep 2021
PH Division, Vadakara	Kezhikkode	2666	2399400	Sep 2021
PH Division, Kozhikode	Kazhikkode	34905.21	31414689	Sep 2021
PH Division, S.Bathery	Wayanad	6644.21	5979789	Sep 2021
P.H Division,	Malappuram	2840	2556000	Dec 2021
Malappuram P.H Division, Edappal	Malappuram	2480	2232000	Dec 2021
WS Division, Kannur	Kannur	23758	21382200	Dec 2021
WS Division, Thaliparamba	Kannur	13018.6	11716740	Dec 202

IV. Conclusion.

While Kerala is considered to be a water surplus State, the irony is that the State regularly faces acute water scarcity in the summer months. Much of this can be attributed to poor water management practices and limited water conservation measures. Rain Water Harvesting, as a water conservation measure, needs to be popularized by the State as a means of involving the public in effective water management.

...

Minutes of the State Level meeting held by the Chief Secretary on 30-03-2021 at 10:30 AM, with the River Rejuvenation Committee & Heads of Line Departments, to review the progress made in complying with the orders of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal in O.A. Nos. 593 of 2017 (PZ), 673 of 2018 (PZ) & 325 of 2015 (PZ)

The meeting commenced at 10:30 am with the Chief Secretary presiding. The meeting was attended by the Additional Chief Secretaries of Water Resources & Environment Departments, Principal Secretary, Industries Department, Director, Directorate of Environment and Climate Change, Director, Directorate of Urban Affairs, Director, Directorate of Industries, Director, Suchitwa Mission, Secretary, Thiruvananthapuram Corporation and Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board (KSPCB). Detailed attendance list is attached.

The Chief Secretary extended a warm welcome to all the participants. The ACS, Environment Department briefed on the subject matter. It is widely accepted that both liquid and solid wastes are polluting the water stretches and for addressing the same, the action plans were devised by the State which is now under various stages of implementation under various stake holders.

The Member Secretary presented the progress achieved so far in the 21 river action plans prepared by the River Rejuvenation Committee (RRC). As per the latest analysis of water samples, it is seen that the 12 polluted stretches out of the total 21, achieved bathing standards which was set as the target by the Hon'ble Tribunal. It was suggested by the ACS, WRD that a comparison of earlier and present water quality of the 12 stretches, now meeting the bathing standards, may be tabulated showing the measures adopted to achieve the results. This may be circulated for information of all concerned so that such action plans can be implemented for other stretches as well.

1

The Karamana river stretch being the priority 1 polluted stretch, needs much focus to attain the bathing water quality. Eviction of encroachments and rehabilitation of families are needed to make the Karamana stretch pollution free. Decentralised treatment facilities and prioritisation of actions to prevent direct pollution of river stretch need to be considered seriously by the Thiruvananthapuram Corporation. Utilisation of funds under the available schemes like Swachh Bharat, PMAY may be considered for funding the remedial measures.

Principal Secretary Industries Department informed that though the major industries have provided own Effluent Treatment Plants (ETP), there is requirement of Common Effluent Treatment Plant (CETP) at Aroor and Edayar. In Aroor, 2 acres of land has been identified for the purpose. Action has been initiated to transfer the land in possession of Hindustan Insecticides Limited (HIL) to KSPCB for enabling remediation of contaminated site at Kuzhikandom thodu. The ACS, WRD informed of the initiative of Kerala Water Authority (KWA) to take up projects for setting up of CETP under the vertical now identified. Detailed discussions and deliberations followed.

The following were recommended as the outcome of the meeting:

1. For bringing the quality of Karamana stretch to bathing standards, immediate hotspots are to be identified and strategic planning done to address the major polluting sources. As a first step, the sources of direct discharge or pollution may be identified. All units capable of being provided septic tank soak pit facility may be directed to do that on a war footing. Decentralised facilities may be worked out where ever possible. In situ waste management facilities should be encouraged. Corporation may work on this strategy and shall discuss the modus operandi adopted in the next monthly meeting. Effective engagement of Haritha Karma Sena for management of solid waste is to be ensured. Converting the biodegradable waste into manure for supply within the city may be thought of :-Action

- Thiruvananthapuram Corporation, Urban Affairs Directorate
- 2. All commercial units which are potential polluters shall be mandated to provide requisite facility by July 31st 2021. The local authority shall ensure that all potential polluters do have the requisite facilities. Penalty / fine shall be levied for all violations noted. For ensuring compliance to Rules, continuous monitoring is required :- Action Thiruvananthapuram

Corporation

- 3. As the management of both solid and liquid wastes are the responsibility of the local bodies, to ensure that it is being attended to scrupulously, the Local Self Government Department shall issue a circular that the council meetings shall invariably include agenda on review of the status of solid and liquid waste management. Secretary of the local body may bring this to the notice of the Mayor / Chairman/ President of the local body as the case may be :- Action LSGD
- 4. For funding of activities under the local bodies the grants provided by the Finance Commission and those available under various schemes like Swachh Bharat, PMAY etc. may be utilised :- Action LSGD, Local bodies
- 5. For setting up CETP at Edayar, ACS, WRD suggested that the project may be entrusted to KWA. The ACS, WRD assured that the project will be completed in 24 months if proper funding is ensured on deposit basis. A joint inspection with the expert team on sewage management from the KWA and officials from the Industries Department may be carried out at the earliest. ETP project at the Aroor may be implemented urgently. The ETP to be set up at the premises of HIL for remediation of contaminated site may also be considered to behanded over to KWA:-Action by

3

Industries Department, Water Resources Department, Kerala Water Authority, Environment Department, KSPCB

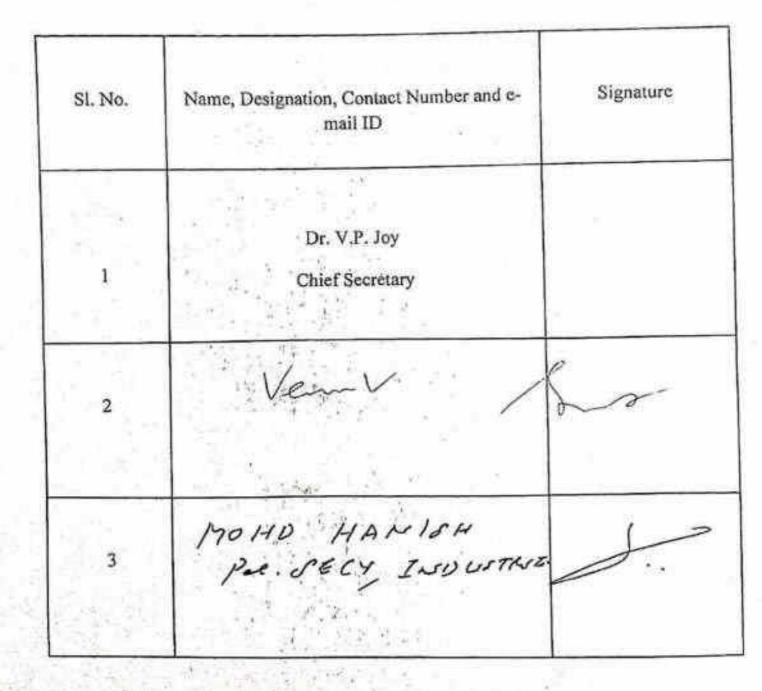
The meeting came to a close by 12 noon.

Dr. V.P. Joy

Scanned with CamScanner

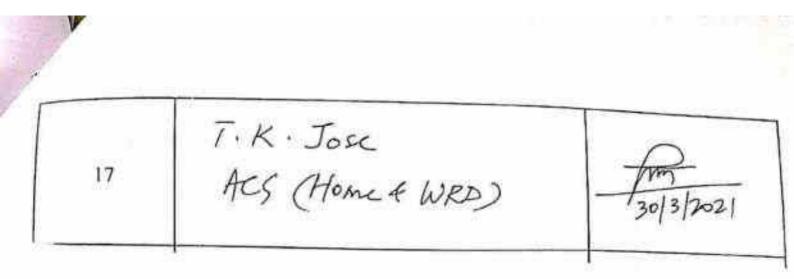
Attendance sheet

State Level Meeting convened by the Chief Secretary on 30/03/2021 at 10:30 AM, with the River Rejuvenation Committee & Heads of Line Departments, to review the progress made in complying with the orders of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal in O.A. Nos. 593 of 2017 (PZ), 673 of 2018(PZ) & 325 of 2015



Swagat Bhandari Director Industries She. 4 Renu Ray 5 Director Urban XHains CHANDRASEKAR S 262 Director, Environment. 6 Bimfrani Company in South 7 1. vade MIK MO ALI mm 8 Dir, Suchitwa Mission Sunkeles, M, Kspis 9 Sh

10	RAMYA · G. EE, KSPCB. Of Oddica Trivandrum	Paye
11	Umesh NSK Staff officer to CS	U
12	RemaDani S AEE, EMC	Remodeins
13	SREEDEVL P DEPUTY CHIEF ENGINEER IRRIGATION	Land
14	Syam. T.P Executive Engineer Planning, Ionigation	\$f
15	E. Salahuden Joint Director Industries Directorale	- JD
- 16	Rengitts kunnal. L.R. Lawofficer Engc.	Querth 2



Minutes of the State Level Meeting held by the Chief Secretary on 11.12.2020 for reviewing actions taken for ensuring effective implementation of the Rules framed under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and the relevant orders of Hon'ble National Green Tribunal in that context

The meeting commenced by 11 am with Chief Secretary presiding. The meeting was attended by the Secretaries of the various departments, District Collectors, Heads of Government Departments, and senior officials of various departments of the State. Detailed attendance list is attached.

The meeting was convened to assess the progress made on various fronts in implementing the environmental rules in the State. The Chief Secretary asked the Chairman, KSPCB to brief on the status of implementation. The Chairman briefed on the subject which was followed with a detailed presentation by the Member Secretary on the actions taken as revealed from the reports received in KSPCB from other departments. The main issue in OA No. 606 of 2018 was non-compliance of the local bodies in implementing the solid waste management Rules. It was noted that even after the intervention of NGT, following which continuous follow ups were done from State Level Monitoring Committee, DLMC and KSPCB, no remarkable progress was achieved in solid waste management including remediation of legacy waste dumps.

The issue of the 21 polluted river stretches in the State taken up by the NGT in OA No. 673 of 2018 saw the approval of action plans by the State RRC and the CPCB, and this is now being implemented and reviewed monthly by the Central Monitoring Committee. Though the actions plans for the 21 river stretches were in place, the pace of progress with respect to the proposed treatment plants were not commensurate with the requirement. It was noted that there were delays in getting the DPRs prepared, according of administrative and technical sanctions, allotment of funds etc. The prevalent pandemic situation was a major compelling reason for the delays. Another contributing factor was the local body elections which got scheduled in December 2020. As most of the Rules were related to waste management and were to be delivered through the local bodies, the above circumstances posed a challenging situation. As the entire State machinery particularly the health, the local bodies and district administration were mostly geared up to tackle and contain the pandemic to save precious lives and to ensure a

mechanism for the free and fair exercise of franchise which was fundamental to any democratic system, the delays were inevitable and also justifiable to an extent. However, now no more time can be wasted and proper planning and follow-up need to be done to avoid any adverse remarks of the Hon'ble NGT.

The role of the District Collectors was brought to the notice by the Chairman, KSPCB citing the relevant rule 12 provisions in Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 and the specific comment of the Hon'ble NGT. The monitoring regime was made more stringent by the Tribunal vide orders dated 2.04.2019, 7.01.2020 and 2.07.2020 in OA No. 606 of 2018 owing to the fact that the implementation was nowhere near what was envisaged in the Rules. The need to file quarterly report in time and the status of pending quarterly report was also mentioned. As the personal appearance of the Chief Secretary of the State is scheduled on 8.02.2021, the need to file updated quarterly report well in advance in January 2021, for the quarter ending December 31st 2020 was also highlighted.

The ACS WRD enlightened on the actions initiated by the WRD to look into the probability of getting DPRs prepared for the river stretches within 90 days, through engineering colleges which are willing to take up such studies as part of student's initiatives. It is also proposed to earmark an amount of Rs. 500 Crores in the next financial year, exclusively for river action plans or related items. ACS also observed that the illegal disposal of domestic wastes through the drains leading to rivers and the wanton disposal of solid wastes near the banks of rivers and littering of wastes into the drains and also directly into the water sources were the main causes of water pollution and that the same could only be addressed through community participation, public vigil and proper awareness. Further alternate systems for management of solid and liquid wastes shall be provided so as to prevent illegal littering / disposal of wastes, on the grounds of unsatisfactory infrastructure facilities. For providing technical guidance for liquid and solid waste management a vertical of 20-30 engineers have been formed by the Department whose expertise could be utilized by the local bodies or District Collectors for various projects. Their expertise could also be utilized for the CETP proposed at Edayar industrial area. ACS also elaborated on the good initiative taken by KSPCB in setting up a website exclusively for the river rejuvenation programme and related status updation. The ACS WRD and the Prl. Secretary, Envt. Dept. suggested that the website can be modified a step further by making it more

Scanned with CamScanner

2

interactive and by proving a user interface so as to enable the line departments to update their progress details periodically. Further it was also suggested that the norms and siting guidelines etc. for setting up of treatment plants, be detailed in the FAQ section of the website maintained by KSPCB.

The Principal Secretary LSGD briefed on the role played by the Department in ensuring compliance to the Rules and the various liquid waste projects at hand which were being implemented through AMRUT and IMPACT. The Principal Secretary LSGD (urban) informed that the projects for waste management should come from the LSGIs and that the role of the Department is very limited. The Chief Secretary emphasized that the Government should be aware of the projects that are proposed and now under implementation through the local bodies also. There need to be concerted efforts to streamline the processes and to co-ordinate with all concerned, from the Government Departments and to interfere when needed, so as to get the Rules implemented in the best interest of the State and its people.

While observing the comments from the District Collectors that the mandate before the District Collectors is very vast and that it is doubtful on how best the LSGIs could be convinced to get the projects implemented at the earliest, it was suggested by the Principal Secretary LSGD that as the District Planning Committees have District Collectors as its Member Secretary, the priorities of the State Government for ensuring a safe and effective waste management in the State and need for complying with the orders issued by the NGT can be brought to the notice of all concerned. While sanctioning projects during such committees, high priorities may be assigned to the projects that need be taken up based on NGT orders and for ensuring Rule implementation. Proper awareness to the local bodies would be helpful and would help in serving and implementing the Rules. From the next financial budgets specific amounts can be earmarked for such projects for implementing through LSGIs.

As the projects being implemented / proposed by the LSGIs were not available with the State Government Departments, the District Collectors while reviewing the environmental norms in their districts shall call for the details of all such projects taken up by various authorities and collate the same and a holistic picture on Rule implementation in the District shall be brought to the notice of the LSGD, Urban Affairs and Panchayat Directorates. Directorates may evaluate the situation with LSGD on a monthly basis and be updated on all progresses being made. They may also intervene to ensure effective implementation of Rules.

While deliberating on the present and forthcoming common facilities for biomedical waste treatment in the State it was informed that a meeting by the Principal Secretary, Environment was due on the same day to reach at a consensus on the districts which were to be allotted for the two upcoming common treatment plants shortly to come up in Ernakulam, one under KEIL and the other under IMA. The common plant of the KEIL will be the first to be commissioned in Ernakulam as its construction and installation is almost over and trial run may take place in January 2021.

Clean Kerala Company which was involved in the management of plastic wastes, informed that the plastic and non-biodegradable wastes from the State were routed to the plant of ACC and as ACC's plant at Coimbatore was under shutdown, the waste may now have to be taken to Madukkari, Bangalore where another plant of ACC is functional. This may increase the tipping fee on local bodies. Chief Secretary enquired about the status of the proposal for co-incineration to be taken up through M/s. Malabar Cements to which the Principal Secretary Environment responded that the proposal and funding were approved. Chief Secretary wanted the Malar Cements to do the needful to provide facilities for co-incineration at the plant situated in Kerala as it would cut down the cost involved and further, the State needs to explore possibilities of utilizing facilities in the State before looking for other alternatives or depending on other States.

Following decisions were taken subsequent to the discussions and deliberations:

 All the District Collectors shall review the implementation of environment related Rules in the State biweekly as ordered by the Tribunal and may forward the minutes of the DLMC meetings with specific recommendations for effective implementation of the Rules to the Directorate of Urban Affairs and Directorate of Panchayats, with copy to the Principal Secretary LSGD and Principal Secretary LSGD (Urban), without fail. District Collectors may call for the details from each and every stakeholder concerned who are responsible for getting the project materialized. Even as the time limit for the biomining of legacy waste dump sites granted by NGT has expired in Nov 2020, no action has been taken even with respect to large dumps sites including that at Vilappilsala (Thiruvananthapuram), Sarvodayapuram (Alappuzha), Vadavathur (Kottayam), BPL Koottupatha (Palakkad) and Thalassery (Kannur). Hence the issues of legacy waste dump sites may be given high priority. The progress of polluted river stretches may also be reviewed during DLMC meetings. As directed by the ACS WRD, the EE, Tvpm Corporation may be asked to report on the number of HKS provided in each ward in Karamana and Killiyar basin.

- 2. The Principal Secretary LSGD and Principal Secretary LSGD (Urban) may hold monthly discussions with the Directorate of Urban Affairs and Directorate of Panchayats, to assess the situation and intervene as needed to sort out any issues for ensuring compliance to the Rules and related NGT orders. The selection of model river stretch for rejuvenation and status of model cities, towns and villages shall also be included in the Quarterly report. LSGD may forward the monthly status of Rule implementation on solid and liquid waste to KSPCB in the required format for submission to the Ministry of Jal Shakthi. Services of Suchitwa Mission or Haritha Kerala Mission shall also be sought as needed. The Annual Reports of the LSGIs may be scrutinized by the LSGD through Suchitwa mission and Haritha Kerala Mission. The details of legacy waste dumps and proposed mode of action of the LSGIs for ensuring bioremediation shall be assessed by the Department. Good initiatives of the State Government shall be included as a separate section to be incorporated in the quarterly report.
 - 3. The KSPCB may update the website of the river rejuvenation committee to make it more user friendly and to enable updation of details by all Departments / authorities /agencies concerned. Further, details of norms applicable for setting up treatment plants shall be included under the FAQ as suggested by ACS WRD and Prl. Secretary Envt. Department. A webpage counter may also be incorporated in the webpage for assessing the site visits. KSPCB may update the biomedical inventory, e-waste inventory and hazardous waste inventory as required under the Rules. KSPCB may also

prepare a detailed template for collection of details for the review by the District Collectors so that there is uniformity in assessment and reporting.

- 4. District Planning Committees with the District Collectors as Member Secretaries, may prioritise the projects that need be taken up for ensuring compliance to the Rules related to waste management and the NGT orders with respect to safe guarding of environment, in due adherence to the State Policy as envisaged under the Article 48 A of the Constitution of India. The new local body members may be made aware of the waste management rules and its priorities in ensuring safety of citizens and environment. This may be included as a subject for the training imparted through KILA. Time bound compliance to the Rules shall be prioritized. New guidelines for ensuring compliance to the Rules and orders of the NGT may be made and circulated among the local bodies.
- 5. The Industries Department may take up the issue of allotment of land of HIL for setting up of ETP for remediation of contaminated site and convene meetings as needed to find a solution to the impasse. The issues with respect to remediation of contaminated sites may be considered by the Empowered Monitoring Committee. The Industries and Environment Departments may take up the issue of plastic waste disposal through coincineration at the plant of M/s. Malabar Cements at the earliest and the matter reported.
- The Empowered Monitoring Committee constituted by the Environment Department may include the Ground Water Department as well, as recommended by the Central Monitoring Committee on management of Hazardous Waste in OA No.804 of 2017.
- 7. The nodal agency with respect to the restoration of water bodies shall be assigned by the Environment Department, in compliance to the order dated 18.11.2020 of the NGT in OA No.325 of 2015 and the agency may have a major role to play, for which cooperation of District Collectors (refer orders dated 1.06.2020 and 18.11.2020) and Irrigation Department is vital.
- 8. As the action plan for Periyar is to be furnished by the State by 26.02.2020 in OA No.395 of 2013, the preliminary report from the Irrigation Department shall be reported at the earliest. Further, immediate action may be taken for constituting a Committee by the Environment Department for preparing the action plan.

- 9. As the affidavit to be filed by the Chief Secretary, on the progress made in ensuring compliance in OA No. 514 of 2019 is still pending, a detailed report may soon be submitted through LSGD (Urban). Further, progress in OA no. 439/2013 shall also be reported with the draft action plan by LSGD (Urban) immediately.
- 10.All the Heads of Department / authorities which have figured in the agenda under the title 'authority concerned' may ensure that the department / institution have taken steps as required and furnish action taken reports within the stipulated time frames. Pending actions may be taken up on priority and reported.

The meeting came to a close by 1 pm.

Dr. VISHWAS MEHTA

Minutes of the meeting held by the Chief Secretary on 5-04-2021 at 3 PM, with the Stake holder Departments / Authorities, to review the progress in implementation of the projects taken up on the basis of orders of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal in O.A. No. 673 of 2018 (PZ)

The Chief Secretary presided over the meeting to review the progress in implementation of projects taken up based on OA No. 673/2018. The meeting was attended by the Additional Chief Secretaries of Water Resources, Environment & Local Self Government Departments, Principal Secretaries of Industries & LSG(Urban) Departments, Directors of Directorate of Industries & Suchitwa Mission, Secretary, Thiruvananthapuram Corporation and Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board (KSPCB). Detailed attendance list is attached.

The Chief Secretary conveyed the need to review the progress made by the State in implementing the projects. This meeting is convened in light of the communication dated 17.03.2021 from the Ministry of Jal Shakti, subsequent to the last review of State projects taken up by the Central Monitoring Committee (CMC) on 4.03.2021. The implementing agencies are to include the latest progress report on all projects undertaken by them and to furnish Monthly Progress Report (MPR) as directed by the CMC. ACS, Environment Department informed that MPRs are submitted based on the details furnished by the stake holders. MS, KSPCB presented details on the various projects reported to the CMC, along with details of agencies responsible for its implementation.

The difficulties in getting the projects implemented in a timely manner are multifarious which include non-availability of suitable land for setting up of projects, tender excess issues, difficulty in getting qualified concessionaires, difficulties in tapping adequate financial resources, restrictions imposed due to covid, local protests etc.

The issues were discussed in detail and the following decisions were taken for achieving speedy implementation of projects:

- Kerala Water Authority is a major stakeholder for facilitating liquid waste (sewage, sullage) management facilities. A new vertical with about 21 Engineers has been formed under KWA, based on instructions from the ACS WRD, to cater to the need for implementing such projects through KWA. ACS, WRD opined that new projects with capacity 1 MLD and above may be considered to be implemented through KWA. :- Action - WRD, KWA, LSGIs
- 2. KWA shall ensure
 - i) Full capacity utilisation of Muttathara Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) by tapping of sewage from the wards immediately abutting the Karamana polluted river stretch (PRS) and from drains discharging directly to it. New network coverage shall be provided to collect the sewage polluting the PRS by identifying the wards to be covered, on priority basis. Wards abutting the river and Parvathy Puthanar canal may be assigned high priority. The survey and estimate for this shall be completed by the 30th of May 2021 and by the 31st of July 2021 the DPR shall be completed. KWA may identify new technologies requiring less space and shall as far as possible avoid deep conveyance of sewage. Sewer lines which are leak proof may be considered to be taken up along the banks of the canals to avoid unnecessary land acquisition and cutting of roads to minimise the financial burden and to avoid unnecessary delays.
 - ii) Capacity augmentation of Elamkulam STP at Ernakulam and additional network coverages so as to prevent polluting discharges to TP canal, Chilavannur canal / Palarivattom area. The underutilised / proposed extended capacity shall be assessed and DPR prepared within in 2 months.
 - iii) In case of the STP at Guruvayur, the core area for which the pipelines have been laid shall be connected to the plant and made operational within 2 months. Additional network connections may be added in parallel. The problem of leak in manholes shall be rectified. ACS

ŧS.

(Vigilance) will look into the issue of files taken away by Vigilance Authorities. Seizure of original official files affects the pace of progress of project execution and it should be avoided by the investigating agencies, if attested true copies of the said files from the office concerned would serve the purpose of investigation. If original files are inevitable for investigation, the investigating agency should invariably provide certified copies of the concerned file to the office wherefrom it was seized.

- iv) While issuing Administrative Sanction for projects the officers responsible for implementation and timelines for various stages of completion of the project, shall be specified. The progress in implementing all projects shall be periodically reviewed by KWA.
- For the augmentation of sewer network in Karamana area, utilising fund available for urban agglomerations under the CFC grants may be considered. Action :- Thiruvananthapuram Corporation
- 4. All projects under the IMPACT and Suchitwa Mission shall be periodically reviewed by the LSGD and timely action taken to adhere to the timelines. The empanelled agencies of the Suchitwa Mission shall prepare DPRs in consonance with the environmental rules in force and by adhering to the siting criteria as applicable, to avoid stalling of projects during implementing stage, on account of rule violations. Action :- LSGD
- 5. While considering Yakkara FSTP, the land issue was cited as a main issue. It was suggested that the Revenue Department may be approached to give necessary permissive sanction within a fixed time frame of 3 weeks, so as to solve the impasse. Action :- Revenue Department, LSGD
- 6. Since the sanctions for solid and liquid waste management projects are required from various authorities, all respective authorities shall see to it that applications are cleared from their end at the earliest and unnecessary or trivial queries are not raised which may impede with the smooth delivery of such projects. If possible the deficiencies may be cleared through discussions

3

and clarifications obtained for disposing the same. Action :- All authorities issuing clearances / licenses

- 7. During the discussion, it was noted that some FSTPs proposed for Kollam district, to be implemented through AMRUT have been cancelled. It was decided to reconsider the decision and re-examine the projects in the best interest of the public and the environment. Action :- LSGD, AMRUT
- Proper awareness to local bodies shall be imparted to get such environmentally relevant projects implemented. Action :- LSGD
- 9. When the issue of legacy dump site at Chelora, Kannur was taken up, it was suggested that at least the area required for setting up the facility may be cleared in the first phase so that the project is not delayed indefinitely. Action :- LSGD, AMRUT
- 10. It was also brought to the notice during the discussion that some of the land areas are wrongly entered in the registers as wetlands or paddy lands. There are problems when such wetlands are identified for treatment plants. Some identified project sites like the one at Chakkamkandam was objected due to this. If the entries are wrong, they need to be corrected. Land issues exist in Kunnamkulam in Trissur also. Discussions may be held to sort out the issues. Local Level Monitoring Committees convened by the Agricultural Department may be apprised to do the needful. Minutes of LLMC meetings shall also be communicated expeditiously. Action :- LSGD, Agriculture
- 11. With regard to the finalisation of the coastal action plan, it was decided that it shall be vetted by the Line Departments in the State Government, with adequate inputs from the implementing authorities. Since it is a plan of the State Government it shall be in tune with the Government policies and proposals. The draft prepared by the KSPCB which was forwarded to the Line Departments shall be finalised by the State Government at the earliest as it is to be included in the MPR and is also to be forwarded to the CPCB. All action plans on behalf of the State shall be forwarded to any authority only after approval from the State Government. Action :- Environment Department, KSPCB, WRD, LSGD

- 12. It is informed by the ACS, LSGD that the requirements in terms of the facilities like STP to be identified for the 93 urban local bodies were entrusted with the Town & Country Planning and that report is almost ready. It will be taken up with high priority for implementation through the local bodies. Action :- LSGD
- 13. All further proposals for the liquid waste management in the State may be considered by the WRD (though KWA) and LSGD (through AMRUT, Suchitwa Mission and IMPACT). The stakeholder Departments may hold consultative meetings for assessing the situation in the State and to come up with proposals as per need. Action :- WRD, LSGD

The meeting came to a close by 5 pm.

Dr. V.P. Joy **Chief Secretary**

RR-Menting by CS on 5/4/21 Signature Designation A.No 61. See Kumar, Technical Nomber ŀ Surgat B, Director Inde Commerce Bolilio * MIR MD ALI ED, SM Mr 5/4/21 3. BISHWANATH SINHA, Pri. Seay (Wiban) 4. Grand, ACS (200) 5. T.K. Jose, ACS (WRD) 6 14/2021 Dacaday Sacada M-G ACS LSGD 7. k. Ellangovan prof Sery (und) Longh 8. Sheekels. 5, Hunden Peridang 14908 Alex Vargen CE 1200m × Adminh 9. 10 (1) BimFrani, Cur. Ly Tym (12) SUNIL RAJ. D , SE Myden 137 RAMYA. G. EEDO, KSPCB Smankin. R. Bind V. hopel, GG, KIPCB 14. R.S. Kannan Bpl. Sey 15G1D 15. Haxikumas.K. RJD, Clases Allains Dyst Sector 16. Josnamol S. Joint Discolog, Panchayab -----T. 18 A.L Charles DMD AMRUT 19. RemiDenis, AGE, EMC. BD

Scanned with CamScanner



പഞ്ചായത്ത് ഡയറക്ടറ്റടെ കാര്യാലയം പബ്ലിക് ഓഫീസ് പി ഓ , 695033 , തിരുവനന്തപ്പരം JddJ.dp@gmail.com 0471-2786304, 2786305 തിയതി :30/06/2021

പഞ്ചായത്ത് ഡയറകർ

മെമ്പർ സെക്രട്ടറി കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് -

സർ,

വിഷയം: പഞ്ചായത്ത് വകപ്പ് – മലിനീകരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദികളുടെ പ്വനരുജ്ജീവനം – ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് തല പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതി– റിപ്പോർട്ട് അയക്കുന്നത് സംബന്ധിച്ച്

സൂചന: L താങ്കളുടെ ഓഫീസിൽ നിന്നുള്ള 28.06.2021 തീയതിയിലെ ഇ -മെയിൽ സന്ദേശം

മലിനീകരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദികളുടെ പുനരുജ്ജീവനവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതി താഴെപ്പറയും പ്രകാരം ലഭ്യമാക്കുന്നു.

ബഫ്റദേശീയ ഹരിത ടൈബുണലിന്റെ 08.04.2019- ലെ 0A 673/18 നമ്പർ ഉത്തരവിന്റെ അടിസ്ഥാനത്തിൽ കേരളത്തിലെ മലിനമാക്കപ്പെട്ട 21 നദികളിൽ പമ്പ , പെരിയാർ, മണിമല, ചിത്രപ്പഴ, കരുവന്നൂർ, കടമ്പ്രയാർ, പുഴക്കൽ, പുലിയന്നൂർ കേച്ചേരി, വോനി, തിരൂർ,കറ്റ്യാടി കവ്യായി, കപ്പം, ഉപ്പള മോഗ്രൽ നദികളുടെ പുനൽജ്ജീവനവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ടാണ് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകൾക്ക് ആക്ഷൻ പ്ളാൻ ഉള്ളത്. ഈ നദികൾ കാസറഗോഡ്, കണ്ണൂർ, കോഴിക്കോട്, മലപ്പറം, പാലക്കാട് തൃശ്ശർ, എറണാകളം, പത്തനംതിട്ട, ആലപ്പഴ ജില്ലകളിലെ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് പ്രദേശങ്ങളിലൂടെ കടന്ന് പോകന്നം. പ്രസ്തത നദികളുടെ പുനൽജ്ജീവനത്തിനായി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ സ്വീകരിച്ച നടപടികൾ പ്രവടെ ചേർക്കന്നം.

ไลเกม

ആലപ്പഴ ജില്ലയിലെ മാന്നാർ, തകഴി, ചെറുതന പത്തനംതിട്ട ജില്ലയിലെ നിരണം . കടപ്പ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലൂടെ പമ്പ നദി ഒഴേകന്നു , ആലപ്പഴ ജില്ലയിലെ മാന്നാർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തും പത്തനംതിട്ട ജില്ലയിലെ നിരണം , കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളം നദിയിലേക്ക് മാലിനും ഓഴേക്കിവിടുന്നത് തടയുന്നതിന് എയ്റോബിക് കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് യൂണിറ്റ് സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. പമ്പാതിരത്തുള്ള ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ ഹരിത കർമ്മസേന രൂപീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതും എം സി എഫ് ,ആർ ആർ എഫ് സൌകര്യങ്ങൾ എർപ്പെട്ടുള്ളകയും ചെയ്യുക വഴി അജൈവ മാലിനും പുഴയിലേക്ക് വലിച്ചെറിയുന്നത് തടഞ്ഞിട്ടുണ്ട്. പമ്പാതിരത്തുള്ള ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ ഗ്രീൻ പ്രോട്ടോക്കോൾ കർശനമായി പാലിക്കുന്നത് മലിനീകരണം കറയാൻ സഹായകമായിട്ടുണ്ട്.ആലപ്പഴ ജില്ലയിലെ കടപ്പ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് പോലീസിൻറെ സഹായത്തോടെ മലിനീകരണം തടയുന്നതിന്

സ്റ്റ്വാഡ് രൂപീകരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. ചെറുതന ഗ്രാമപങ്ങായത്ത് Citizen Information Boards സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. കടപ്ര് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിലെ എസ്.ജി.എം എന്ന പേരില്ലുള്ള സ്വകാര്യ പ്രാപതി മാലിസം പസ്വ നദിയിരാണ് ചെ എസ്.ജി.എം എന്ന പേരില്ലുള്ള സ്വകര്യം ിട്ടുളപത്രി മാലിന്യം പമ്പ നദിയിലേക്ക് ഒക്രേനത് തടയുന്നതിനായി STP സൗകര്യം ഏർപ്പെടുത്തിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.

2. പെരിയാർ

എറണാകളം ജില്ലയിലെ കടുങ്ങല്ലർ , പുർണ്ണിക്കര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലൂടെ പെരിയാർ നദി ഒഴുകന്നു ഇരു ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായുളുകളിലും ക്യാമറ സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്ന കടുങ്ങല്ലർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിന് പ്രവർത്തനം നടന്നപ്രത്തന്നും, ഇതിൽ ക്യാമറ സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതിന് ഡി പി സി അപ്രവൽ ലഭിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. പ്ലർണ്ണികര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ ക്യാമറ സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്ന പ്രവർത്തനം നടന്നുവരുന്നു.

3.മണിമല

പത്തനംതിട്ട ജില്ലയിലെ ഇരവിപേത്രർ, കല്ലപ്പാറ, പുറമറ്റം, കവിയുർ, പെരിങ്ങര, കറ്റർ, പെരിങ്ങര, ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലുടെയാണ് മണിമലയാർ ഒഴുകന്നത്. ഇരവിപേത്രർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ Rendering plant നിർമ്മാണം 65% പുരോഗതി കൈവരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. മണിമലയാറിന്റെ തീരത്തുള്ള ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ ഖരമാലിന്യ പരിപാലനവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിൽ ഹരിത കർമ്മസേന രൂപീകരിക്കുകയും എം സി എഎകൾ RRF കൾ എന്നിവ സ്ഥാപിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യിട്ടുണ്ട്. ഈ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ വഴി മാലിന്യങ്ങൾ പുഴയിലേക്ക് വലിച്ചെറിയുന്നതിന്റെ തോത് കറച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. ഇരവിപേത്രർ, കല്ലപ്പാറ, പുറമറ്റം, കവിയുർ, പെരിങ്ങര, കറ്റർ, പെരിങ്ങര, ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിൽ Household and Community level solid and sewage waste management menalwomenad ഒരുകിയതും പുഴയിലേക്ക് മാലിനും തള്ളന്നത് കറയാൻ സഹായകരമായിട്ടുണ്ട്. ജൈവമാലിന്യത്തിന്റെ ഉറവിട സംസ്കരണവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് ഇരവിപേരൂർ, പുറമറ്റം, കല്ലപ്പാറ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിൽ സോക്ക് പിറ്റ്/ കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് പിറ്റുകൾ സ്ഥാപിച്ച് വരുന്നു. വലിച്ചെറിയുന്നതിന്റെ തോത് നദിയിലേക്ക് ജൈവമാലിന്യം തൽഫലമായി കറഞ്ഞിട്ടണ്ട്.

4.പിത്രപ്പഴ

എറന്നാകളം ജില്ലയിലെ വളവുകോട് പുത്തൻ കരിശ്യ് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിലൂടെയാണ് ചിത്രമ്പഴ ഒഴുകന്നത്. പുഴമലിനമാക്കുന്നത് തടയുന്നതിന് കൃത്യമായ ഇടവേളകളിൽ നിരീക്ഷണം നടത്തന്തണ്ട്.

5. കരിവണ്ണർ പുഴ

നെൻമാണിക്കര പുതുക്കാട്, വല്ലച്ചിറ ജില്ലയിലെ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളില്ലടെയാണ് കരുവണ്ണർ പുഴ ഒഴുകന്നത്.പുഴയിലേക്ക് ചേരുന്ന ജല നോടത്തും പർ \mathbf{y}_{i} സ്കോതസ്സുകൾ വല്ലച്ചിറ, ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് തൊഴില്പറപ്പ് പദ്ധതിയിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തി വൃത്തിയാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. വല്ലച്ചിറ, പുതുക്കാട്, നെൻമാണിക്കര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ മാലിനും നിയമ വിരുദ്ധമായി കുനകുട്ടുന്നത് തടയാൻ സർവൈലൻസ് ക്യാമറ സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്ന പ്രവർത്തനം നടന്നുവരുന്നു . വല്ലച്ചിറ, പുഇക്കാട്, നെൻമാണിക്കര ഗ്രാപേഞ്ചായത്തുകളിൽ ഹരിതകർമ്മസേന ശക്തമായി പ്രവർത്തിക്കന്നുണ്ട്.

6.കടസ്രയാർ

ജില്ലയിലെ വടവുകോട് പത്തൻകരിശ്ശ് , കന്നത്തനാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലൂടെയാണ് കടസ്രയാർ ഒഴുകന്നത്. നദിപ്പനത്തല്ലിവനവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് വടവുകോട് പുത്തൻകരിശ്ശ് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് മാലിന്യം പുഴയിൽ നിക്ഷേപിക്കുന്നതിനെതിരേ നിരീക്ഷണം ശക്തമാക്കകയും കടവ്രയാറിലേക്ക് ചേരുന്ന തോട് വൃത്തിയാക്കകയും ചെയ്യിട്ടുണ്ട്. കന്നജ്ജനാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് മാലിന്യം പുഴയിൽ നിക്ഷേപിക്കുന്നത് നിരീക്ഷിക്കാൻ സിസി ടി വി കുാമറ സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്.

7.പുഴയ്കൽ പുഴ

തൃശൂർ ജില്ലയിലെ അടാട്ട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിലൂടെയാണ് പുഴയ്കൽ പുഴ ഒഴുകന്നത്. നദീപനത്തല്പിവനത്തിനായി പുഴക്കൽ തോട്ടിൽ മാലിന്യം തള്ളന്നത് പൂർണമായും തടഞ്ഞിട്ടണ്ട്.

8.പലിയന്നൂർ കേച്ചേരിപ്പഴ

ക്രശ്ശർ ജില്ലയിലെ പ്പണ്ടൽ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിലൂടെയാണ് പ്വലിയന്തർ - കേച്ചേരി പുഴ എഗ്ഗർ ജില്ലയിലെ പണ്ടൽ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിലൂടെയാണ് പ്വലിയന്തർ - കേച്ചേരി പുഴ ള്ളകന്നത്. നദി പുനൽജ്ജീവനത്തിന് വിവിധങ്ങളായ പദ്ധതികളാണ് പുണ്ടൽ നദിയിൽ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് നടപ്പിലാക്കിയത്. എന്നപേരിൽ പ്പനർജ്ജനി ൺടിഞ്ഞ്കൂടിയ പ്രളയാവശിഷങ്ങൾ നീക്കം ചെയ്യകയുണ്ടായി. തൊഴിലുറപ്പിൻറെ സഹായത്തോടെയുള്ള ബയോ ഫെൻസിംഗ്, ബോർഡ് സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ ഫാം മിലിനും ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് പുഴയിൽ ഒഴുക്കുന്നത് തടയൽ ഇടങ്ങിയ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ നടപടികൾ ഒഴിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള നടത്തിയിട്ടണ്ട്. ക്രൈറ്റം സർവ്വ പൂർത്തിയാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. സ്വീവേജ് വേസ്റ്റ് പുഴയിൽ കലർത്തുന്നത് തടയാൻ വേണ്ട നടപടികളം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് സ്വീകരിച്ച് വരുന്നു.

9. ഭവാനി

ഹാലക്കാട് ജില്ലയിലെ പ്പള്ളർ, അഗളി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലൂടെയാണ് ഭവാനിപ്പഴ ഒഴുകന്നത്. വോനിപ്പഴയിലേക്ക് മാലിന്യം വലിച്ചെറിയുന്നത് തടയുന്നതിന് പൃത്തർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് എം സി എഫ് സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ, എം.സി എഫ് മതിൽ കെട്ടി എന്നി സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ, ബോധവൽക്കരണം സംരക്ഷിക്കൽ, വസ് ബിൻ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ ഏറ്റെടുത്ത് പൂർത്തിയാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. പൊഇശുചിമുറി നിർമ്മാണം, MSW Treatement Plant നിർമ്മാണം എന്നീ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ പുരോഗമിച്ച് വരുന്നു. അഗളി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് ഭവാനിപ്പഴക്ക് സമീപം സൈഡ് വാൾ നിർമ്മിക്കുന്ന പ്രവർത്തി ഏറ്റെടുത്ത് പൂർത്തിയാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.

10.തിന്ദ്രർ

മലപ്പറം ജില്ലയിലെ ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിലൂടെയാണ് തിത്രർ പുഴ ഒഴുകന്നത്. തിങ്ങർ പുഴ പാലം വേലികെട്ടി സംരക്ഷിക്കുന്ന പ്രവർത്തി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് പൂർത്തിയാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.

പകറ്റ്യാടി

കോഴിക്കോട് ജില്ലയിലെ കറ്റ്യാടി , ചങ്ങരോത്ത്, വേളം, മങ്ങതോംകര, പേരാമ്പ്ര, കാവിലുംപാറ, ചെറ്റ്വണ്ണർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലൂടെയാണ് കറ്റ്യാടിപുഴ ഒഴുകന്നത്. കറ്റ്യാടി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്, ഹരിത കർമ്മ സേനാംഗങ്ങളുടെ സഹായത്തോടെയുള്ള ബോധവൽക്കരണ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ, അജൈവമാലിന്യം നീക്കം ചെയ്യൽ, എം സി സർവൈലൻസ്, തുടങ്ങിയ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ ക്യാമറ എഫ് സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് എറ്റെടുത്ത് പൂർത്തിയാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. ഭ്രവസ്മം ഉപയോഗിച്ച് മണ്ണൊലിപ്പ് തടയൽ, കറ്റ്യാടിയുടെ സമഗ്രശ്ശചികരണം ലക്ഷ്യമാക്കിയുള്ള ക്ളീൻ ഗ്രീൻ കറ്റ്യാടി പദ്ധതി, കഴികള്മസിന് പകരം സാനിറ്ററി ലാറ്ററിൻ സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ, തുടങ്ങിയ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ പുരോഗമിച്ച് വരുന്നു. ചങ്ങരോത്ത് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് എംസിഎഫ് സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ, റിംഗ് കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് യൂണിറ്റ് സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ, ഇടങ്ങിയ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ നദി മലിനമാകന്നത് തടയുന്നതിന് വേണ്ടി സ്വീകരിച്ച് പോരുന്നു. വേളം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ ഗോബർധൻ ബയോഗ്യാസ് പ്ളാൻറ് സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. മരുതോംകര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് ബയോഗ്യാസ് പ്ളാൻറ് സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ, കിണർ റിചാർജ്ജ്, സാനിറ്ററി കോസളക് നടപ്പിലാക്കി പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ വത്രന്നു. പ്രോസ്ര നിർമ്മാണം, യടങ്ങിയ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് എം സി എഫ് സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ, ഫിഷ് മാർക്കറ്റ് നിർമ്മാണം, പൊതുശൂചിമുറി നിർമ്മാണം, തുടങ്ങിയ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളിലൂടെ നദി മലിനമാകന്നത് തടയുന്നതിന് വേണ്ട നടപടി സ്വീകരിച്ച് വരുന്നു. കാവിലുംപാറ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് നദി യുചിയാക്കൽ എം സി എഫ് നിർമ്മാണം, തുടങ്ങിയ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ വിജയകരമായി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് പൊളുള്ളചിമുറി നിർമ്മാണം, നടപിലാക്കിവരുന്നു. ചെറ്റവണ്ണർ പ്ളാസ്റ്റിക് യടങ്ങിയ വേസ്റ്റ് ശേഖരണം ഗാർഹിക ള്ളചിമുറി നവികരണം, പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളിലൂടെ നദിമലിനമാകാതിരിക്കാൻ വേണ്ട നടപടി സ്വീകരിക്കുന്നുണ്ട്

12.കവായിപുഴ

കണ്ണർ ജില്ലയിലെ കങ്കാൽ , രാമന്തളി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ, കാസറഗോഡ് ജില്ലയിലെ ത്വക്കരിപ്പർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് എന്നിവയിലൂടെയാണ് കവ്വായിപുഴ ഒഴുകന്നത്.

ക്യാമറ ^{ക്കോൽ} ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് നിരീക്ഷണത്തിനായി സി സി ട്രി വി നോവസം ത്രൊമിലാം പ്രവസ്തിലില് കയോപിക്കകയും തൊഴിലുറപ്പ് പദ്ധതിയിൽ ഉൾപ്പെട്ടത്തി ബയോഗ്യാസ് പ്ളാൻറ് സ്ഥാപിക്കകയും ഹരിതകർമ്മസേനയുടെ സംവെട്ടത്തി ബയോഗ്യാസ് പ്ളാൻറ് സ്ഥാപിക്കകയും ഹരിതകർമ്മസേനയുടെ സഹായത്തോടെ അജൈവമാലിനും സ്ഥാപിക്കയും നേരിതകർമ്മസേനയുടെ സഹായത്തോടെ അജൈവമാലിനും പൃഴയിലെത്താതെ ശേഖരിച്ച് പോരുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നു. ത്രക്കരിപ്പർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് 5 പടത്തുടെ 5 കിണ്ടാകളം ശ്രപിയാണിയിടുന്ന് കളങ്ങളും 5 കിണറുകളും ശുചിയാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.

13.കപ്പം പുഴ

കണ്ണർ ജില്ലയിലെ പട്ടുവം, ആലക്കോട്, മാടായി, പരിയാരം, ഉദയഗിരി, ചപ്പരപ്പടവ് ഗ്രാപേഞ്ചായുള്ളകളിലൂടെയാണ് കപ്പം പുഴ ഒക്രേന്നത്. നദീപ്പനങ്ങളീവനത്തിനായി പട്ടവം, ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് തൊഴില്പറപ്പ് പദ്ധതിയിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തി കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് പിറ്റുകൾ സംസംപത്തകയും എരിതകർങ്ങനോഗത്താം തിയിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തി കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് പിറ്റുകൾ സ്ഥാപിക്കകയും ഹരിതകർമ്മസേനയുടെ സഹായത്തോടെ മാലിനും ശേഖരിക്കകയും ചെയ്യന്നു.ഉദയഗീരി, ആലംകോട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തകളം ഹരിതകർമ്മസേനയുടെ സഹായത്തോടെ മാലിനും ശേഖരിക്കന്നുണ്ട് . മാടായി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് റിംഗ് കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളുമായി മുന്നോട്ട് പോകന്നുണ്ട് . പിന്നും സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളുമായി മുന്നോട്ട് പോകന്നുണ്ട് . പരിയാരം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് ഹരിതകർമ്മസേനയുടെ സഹായത്തോടെ മാലിന്യം ശേഖരിക്കുന്ന പ്രവർത്തനവും ജൈവമാലിനൃത്തിൻറെ ഉറവിട സംസ്കരണവുമാണ് പുഴ ലിനമാകാതിരിക്കാൻ സ്വീകരിച്ച നടപടികൾ . ബയോബിൻ വിതരണം, റിംഗ് കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് പൈപ്പ് ടോയ്യറ്റ് സോക്ക് പിറ്റ് ഇടങ്ങിയവ പരിയാരം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. ചപ്പരപ്പടവ് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് നദി വൃത്തിയാക്കൽ, ബയോബിൻ വിതരണം, റിംഗ് കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് പൈപ്പ് കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് നിർമ്മാണം, ഹരിതകർമ്മ സേനയെ ഉപയോഗപ്പെടുത്തിക്കൊണ്ടുള്ള അങ്ങൈവ ^നമാലിന്യ ശേഖരണം പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ നദീ പുനന്ദുജ്ജീവനവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് കൈക്കൊണ്ട് വരുന്നു.

14.2012

മംഗൽപ്പാടി, മഞ്ചേശ്വരം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലൂടെയാണ് ഉപ്പള പുഴ ഒഴുകന്നത്. നദീപുനങ്ങള്ജീവനത്തിൻറെ ഭാഗമായി പുഴയിൽ മാലിനും വലിച്ചെറിയുന്നത് തടയാൻ വേണ്ടി മംഗൽപ്പാടി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് വാഹനം വാങ്ങുകയും നിരിക്ഷണ ക്യാമറ സ്ഥാപിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യിട്ടുണ്ട്. മഞ്ചേശ്വരം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് എം.സി എഫ് ഇലക്ടിഫൈ ചെയ്യിട്ടുണ്ട്

15.മോഗ്രാൽ

മോഗ്രാൽ പുള്ളർ മധുർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലുടെയാണ് മോഗ്രാൽ ഒഴുകന്നത്. മോഗ്രാൽ പുത്തർ എം സി എഫ് സൌകര്യം ഒരുങ്കുകയും നിരീക്ഷണ ക്യാമറ നദിയിലേക്ക് ചെയ്യിട്ടുണ്ട്. കർമ്മസേനയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം പുഴയിൽ മാലിന്യം സ്ഥാപിക്കുകയും വൃത്തിയാക്കന്നുണ്ട്. ഹരീത കലരാതിരിക്കാൻ സഹായകരമാണ്. നദീതീരത്ത് മുള വച്ച് പിടിപ്പിക്കകയും തൊഴിലൂറപ്പ് പദ്ധതിയിൽ ഉൾപ്പെട്ടത്തി നദി വൃത്തിയാക്കകയും ചെയ്യന്നാണ്ട്. മധൂർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് യൂണിറ്റ് സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. ഹരിത ഷഡിംഗ് സഹായത്തോടെ അജൈവ മാലിനും ശേഖരിച്ച് വരുന്നു. പഞ്ചായത്ത് എ.സി.എഫ് സൌകര്യം ഒരുക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. നദീതീരത്ത് തൊഴിലുറപ്പ് പദ്ധതിയിൽ ഉൾപ്പെട്ടത്തി മുള വച്ച് പിടിപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്.

<u>STP/ETP സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതിലെ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് തല പുരോഗതി റിപ്പോർട്ട്</u>

ഇടുക്കി ജില്ലയിലെ അടിമാലി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ STP പ്രവർത്തിച്ച് വരുന്നുണ്ട്. പത്തനംതിട്ട ജില്ലയിലെ കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ എസ്ജിഎം എന്ന പേരിലുള്ള സ്വകാര്യ ആശുപത്രി മാലിന്യം സ്വകാര്യ ആശുപത്രി മാലിനും പമ്പ നദിയിലേക്ക് ഭെക്കുന്നത് തടയുന്നതിനായി STP സൗകര്യം ഏർപ്പെടുത്തിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.

ജില്ലയിലെ പൊൻമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ BONUS Delalo മാർക്കറ്റിനോടനുബന്ധിച്ചുള്ള എഫളുവന്റ് ട്രീറ്റ്മെന്റ് പ്ളാന്റിന്റെ നിർമ്മാണം ഏറെക്കുറ പൂർത്തിയായിട്ടുണ്ട് . ഇടുക്കി മില്ലയിലെ കമളി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിലെ

^{പ്പെത്രമാർക്കറ്റിനോടനുബന്ധിച്ചുളള അറവുശാലയിലെ പ്രത്തീകരിച്ചെങ്കിലും പ്ളാന്റ് പ്രവർത്തന സജ്ജമായിട്ടില്ല.}

ETP നിർമ്മാണം

ഇവ കൂടാതെ ഇടുക്കി ജില്ലയിലെ നോർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ Waste to Energy Raft ടെൻഡറിംഗ് ഘട്ടത്തിലാണ്.(പ്രസ്തത പ്രവർത്തിയുടെ നടത്തിപ്പ് പുമതല Kerala sate industrial Development Corporation ന് ആണ്). കോട്ടയം ജില്ലയിലെ കറിലങ്ങാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്(TS Approval ലഭിച്ചിട്ടില്ല). കൊട്ടും ജില്ലയിലെ മയ്യനാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്(DPR Returned for modification). കണ്ണർ ജില്ലയിലെ പായം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്(DPR Returned for modification). കണ്ണർ ജില്ലയിലെ പായം ക്രവാരം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്(In DPR Stage)

റിപ്പോർട്ട് ഇടർ നടപടികൾക്കായി അയയ്യന്നു.

വിശ്വസ്തതയാടെ

DRPKJAYASREE IAS DIRECTOR OF PANCHAYATH

Signature Not Verified

Digitally signed by P K Jayasree Date: 2021.06.30 05:30:40

61-8 40



"ഭരണഭാഷ..മാത്യഭാഷ"

mm13.ng2.916/NGT/19..20

എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ഞിനീയറുടെ കാമ്യാലയം, ഇരിഗേഷൻ ഡിവിഷൻ, എറണാകൂളം, കാക്കനാട്.പി.ഒ. തീയതി: 26.04.2021 Phone : 0484 2422230 Pin 682030 E-mail-majorirrigationekm@hotmail.com

പ്രേഷകൻ

എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ,

സ്ഥകർത്താവ്

സീനിയർ എൻവയോൺമെൻറൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് ഗാന്ധി നഗർ എറണാകുളം.. ടോറാം

സർ,

2019

friend to down

വിഷയം: ദേശീയ ഹരിതട്രിബ്യൂണൽ പെരിയാർ, ചിത്രപ്പുഴ, കടമ്പ്രയാർ എന്നീ.നദികളുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട പ്രവൃത്തികൾക്ക് സാമ്പത്തികാനൂമ്മിയും ഭരണാനുമതിയും ലഭ്യമാക്കുന്നത് സംബന്ധിച്ച്.

സൂചന: NGT യൂടെ അവലോകന മീററിംഗ്

സംസ്ഥാനത്തെ മലിനീകരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദികളുടെ പുനരുജ്ജീവനുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട NGT ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തിയ പ്രവൃത്തികൾക്ക് സാമ്പത്തികാനുമതിയും ഭരണാനുമതിയും ഗവൺമെൻറിൽ നിന്നും ലഭ്യമാക്കുന്നതിനുവേണ്ടി അടിയന്തിര നടപടികൾ സ്ഥീകരിക്കണമെന്ന് അഭൂർത്ഥിക്കുന്നു.

വിശ്വസ്തതയോടെ

ഉള്ളടക്കം: പ്രവൃത്തികളുടെ ലിസ്ററ് 1 പകർപ്പ്

എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ്-എഞ്ചിനിയർ

	(Hon'ble NGT in the ma	tter of DA N	0.673/20	18 dated 0	06,12,2019}
2	Name of work		Amount In Lakhs	Timeline[D uration of Work)	Durant status
T	Short Term Works				
1	NGT - Removal of water hyacinth from Kadambrayar upstream ecotourism to Kozhichira bund	2020/828/IA	25.70	One Year	Estimate submitted to CE (I&A)
2	NGT - Desilting of Padathikkara Thodu near Infopark Phase II in Vadavucode puthencruz Panchayath	2020/741/IA	14.13	One Yea	r Estimate submitted to CE (I&A)
3	NGT - Removal of water hyacinth from Edachira thodu from Brahmapuram bridge to Edachira road in Thrikkakara Muncipality	2020/829/iA	4.81	One Yea	ar Estimate submitted to CE (I&A
4	NGT - Desilting of Athikkaly Thodu from Kalangad road to Champakkara canal in Thrikkakara Muncipality	2020/742/0	27.0	5 One Ye	ar Estimate submitted to CE (182
5	NGT- Soil Investigation Works for the construction of Walk way along Kadambrayar from Manakkakadavu bridge to Kozhichira bund	2020/1242/	1A 4.7	4 Nint	Leatimate submitten to call the
T	6 NGT - IWT Work- Desilting of Chithrapuzha River from Railway bridge to Kozhichira bund in Ernakulam District Reach III	2020/740	na 67	11 One	Estimate submitted to CE (Inland Navigation & Kuttana Package)
t	Tot	al	14	3.55	

Executive Engineer 影

Periyar NGT works

27

SI NO	Name of work	PRICE ID	Amount	Status
	Investigation Work-NGT-Construction of surveilance Road at Eloor and Edayar Industrial area near Pathalam Lock Cum Regulator	2020/5116/14	12.25 Lakhs	Investigation estimate submitted for FS to higher office
1000	NGT-Removing the silt deposit and vegetation obstructing the flow of periyar river upstream side of Pathalam Lock rum Result.			Submitted for FS to
	NGT-Desilting of the delta formed in Periyar river near Muttinakam kadavu In Eloor municipality	2020/5673/1A	10 Lakhs	higher office Submitted for FS to
4	Kuthuthedu towards periyar river in Kadungalloor GP	2021/26/IA	40 lakhs	higher office Submitted for FS to
	NGT-Desilting and side protection works to Valiyachal thodu towards periyar river in Eloor Municipality	2021/20/IA	80 lakhs	higher office Submitted for FS to
		2021/21/1A	15 lakhs	higher office
1	NGT-Desilting and side protection works too Eerezhuchal puncha thodu towards periyar river 6 in Eloor Municipality	2021/22/1A	80 lakhs	Submitted for FS to higher office
	NGT-Desilting and side protection works to 7 Edathodu in periyar river in Eloor municipality	2021/24/14	75 lakhs	Submitted for FS to higher office

Sauca Executive Engineer

The said NGT order too acknowledges the utilization of services of educational institutions in such ventures. In order to co-ordinate the activities, the Executive Engineers of Irrigation Department were appointed as Nodal Officers. 14 review meetings were conducted chaired by the of Additional Chief Secretary, Water Resources. Preparation of DPRs has since been completed.

Progress of approved action plan of irrigation Department are as detailed below

SI.No	Name of Work/Proposal	Estimate Amount in (Lakh)	Remarks
ĩ	Desilting of Kallai River from Kaduppini to Kothi in Kozhikode Corporation	750	Estimate under scrutiny
2	Repair and Rehabilitation of Koottayi Regulator Cum Bridge across Tirur Ponnani Puzha in Mangalam Grama Panchayath in Malappuram District	904	Agreement executed on 17-06-2021. Agreed PAC - 7,35,12,629/-
3	Desiltation and development of Amayizhanjanthodu (Karamana)	2500	Tender documents submitted to Government for sanction(tender excess 36%)
4	Development package for Parvathy Puthanar (Karamana)	4500	Entrusted to Kerala water Ways &Infrastructure limited and the work is in progress

Department had undertaken desilitation works with low budget estimates by using the allotted fund.

E-flow

As per order of th Hon'ble NGT order in OA no 498/2015 it is mandatory to maintain 15%-20% of average lean season flow in the river. E-flow can be assessed in many ways "Hydrological methods and holistic methods are generally used for this purpose. A good Hydrological data is maintained at IDRB Chief Engineers office at Vikas Bhavan . Steps have been imitated to collect last

25 years average flow details of all 44 rivers during summer season, ic from January to May.

Flood Plain Regulations

Flood plain zoning is considered as an effective measure for flood management. As far as Kerala is concerned, the topography and total number of rivers, major takes and other water bodies are entirely different compared to other states. Since kerala has 44 rivers, except three rivers, all are west flowing, that is about every 14 Kilometres (average) there is a river. It may please be noted that the width of Kerala varying from roughly 30 to 120 Km, and the total geographical area is 38863 Km2. Kerala is the 21st largest Indian state by area. As per census of 2011 the density of population per square kilometre is 859. By considering the above facts, implementation of zonation and demarcation of priority areas /non development zones will affect the populace of Kerala or leads to displacement from their ancestral settlements. This is why the Model Bill of 1975 issued by CWC has not been implemented in Kerala. However intensive contour map delineation and notification of limits offlood plains through LSGIs is a possible way out as far as Kerala is concerned to avoid future developmental activities in such areas, for which a policy decision is necessary.

CHIEF ENGINEER, I&A

NGT-Decisions taken in the meeting held by the Chief Secretary on 31.5.2021-

ATR by KWA

Sl No	Dec isio n No.	Decision on 31.5.21	Action by	Action taken by KWA on the decision as on 15.6.21
1	1.	 KWA has already taken action for preparation of DPRs of 28 ULBs in the State for management of sewerage, the first phase of which is expected to be completed by October 2021. Out of 28 ULBs, at least 20 projects may be taken 	WRD LSGD, Envt. Dept, Rev.	 DPR for sewerage for 28 ULBs are being prepared. Reconnaissance survey completed and tentative location of STPs and collection wells identified. Preliminary design being done based on data generated from GIS. Targeted to complete by October 2021 Tentative locations and extent of land required for STPs
		up urgently by giving topmost priority for places where land availability and other factors are in place / easily identifiable for execution. Model DPRs can also help in speeding up the projects.4. Urgent meetings may be convened with the concerned for speedy implementation.	Dept, KWA, LSGI, District Collectors	and Collection wells for sewerage scheme is being apprised to concerned ULBs for concurrence3. Meetings with ULBs for land availability in progress Exploring the possibility of fund availability

2	2 i	DPR for full capacity utilisation of Muttathara Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) is under preparation and that it would be completed by June / July 2021 itself. Further it was submitted that new network coverage area can be increased as the leakages in the system are now being effectively plugged and network expansion to the tune of 30 to 40 % may be viable. Preparation of rough estimates and identifying sources of funding under RKI and CFC funds, may also be taken up	KWA, RKI TVPM District	 Full Capacity Utilization of Muttathara STP Existing Capacity 107 MLD. ASP (Activated Sludge Process) with extended aeration Present utilisation is only 60% on an average Completion of ongoing works enhance utilization by another 20% On expanding the sewer network, full utilisation of the STP capacity can be achieved. Survey scheduled complete by 15/7/21 DPR targeted date 30/9/21* Sewer laying work completion by 31/12/23 subject to availability of funds *Likely to be extended by 2-3 months due to Covid New Coverage to reduce Polluted Karamana River Stretch (PRS) 18 wards abutting the PRS identified 100% survey completed. The Design and preparation of DPR for these wards have also been started simultaneously DPR for these 19 wards can be submitted by the targeted time itself, ie. by 31.7.21
---	-----	--	------------------------------	---

3.		Maximum capacity of expansion of Elamkulam	Finance	1. Elamkulam Existing plant 4.5 MLD ASP. 5MLD STP under
		STP at Ernakulam and for providing additional	Departme	construction
		network coverage's, possibilities of funding	nt <i>,</i> KWA	2.Present utilisation 3 mld.
		under KMRL, schemes may be explored.		3. Preparation of DPR for the under utilised capacity is in
				progress
				4.Completition by 30/6/21
				5. KWA has 7.70 acres at STP site & 5.8 acres nearby. 5 MLD
				new STP work by 31/3/2022
				6. KMRL plans 10 MLD STPs at Elamkulam
				7. Instead a bigger plant incorporating the KMRL left out
				nearby areas, STP upto 20 MLD can be accommodated.
				Under IURWTS, KMRL plans 10 MLD STPs at Elamkulam.
				KMRL has taken only the areas adjoining to the canals and by
				considering the left out areas from where the sewage can be
				treated at Elamkulam is worked out to be 8.5mld and hence if
				by combining the demand taken by KMRL and ours, an STP
				upto 20 mld can be constructed at Elamkulam. KMRL has
				already started the preparation of DER.
				Meantime meeting conducted bet KMRL & KWA regarding
				the handing over of DPR for execution through KWA.
4.	2.	1. In case of Guruvayoor STP KWA may take up	ACS Vig,	1. Request for returning the files from Vigilance wing
т.	iii	root cause analysis of the circumstances of the	KWA	submitted to Vigilance wing on 20.4.21, but they
		cases where files were seized by the Vigilance		informed that the files are under the custody of
		Department.		Thrissur Vigilance Court and directed to get permission
				from the Court for the obtaining the same. Based on
				this necessary action taken by discussing with standing
				council for getting the files.
		2. Desper review of ansists and falls		
		2. Proper review of projects and follow up may be taken up to ensure that the projects taken up are	TRSR	2. Issue of application form for sewerage connection
		implemented without any lapses and to avoid	District	started 24.5.21. With the sanctioned amount of 73.3
		implemented without any lapses and to avoid		

	further delays.		 Lakh under State Plan for the construction of collection well and dilution tank thatcan be tendered soon. Files from vigilance is not yet received. 3. Expected to commission the scheme before 31.7.2021.
5. 7.	 Based on the report of the Kollam Corporation, there is direction to utilise the fund available under the cancelled AMRUT schemes, for completing sewer network of Kureepuzha as sought for. Directed for the speedy implementation of Kureepuzha STP and networking of sewer lines. 	LSGD, AMRUT, KWA	 Approval for Rs 93.612Cr. was given by 27th SHPSC dated 20.2.2021 for completing balance sewerage network in Kollam Corporation. The estimate for the above work was prepared as two packages and can be tendered soon. For cutting and removing trees from the site a tree committee was constituted by Kollam corporatio n on 23/01/202L Approval was obtained for tree cutting as per the valuation done by social forestry. on 4.2.2021 auction notice was published with due date on 10/2/2021, but had to extend further since no favorable offers received. However, a bid received in March and corporation council approved the same on 19/4/2021 and confirmation letter issued to the bidder on 26/4/2021. The bidder took the auction and began cutting and removing of trees on 21.4.2021, but was again hindered by strong public protest. The matter was discussed with Corporation authorities and they assured that tree cutting shall be scheduled with arranging police protection after lifting current Covid - 19 Lockdown.

	Decisions taken in 5.4.21	Action Taken report
1.	All Liquid waste management proposals through KWA	All public Sewerage system can be prepared & executed by KWA
2	CETP Edayar for industries dept	 1. KWA is entrusted with DPR preparation 2. Capacity 2 mld 3. CETP proposed land area 2 acres & total industrial area 433 acres 4. 62- industries(effluent generating) 5. Discussions held 6. Data being obtained 7. Due to lockdown not able to get field data 8. 20% work over. 9. Survey works can be completed by 15.7.2021 10. DPR preparation can be completed by by 31/8/21
3	Commissioning of STP at Tvpm Medical College	 Capacity 5MLD Moving bed bio reactor (MBBR)process advantage less foot print Power supply obtained. Commissioning by 31/7/21

Managing Director

Minutes of the meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee held by Additional Chief Secretary (Environment) on 23-06-2021 as per National Green Tribunal order in O.A. No. 673 of 2018.

The meeting started at 4 P.M. The progress of the projects taken up in compliance with the National Green Tribunal order and the action taken on the minutes of the meeting held by Chief Secretary on 25-04-2021 and 31-05-2021 were discussed in detail. After detailed discussion the following decisions were taken.

STP at Medical College, Thiruvananthapuram is ready for commissioning. 35% progress has been achieved regarding STP at Elamkulam. Actions are being initiated to commission STP at Guruvayoor. Expected progress could not be achieved in setting up STP at Kannur Municipal Corporation. The Corporation is in search of land for the project. Directed to speed up the process and inform the progress to the MS, PCB so as to in the Monthly Progress Report (Action: Local Self Government Department)

2) Directed the Deputy Chief Engineer Irrigation to hand over the progress of the work achieved to the Kerala State Pollution Control Board [Action:- Chief Engineer /Irrigation & Administration] 3)All concerned departments/ Authorities have been directed to furnish the requisite progress details urgently to the Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board so as to compile the progress achieved in a table format.

[Action:- Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Water Resources Department, Local Self Government Department, Revenue Department, Kerala Water Authority, Finance Department, Agriculture Department,Corporation Secretary, Thiruvananthapuram/Kollam/Cochi/ Kannur Corporation, AMRUTH]

4) Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board informed that 15 rivers in the state have achieved bathingquality as per National Green Tribunal Order in OA 673/2018 and its details were presented. Additional Chief Secretary (Environment) instructed all implementing departments/ Authorities to focus the outcome of the projects as per action plan and requested the stake holder departments/authorities to forward the monthly progress report to the Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board in time so as to identify the actual progress and to be included in the Monthly Progress Report of the State.

5) Joint Director, Industries Department informed that there are 6 polluted textile clusters in the state. Directed to provide details of all clusters, issues if any in this regard to Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board before the next Chief Secretary meeting

[Action-Director, Industries Directorate)

6) Directed the Deputy Chief Engineer , Kerala Water Authority to furnish details on utilization, commissioning, sewer connection, leak rectification regarding STP at Medical College, Thiruvananthapuram, Yakkara in Palakkad, Muttathara, Elamkulam, Guruvayoor and forward the same to he Member Secretary Kerala State Pollution Control Board. [Action: Managing Director, Kerala Water Authority]

7) As regards the comments on draft Action Plan for abatement of marine pollution, all stake holder departments/authorities shall immediately furnish their comments to Member Secretary, KSPCB to finalize the action plan.

[Action: Water Resource Department, Kerala Water Authority, Industries Department, Urban Affairs Directorate, Thiruvananthapuram/Kollam/Cochi/Kannur Corporation)

8)The CPCB has directed the Nodal Authority in the State concerned to submit a detailed proposal for each river stretch so as to enable them to delist the same. The MS, PCB has informed that water quality data of river stretches, chemical and other parameters are important for the process of delisting of polluted river stretches. Directed the MS,PCB to submit a detailed proposal in this regard before the next meeting of the RRC for approval.

[Action - Water Resource Department, Kerala Water Authority, Member Secretary, Kerala State pollution Control Board]

9) In view of the progress made in the action plan, steps may be initiated to release/ revise the performance guarantee entered into by the state with CPCB as per direction of the National Green Tribunal.

(Action-Water Resources Department, Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board).

The meeting ended at 4.35 pm.

List of participants:

Additional Chief Engineer, Irrigation& Administration, Deputy Chief Engineer, Kerala Water Authority Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board Secretary, Thiruvananthapuram Corporation Secretary ,Kannur Corporation Joint Director, Industries Directorate

> Dr Venu V I A S Additional Chief Secretary O/O ACS ENVIRONMENT

OA 673 ൽ 06.09.2021 തീയ്യതിയിൽ മേജർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്- നോർത്ത് സർക്കിളിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസിംഗ് വഴി നടത്തിയ DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ്.

ഹാജമായവർ

- ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജന. (പേഴ്സണൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് ഓഫ് സുപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്)
- 2, ചെറിയമൂണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് സെക്രട്ടറി.
- വെട്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് സെക്രട്ടറി.
- 4, ശ്രീ.ശിവദാസൻ.പി.വി (സെക്രട്ടറി, തിരൂർ മുനീസിപ്പാലിറ്റി)
- ശ്രീ. ഷംസുദ്ദീൻ.സി.എ (ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി)
- ശ്രീ, അബ്ദുൾ ഹമീദ് (ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി)
- 7. ശ്രീമതി സൗമ ഹമീദ് (എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന
- മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)
- ഭ. ശ്രീമതി. സൗദ ബീവി.വി.സി. അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സയന്റിസ്റ്റ്, (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)

3.00 pm-ന് പേഴ്സണൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് ഓഫ് സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ

വകുപ്പ് ശ്രിമതി.അഞ്ജനയുടെ അധുക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് ആരംഭിച്ചു. ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ്

ആദ്യമായി വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. തിരൂർ പൊന്നാനി പുഴയുടെ വലതു ഭാഗത്തുള്ള ബണ്ട് ശക്തിപ്പടുത്തുന്നതിനായുള്ള എസ്റ്റിമേറ്റ് റിവൈസ് ചെയ്യുന്നതിനുള്ള പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ നടന്നുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാണെന്നും കൂട്ടായി റെഗുലേറ്ററിന്റെ പണി പൂർത്തീകരിക്കുന്നതിനു വേണ്ടി മെക്കാനിക്കൽ ടീമിനെ എൽപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അറിയിച്ചു. 24.06.2022-ന് വരെയാണ് വർക്ക് പൂർത്തീകരിക്കുവാനുളള സമയമെന്നും അറിയിച്ചു.

തുടർന്ന് തിരൂർ മൂൻസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റിലെ STP-യുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. വ്വൈദ്യൂതീകരിണത്തിനീയുള്ള രണ്ട് ടെൻഡർ കിട്ടിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും നാലു മാസം കൊണ്ട് മുഴുവൻ പണികളും പൂർത്തീകരിക്കാമെന്നും തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി സെക്രട്ടറി ശ്രീ.പി.വി.ശിവദാസൻ അറിയിച്ചു. തിരൂർ മത്സൂ മാർക്കറ്റിലെ ETP യുടെ ബ്ളോവറിന്റേയും എയറേഷൻ ട്രീറ്റ്മെന്റ് ടാങ്കിന്റേയും ശരിയായ പ്രവർത്തനത്തിനായുള്ള നടപടി സ്ഥീകരിക്കാമെന്നും കൂടാതെ മഴവെള്ളം ശേഖരിക്കാനുള്ള rain water harvesting tank വെയ്ക്കാനുള്ള നടപടി സ്ഥീകരിക്കുമെന്നും ശ്രീ.ശിവദാസൻ അറിയിച്ചു.

വെട്ടം, ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമ പഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ സർവ്വേ പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചതായി അറിയിച്ചു. ക്കൂട് പഞ്ചായത്തുകളോടും encroachment survey യുടെ ഒരു സമഗ്ര റിപ്പോർട്ട് ഈ ഓഫീസിൽ സമർപ്പിക്കണമെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു.

മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP യുടെ പ്രവർത്തനത്തിൽ കാര്യമായ പുരോഗതി ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെന്ന് മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയെ പ്രതിനിധീകരിച്ച് ശ്രീ ഷംസുദ്ദീൻ ഈ സാഹാചര്യത്തിൽ മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP യുടെ അറിയിച്ചു. കേടുപാടുകൾ പ്രവർത്തനക്ഷമമാക്കുന്നതിന് ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട കൺസൾട്ടിങ്ങ് ത്രിർത്ത് ഏജൻസിയുടെ proposalമായി ഏജൻസിയുടെ പ്രതിനിധി, മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാപിറ്റിയുടെ ചർച്ച ചെയ്യുന്നതിന് എന്നിവർ ബോർഡിൽ നേരിട്ട് ഹാജരായി പ്രതിനിധി എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഹൗസിന്റെ സ്ളോട്ടർ എൻവയോണ്മെന്റൽ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു. നിർമ്മാണത്തിനായുളള ഡി പി ആർ തയ്യാറാക്കി കട്ടേഷൻ എടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ട് എന്ന് മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി പ്രതിനിധി അറിയിച്ചു. ഒരു ഏജൻസി മാത്രമാണ് കിട്ടേഷൻ തന്നതെന്ന് അറിയിച്ചു.

encroachment survey യുടെ നിലവിലുള്ള പുരോഗതി അറിയിക്കണമെന്ന് ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടുകൊണ്ട് തിരുർ ആർഡിഒ ഓഫീസിലേക്ക് ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിൽ നിന്നും ഒരു നിർദ്ദേശം കൊടുക്കണമെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിനോട് നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

തിരൂർ റിവർ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിന്റെ ഭാഗമായി മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് എല്ലാ മാസവും 17 sampling point-ൽ നിന്നും സാമ്പിൾ എടുത്ത് പരിശോഡിച്ച് റിപ്പോർട്ട് ഇതിൽ BOD യുടെ മൂല്യം വളരെയധികം സ്രിപിസിബി യിലേക്ക് കൈമാറുന്നുണ്ട്. മെച്ചപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുണ്ട്. ആയതിനാൽ തിരൂർ പുഴ മലിനീകരണ ലിസ്റ്റിൽ നിന്ന് ഒഴിവാക്കുന്നതിനായി അതാത് പുഴ അതിർത്തിയിൽ വരുന്ന തദ്ദേശ സ്വയംഭരണ സ്ഥാപന മേധാവികൾ ഈയൊരു ചെയ്യാൻ എന്തൊക്കെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് നടപ്പിലാക്കിയത് വാട്ടർ കാളിറ്റി achieve ഓഫീസിലേക്ക് സമർപ്പിക്കണമെന്ന് റിപ്പോർട്ട് ഈ എന്നതിന്റെ ഒരു സമഗ്ര എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശുപ്പെട്ടു.

3.30pm-ന് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫാൻസ് അവസാനിച്ചു.

hard

എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ

മലപ്പുറം 06.**0**9.2021

OA 673 ൽ 68:10.2021 തീയ്യതിയിൽ മേജർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്- നോർത്ത് സർക്കിളിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസിംഗ് വഴി നടത്തിയ DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ്.

ഹാജമായവർ

- 1. ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജന, (പേഴ്സണൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് ഓഫ് സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്)
- ശ്രീ.ചഞ്ചൽ, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എൻഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്, മലപ്പുറം.
- ശ്രീ.മൈഹദരാലി, ഓവർസിയർ, തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി.
- ശ്രീ. മധുസൂദനൻ, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി,
- 5. ശ്രീമതി, ലതിക സൂനിൽ, ക്ലാർക്ക്, വെട്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്.
- െശ്രീ. ദാ**രോ**ദരൻ, ജില്ലാ സർവ്വേ സൂപ്രണ്ട്, തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി
- ശ്രീ.രഞ്ജിത്ത്, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി.
- e. ശ്രീമതി സൗമ ഹമീദ് (എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന

മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.}

9. ശ്രീമതി. സൗദ ഖീവി.വി.സി. അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സയന്റിസ്റ്റ്, (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന

രലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫിസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)

3 no pm-ന് പേഴ്സണൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് ഓഫ് സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എങ്ങിനീയർ, **ഇറിഗേഷൻ**

വകുപ്പ് ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജനയുടെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഹറൻസ് ആരംഭിച്ചു. പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്പാനിലെ ഇറിഗേഷൻ ആക്ഷൻ ആദ്യമായി വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. തിരുർ പൊന്നാനി പുഴയുടെ വലതു ഭഗത്തുള്ള ബണ്ട് ശക്തിപ്പടുത്തുന്നതിനായുളള എസ്റ്റിമേറ്റ് റിവൈസ് ചെയ്യുന്നതിനുളള പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ നടന്നുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാണെന്നും കുട്ടായി റെഗുലേറ്ററിന്റെ പണി വെള്ളം താഴ്നാൽ വേണ്ടി designing approval ന് എന്നും പറ്റുകയുളളു തുടങ്ങാൻ മാത്രമേ കുത്തിരിക്കുകയാണെന്നും അനുമതി കിട്ടിയാൽ ഉടനെ തന്നെ പണി തുടങ്ങാമെന്നും ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിനെ പ്രതിനിധീകരിച്ച് ശ്രീമതി. അഞ്ജന അറിയിച്ചു.

വിദ്യാർത്ഥികളുമായി മലിനീകരണം പൂഴ എഞ്ചിനീയറിംഗ് കോളേജ് സമർപ്പിപ്പിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, കൂടുയൽ പുരോഗതി പദ്ധതിയുടെ DPR നിയന്ത്രിക്കാനുള്ള ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെന്നും ശ്രീമതി.ചഞ്ചൽ മലപ്പുറം ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിൽ നിന്നും അറിയിച്ചു. രണ്ടാമതായി തിരൂർ മുനിസപ്പാലിറ്റിയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. Civil, Mechanical, Electrial എന്നീ വർക്കുകളാണ് ഇനി ചെയ്യാനുളളതെന്നും അതിനായുളള DPR മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയെ അംഗീകരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ശ്രീ.ഹൈദരാലി തിരുർ തുചിത്വമിഷൻ പ്രതിനിധികരിച്ച് അറിയിച്ചു. 2,18,00,000/- അനുവദിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ഇതിൽ 1,66,00,000/-മെക്കാനിക്കൽ വർക്കിനായി നീക്കിവെക്കുകയും ടെൻഡർ ക്ഷണിക്കുകയും ചെയ്തതായി. ആദ്യം ടെൻഡർ കിട്ടിയിരുന്നില്ല. വീണ്ടും ടെൻഡർ ക്ഷണിച്ചതിൽ യു.പി അറിയിച്ചു.

യിലൂളള ഒരു കമ്പനിയാണ് ഏറ്റെടുത്തിട്ടുളളത്. ഇത് കൗൺസിൽ അംഗീകരിക്കുകയു ചെയ്തു. സെലക്ഷൻ നോട്ടീസ് കൊടുക്കാൻ കാത്തിരിക്കുകയാണെന്നും തുടർന്നുളള പണികൾ ഉടൻതന്നെ ചെയ്യാമെന്നും ശ്രീ.ഹൈദരാലി അറിയിച്ചു. വാട്ടർ ടാങ്ക്, ഡൈനേജ്, നിലവിലുളള ബിൽഡിങ്ങിന്റെ പുനരുദ്ധാരണം, വൈദ്യുതീകരണം എന്നിവയ്ക്കായുളള ടെൻഡർ അടുത്ത മീറ്റിങ്ങിൽ അംഗീരിക്കുന്നതിനായി സമർപ്പിക്കുമെന്നും ശ്രീ.ഹൈദരാലി അറിയിച്ചു.

തുടർന്ന് തിരുർ മത്സ്യ മാർക്കറ്റിലെ ETP യുടെ blower, aeration treatment tank, rain water harvesting tank എന്നിവ വെക്കുന്നതിനായുളള വർക്ക് ഓർഡർ കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ശ്രീ.രഞ്ജിത്ത് അറിയിച്ചു. ETP യുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ എത്രയും വേഗം പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടില്ലെങ്കിൽ കത്ത് തരുമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തി.

തുടർന്ന് തിരൂർ മൂൻസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റിലെ STP-യുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. മുൻസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റിലെ പണികൾ നാലു മാസം കൊണ്ട് പുർത്തികരിക്കാമെന്ന് അറിയിച്ചിരുന്നു. അതിൽ ഒരു മാസം കഴിഞ്ഞെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ സുപിപ്പിച്ചു. വൈദ്യൂതീകരിണത്തിനായുള്ള ടെൻഡർ അംഗീകരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും മഞ്ചേരി ടീമിന് സെലക്ഷൻ നോട്ടീസ് കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ഇനി കരാർ വെച്ച് പണി തുടങ്ങാമെന്നും ശ്രീരഞ്ജിത്ത് അറിയിച്ചു. വൈറ്യൂതികരണ പണി പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചാൽ മാത്രമേ മെക്കാനിക്കൽ വർക്ക് തൂടങ്ങാൻ കഴിയുകയുള്ളൂ എന്നും അറിയിച്ചു.

IDRB യുടെ കീഴിൽ OA 325 പ്രകാരം കുളങ്ങളുടെ നവീകരണം എന്ന ഒരു വലിയ ക്കു വില്ലേജിൽ പദ്ധതി വരുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും പ്രകാർം കരു കുളമങ്കിലും ഇതു എഞ്ചിനീയർ അവസരത്തിൽ എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ ശുദ്ധീകരിക്കണമെന്നും ഈ മലപ്പൂറം ജില്ലയിൽ നിന്നും മുൻഗണനാ അടിസ്ഥാനത്തിൽ സൂചിപ്പിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. തിരഞ്ഞെടുത്ത 102 കുളങ്ങൾ ഉണ്ട്. അതിൽ 53 എണ്ണം ഹെൽത്തിയാണെന്നും ബാക്കി 49 എണ്ണത്തിന്റെ ഫീൽഡ് വെരിഫിക്കേഷനും, ജലഗുണ നിലവാര അനാലിസിസും നടത്തിയിട്ട് മുൻഗണന നന്നാക്കേണ്ടതിനായുള്ള നടപടികൾ എതിനാണ് കൊടുത്തിട്ട് DBRനാണ് പറഞ്ഞിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, അതിന്റെ ന്ധീകരിക്കണമെന്നും NGT ചുമതല എൽപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുളളതെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു. ജല ഗുണ നിലവാര അനാലിസിസിനായി മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിനോട് അഭിപ്രായം തേടാൻ ചോദിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി.

അടുത്തതായി മലപ്പൂറം മുനിസിപ്പാലീറ്റിയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. slaughter house ന്റേയും poultry house ന്റേയും നിർമ്മാണ പ്രവർത്തനത്തിൽ കാര്യമായ പുരോഗതിയൊന്നും ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെന്നും DPR തയ്യാറാക്കിയതായും സ്ഥലം കണ്ടെത്തിയതായും ശ്രീ.മധുസൂദനൻ മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയെ പ്രതിനിധീകരിച്ച് അറിയിച്ചു. വലീയ തോട് ഹാജിയാർപള്ളി ഭാഗത്ത് 2019-ൽ സ്ക്രിനിങ്ങ് നെറ്റ് സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അദ്ദേഹം അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. കൂടാതെ Solid Waste Management Action Plan 31.03.2022 ൽ പൂർത്തീകരിക്കാരമന്നും, ഇതിനോടകം 15,566 decentralised unit കൾ വിതരണം പൂർത്തീകരിക്കാമെന്നും ശ്രീ.മധുസൂദനൻ പറയുകയുണ്ടായി. കമ്മൂണിറ്റി ലെവൽ കമ്പോസ്റ്റിങ്ങ് (തുമ്പൂർ മൂഴി മോഡൽ പ്രൊപ്പോസൽ) 2022–2023 പദ്ധതിയിലാണ്

ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തിയിട്ടുളളതെന്നും ഒരു RRF ആണ് ഉള്ളതെന്നും ശ്രീമധുസൂദനൻ അറിയിച്ചു. സ്റ്റാന്റിലെ വാട്ടർ ട്രീറ്റ്മെന്റ് പ്പാനിന്റെ മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ് തുടർന്ന് മലപ്പുറം STP യുടെ കേടുപാടുകൾ തീർക്കുന്നതിനായി പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. കൺസൾട്ടിങ്ങ് ഏജൻസിയുടെ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി പ്രതിനിധിയും ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട മലപ്പുറം പ്രൊപ്പോസലുമായി ഏജൻസിയുടെ പ്രതിനിധിയും മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിൽ നേരിട്ട് ഹാജരായി ചർച്ച ചെയ്യുന്നതിനായി കഴിഞ്ഞ മീറ്റിങ്ങിൽ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടിരുന്നു. എന്നാൽ ഇങ്ങനെയൊരു ആവശ്യവുമായി ആരും തന്നെ മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിൽ വന്നിട്ടില്ലെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു. സെപ്റ്റംബർ 28-ന് മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ഒരു മീറ്റിങ്ങ് വച്ചിരുന്നെന്നും എന്നാൽ മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് മീറ്റിങ്ങിൽ പങ്കെടുത്തിട്ടില്ലെന്നും ശ്രീക്ധുസൂദനൻ പറയുകയുണ്ടായി. ഇത്രാനെ ഒരു മീറ്റിങ്ങ് നടക്കുന്ന വിവരം ഒരു മെയിൽ ആയോ, ഫോണോ, കത്തോ വഴി കിട്ടിയിട്ടില്ലെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ പറയുകയുണ്ടായി.

മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് 8 പബ്ലിക് ഹിയറിംഗ് മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് ഓഡിറ്റോറിയത്തിൽ വെച്ച് നടത്തുകയുണ്ടായി. ഹിയറിംഗ് തുടങ്ങേണ്ട ദിവസമാജ**്** വെള്ളമില്ല എന്ന വിവരം അറിയിക്കുന്നത്. അതുകൊണ്ട് 2000 ലിറ്റർ വെള്ളം ടാങ്കറിൽ എത്തിക്കുകയും എന്നാൽ ഒപെപ്പുകൾ മുഴുവൻ കേടായതിനാൽ അത് ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ കഴിയാതെ വരുകയും ചെയ്തു. പിന്നീട് ADMനടക്കം ട്രിപ്പ് അടിച്ചാണ് മലിനീകരണ ഇങ്ങനെ കൊടുത്തത്. ടക്ഷണം വെച്ച് ക്കഫീസിൽ ബോർഡ് നിയന്ത്രണ ബുദ്ധിമൂട്ടായതിനാൽ തൊട്ടടുത്ത ദിവസം മുതൽ ഹോട്ടൽ ഡെലീഷൂയിലാണ് ക്ഷേണം ഏർപ്പാടാക്കിയത്. ഇങ്ങനെയുള്ള പൊതു ചടങ്ങുകൾ നടക്കുന്ന സ്ഥലത്ത് ശ്രദ്ധ കൊടുത്ത് അടയന്തിരമായി നന്നാക്കേണ്ടതാണെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു. പ്രവർത്തന ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റിലുളള STP പുറമേ കാണാൻ മനോഹരമാണെങ്കിലും അത് രഹിതമാണെന്ന് എൻവയോൺക്കെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനിയർ പറഞ്ഞു. അടിയന്തിരമായി ഏറ്റവും ഡേഗം ഇത് പ്രവർത്തനക്ഷമമാക്കിയല്ലെങ്കിൽ NGTയുടെ ഭീമമായ തുക അടക്കേണ്ടി വരുമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി STP യുടെ മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിൽ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി പ്രതിനിധിയും പ്രതിനിധിയും നേരിട്ട് വരികയോ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ഒരു വിസി വഴിയോ ചർച്ച ചെയ്ത് തീരുമാനമാക്കാം എന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ശ്രീമധുസൂധനനോട് ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു.

അവസാനമായി encroachment survey പുരോഗതി എത്രത്തോളമായി എന്നതിനെക്കുറിച്ച് വിലയിരുത്താൻ ശ്രീദാമോദരനോട് (ജില്ലാ സർവ്വേ സുപ്രണ്ട്) എൻവയോൺമെനന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവൾുപ്പെട്ടു. വെട്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് സർവ്വേ പുർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ചെറിയമുണ്ടം പഞ്ചായത്ത് തിരൂർ പുഴയുടെ അക്കരെയും ഇക്കരെയും ചേർത്ത് ഇനി 58 കിലോമിറ്ററ് കുടി സർവ്വേ പൂർത്തീകരിക്കാനുണ്ടെന്നും പുരോഗതിയിലേക്ക് പോയിട്ടില്ലെന്നും തുടമുന്നതിനാൽ വേണ്ടുത ወያ ഇപ്പോൾ ശ്രീ.ദാമോദമൻ അറിയിച്ചു. എന്നാൽ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാൻ അനന്തമായി തുടരുകയാണെന്നും എത്രയും പെട്ടെന്ന് കൂടുതൽ സ്റ്റാഫിനെ വെച്ച് ചെയ്ത് തീർക്കുകയാണെങ്കിൽ അത്രയും വേഗം ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാൻ ചുമതല പുർത്തിയാക്കാൻ കഴിയുമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ ഭൂമി കൈയേറ്റാ Encroachment survey നടത്തുമ്പോൾ എഞ്ചിനീയർ പറഞ്ഞിു. നടന്നിട്ടുണ്ടെങ്കിൽ അതിനുളള നടപടി സ്ഥീകരിക്കണമെങ്കിൽ സർവ്വേ എത്രയും പെട്ടെന്ന് ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടും എഞ്ചിനീയർ എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ പൂർത്തീകരിക്കണമെന്ന് ആവശ്യത്തിനുളള സ്റ്റാഫിനെ വെച്ച് ഒരു രൂപരേഖ തയ്യാറാക്കി പണി തുടങ്ങാമെന്ന് ശ്രീകാമോദരൻ റവന്യൂ വകുപ്പിനെ പ്രതിനിധീകരിച്ച് അറിയിച്ചു. തയ്യാറാക്കിയ രൂപരേഖ അയക്കണമെന്ന് മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിനും ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിനും എൻവയേറൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു.

വെട്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് സിസിടിവി ക്യാമറ വെക്കുന്നതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചതായി ശ്രീലതിക സുനിൽ വെട്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിനെ പ്രതിനിധീകരിച്ച് അറിയിച്ചു.

തിരുർ പുഴ മലിനീകരണ ലിസ്റ്റിൽ നിന്ന് ഒഴിവാക്കുന്നതിനായി അതാര് പുഴ അതിർത്തിയിൽ വരുന്ന തദ്ദേശ ന്ധയംഭരണ സ്ഥാപന രേധാവികൾ ഈയൊരു വാട്ടർ കാളിറ്റി achieve ചെയ്യാൻ എന്തൊക്കെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് നടപ്പിലാക്കിയത് എന്നും അതുകൊണ്ട് എന്തൊക്കെ പൂരോഗതി പരിസ്ഥിതിക്കുണ്ടായി എന്നതിന്റെ ഒരു സമഗ്ര റിപ്പോർട്ട് <u>kspcbmlpm@gmail.com</u> എന്ന മെയിലിൽ ഈ ഓഫീസിലേക്ക് സമർപ്പിക്കണമെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ കഴിഞ്ഞ യോഗത്തിൽ ആവശുപ്പെട്ടിരുന്നു. ആയത് ആരും സമർപ്പിച്ചു കണ്ടില്ല. ഇത് ഏറ്റവും വേഗം അയച്ചു നൽകണം എന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു.

3.50pm-ന് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് അവസാനിച്ചു.

എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ

had

മലപ്പുറം 08.10,2021



Minutes of the online meeting of River Rejuvenation Committee convened on 02.09.2021 under the Chairmanship of Additional Chief Secretary, Environment Department

The meeting started at 3 p.m. The following issues were discussed in detail and decisions taken.

Action taken on the points, discussed during review meeting convened by Chief Secretary on 27.07.2021

1. Identifying funding sources for Karamana sewer network -

OPR for 19 prioritized words abutting Karamana river will be submitted by the contracting firm by 10/09/2021

2. Projects under IMPACT & Suchtwa Mission-

Out of 13 STP projects, 2 projects are in final stage. KWA has taken up 5 projects. Remaining projects will be implemented through Suchitwa Mission.

3. Preparation of DPR for 28 UL8s

DPR proparation is under progress. Initial surveys are being conducted. Targeted date is 31.10.2021. 4. <u>STP at Elamikulam</u>-

The construction contract of 5 MLD STP under AMPL/T scheme by M/s Mary Matha Constructions is progressing as per schedule. During the site inspection conducted by the Maraging Director, KWA on 27/08/2021 it was noted that there is a possibility of enhancing the capacity of this to 10MLC. Directions were given to: exploring the possibility and technical feasibility. In addition to this DPR preparation of 30 MLD STP for which reconnaissance survey has been started and service area identified. Digitalisation of available water supply data is being done.

5. DPR for Muttathara STP network-

DPR for the entire 100 wards of Thruvananthapuram Municipal corporation is scheduled to be completed by 30/10/2021

6. STP at Guruvayoor-

Works progressing and targeted to complete before 30.9.2021. Site inspection conducted by the Managing Director on 28/08/2021.

7. Yakkara STP

Director, Urban Alfairs informed that there is no improvement in the project.

8. STP at Kureepuzha-

Earthwork excavation started, contour survey is in progress and eworking on layout to overcome space constrain. Director, Urban affairs pointed out, that in Urban areas sufficient space is not available for STP/FSTP projects, but there is a provision in the Municipal Act that exemption can be allowed if the proposed construction is for public purpose. Director, Urban Affairs was directed

File No.ENVT-A2/164/2018-ENVT

to forward a proposal in this regard to the Government.

9. STP at Chakkamkandam & Kunnamkulam & FSTP at Guruvayoor-

Director, Lirban affairs informed that proposed STP project at Kunnamkulam har, been abandoned. The land proposed for the FSTP at Guruvayur is a paddy land. So, permission for construction was not granted and that there is a land owned by KWA, suitable for the purpose. Requested MD, KWA to hand over the land for the project.

MD/KWA ophed that the septage from Gururayoor municipality can be treated after providing diution tank and pumping arrangements in the existing STP itself. KWA will provide the tank and request for initiating the same has been forwarded to the mission director.

10. Coastal Action plan:

LSGD Dept and Irrigation Dept. had submitted their input to PCB. The data submitted by LSGD through Suchtwa Mission need further details regarding the treatment proposal for residential clusters especially at coastal area of Alappuzha and Kochi. Hance, the same has been returned for medification.

Edayar ETP & Aroor ETP :

ETP has been completed and is being submitted to Industries Department.

Additional Director, Industries Dept: KITCO sought one month time for the completion of DPR or Aroor ETP.

Action taken on points, discussed during RRC meeting convened on 22.07.2021

12 Release of Bank Guarantee :

CPCB has alread been addressed to rolease the BG by WRD.

13. STP at Medical College, Trivandrum

As per the report received from the District office, the STP is working satisfactority. Trial run is going on and inauguration is scheduled on 08.09.2021.

Progress of action plan by Inigation Department/ e-flow, flood plain zone management, desitting, oncroachment)

CE. Irrigiation informed that action has been taken to de-sit the reservoirs. The work is in progress in Mangatam River. De-siting of 6 migation structures is in progress. As regards encroachment, action taken report will be submitted in the next FIRC meeting.

Decisions taken;

1. KSPCB shall submit the action plan for coastal pollution regulation to Govt on 10.09.2021

2. MD,KWA shall be a permanent invitee for RRC meeting from next meeting onwards

 Copy of request letter for the release of 15 crore Bank Guarantee, given from WRD to CPCB shall be forwarded to Envt. Dept and KSPCB.

 The action plan on e-flow, encroachment, de-sitting flood plain and its progress are to be reported to KSPCB by Imgation Department.

The projects on development of bio-diversity parks on the banks of the rivers and in obastal areas shall be obtained from Bio-Diversity Board.

File No.ENVT-A2/164/2018-ENVT

3/2021

Meeting onded in 1218 p.m.

Dr Venu V I A S Additional Crief Secretary O/O ACS ENVIRONMENT



Minutes of the V.C meeting of Piver Replyonation Committee held on 0130/2021 under the Charmanship of Additional Chief Secretary, Environment Department

Thomsetting started to 1130 a.m. with Autocinal One's Sub-intery, Environment-

Depriment in the lonie toe tolowing points were described.

- However of the incline taken on the points, in the meeting dated 09.09.2021 converses by Chief Reporting.
- · Messiow on points, circuitsed caregi Brid messing conversed on 02.09.2021
- Budgets of latter risk by incution Distancement of low, food plan zone travidorers, or store inconscience)
- Deastral Action Plan- Frantzation of Coastal Action Plan and its approval

ACTION TAREN ON THE POINTS, DISCUSSED DURING HEVEW MEETING CONTINED 154 CHED IT CREEDING ON 05/09/2021

Southworn turking a same for samplificate signific lighters.

ID, KWA internet that DPR to 19 promotel words abortive Kdowiskis the with submitted and reveloped on 28/09/2021. The DPR needs to be submitted at a technical controlling scheduled on b6/07/2021 and limit deceases will be taken by 10/07/2021. The capital and in 1024. Or and 160 KH to Date Table 1074. Or, The deceases to kind operational is 1024. Or and 160 KH to Date Table 1074. Or, The deceases to kind operation contained makes in a weighted with some will be instanted with 45 date. 2 Excepts under INPAGE assistation limited.

One of 10 S3P projects 2 despice and in the line stage. KWA has taken up to prove the CPR of the same will be completed by 10/10/2028. Remaining projects will be expressed to 10/10/2028.

WHITE HO IN ORR HIT TRACKS

Developmentation is under progress, i and survey are being conduction. The Transp. nonline

A STP at Elandarium.

The KNVA has two simplementation of 2.6 acrosoved 1.5 note break exclusions for consolution STP. The construction of 56 NED STP under AMRUT Scheme by Mts. They/Arrow Constructions is in progress and augmentation work of 3.5 MLD to 5 MED in completion. There is a possibility of constructing a new STP of 15 MLD sugarity in the same 7.5 Acro plot. Triefly is a possibility to construct a new 35 MLD plant in the available 15 note area. The possibility and transmit feasibility and DPR proparation of 35 MLD STP with be started to DRR as Matabases. STP metricity.

Description of the letter with warms of the up standing one to receive comparison is the entering to be environment by 10.12.12.1

5 STP of Goneanyone.

Works obrighted and completion sertilicate will be given on 10/10/2021.

7. Zukanni StP.

Station infinite opportunit addit

8 STP at Rargebulls:

The work has already started at the site. The Kollan curporation has 1d take impropriate follow up action to obtain valid cleanance from KO2564 and other agentales. The depine on twistie still eventing and the concernest department meets to pay special amontor to obtain interclassity obtained.

Children Concton Urban One: 1/8 sour directions is Kolare comportation sourceary to Using sourceare antipole.

SEE HCZA II the concerned apparement satellit details regarding the project and of any radio from the reaffer piece the submitted introduct actions will be initiated its contra-TRE characteries

19 USTRINE GUARDINGS

The septrops from Concerningour monopality can be mailed urban providing obtaine this and planping accompanients in the existing STP itself. Cost for the same in Rs 25 Lakti Estimate to be taken). Kayls will provide the tank and lates for initiating the same has been townworld to the register exector. Perspecte from AMRUT directorate is awaters.

WEREAU FIP Avenue ETP.

(see which intrusts of HellOVS Gero for Statyon ETP has been completed and a being Submitted to be extended oblasticated and actions to be statuted from the instations metabolic.

(hyprosouring of the automats deforming you out present)

ACTION TAKEN ON POINTS, DISCUSSED DURING FIRE MEETING CONVENED ON 92/00/2021

Designed of action pain by Inigence Department to 186, their plats zone milinagement or other

CHE, Engineer interfeed that preparative encoding the Electric expect occurring the track of researches, considering the interested patience divers harmoly. Bitamithapours include Englakerypathis were given priority. But the estimation of either requires maximum 25-point hypotocycle state and to neves estimated taxes it topices data before the construction of our the periority hypotocycle state before the terms and terms. So the estimation maximum communities and using the completed by end of Decorates (2021) The siling Action has been mixed to be on the ter resolution on phony basis and the work can been awarded to the respective appropriate.

Encrosichibert, The action taken report for proventing unauthorized discharge and encrimitment at major rivers, especially Pényar that be subverted within a week.

the open wells of Karamano mets water applies of downative an side and investigatives. A proposal the open well the previously at the Karamano met need to be isabilitated organity.

Destrone laken:

1 Final decision regarding KWA sewer intes near 19 wards will be taken by 10/10/2021

2. WWA has taken up 5 protects under #4PACT & Sochtwar Minision the DPR of the stime will be complete by \$250,9591

1.1110 of thereards a 50st reduces the thereafter that we at 5st Theorem Antiophene environmentation and the completed by 15(2)262;

 STP in Guinaryook. Woola completed and technical curationion and completion conficulties we be given on 10 (0/2021).

b. A proposal for improving the prior water quality of vianamiana rear needs to be submented start in by the Regarden discurreled.

(c) invariant taken report for encounting uncompared distances and encountries that many most reporting transfer and the address when a weak by the market department.

7. Appendid the draft "Action Play on Coastal Polyton " preserved an over NST Order in On No. 1520/2019

Field of same to avend at 1205 p.m.

Dr. Very 47 A 5 Administration Streams 010 ACS ENVROMENT

ഭരണഭാഷ മാതൃഭാഷ

കേരള സംസ്ഥാന ജൈവവൈവിധ്വ ബോർഡ് KERALA STATE BIODIVERSITY BOARD



A statutory and autonomous body, Government of Kerala

Kailasam, T.C. 24/9219, No. 43, Belhavon Gardens, Kowdiar P.O., Thiruvananthapuram – 695 003: Phone :0471 - 2724740 Email: kerala.sbb@kerala.gov.in, Website: www.keralabiodiversity.org Toll free No: 1800 425 5383

ന്നം. 2266/എ8/2020/കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി.

29.09.2021

സ്ഥകരത്താവ്

മെമ്പർ സെക്രട്ടറി കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് പട്ടം പി.ഒ. തിരുവനന്തപുരം – ങ്ങാറ4

സർ,

- വിഷയം:- കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പുഴയോരങ്ങളിലെയും തീരപ്രദേശങ്ങളിലെയും 'ഒജെവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാക്കൽ' പദ്ധതിയുടെ വിശദാംശ ങ്ങൾ ലഭ്യമാക്കുന്നത് സംബന്ധിച്ച്.
- സൂചനം- അങ്ങയുടെ 28.09.2021 ലെ PCB/HO/EE3/MEETING & MINUTES/ 16/2021 നമ്പർ കത്ത്.

മേൽ വിഷയത്തിലേക്കും സൂചനയിലേക്കും അങ്ങയുടെ ശ്രദ്ധ ക്ഷണിക്കുന്നു. പ്രാദേശികമായി തദ്ദേശസ്ഥാപനങ്ങളിലെ ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ, പരിപാലന സമിതികളുടെ (ബി.എം.സി. കൾ) സഹകരണത്തോടെ ബോർഡിന്റെ വിവിധ പ്ലാൻ സ്കീമിലൂൾപ്പെ ടുത്തി ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാക്കൽ പദ്ധതിയ്ക്ക് ബോർഡ് നേതൃത്വം നൽകി വരുന്നുണ്ട്. അവയിൽ പുഴയോര പ്രദേശങ്ങളിൽ തയ്യാറാക്കുന്ന ജൈവവൈ വിധ്യ പാർക്ക് പദ്ധതികളുടെ വിശദാംശങ്ങൾ അനുബന്ധമായി ഇതോടൊപ്പം ഉള്ള തീരപ്രദേശങ്ങളിൽ നേരിട്ട് ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് പദ്ധതിക ടക്കം ചെയ്യുന്നു. ളൊന്നും നിലവിൽ ബോർഡ് നടപ്പിലാക്കുന്നില്ലെങ്കിലും, കായൽത്തീരങ്ങളോടനുബ നടപ്പിലാക്കുന്ന ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് പദ്ധതികളുടെയും, allt സ്ഥമായി യോരങ്ങളുടെ ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ സംരക്ഷണത്തിന്റെ ഭാഗമായുള്ള മറ്റു പദ്ധതികളു ടെയും വിശദാംശങ്ങൾ കൂടി അനുബന്ധത്തിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നുള്ള വിവരം അറീയിക്കുന്നു.

1

വിശ്വസ്തതയോടെ mand മെന്നത് സെക്ട്രറി

ഉള്ളടക്കം:- അനുബന്ധം

A8/E/Biodiversity Parks

അനുബന്ധം

സംസ്ഥാന ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ ബോർഡിന്റെ മേൽനോട്ടത്തിൽ പുഴയോര പ്രദേശങ്ങ ളിൽ നടപ്പിലാക്കി വരുന്ന "ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാക്കൽ" / പുഴയോര ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ സംരക്ഷണ പദ്ധതികൾ എന്നിവയുടെ വിശദാംശങ്ങൾ:

ക്രമ നം.	തദ്ദേശസ്ഥാപന ത്തിന്റെ/ ബി.എം. സി. യൂടെ പേര്, ജില്ല	പദ്ധതി പ്രദേശം	വിസ്തൃതി	ഫണ്ട് & പ്രോജക്ട്	പദ്ധതി യ്ക്കായി അനുവ ദിച്ച തൂക (രൂപ)
I	പൂതക്കൂളം ഗ്രാമ പഞ്ചായത്ത്, കൊല്ലം ജില്ല	13-ാം വാർഡിലെ ചമ്പാൻ ചാൽ പ്രദേശം (കായൽത്തീരം)	10 സെന്റ്	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാ ക്കൽ	3 ലക്ഷം
2	ഇടവെട്ടി ഗ്രാമപ ഞ്ചായത്ത്, ഇടുക്കി ജില്ല	മലങ്കര ഡാമിനു സമീപം	ា5 សាហក្តី	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാ ക്കൽ	5 වැණිවා
an.	മലപ്പൂറം മൂനിസി പ്പാലിറ്റി, മലപ്പൂറം ജില്ല	ഹാജിയാർപള്ളി സ്ഥലം (കടലൂണ്ടി പൂഴ യോരം)	រទ គលបក្ត័	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാ ക്കൽ	5 ലക്ഷം
4	മലപ്പൂറം മുനിസി പ്പാലിറ്റി, മലപ്പൂറം ജില്ല	നെച്ചിക്കൂറ്റി, മുണ്ടു പ്പറമ്പ (കടലൂണ്ടി പൂഴ യോരം)	រទ សោហក្តី	കെ.എസ്.ബിബി പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാ ക്കൽ	5 වැළුහුර
5	പെരുമ്പടപ്പ് ഗ്രാമ പഞ്ചായത്ത്, മലപ്പൂറം ജില്ല	പി.എച്ച്.സി. യ്ക്കു സമീപം, ചെറുവ ഉള്ളൂർ (ബീയ്യം കായൽത്തീരം)	15 សាបក្កេ	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാ ക്കൽ	5 ඩාළුනිය
6	ഫറോക്ക് മൂനിസി പ്പാലിറ്റി, കോഴി ക്കോട്	ചന്തക്കടവ് പ്രദേ ശത്തെ പുഴയോര ത്തൂള്ള സ്ഥലം	് റ്റാഗ്നര or	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; ടൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാ ക്കൽ	3 ലക്ഷം
7	മാനന്തവാടി മുനി സിപ്പാലിറ്റി, വയ നാട് ജില്ല	നഗരസഭയുടെ 27-ാം ഡിവിഷനിൽ മാനന്തവാടി പൂഴ യുടെ തീരത്ത് ചൂട്ട ക്കടവ് പ്രദേശം	15 സെന്റ്	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാ ക്കൽ	5 වැඩැයුර
8	വാണിമേൽ ഗ്രാമ പഞ്ചായത്ത്, കോഴിക്കോട്	മാഖിന്യമുക്ത വാണിമേൽ പുഴ പുഴ സംരക്ഷണം		കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; പുഴ സംര ക്ഷണം	4.20 ലക്ഷം

2

9	മുഴക്കുന്ന് ഗ്രാമപ ഞ്ചായത്ത്, കണ്ണൂർ	ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് & പൂഴ യോര ജൈവവൈ വിധ്യ സംരക്ഷണം		കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; ജൈവവൈവിധ്യ പാർക്ക് & പൂഴ സംരക്ഷണം	4.20 ലക്ഷം
10	അയിരൂർ ഗ്രാമപ ഞ്ചായത്ത്, പത്ത നംതിട്ട	പമ്പയുടെ തീരത്ത് ആറ്റുവഞ്ചി വച്ചുപി ടിപ്പിക്കൽ	5#3	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; പുഴ യോര സംര ക്ഷണം	3 වාඩාහර
11	കോഴഞ്ചേരി ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്, പത്തനംതിട്ട	പമ്പയുടെ കൈവ ഴിയുടെ പുനരു ജ്ജീവനം	~	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി പ്ലാൻ ഫൺ്; പുഴ സംരക്ഷണം	3 ലക്ഷം
12	അയർക്കുന്നം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്, കോട്ടയം	മീനച്ചിലാറിന്റെ തീരത്ത് ആറ്റു വഞ്ചി വച്ചുപിടിപ്പി ക്കൽ	æ	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; പുഴ യോര സംര ക്ഷണം	3 ലക്ഷം
13	മാനന്തവാടി നഗ രസഭ, വയനാട്	മാനന്തവാടി പുഴ യോര സംരക്ഷണം	a Na	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്, പുഴ യോര സംര ക്ഷണം	3 වාණාන්ත
14	കൂറുമാത്തൂർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്, കണ്ണൂർ	പൂഴയോരത്ത് കണ്ടൽ വച്ചുപിടി പ്പിക്കൽ	(a.)	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി ച്ചാൻ ഫണ്ട്; പുഴ യോര സംര ക്ഷണം	3 ലക്ഷം
15	പെരുങ്കടവിള ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്, തിരുവനന്തപുരം	നെയ്യാറിന്റെ കൈവഴിയായ ചിറ്റാറിന്റെ തീരസം രക്ഷണം	545	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; പുഴ യോര സംര ക്ഷണം	1.20 ലക്ഷം
16	ഹൂവ്വാർ ഗ്രാമപ ഞ്ചായത്ത്, തിരു വനന്തപുരം	കണ്ടൽ അനു വർത്തിയായ സമുദ്രക്കായ (കോ വളം പൂവ്) പൊഴി ക്കര ഭാഗത്ത് (s കി.മീ.) വച്ചുപിടിപ്പി ക്കൽ	54	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; തീര സംരക്ഷണം	80,000/-
17	മാറനല്ലൂർ ഗ്രാമപ ഞ്ചായത്ത്, തിരൂ വനന്തപൂരം	നെയ്യാറിന്റെ തീര സംരക്ഷണം	y se	കെ.എസ്.ബി.ബി. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ട്; പുഴ യോര സംര ക്ഷണം	3 El##30
18	പിറയിൻകീഴ് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്, തിരുവനന്തപുരം	വാമനപുരം നദി, കരുന്ത്വാകടവം തീരം സംരക്ഷണം		എൻ.ബി.എ. (ABS) ഫണ്ട്; നദി-കായൽ തീര സംര ക്ഷണം	2 El-840
19	പൂല്ലൂർ–പെരിയ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായ ത്ത്,കാസർഗോഡ്	ചിത്താരിപ്പുഴയുടെ കൈവഴികളുടെ സംരക്ഷണം		എൻ.ബി.എ. (ABS) ഫണ്ട്; പൂഴ സംര ക്ഷണം	5 2109350

 \overline{a}

- 3

o കോഴഞ്ചേരി, പമ്പാനദീതീര പെറുകോൽ, ജൈവവൈവിധ അയിരൂർ, റാന്നി, രാന്നി അങ്ങാടി, റാന്നി പഴവ ങ്ങാടി, വടശ്ശേരി ക്കര, റാന്നി പെരുനാട് , നാറാണമ്മൂഴി, വെച്ചൂച്ചിറ ഗ്രാമ പഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ,	RKI ഫണ്ട്; പൂഴ യോർ ജൈവ വൈവിധ്യ പുന രൂജ്ജീവനം (ജൈവവൈ വിധ്യ പാർക്ക് തയ്യാറാക്കൽ പദ്ധതിയുടെ ഭാഗമായി ഉൾപ്പെ ടൂത്തിയിട്ടുണ്ട്).	200 ലക്ഷം
---	---	--------------

Ą

141

-4

മെസർ സെക്രട്ടറി

17.1

A&/E/Biodiversity Parks

<u>List of various projects relating to River bank conservation through Bio-</u> <u>diversity park by Bio-Diversity Board of Kerala</u>

Sl.	Name of Local Body/District	Location	Area
No 1.	Puthukulam, Grama	13 th Ward , Champan	10 Cent.
	Panchayath, Kollam District	Chal Region	
2.	Edavatty GramaPanchayath, Idukki District	Near Malankara Dam	15 Cent.
3.	Malappuram Municipality, Malappuram District	Hajiyarpalli	15 Cent.
4.	Malappuram Municipality, Malappuram District	Nechikutti, Munduparambu	15 Cent.
5.	Perumpadappu Gramapanchayath , Malappuram District	Cheruvalloor	15 Cent.
6.	Farook Municipality, Kozhikkode	Chanthakadavu	10 Cent.
7.	Mananthavadi Municipality, Wayanad District	Chootakadavu Region	15 Cent.
8.	Vanimel Grmapanchayath , Kozhikkode	Vanimel River	_
9.	Muzhakunnu Gramapanchayath, Kannur	_	_
10.	Ayiroor Gramapanchayth , Pathanamthitta	Pampa	_
11.	Kozhenchery Gramapanchayath, Pathanamthitta	Pampa	_
12.	Ayoorkunnam Gramapanchayath, Kottayam	Meenachal River	_
13.	Mananthavady Corporation, Wayanad	Mananthavadi	-
14.	Kurumathoor Gramapanchayath, Kannur	_	_

15.	Perunkadavila ,	Neyyar	_
	Gramapanchayath,		
	Thiruvananthapuram		
16.	Poovar Gramapanchayath,	_	_
	Thiruvananthapuram		
17.	Maranaloor, Gramapanchayath,	Neyyattinkara	_
	Thiruvananthapuram		
18.	Cherayinkeezhu,	Vamanapuram River	_
	Gramapanchayath,		
	Thiruvananthapuram		
19.	Pullur-Periya	Chitharipuzha	_
	Gramapanchayath, Kasaragod		
20.	Kozhancheri, Cherukol,	Pampa	_
	Ariyoor, Ranni, Ranni Angadi,		
	Ranni Pazhavangadi,		
	Vadasherikara, Ranni Perunadu,		
	Naranamoozhi, Vachuchira		
	Gramapanchayath ,		
	Pathanamthitta		



Environment (A) Department

Most Urgent

No.A2/164/2018/Envt

Thiruvananthapuram, Dated: 08/02/2022

From

Additional Chief Secretary to Government

To

The Additional Chief Secretary, Water Resources Department The Additional Chief Secretary, Local Self Government Department The Additional Chief Secretary, Agriculture Department The Additional Chief Secretary, Finance Department The Additional Chief Secretary, Vigilance Department The Additional Chief Secretary, Revenue Department The Additional Chief Secretary, Home Department The Principal Secretary, SC/ST Department The Principal Secretary, Local Self Government Department The Principal Secretary, Industries Department The Secretary, Public Works Department The Secretary, Law Department The Secretary, Cultural Affairs Department The Secretary, Tourism Department The Secretary, Power Department The Director, Directorate of Environment & Climate Change, Thiruvananthapuram The Director, Directorate of Urban Affairs, Thiruvananthapuram.

The Director, Directorate of Industries & Commerce, Thiruvananthapuram The Director, Directorate of Panchayat, Thiruvananthapuram.

All District Collectors(Through the Land development Commissioner , Thiruvananthapuram

The Secretary Municipal Corporation, Thiruvananthapuram, Kochi, Thrissur, Kannur Kollam, Guruvayoor.

The Managing Director Kerala Water Authority, Vellayambalam, Thiruvananthapuram

The Superintending Engineer, Irrigation (through Chief Engineer) Irrigation & Administration, Thiruvananthapuram

The Commissioner for Rural Development Nanthancode, Thiruvananthapuram

The City Police Commissioner, Ernakulam

The Commissioner Land Revenue Commissionerate, Thiruvananthapuram

The Executive Director, Suchithwa Mission, Thiruvananthapuram

The Mission Director, AMRUT, State Mission Management Unit, Local Self Government Department, 4th Floor, Meenakshi Plaza, Artech Building, Opposite Government Hospital, Thycadu, Thiruvananthapuram- 695014

The Member Secretary Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Thiruvananthapuram

Sir,

Sub: Environment Department – Monthly review meeting of Chief Secretary with RRC/Stakeholder departments/Authorities in the matter of NGT Order in OA No.673/2018 –VC meeting held on 27.1.2022 -Minutes forwarding of- Reg.

Ref: 1) This Department letter of even no. dated24.1.2022.

 Menting held by Chief Secretary with RRC & Stakeholder Departments, Authorities on 27.1.2022.

I am to invite your attention to the reference cited and to forward herewith the minutes of the meeting held by Chief Secretary with RRC & Stakeholder Departments, Authorities on 27.01.2022 for urgent necessary action.

Yours faithfully,

GEETHA GOPINATH Under Secretary for Additional Chief Secretary to Government

Approved for issue,

Section Officer Copy to:- Staff Officer to C.S EM Cell P.A to ACS(Environment) CA to AS(Environment) All Government Departments (Through E Office -For necessary action)

Minutes of the meeting convened by Chief Secretary on 27.01.2022 in the matter of O.A No. 673/2018 and connected cases before the National Tribunal

The meeting commenced at 4 P.M via VC with Chief Secretary presiding the meeting. The Additional Chief Secretaries of Water Resources, Finance, Environment, Local Self Government, Agriculture Department, Secretary SC/ST Managing Director, Kerala Water Authority, Director, Directorate of Urban Affairs, Commissioner,Land Revenue Commissionerate, Director, Directorate of Industries, Director, Directorate of Panchayats, District Collectors of Ernakulam, Kollam and Alappuzha, Secretaries of Corporations Thiruvananthapuram, Kollam, Thrissur, Kannur ,Chief Environmental Engineer, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Chief Engineer, Irrigation & Administration, MD, KWA and other officers concerned were present. The following points were discussed.

1. STP/FSTP Projects:

It was directed in the last meeting that, all urgent projects facing hindrances in progress and that which needs urgent intervention from Govt. shall be brought to the notice during the State level meetings. Such important projects is to be considered along with the Priority Projects reviewed by the Hon'ble Chief Minister after appropriate consultation. The following list of such projects were discussed.

a. <u>Thrissur Corporation- Decentralized Sewerage Treatment Scheme</u> for Thrissur Municipal Corporation-

The land proposed for the project is falling under the paddy land category and hence category has to be converted through the LLMC. The Agriculture Production Commissioner Kerala, informed in the meeting that as per the recommendation from concerned departments it was decided in the LLMC meeting to reject the application as the land is under Section 11 of the Wetland category. Secretary Municipal Corporation, informed that the proposed land is a low-lying area, the department can construct STP over pillars without converting the land by earth filling. Director, Urban Affairs said that fund has already been allocated for the project and it will lapse if the project is cancelled. Additional Chief Secretary, Water Resources informed that the land was procured by the Corporation well before the enactment of Wetland Paddy land Act 2008 and requested to examine the possibility of utilizing the land for the above project. CS directed the Corporation to submit a detailed letter to SLMC and Government stating all the above reasons. The Government shall take a decision considering the legal implications. Revenue Department, Agriculture

al implications. (Action: Law Department, Revenue Department, Agriculture Department, Directorate of Urban Affairs, Secretary, Thrissur Corporation)

b. <u>Guruvayur Municipality- 100 KLD Septage Treatment plant at</u> <u>Chakkamkandam</u>:

The proposed land is falling under the paddy land category and hence the category need to be converted through the LLMC. Permission from Revenue Department is required for filling the land for construction of the STP. Municipal Secretary informed that the Municipality has started land filling but work had to be stopped due to stop memo issued by the Village Officer. Chief Secretary expressed strong dissatisfaction in the manner wherein stop memo was issued by the Village Officer and inquired clarification from the Land Revenue Commissioner. Chief Secretary directed the Land Revenue Commissioner to examine the matter and resolve the issue expeditiously. Revenue Department may issue a circular directing that all stop memos being issued shall invariably sight the provisions under the relevant Act/Rules for invoking such an action and have to be issued by the competent authorities . In the present case RDO shall resolve the issue early.

(Action: Revenue Department, Land Revenue Commissioner)

c. STP at Yakkara, Palakkad-

As directed the file was forwarded to Government for placing in the Cabinet. (Action: SC /ST Department)

d. Kozhikode Corporation- Sewerage system in Zone A- Package A & Zone A - Package B -

There is public protest against the construction of STP at the location &the ULB is trying to resolve it. Director, Directorate of Urban Affairs informed that a meeting was convened by Kozhikode Corporation and it was decided to restart the work by next week with police protection.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Home Department).

2) Karamana sewer network -Muttathara sewer network:

MD, KWA informed that present progress of the work is 18%. The main components are expected to be completed by May 2022. The firm

REPL is able to handle the primary design. But they do not have the capability to do the secondary design. So it is proposed to terminate the contract with REPL and KWA will do the rest of the work internally. MD requested 10 more days time to finalize the DPR

(Action: KWA, Water Resources Department)

3) Edayar & Aroor CETP:

Additional Director, Industries Department informed that for establishing Edayar ETP, necessary steps have been taken to issue AS and also requested for budget allocation for meeting the expenses. For Aroor ETP, Soil investigation has been carried out. But a two week stay order was obtained from the Hon'ble High Court of Kerala, and the same has been extended further. CS asked Law Secretary to ensure that necessary steps are taken by the Government Pleaders to avoid stay and adverse decision in the cases related to waste disposal projects. Government Pleaders may be advised to represent the State adequately when such State projects, taken up for pollution abatement, face stay due to unhealthy/vested interest petitions.

(Action: Law Department, All Departments concerned, KSPCB).

4) Land policy of State Govt. & Identifying land for various local bodies for implementing sewer networks and STPs:

The draft policy on management of Government land, prepared by the Land Revenue Department has been forwarded to the Revenue Minister for approval. A meeting was convened by the Land revenue commissioner on 13/01/2022 with MD, KWA and MD, Suchitwa Mission. The list of locations of STP/ETP projects provided was forwarded to concerned Village Officers for submitting the suitable land details. They have asked for two weeks time. Urgent action shall be taken in connection with prioritized allocation of land for solid and liquid waste management projects. (Action: Revenue Department).

5) Ranking of Local bodies:

Panchayat Director informed that the Ranking of local bodies is in progress and will be published in the website by February 2022. Specific action has already been initiated in this regard. (Action: Director, Panchayat, LSGD). 6) Case Study by KILA: No action has been initiated by KILA for conducting case study as suggested, so far. Study of failures are also important and relevant for preventing such mishaps in future. (Action: Director, KILA, LSGD)

(Action: Director, KILA, LSGI

7) STP, Kureeppuzha:

MD, KWA informed that the present progress is 27% and entire work can be completed by June 2022. But the land acquisition issue is yet to be sorted out. Secretary, Kollam Corporation informed that negotiation has been carried out for purchasing the land under dispute. Land value has been sought from the Tahsildar's office for this purpose. Appropriate decision will be taken early.

(Action: KWA, Kollam Corporation)

8) List of projects stayed by High Court and Tribunal:

All Departments concerned shall compile the data of waste disposal projects under their domain stayed by High Court and Tribunals or other legal forums and shall forward the same to Law Secretary and MS, KSPCB. Law Secretary may take urgent steps to vacate the stay. KSPCB shall co-ordinate the activity. (Action: All Departments concerned, Law Department, KSPCB).

9) E-flow of rivers:

CEE, Irrigation informed that collection of details in connection with eflow of Kadalundy, Anjarakandy, Meenachil and Manimala rivers were completed and that of the other rivers are in progress. CS directed to complete the same in time bound manner.

(Action: Water Resources Department)

10) Eviction of encroachments in water bodies:

Encroachments in the banks of the rivers shall be strictly examined and steps shall be taken to get it evicted. Irrigation Department shall identify the encroachments along river/water course banks and prepare a list and shall forward to the local bodies concerned and to the Revenue Department for initiating action for eviction. New encroachments shall also be reported.

(Action: Revenue, Water Resources, Local Self Government Department)

The meeting ended at 5.30 p.m.

CHIEF SECRETARY

Minutes of meeting convened on 17.02.2022 by the District Level Technical Committee constituted as per the order of Hon'ble NGT in O.A No. 673/2018 for the rejuvenation of Polluted stretches of Chitrapuzha (Irumpanam to Karingachira) and Kadambravar (Manackakadavu-Bhramapuram)

The meeting started at 11.00 a.m. The following members participated:

- 1. Sri.1.K Mohan, Superintending Engineer, Irrigation Central Circle, Thrissur,
- Smt. Sreelakshmy P.B, Environmental Engineer, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, District Office - 1, Eranakulam.
- 3. Smt Sandhya, T., Executive Engineer, Irrigation Department, Ernakulam.
- 4. Smt.ChithraPBai, AssistantEngineer.trrigationDepartment,Champakkara Section.
- 5. The Secretary, ThrikkakaraMuncipality,
- 6. Kunnathunadu Grama Panchayath.
- 7. Sri.Ashok Kumar, Junior Superintendent, Collectorate, Ernakulam,

The details of progress made by the departments is asfollows

RIVER KADAMBRAYAR.

SI. No	2 Contraction of the second	Implementing agency	Status of Jan 2022	Status of Feb 2022
	Surveillance to restrict the dumping of wastes into river and its branches	Kunnathaadu grama Panchayath	Action completed,	Informed that the PWD work progressing and hence the power is temporarily disconnected will reinstate immediately after the road work.
2	Cleaning of thodu	Irrigation Department Vadavucode PutheneruzPane hayath	F S pending. No progress.	No progress.
3	Restricting seepage of leachate of plastic dumped in the dumping yard. (Biomining of legacy waste is to be carried out)	Government of Kerala for Kochi Corporation	Technical committee constituted 1 st meeting convened.2 st meeting scheduled 12 th January 2021 and bio mining expected to start in January end	Bio-mining started and progressing

4	Provide proper facilities for restricting the seepage of leachate (Leachate Treatment Plant)	Kochi Corporation	Council approved and approval of tender progressing.	No progress reported
5	Provide proper facilities for collecting and treating leachate	Kochi Corporation		
6	Solid waste treatment facility at Brahmapuram/ Waste to Energy plant	Kochi Corporation	No progress.	No progress.
7	Surveillance to restrict dumping of waste to the river and branches (with the help of Police)	Vadavucode- PuthencruzPanc hayath	Installed cameras. Action completed	Action completed.
8	Slaughter house and poultry waste Rendering plant	Thrikkakkara Municipality	No progress.	The Secretary informed that they have called expression of interest and 6 tenders have been received in this regard. The further progress will be reported in next month.
9	Sanitation facility and treatment of waste water in the markets. Treatment plant Portable aerobic bins	Thrikkakkara Municipality	No progress	The Secretary informed that they have no adequate land for construction of waste management facility in market
10	Provide facility for the	Thrikkakkara Municipality	No progress	No actions reported

11	Providing facility for restricting discharge of waste water from the surrounding houses to the river	Thrikkakkara Municipality	Survey continui ng.	Progressing
	Outlet closing procedures are going on by issuing Notices			
12	River water quality monitoring – Monitoring of water quality	Kerala State Pollution Control Board	Monthly monitori ng ongoing	Monitoring progressing
13	Inspection and effluent quality monitoring of the flats, industrial units, service stations, hospitals, hotels etc Monitoring of establishments, service stations, flats, industrialunits	Kerala State Pollution Control Board	On going	progressing
14	STP requirement	Thrikkakkara Municipality	No progress	No progress .
15	Acquiring of land and rehabilitate families from the banks of River To allot land, Govt procedure are on going.	District Collector, Thrikkakkara Municipality, Revenue Dept		
16	Development package Inspection bund for Chithrapuzha and Kadambrayarare included in this package. For this project, preliminary investigation of site which includes survey of land to know its availability for formation of side bund which is to be provided with tiles. The project also includes side protection work of Chitrapuzhaand Kadambrayar.	Irrigation department	No sanction obtained. No progress.	No sanction obtained

17	Desilting and development It includes clearing and removing water hyacinth of Kadambrayar ,Chitrapuzha and Edachira thodu near Infopark phase II. This is to be done periodically (every four months), depending on availability offund.	Irrigation Department	Financial sanction not obtained	Financial sanction notobtained
18	Sheet piling &providin gfencing. Fencing provided in Sl.no5.3	Irrigation Department	Financial sanction not obtained	Financial sanction notobtained
19	Development of riverbasin It includes cleaning and removal of water hyacinth from rivers and maintains its natural flow, depending on availability of fund.	Irrigation Department	Financial sanction obtained	No progress,

RIVER CHITRAPUZHA

SL No	Activity	Implementing agency	Status of Jan 2022	Status of Feb 202
1	Effluent monitoring from FACT	KSPCB	Ongoing	Ongoing
2	Periodical Monitoring	KSPCB	Ongoing	Ongoing
3	Surveillance to restrict the dumping of wastes into the river and its branches	the second se	Action reported to becompleted	Action reported to be completed
4	Sanitation Survey	Vadavucode - PothencruzPanc hayat	Completed 1700 houses,	Not attended meeting
5	Periodical Cleaning of Chithrapuzha(Reachl _x)	Irrigation Department	Reach I (second time) completed. Reach I (Third time to be started.)	Reach 1 2 nd term completed. Reach 1 (Third time to be started.)

6	Identification of major pollution causing	Thrikkakkara Municipality	Progressing	Progressing
	units(Apartments,hospitals, service stations, markets and industries)in Upstream	KSPCB	progressing	progressing

7	Surveillance to restrict the dumping of wastes into the river and its branches		Not attended the meeting.	
8	Periodical Cleaning (Reach II,III)	Irrigation Department	Reach II (second time cleaning) will start on January.	Work progressing
9	Sanitation Survey and periodical cleaning	Thrikkakara Municipality	No progress.	
10	Identifying and closing of all unauthorized outlets into the stream joining the river	Municipality	The secretary reported the action is completed.	
11	Sanitation Survey	Thripunithura Municipality	Completed	Not attend the meeting
12	Surveillance to restrict the dumping of wastes into the river and its branches	Charles and the Contract of the second	Secretary informed that surveiflance squad is already formed and action will be imitated for the inspections and night surveiflance of squad.	Not attend the meeting
13	Cleaning of Konothupuzha (work Proposal already submitted by Minor Irrigation)	Action initiated as per OA 237/2017	Action initiated as per	OA 237/2017

14	Surveillance to restrict the dumping of wastes into the river	T MEEPER GEMO.	Ongoing	
15	River water quality monitoring	KSPCB	Conducting Monthly monitoring	Conducting Monthly monitoring.
16	Inspection and effluent quality monitoring of the flats, industrial units, service stations, hospitals, hotelsetc	KSPCB	Ongoing	Ongoing
17	STP requirement	Thripunithura Municipality	No progress	Not attend the meeting

The Junior Superintendent, Collectorate, Ernakulam, informed that in case of any issues where District Collector intervention is required, the committee may kindly inform so as to take necessary steps from the Collectorate. The DLTC-Chairperson directed all the committee members to submit the MPR (Monthly progress report) and also to participate in all DLTC meetings. Chairperson further pointed out that all the departments shall take immediate action to implement the action plan.

he meeting came to an end by 12.00 PM

DLTC-Chairperson& Superintending Engineer Irrigation Central Circle, Thrissur

DLTC- Convenor& Environmental Engineer KSPCB, District Office - 1, Ernakulam

04.03.2022 ൽ Polluted River Stretches മായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് വഴി നടത്തിയ DLTC മീറ്റിംഗിന്റെ മിനിട്ട്സ്.

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, ശ്രീ. അലക്സ് പി. തോമസ് അവർകളുടെ അദ്ധ്യക്ഷത യിൽ മാർച്ച് മാസത്തെ അവലോകനയോഗം 3.00 pm ന് ആരംഭിച്ചു. യോഗത്തിൽ താഴെപ്പറ യുന്നവർ പങ്കെടുത്തു.

- ശ്രീ. അലക്സ് പി. തോമസ് അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്
- 2) ശ്രീ.പി.എസ്. കോശി എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ
 - പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്
 - അസി.ജില്ലാ വ്യാവസായിക ഓഫീസർ
 - അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മേജർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ തിരുവല്ല.
 - അക്കൗണ്ടന്റ്, നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്
 - -ജൂനിയർ സൂപ്രണ്ട്, കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്

5) ശ്രീ. ജയകൃഷ്ണൻ

4) ശ്രീമതി. മിനി

3) ശ്രീമതി. സുചിത്ര വി

- 6) ശ്രീ. സന്തോഷ്
- 7) ശ്രീമതി. സാഗീത എ.എസ്

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട, എല്ലാവരേയും യോഗത്തിലേക്ക് സ്വാഗതം ചെയ്തു. തുടർന്ന് കർമ്മ പദ്ധതികളുടെ പുരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്തി.

പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് കർമ്മ പദ്ധതി പ്രകാരം ബോർഡ് സ്വീകരിച്ചുവരുന്ന നടപടികളെപ്പറ്റി വിശദീകരിച്ചു. മലിനീകരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദീഭാഗങ്ങ ളുടെ കർമ്മപദ്ധതിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുന്ന മാന്നാർ മുതൽ തകഴി വരെയുള്ള സ്റ്റേഷനുകളിൽ നിന്ന് എല്ലാ മാസവൂം സാമ്പിളുകൾ ശേഖരിച്ച് പരിശോധന നടത്തി വരുന്നൂ. ഈ സാമ്പി ളുകളിൽ BOD 3 mg/l ൽ താഴെയാണെന്നും ഫീക്കൽ കോളിഫോം ബാക്ടീരിയുടെ സാന്നിധ്യം 500 ൽ കുറവാണെന്നും, ഇട്ടിനായർ കടവ് എന്ന സ്റ്റേഷനിൽ മാത്രമാണ് ഫീക്കൽ കോളിഫോം കുറച്ച് കൂടുതലുള്ളതെന്നും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു.

കഴിഞ്ഞ മീറ്റിംഗിൽ പുഴയിലേക്ക് മാലിന്യം തള്ളുന്നവരെ കണ്ടെത്തുന്നതിനായി ക്യാമറ സ്ഥാപിക്കാൻ കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിനോട് ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടിരുന്നു. അതിന്മേലുള്ള നടപടിയെ കുറിച്ച് പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആരാഞ്ഞു. 2022 - 23 കാലഘട്ടത്തിലേക്ക് ക്യാമറ വെയ്ക്കാനാണ് നിർദ്ദേശം എന്നും ഒരു ഫീൽഡ് സ്റ്റാഫിനെ നിയോഗിച്ചിട്ടു ണ്ടെന്നും മാലിന്യം പുഴയിലേക്ക് തള്ളരുതെന്നും അറിയിച്ചുകൊണ്ടുള്ള നോട്ടീസ് നൽകി യിട്ടുള്ളതാണെന്നും അതിന്റെ റിപ്പോർട്ട് ലഭിയ്ക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും ജൂനിയർ സൂപ്രണ്ട് കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് അറിയിച്ചു. മലിനജലം ആദ്യ സമയങ്ങളിൽ പുഴയിലേക്ക് തള്ളിയിരുന്ന തായും, നോട്ടീസ് നൽകിയതിൽപിന്നെ മലിനജലം ഒഴുക്കുന്നില്ലായെന്നും കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപ ഞ്ചായത്ത് പ്രതിനിധി അറിയിച്ചു.

കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമ പഞ്ചായത്തിൽ door to door collection നടക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, ഖരമാലിന്യം ഡിസംബർ മാസം വരെയുള്ളത് ക്ലീൻ കേരളയ്ക്ക് കൈമാറിയിട്ടുള്ളതും, അതിനു ശേഷം 5 ടൺ ആയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ഈ ആഴ്ച കൈമാറുമെന്നും, ജൂനിയർ സൂപ്രണ്ട് കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപ ഞ്ചായത്ത് അറിയിച്ചു.

നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചയാത്തിൽ എല്ലാ വാർഡുകളിലും Mini MCF സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, എല്ലാം പ്രവർത്തനക്ഷമമാണെന്നും, അക്കൗണ്ടന്റ് നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് അറിയിച്ചു. ലെഗസി വേസ്റ്റ് കൈമാറുന്നതിനെക്കുറിച്ചുള്ള ചോദ്യത്തിനു വ്യക്തമായ മറുപടിയായി സെക്രട്ടറിയോട് ചോദിച്ചിട്ട് അറിയിക്കാം എന്ന് അഭിപ്രായപ്പെട്ടു.

എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ പുനരുദ്ധാരണത്തിന്റെ വിശദമായ റിപ്പോർട്ട് തയ്യാറാക്കി സർക്കാരിന് സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, പമ്പാ നദിയുടെ ഡ്രാഫ്റ്റ് ഡി.പി.ആർ റിപ്പോർട്ട് റ്റി.കെ.എം കോളേജുമായി ചേർന്ന് നടത്തുന്നതായും ഫൈനൽ റിപ്പോർട്ട് ഇതിവരെ ആയിട്ടില്ലെന്നും അറിയിച്ചു.

ഭൂഗർഭ ജലവകുപ്പ്, മാന്നാർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്, ശുചിത്വ മിഷൻ എന്നീ വകുപ്പുകൾ മീറ്റിംഗിൽ പങ്കെടുത്തില്ല.

കർമ്മ പദ്ധതിയുടെ പുരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്താൻ എല്ലാ വകൂപ്പുകളും കൃത്യമായി മീറ്റിംഗിൽ പങ്കെടുക്കണമെന്ന് എ.ഡി.എം അറിയിച്ചു. NGT യുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട കേസ്സാ ണെന്നും, കമ്മിറ്റി മെമ്പർമാർ തന്നെ മീറ്റിംഗിൽ പങ്കെടുക്കണമെന്നും, ഗൗരവമുള്ള വിഷയ മായി ഇതിനെ കാണണമെന്നും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് അറിയിച്ചു.

യോഗത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുത്ത എല്ലാവർക്കും എ.ഡി.എം നന്ദി അറിയിച്ചു.

യോഗം 3.30 ന് അവസാനിച്ചു.

ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി കളക്ടർ (ജനറൽ)6 നെഡിഷണൽ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്റ്റ് മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ് പത്തനംതിട്ട

ലാ മജിസ്

അഡീഷണൽ~

OA 673 ൽ 17.03.2022 തീയ്യതിയിൽ സുപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്-നോർത്ത് സർക്കിളിന്റെ അധുക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് വഴി നടത്തിയ DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ്.

ഹാജരായവർ

- ശ്രീ.ബാലകൃഷ്ണൻ മണ്ണാരക്കൽ (സുപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്)
- ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജന, പ്രേഴ്സണൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് ഓഫ് സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്).
- ശ്രീമതി. മുംതാസ് (അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മേജർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ ഡിവിഷൻ, മലപ്പുറം).
- 4. ശ്രീമതി അനിത നായർ (എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഗ്രൗണ്ട് വാട്ടർ വകുപ്പ്, മലപ്പുറം).
- ശ്രീ.ശിശുപാലൻ (ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക്, റവന്യൂ ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ്, തിരുർ).
- ശ്രീമഞ്ജിഞ്ഞ്.എ (ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, തിരുർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി)
- ശ്രീജീവരാജ് (ഹെൽത്ത് സുപ്പർവൈസർ, തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- േശ്രീ.അബ്ദൂൾ ഹമീദ് (ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- 9. ശ്രീഷംസുദ്ദീൻ, (ഹെൽത്ത് ഇനിസ്പെക്ടർ, മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- 10. ശ്രീ.സുരേഷ് ബാബു (ഹെൽത്ത് സൂപ്പർവൈസർ, മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- 11. ശ്രീമതിസ്മിത (സീനിയർ ക്ലാർക്ക് ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്).
- 12, ശ്രീമതി.സൗമഹമീദ് (എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം).
- 13. ശ്രീമതി.സൗദബീവി.വി.സി. അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സയന്റിസ്റ്റ്, (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനികരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫിസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)

3.00 Pm–ന് ഇറിഗേഷൻ സുപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ (ഇറിഗേഷൻ–നോർത്ത് സർക്കിൾ) ശ്രീ.ബാലകൃഷ്ണൻ മണ്ണാരക്കലിന്റെ ₁₈ക്ക് അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് ആരംഭിച്ചു.

ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് ആദ്യമായി വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. കഴിഞ്ഞതവണ റിപ്പോർട്ട് ചെയ്തതിൽ നിന്നും കാര്യമായ പുരോഗതി ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെന്ന് ശ്രീമതി അഞ്ജന അറിയിച്ചു.

രണ്ടാമതായി മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്.

മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയുടെ STP യുടെ പ്രവർത്തനത്തിൽ യാതൊരു പുരോഗതിയും ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെന്ന് ശ്രീഹമിദ് അറിയിച്ചു, സ്റ്റോട്ടർ ഹൗസിനായുളള ഡി.പി.ആർ തയ്യാറാക്കി സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ശ്രീ.ഹമീദ് അറിയിച്ചു. തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP യുടെ ഇലക്ട്രിക്കൽ, shelter work എന്നിവ പൂരോഗമിക്കുന്നതായും 90 ശതമാനം വർക്ക് പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചതായും ശ്രീ.രഞ്ജിത്ത് അറിയിച്ചു. സ്ലോട്ടർ ഹൗസിന്റെ സിവിൽ വർക്ക് പൂർത്തിയാക്കിക്കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാണെന്നും ഇലക്ട്രിക്കൽ വർക്ക് തുടങ്ങിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ശ്രീ.രഞ്ജിത്ത് അറിയിച്ചു.

അവസാനമായി Encroachment സർവ്വേയുടെ പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. സർവ്വേയുടെ പണി പുരോഗമിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും മാർച്ച് 31-നകം സർവ്വേ പൂർത്തികരിക്കാൻ കഴിയില്ലെന്നും ശ്രീ.ശിശുപാലൻ അറിയിച്ചു. തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് ഈയിടെയാണ് ഫണ്ട് അടവമക്കിയിട്ടുളളതെന്നും ആയതിനാൽ ഏപ്രിൽ ട്രനകം മാത്രമേ പണി പൂർത്തികരിക്കാൻ കഴിയുകയുളളൂ എന്നും ശ്രീ.ശിശുപാലൻ അറിയിച്ചു.

3.30 Pm-ന് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് അവസാനിച്ചു.

എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ

മലപ്പുറം 17.03.2022

Minutes of District Level Technical Committee Meeting on 26-04-2022 Through Video Conferencing

District Level Technical Committee (DLTC) Meeting on Polluted River Stretch (As per order of Hon'ble NGT in 0A673 of 2018) was held on 26th April 2022 through video conferencing at 11:00 am. Representatives from the Pollution Control board, Irrigation Department, Pattambi Municipality, and Pudur Panchayath have participated in the meeting.

Members Participated:

- 1. Mr Baji Chandran, Superintending Engineer, Minor Irrigation Central Circle, Irrigation Department, Ernakulam (Chairman of DLTC)
- 2. Mr Suresh Babu, Executive Engineer, Minor Irrigation, Palakkad
- 3. Ms Anees, Secretary, Pudur Gramapanchayath, Pudur
- 4. Mr Nasir, Secretary, Pattambi Municipality, Palakkad
- 5. Mr Muhammad Iqbal, Health Inspector, Pattambi Municipality, Palakkad
- 6. Mr. Krishnan M N, Environmental Engineer, Kerala State Pollution Control Board (Convener of DLTC)

Mr. Krishnan M N, Environmental Engineer, Kerala State Pollution Control Board welcomed the DLTC members and shared the information regarding the OA 673 and the reason for constituting the District Level Technical Committee as introduction. Then he discussed the progress of the polluted river stretches action plans of Bharathapuzha at Pattambi and Bhavani at Elachivazhi.

Bharathapuzha at Pattambi

Environmental Engineer discussed the action points of Bharathapuzha at Pattambi one by one and the concerned implementing agency reported progress.

- Establishment, and modernization of the MSW treatment Plant (Solid Waste Management), Material collection Facility, and Resource recovery facility fully implemented in the Pattambi Municipality.
- Pattambi Municipality informed that the implementation of household and community-level solid waste management unit are in progress. A total of 1600 household units were sanctioned and it is being distributed based on applications.

- The action point on door-to-door collection and transportation of municipal solid waste was implemented in the Municipality. Environmental Engineer asked Secretary,Pattambi Municipality to ensure that the project was going well.
- Superintending Engineer, Irrigation Department informed that the DPR for regulating flood plain zone protection and management, and E-flow maintainance in the Bharathapuzha at pattambi were prepared and submitted to the government several months ago. But funding did not get sanctioned. He also mentioned that this matter should be bought to the attention of the Chief Secretary and Hon'ble National Green Tribunal. He commented that the State Government should taken necessary action for the approval of DPR and fund before asking for progress from the DLTC.
- The action points on management of plastics, hazardous, biomedical, and electrical and electronic wastes were achieved in Pattambi Municipality by the implementation of MCF and RRF facilities.
- The action points on creating awareness among the public, water quality monitoring, and the Green Protocol implementation were implemented by KSPCB. Environmental Engineer informed that the water quality of the Bharathapuzha at Pattambi is consistently achieving bathing standards, still the action plan was to be completely implemented.
- In the case of the implementation of the Primary Sewage Treatment Plant and Septage Treatment plant, Pattambi Municipal Secretary informed that Kerala Water Authority prepared a DPR for STP and submitted it to the Government. The STP is proposed to be installed at Nambram in Pattambi municipality in about 50 cent of land. The survey for the sewerage pipeline was also completed and it is also included in the DPR.
- The Pattambi Municipal Secretary informed that the funds have been allocated for the installation of a modern slaughterhouse and assorted rendering plant but land could not be identified for the same.
- DPR for the renovation of two sanitary complexes (located in the bus stand and near Nila Hospital) and one new at Pattambi market was prepared and its tendering were also completed. Pattambi Municipal Secretary said that its implementation will be started soon.
- Environmental Engineer, KSPCB suggested to Pattambi Municipality to prepare an explanatory note on the progress of the action plan in detail and send it at the earliest.

Bhavani at Elachivazhi.

- In Pudur Panchayath, building construction for the MSW treatment plant(MCF and RRF) was completed, machineries for RRF were purchased and waiting for KSEB connection for its installation. Wet waste processing was not started, Pudur Panchayath Secretary informed.
- Harithakarmmasena collected plastic wastes from Pudur Panchayath including tribal colonies and sent them to the MSW treatment plant for proper processing.
- Pudur Panchayath Secretary said that she was joined only recently so the progress of the other actions points, where Pudur Panchayath is acting as an implementing agency ,will be sent in a written format after enquiries with the concerned personell.
- Superintending Engineer irrigation department informed that the E-flow of the Bhavani Riverhad been earlier studied by IDRB and the report will be made available for the action plan implementation.
- Water quality monitoring of Bhavani at Elachivazhi and its upstream and downstream were monitored by KSPCB and it will be continuing for the complete achievement of the action plan.
- The action points on construction of protection wall and seasonal clearance of jungle and muddles of river courses are progressing and its current status will be submitted in written format Executive Engineer Minor Irrigation informed.

The meeting concluded at 12.00 pm

Bhavani at Flachivazhi.

- In Pudor Panchayach, building conversion for the NISW treatment plant/MCF and RRF) was completed, muchaseries for RRF were purchased and waiting for KSFB connection for its installation. Were weak processing was not darted, Poder Panchayath Secretary informed.
- Hardbakarmonascho collected physic costes from Padar Panchayath melading tribal colones and sent them to the MSW meanwert plant for proper processing.
- Padur Parchayarh Secreting said that the was samed on a specify so the progress of the other actions points, where Padur Princhayath is acting as an implementing agency will be sent or a written formal after enquiries with the concerned personnel.
- Supervisedore Englisch integrich department intermed that the Ushew of the Blassim Riverbal been earlier station by USRN and his report will be mode available feering action plan in plonomation.
- Weige geality coordinates of Bhasan of a lacticization of a transitional of downstration weig mentioned by K509 Bland it will be contraining for the complete active detection (Period plan.)
- The section points on construction of protection wall and semanal elegrance of constrand couldlass of niver concises are progressing and its nament status will be submitted in written format it securities. Engineer official trigation into mod.

The meeting concluded at a 12 60 cm



	(d)	1	
	13112022	1	
"animile" angene.	10 1		



കേരള സർക്കാർ

പരിസ്ഥിതി ബി വകപ്പ്

നമ്പർ.-പരി-ബി2/80/2019

04-06-2022,ത്രിയവനന്തപുരം

06/2022

അഡിഷണൽ ചിഹ് സെക്രട്ടറി

വരത്തെപ്പെ

അഡിഷണൽ ചീഫ് സെക്രട്ടറി, ജലവിവേ വകപ്പ് അഡിഷണൽ ചീഫ് സെക്രട്ടറി, അദ്ദേശസ്ഥാരത്തെ വകപ്പ് പ്രിൻസിപ്പൽ സെക്രട്ടറി, ആരോഗ്യ കടുംണമേഖര വകപ്പ് പ്രിൻസിപ്പൽ സെക്രട്ടറി, വന്രം വന്യജീവി വകപ്പ് പ്രിൻസിപ്പൽ സെക്രട്ടറി, വ്യവസായ വകപ്പ് പ്രിൻസിപ്പൽ സെക്രട്ടറി . ശാസ്ത സാങ്കേതിക വകപ്പ് ജോയിന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി . ആരോഗ്യകട്ടംബക്ഷേവകപ്പ് ജില്ലാ കളംളർമാർ

ൂലചയർമാൻ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലീൻകരണ നിയത്രണ ബോർഡ് ഒപ്പാഫ. ബാബു ആഖപ്പാട്ട് IIT, ദില്ലി പ്രൊഫ. ഇന്ദ്രമത് നമ്പി IIT, ചെമ്പൈ

മാനേജിങ് ഡയറക്ടർ, കേരള വാട്ടർ അതോറിറ്റി

ഡയറക്ടർ, ശ്രചിത്വ മിഷൻ

ഡയറകർ, അർബൻ അഹയേള്

ഡയറകർ, നൈറിങ് & ജിയോളജി

ഡയറകർ, വ്യവസായ വകപ്പ്

പഞ്ഞായത്ത് ഡയറകർ തിരുവനന്തപ്പാം

Dine too too CHAIRMAN

mure,

លវិកមាយ»:--

പര്സ്ഥിതി വകപ്പ്-ജില്ലാതലത്തിരും സംസ്ഥാന തലത്തിരും ദേശീയ തലത്തിരും പരിസ്ഥിതി പ്ലാനുകൾ തയ്യാറാക്കന്നതിനായി ചേർന്ന യോഗത്തിന്റെ നടപടിക്കറിപ്പ് അയക്കന്നത് -സംബന്ധിച്ച്

സൂചന:- 1) 1/02/2022 തീയതിയിലെ സ.ഉ(സാ.ധാ) നം.10/2022/പരി 2) 10-05-2022 തീയതിയിലെ പരി -ബി 2 / 80/ 2019 നമ്പർ സർഷാർ കത്ത്.

സൂചനയിലേക്ക് താങ്കളുടെ ശ്രദ്ധ ക്ഷണിക്കന്നം.കരര് ജില്ലാ പരിസ്ഥിതി പ്ലാനുകളും കരട് സംസ്ഥാന പരിസ്ഥിതി പ്ലാനം വിശദമായി പരിശോധിച്ച് അന്തിമത്രപം നൽകന്നഇരായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് 16/05/2022 ന് ചീഫ് സെക്രട്ടറിയുടെ അദ്ധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ ഓൺലൈനായി ചേർന്ന യോഗത്തിന്റെ നടപടിക്കറിപ്പ് അനന്തരനടപടികൾക്കായി ഇതോടൊന്നിച്ചയക്കന്നം.

> വിശാസ്തതയോടെ, GEETHA GOPINATH അണ്ടർ സെക്രട്ടറി അഡിഷണൽ ചീഹ് സെക്രട്ടറിയ്യവേണ്ടി

അംഗീഹാരത്തോടെ

നെഷേൻ ഓഫീസർ.

Minutes of the Meeting Chaired by the Chief Secretary on 16/05/2022 in OA No. 360/2018 before the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal (PZ), in the matter of DEPs and SEP

The meeting commenced at 10:30 AM with the Chief Secretary in Chair. The meeting was attended by : Additional Chief Secretary, Environment Department, Principal Secretary, Health & Family Welfare Department, Directors of Urban Affairs, Environment & Climate Change and Industries & Commerce, Chief Engineer, Irrigation Department, District Collectors, Chairman and Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board and the members of the Committee constituted vide GO (Rt) No. 10/2022/Envt dated 11/02/2022 of the Environment Department to vet the DEPs and SEP.

The Chief Secretary commenced the meeting enquiring on the progress made in the finalisation of the District Environment Plans (DEPs) and State Environment Plan (SEP). Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board conveyed that DEPs were prepared by the district committees as per the templates given by the Central Pollution Control Board and that the details have been uploaded in the Govt. websites. Draft SEP is prepared based on these DEPs and including all thematic areas covered in DEPs. Member Secretary presented in a nutshell the thematic areas and the salient details being covered under each thematic area, as incorporated in the draft SEP. These include the domains of Solid Waste Management, Plastic Waste Management, Construction & Demolition Waste Management, Anti-Microbial Resistance, Hazardous & Other Waste Management, E-Waste Management, Water Quality Management, Domestic Sewage Management, Industrial Waste Water Management, Air Quality Management, Oil Contingency Plan, Noise Pollution Management, Mining Conservation Wetland Plan. Management and State Activity ACS, Environment Department conveyed that meetings of the committee were taken up and that the draft SEP is in the final stage after several layers of vetting.

Following recommendations were given following the detailed discussion on draft SEP :

1 Submission of final SEP:

The Chief Secretary noted the progress made in the preparation of SEP and suggested that action shall be speeded up to ensure finalisation of SEP by 31/05/2022.

(Action: Committee Members, ENVT Department, KSPCB, All Departments concerned)

2 Implementation of DEPs / SEP and monitoring progress:

Since the action plans in the DEPs / SEP are formulated for ensuring compliance to the various Acts / Rules and for bridging the gaps in Rule implementation, the action for implementing the same are already in place. Since implementation of various Rules are involved, many Departments / Authorities are stakeholders in this endeavour. Hence there shall be a good review and monitoring system for reporting the progress made. Identification of roles of various Departments/Authorities in getting the plans implemented is crucial. The regulatory mechanisms are also to be effective in ensuring compliance to Acts / Rules. The District Administrative Authorities shall periodically (monthly) review the DEPs / SEP at District Levels. Also, the State Departments shall take up periodic review of both DEPs and SEP and if any proposals are to be taken up at State level those shall be specifically reviewed by them.

(Action: All Departments/Authorities involved in implementation of DEPs &SEP, DCs)

3. Electronic reporting system for review and assessment of progress::

The Chief Secretary asked the Kerala State Pollution Control Board to explore the possibility of evolving an electronic reporting platform to call for periodical/monthly progress reports from all Depts / authorities concerned. Such a template may consist of actionable points, progress

made, works pending and target period, remarks etc.. The Departments/Authorities shall ensure the timely filing of details in such templates at the earliest whenever such reports are called for. Electronic reporting systems are useful to draw periodical reports at ease.

(Action: KSPCB, Departments/Authorities involved in implementing DEPs / SEP)

4. Prioritised Actionable Document:

A prioritised actionable document may be prepared with tasks, duties and responsibilities of each Department/Authorities involved in implementing the projects listed under the DEPs / SEP to ensure compliance. Listing of priority projects for various districts would also help focus on most needed ones. As part of such assessments / reviews, best performing sectors can be identified and felicitated. Also weak performers and reason for their backwardness can be assessed so that future improvements are possible. State level intervention may be required in some sectors for improved efficiency / identifying viable solutions.

(Action: ENVT, KSPCB)

Meeting came to close by 11:00 AM

DR V P JOY CHIEF SECRETARY

Scanned with CamScanner

Legal/OA673/2818/NMCG/2019 National Mission for Clean Gauga Department of Water Resources, River Development & Gauga Rejuvenation, Ministry of Jal Shakti

L^a Floor,

Major Dhyan Chand National Stadium India Gate, New Delhi-110002 Dated: 21* June, 2022

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Minutes of the 13th meeting of Central Monitoring Committee in the NGT Matter OA No.673 of 2018 held on 09.06.2622 from 10.30 AM on-wards

A copy of Minutes of the 13th Meeting of Central Monitoring Committee in the NGT matter O.A. No. 673 of 2018 held through Video Conterencing on 09.06.2022 from 10.30 AM on-wards, ender the Chairmanship of Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti is forwarded herewith for information/ necessary action.

(D. P. Mathuria) 21.6.2.22

Executive Director-Technical, NMCG ed-technical@nmcc.nic.in

Encl: As above.

Te,

- Chief Scoretary, Government of Andhra Pradesh, Iⁿ Block, A.P Scoretariar Office, Velagnpudi – 522503
- Chief Secretary, Government of Assam, Block- C. 3rd Ploor, Assam Sachivalaya, Dispur -781006, Guwahati
- 3. Chief Secretary, Government of Bihar, Main Secretariat, Patha 800015
- Chief Secretary, Government of Chhattisgerh, Mahanadi Bhawan, Mantralaya, Naya, Raigur 492002
- 5. Chief Secretary, Government of Goa, Secretariat, Porvreim, Bardez, Goa 403521.
- Chief Scoretary, Government of Gujarat, 1ⁿ Block, 5th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar 382010
- Chief Secretary, Government of Haryana, 4^r, Floor, Haryana Civil Sconstariat, Sector-1, Chardigarh 160019
- 8. Chief Secretary, Government of Himachal Pradesh, H P Secretariat, Shimia-171002.
- Chief Secretary, Government of Jammu & Kashmir, R. No. 2/7, 2nd Floor, Main Building, Civil Secretariat, Jammu -180001

- Additional Chief Secretary to Gove of Haryana, Environment Department of Environment & Climate Change, R.No. 108, 7th Floor, Main Secretariat Sec16, Chandigath 160017
- Principal Scoretary, Department of Environment, U.P., Room No. 601, Bapu Bhawan Secretariat, Vidhan Sabha Marg, Lucknow - 226001.
- 6 Special Chief Sceretary, Department of Environment, Forest Science & technology, 4th Block, Ground Floor, Room No:268, A.P. Secretariat Office, Volagapudi
- Secretary, Department of Environment and Forest, H-Block, 2nd Floor Janata Bhawan, Dispur, Guwahati 781006, Assam
- Principal Secretary, Department of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Van Vibhag Rd, Nelmi Nagar, Patliputra Colony, Patna, Bihar 800013
- Additional Chief Secretary (Forests & Environment) Forests & Environment Department, Block 14, 8 th floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar - 382 010 Gujarat.
- Principal Secretary, Department of Environment, Room No. S-2/23, Mahanadi Bhawan, Mantralaya, Nava Raipur, Atal Nagar, Raipur - 492001
- Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Forest, Environment and Ecology, Department, Karnataka Government Secretariat, Room No. 447, 4th Floor, Gate no. 2, Multi-storey Building, Bangalore-560001.
- Principal Scoretary, Department of Environment, Room No. 406 4th Floor Annex II. Secretaria, Kerala Thin, vananthapuran, Kerala, PIN- 695001
- Principal Scoretary, Department of Housing and Environment, Government of Madhya Pradesb, Paryavaran Parisar, E-5, Arera Colony, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh, 462016
- Principal Secretary, Environment Department, Maharashtru 15th Floor, New Administrative Building, Madam Cama Road, Montralaya, Mumbai – 400032
- Additional Secretary, Forests & Environment Depti, Secretariat Building, North Range, Forest Colony, Khasi Hills, Shillong, Meghalaya 793001
- Deputy Conservator of Forest (Headquarters) Environment, Forests & Climate Change Department Tuikhuahtlang, Aizawl Mizoram.
- Principal Scoretary, Department of Environment, Forest & Climate Change, New Secretariat, Kohima, Nagaland Tel.- 0370-2243025
- Additional Chief Secretary, State Silvicultural gaméro, Khandagiri, Bhubaneswar, Odisha 751003
- Principal Secretary, Forest and Environment Department, Rajasthan 4, Jhalana Institutional Area, Jhalana Doongri, Jaipur, Rajasthan 302004
- Principal Scoretary, Chief Project Director (SBFP-JICA), Forests, Environment & Wildlife Management Department, Government of Sikkim
- 21. Principal Secretary, Nemakkal Kavignar Maaligai, Fort St. George, Chennai 600 009.
- Secretary Department of Science, Technology & Environment, Vigyan Prajukti O Paribesh Bhawan, P.N. Complex, Gorkhabasti, Agartala, West Tripura, PIN-799006
- 24. Deputy Conservator of Forests, (Territorial Division), Department of Environment & Forest Office of the Deputy Conservator of Forest, Daman, Fort Area, Post Office Moti Daman Daman

- The Member Secretary, Jackhard Pollution Control Board, T.A. Building, HEC, P.O. Dhurwa, Ranchi – 834004
- The Member Secretary, Kannataka State Pollution Control Board, Parisara Bhavan, 4th & 5th Floor, # 49, Church St., Bengalum-S60 001
- 47. The Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Buard, Plannoodu Jn., Pattom Palace P.O. Thiruvanantilapuram 695 004
- 48. The Member Secretary, Manipur Pollution Control Board, Lumphelpat, Imphal West D.C. Office Complex Imphal - 795004
- The Member Secretary, Meghalaya Pollution Control Board Arden- Lumpyngngad Shillong: 793014
- The Member Secretary, Nagaland Pollution Control Board, Signal Point, Dimapur Nagaland – 797112
- The Member Secretary, Madhya Pradesh Pollution Control Board, E-5, Arera Colony, Paryavaran Parisar, Bhopal - 462 016, Madhya Pradesh
- The Member Secretary, Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Kalpataru Point, 2nd 4th Floor Opp. Cine Plauet Cinema, Nr. Sion Circle, Sion (E) Mambai – 400 022
- The Member Secretary, Mizoram Pollution Control Board, New Secretariat Complex, Khatla Thlanmual Peng, Khatla, Aizawi, Mizoram: 796001
- S4. The Member Secretary, Puducherry Pollution Control Committee, Housing Board Complex, Anna Nagar, Puducherry -600 605
- The Member Secretary, Punjab Pollution Control Board, Vatavaran Bhawan, Nubha Road, Patiala, Punjab 147001
- 56 The Member Scoretary, Odisha Pollution Control Board, A-118, Nilakanta Nagar, Unit VIII, Bhubaneshwar – 751012
- The Member Secretary, Rajasthan Pollution Control Board, 4. Jualana Institutional Area, Jbalana Doongri, Jaipur (Rajasthan) - 302 004
- The Member Secretary, Sikkim State Pollution Control Board, Department of Forest, Environment & Wildlife Management Government of Sikkim, Deorali, Gangtok, -737102
- The Member Secretary, Telangana State Pollution Control Board, Paryawatan Bhawan, A-3, I.E. Sanath Nagai, Hyderabad-500 018
- The Member Secretary, Triputa Pollution Control Bound, Vigyan Bhawan, Pandit Nehru, Complex, Gorkhabasti, PO: Kunjaban Agartala – 799006
- The Member Secretary, Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board, 76, Mount Sahil, Guindy, Chennai-600 032
- The Member Secretary, Uttarakhand Environmental Protection & Pollution Control Board, 29/20, Nemi Road, Dehradon, Uttarakhand – 248001
- The Member Secretary, Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board, Building, No. TC-12V, Vibluti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow-226 010
- The Member Secretary, West Bengal Pollation Centrol Board, Paribesh Bhavan, 10A, Block-L.A., Sector III, Salt Lake City, Kolkata - 700 106
- The Member Secretary, Andaman & Nicobar Islands Pollution Control Committee, Department of Science & Technology, Dollygunj Van Sadan, Haddo P.O., Port Blair = 744102

66. The Member Secretary, Lakshadweep Pollution Control Committee, Department of Science, Technology & Environment, Kavarati-682555

Copy for kind information:

- 1. PPS to Secretary, Department of Water Resources, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Shram Shakti Bhavan, Rafi Marg, Sansad Marg Area, New Delhi- 110001
- 2. PS to Director General, NMCG cum Project Director NRCD
- 3. Additional Secretary, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, Nirman Bhawan, Maulana Azad Road, New Delhi 110011.
- 4. Joint Secretary, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, Jorbagh Road, New Delhi 110003
- Member Secretary, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar, Delhi-110032
- 6. PS to ED (Project), NMCG
- 7. Joint Secretary, NRCD

Minutes of the 13th meeting of the Central Monitoring Committee held on 09.06.2022 through Video Conferencing regarding 351 polluted river stretches based on the directions of Hon'ble NGT in the matter OA No. 673 of 2018

The 13th meeting of the Central Monitoring Committee (CMC) constituted by Hon'ble NGT in the matter OA No. 673 of 2018 was held through video conferencing with the States on 09.06.2022 from 10.30 AM onwards in Conference Room, NMCG under the Chairmanship of Secretary, DoWR,RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti (MoJS). The list of participants of NMCG, NRCD, MoHUA and CPCB present at the meeting is at *Annexure-I*.

II. Director General, NMCG welcomed all the participants. All the States were directed to submit Monthly Progress Reports on monthly basis for monitoring the compliance. Few States have still not submitted any MPR for 2022. It was also directed to submit details with regard to action taken in compliance to the directions issued for prohibition of immersion of idols, puja materials and other items of religious offerings in rivers and other water bodies. States should submit correct and updated information in their MPR submissions. The MPR should depict clear picture with regard to the proposed projects being taken up for bridging the gap in sewage treatment, along details of proposal stage and funding source.

ED (Tech), NMCG highlighted that in September 2021 directions were issued to all States for taking steps to prevent idol immersion in rivers/ water bodies. Information have been received from Gujarat, Karnataka, Odisha, Telangana, West Bengal, Sikkim, Mizoram, Chhattisgarh and Rajasthan. Other States are requested to send details of the action taken in this regard. Further, it was informed that CPCB is coordinating with the States for submission of Action Plan for Coastal Pollution Management. As per CPCB, 5 States are yet to submit action plans – Tamil Nadu, Odisha, Gujarat, Andaman & Nicobar and Daman Diu & Dadra Nagar Haveli. Further it was informed that CPCB has observed that no common methodology has been adopted by the States for estimation of sewage generation in the States/ UTs. Infact, States are estimating sewage generation as per quantity of water being used instead of actual measurement of the drains or pumping stations.

Secretary, DoWR,RD&GR said that States/ UTs should ensure prevention of immersion idols as well as other puja materials, a comprehensive solution needs to be adopted in this regard. States were directed to take a note of the issued raised and stated that Chief Secretaries of all States would be communicated for submission of the blue print for achieving zero untreated discharge, idol immersion issue and other general & State specific issues.

III. Subsequently, State-wise discussions held are as follows:

Through a presentation, progress made by the States was highlighted and the issues related to sewage, industrial and solid waste management in the States based on the information submitted in MPRs were brought out for review.

1. Karnataka

Joint Director, NRCD informed that a present 573 MLD of gap exists in sewage treatment, for which 418 MLD STPs are under construction and 262 MLD STPs are proposed. However, capacity utilization of the existing STPs is 69% while in PRS it is 64% only. The data for number of water polluting industries as indicated in the MPRs were different from previous MPR submissions. State to provide steps taken with regard to 10 non-operational STPs, action taken against 7 non-compliant STPs along polluted river stretches, 158 water polluting industries not having ETPs, 25 industries reported to have non-functional ETPs, 1 non-compliant CETP connected to 5 industries and another CETP that was closed. Progress appears to be stagnant in 4 on-going STPs works at Kolar, Chikkare, Sandhur and Hassan. A brief has been submitted by the State with regard to the action taken for prohibition of immersion of idols/ other materials in rivers/ water bodies.

Secretary, DoWR, RD& GR, MoJS highlighted that as per NGT order, the States/ UTs were required to fully treat the sewage generated in the State and ensure no untreated sewage is discharged into rivers & water-bodies. Therefore the States/UTs may indicate the gap in sewage treatment capacity at present and the action proposed to bridge the gap in the shortest possible time.

Additional Chief Secretary (Urban development), Karnataka attended the meeting along with Principal Secretary (Environment), Karnataka and Member Secretary, Karnataka Pollution Control Board. It was informed that 10 STPs are non-operational due to non-completion of UGD, which shall be completed by July 2022. The on-going STP works which are held up shall be improved by July, 2022.

Member Secretary, Karnataka Pollution Control Board informed that regular review meetings were held under the chairmanship of ACS, UDD regarding STPs incremental progress from December 2021 to May 2022. Earlier the capacity utilization was 65%, now it has increased to 70%. Number of existing STPs increased from 164 to 167. 60 MLD STP at Hebbal has been refurbished and technology has been improved. The treatment capacity in the State has

been increased from 1832 MLD to 1925 MLD. Earlier there were 17 non-operational STPs, at present 10 STPs are non-operational. 7 STPs have been made operational in 3 months' time. State assured to operationalize all 10 STPs by July 2022. House service connections and underground drainage are major challenge. In this regard ACS, UDD is endeavouring with ULBs to pace up HSCs. Completion of HSCs will help to operational all 10 STPs. Earlier 58 STPs were under construction, now 69 STPs are under construction. 29 additional STPs have been proposed. 10 STPs have been moved from under construction to operational. State is gearing up its total capacity upto 3464 MLD while the estimated sewage generation in the State is 3356 MLD. 87 proposed STPs are at advanced stage, 38 DPRs submitted to Govt, 9 DPRs are in tendering, LoI has been issued for 5 DPRs and works ready to start in 7 projects.

With regard to polluted river stretches, on recommendation of NRCD, State submitted proposals of Rs.653 crore from BWSSB and Rs.114 crore from KUWS&DB to NRCD for consideration. With regard to water polluting industries in the State, it was informed that State is reconciling the data, hence there is change in number. 158 industries without ETPs majorly includes bus depots, car washing units and rice mills. 23 new ETPs are being proposed by KSRTC and ETPs are also being put up by car washing units. KSPCB is pursuing to ensure the 25 non-functional ETPs are made functional. 1 MLD CETP at tannery road was closed due to commercial/ economic reason. All the 84 industries linked to the closed CETP have been shifted to 9 CETPs operational within 22 km radius. Data regarding E-flow has been submitted in the MPR. For prohibition on immersion of Ganesha idols in the water bodies in the State, Turmeric Ganesha campaign 2021, was undertaken in the State, the initiative has received Asia Pacific Award.

Secretary, DoWR,RD&GR, MoJS acknowledged the progress of the State in various aspects and appreciated the success story of idol immersion and requested State to submit a brief. However, it was reiterated that a commitment from all the States is expected as to by when they would comply with zero untreated discharge in the States. Karnataka seems to be struggling with industrial pollution management. Firm action needs to be taken against the defaulters and industries not comply to be shut down, no middle path to be obtained. All State Government needs to show urgency in this regard as NGT timeline has already been lapsed. A clear blueprint of zero untreated discharge is expected by the next meeting.

DG, NMCG requested State to re-submit the proposal for STPs in polluted river stretches which were flagged in Parliamentary Committee's meeting as well, as the same has not been

received at NRCD. Further, it was requested that State may again participate this year in 'Catch the Rain Campaign' being under taken by Ministry of Jal Shakti.

2. Tamil Nadu

Joint Director, NRCD highlighted that State generates 3938 MLD of sewage against which 80 STPs of capacity 1746 MLD are existing, however the utilization capacity of the STPs is only 54%. 752 MLD of sewage is being treated through alternate technology and 0.659 MLD through FSTPs. At present, 1439.5 MLD of gap in sewage treatment remains. This is proposed to be addressed through 35 ongoing STPs of 890.82 MLD and 38 STPs which are at proposal stage. However capacities of the proposed STPs are not provided or are yet to be finalized by the State. There seems to be no progress in the proposed STPs since past two years. Not much incremental progress observed in 7 ongoing STPs, status needs to be updated on the same. All the 11,445 water polluting industries in the State are having ETPs and 2835.7 MLD of effluent is generated from these industries. 1497 industrial units are connected with CETPs. 1 CETP is reported to be non-complying and closure notice has been issued. 1 CETP of 3650 KLD with 76 member industries is under construction. Compliance status of the 36 existing CETPs not provided in the MPR. 4 FSTPs of 0.11 MLD are in the proposal stage from a very long time. 1 CETP of 1.5 MLD has been closed, action taken by the State with regard to the 62 member industries of the CETP to be provided. As per the MPR, Completion timeline of 1.2 MLD STP at CRRT, Nungambakkam MSTP, 1.6 MLD (STP -1) at CRRT, Todd Hunter Nagar MSTP, 30.53 MLD STP at Coimbatore - Kuruchi & Kuniyamuthur, 16 MLD STP at Karaikudi was indicated as May, 2022, State to provide update status on the same. State may take action in enhancing the quantity of treated water being re-used. State has submitted response with regard to action taken for prevention of idol immersion. Action Plan for coastal pollution management yet to be submitted to CPCB.

Additional Chief Secretary (Environment), Tamil Nadu informed that continuous review/assessment of progress is being carried out for control of pollution from sewage and industrial waste. The industries are mandated to be operational on zero liquid discharge basis.

Tamil Nadu Government has made a notification that no polluting industry would be setup in certain districts so that the water bodies which are there in the delta region including Cauvery and other rivers are protected from pollution. State accepted that there has been a delay in completion of certain STPs, but now the work is going on full swing. It was assured that

updated information in case of STPs with stagnated progress will be furnished within a week time and its progress will be taken care of.

Commissioner, Municipal Administration informed that 54.95 MLD additional STP capacities have been added since the last meeting of CMC. Similarly, capacity of solid waste processing facility has been increased to 536 TPD and quantity of waste treated is 543 TPD. State shall be expediting 4 FSTPs construction. Works under all the STPs are under progress and will be completed soon without any further delay. More number of STP/ FSTPs will be taken up under AMRUT 2.0 cities and AMRUT has been extended to cover all the ULBs, so that the gap will be covered with planning and proper execution.

Member Secretary, TNPCB informed that 11,445 water polluting industries in the State are either connected to the individual ETP or CETP and industries which are not having any ETP are closed. Out of 36 CETPs, 34 CETPs are achieving zero liquid discharge as per State mandate. One 1500 KLD CETP at Kanchipuram connected with 62 member industries was not achieving ZLD, therefore all its member industries were closed down. It was informed that State is following the idol immersion norms for more than 20 years. Idol immersion locations have been identified and restrictions have been made so as to use only natural colours and to also ban the Plaster of Paris. As per CPCB directions, necessary orders and gazetted notifications have been followed and awareness program are also conducted by the District Collectors.

DG, NMCG highlighted that as per latest MPR the existing solid waste processing facility is 3675 TPD while previously it was reported as 3821 TPD. There is difference in the capacity utilization of the same. State representative reported that some small processing facilities have been merged due to which the number have been reduced.

Joint Secretary, NRCD recommended that State should install online monitoring system to monitoring the status of existing STPs/ CETPs in the State.

3. <u>Gujarat</u>

Joint Director, NRCD informed that estimated sewage generation in the State is 4003 MLD and 73 STPs of 3485 MLD are existing. 38 under construction STPs have now been completed and are under trial run. For bridging the gap in sewage treatment capacity of 518 MLD, State proposes to install 28 STPs of 744.77 MLD. Out of 111 STPs, 40 STPs are not

complying (including 15 STPs not obtained CTE & CCA). Out of 112 under construction STPs, incremental progress of 3 STPs is held up and completion timeline of 14 STPs has been indicated as 31st May 2022. State may provide update status in this regard. There are 12,815 water polluting industries in the State and 12,700 units have installed ETPs. Quantity of effluent generated from water polluting industries needs to be provided in the MPR. State to highlight the actions taken against 149 non- complying ETPs and 16 non-complying CETPs. It was also informed that State is having adequate solid waste processing facilities. However, details of MSW treatment facility/ no of dumpsites, sanitary landfills/ legacy waste along polluted river stretches have not been separately provided in MPR. Further, it was highlighted that 646 MLD of treated waste water is being reused as per the State Government policy for reuse of "Treated Waste Water" (TWW). Action Plan of Coastal Pollution Management is yet to be submitted by the State and not much progress has been reported by the State with regard to the proposal of deep sea disposal in the MPR submission. Status of installation of OCEMS in the STPs may also be provided. State has submitted details of action taken report with regard to directions issued for prohibition of immersion of idols/ other materials in rivers/ water bodies.

ED (Tech), NMCG highlighted that almost 1300 MLD capacity of STPs are non-complying. State may identify the issues, whether the STPs are non-complying due to technical faults or due to improper O&M.

Secretary, DoWR,RD&GR, MoJS appreciated the efforts of the State for completing the construction of good number of STP projects. State was directed to indicate the timeline for completion of projects for bridging the gap in sewage treatment capacity. State was also directed to take strict action against the non-complying STPs and to take necessary action in rectifying the issues either by up-gradation of the unit or by ensuring proper O&M of the STP.

Member Secretary, Gujarat Pollution Control Board (GPCB) informed that directions and show cause notices have been issued against the non-complying STPs, ETPs and CETPs. GPCB is pursuing with the agencies for obtaining CTE/CCA for the new 15 STPs. It was also informed that with the completion of 47 ongoing STPs recently, the gap in sewage treatment capacity have been reduced. Further, 105 STPs having 1354.43 MLD total capacity are under construction and 26 new STPs of 736.27 MLD capacity are proposed, which shall bridge the remaining gap.

DG, NMCG highlighted that the progress of NRCD funded project for conservation of River Tapi is slow and the works needs to be accelerated.

4. Andaman & Nicobar

Joint Director, NRCD informed that sewage generation in the UT is 21.75 MLD and there exists 118 STPs of 12.143 MLD leaving a gap of 9.6 MLD. 1 FSTP of 42 KLD has been completed under Swachh Bharat Mission. The gap in sewage treatment will be addressed by 3 ongoing STPs of 9.76 MLD by March, 2023. There are 546 water polluting industries. Data with regard to effluent generation needs to be estimated and provided. MPR indicates that 12 ETPs are non-complying and show cause notices have been issued to all the 12 units, including closure directions to 2 units. Action taken status with regard to 24 non-compliant STPs needs to be provided. Action taken report with regard to the directions issued for prohibition of immersion of idols/ other materials in rivers/ water bodies has been submitted. Action Plan with regard to Coastal Pollution Management is yet to be submitted.

Commissioner (Department of Science and Technology), Andaman & Nicobar informed that out of the reported 546 water polluting industries, 2 are major polluting industries and the remaining 497 units are hotels and 41 units are automobile service centers which are categorized as industries as per the guidelines of CPCB. Out of 497 hotels, 364 are classified in green category, which do not require independent STPs. 133 hotels are in orange and red category, out of which 116 have installed STPs and 13 are under process, while 4 hotels have not initiated and notices has been issued to them. Out of 41 automobile service centres, 29 have already installed ETPs, 4 are in process and show cause notice have been issued to 8 centres. With regard to Action Plan for Coastal Pollution Management, it was informed that 2 districts have submitted their plan while 3rd district will be submitting shortly and within one month the Plan shall be finalized. It was informed that the number of non-complying STPs have been reduced from 24 to 17, as some STPs are closed and 13 are in progress and notices have been issued to the remaining 4 STPs. With regard to data of effluent generation from industries, around 2 MLD of effluent is being generated from hotels, data with regard to effluent generation from automobile centers is unavailable and shall be estimated shortly.

DG, NMCG highlighted that UT must submit the Action Plan for Coastal Pollution Management to CPCB by July, 2022 and action needs to be taken for bridging the gap of 9.67 MLD in sewage treatment.

5. <u>Punjab</u>

Director, NRCD informed that there are 4 polluted river stretches identified in Punjab. Total sewage generation in the State is 2118 MLD however the treatment capacity available is 1827.50 MLD which leaves a large gap of 576 MLD. Out of 131 existing STPs, 130 are operational and their utilization capacity is only 80%. Out of the 107 STPs monitored, 76 STPs are complying and 31 non-complying. 55 STPs are under-construction and 58 STPs are proposed in the State. There are 4110 water polluting industries in Punjab. 1632 industries have their own ETPs of capacity 349 MLD. 2454 industries are connected to the existing CETPs. At present, there are 6 CETPs of capacity 110.535 MLD operational, 3 CETPs have been reported to be non-compliant. 4100 TPD of solid waste is generated in the State, processing facilities for 3034 TPD available (74%) and management is done through centralized composting facility.

The major source of pollution in Satluj River is Buddha Nallah, this nallah is carrying 612 MLD of untreated sewage, 137 MLD of industrial effluents and 12 MLD of dairy wastes, all from Ludhiana town. Buddha Nalah Rejuvenation Project was launched in December, 2020 and is expected to be completed in 2 years by December, 2022. This covers two new ongoing STPs of 225 MLD at Jamalpur and 60 MLD at Balloke, Ludhiana and rehabilitation of 4 existing 418 MLD STPs. However, the progress of the two new STPs seems to be very slow to achieve the timeline of December 2022. CETPs need to be regularly monitored for their performance evaluation and OCEMS are to be installed and connected to CPCB/PPCB servers. There are some unit remaining which are yet to be connected to CETPs. In case of pollution caused by dairy waste, PEDA needs to implement action plan for treatment of effluent generated and solid waste, also the River Rejuvenation Committee is to review the same. State to indicate in the MPRs the model river identified by the State along with the actions taken.

Principal Secretary (Local Government), Punjab informed that as per the plan, 93% of gap in sewage treatment capacity will be achieved by December, 2022. The remaining 7% gap will be managed under SBM 2.0, which shall be completed in another year. It was informed that Buddha Nallah project, is being monitored regularly and efforts are being put in to complete the projects as per the committed timeline. With regard to the pollution due to dairies in Buddha Nallah, it was informed that dairies will not be shifted instead State is planning to install ETPs for treating the effluent. RFP has been putted up by PEDA in public domain for

one biogas plant and another proposal will be put-up by them in near future. It was informed that 25 STPs are non-complying (data to be re-concile), as they were installed in 2005/2006 and are based on old conventional treatment technologies. With addition of chlorination tank in 3 STPs, improved parameters have been observed in the treated effluent of the 3 STPs, therefore it is proposed to install chlorination tanks in remaining STPs so as to achieve the norms. With regard to gap in solid waste management facilities, it was assured that the gap shall be addressed under SBM 2.0. It was informed that Punjab Pollution Control Board has assured that OCEMS will be connected with CPCB/PPCB in another week. 3 CETPs in Ludhiana reported to be non-compliant are treating effluent from the industries in the catchment area of Buddha Nallah. All the 3 are operational and under stabilization. Actual discharge and compliance will be reported by PPCB in a month.

Secretary, DoWR, RD &GR, MoJS appreciated that timeline for bridging the gap in sewage treatment capacity has been worked out by the State. State may take appropriate action for ensuring compliance of the STPs/ CETPs. Firm deadlines for addressing the issue of pollution from the dairies in Buddha Nallah catchment to be provided in the next meeting.

ED (Tech), NMCG remarked that 4 STPs of 418 MLD are being renovated under Buddha Nallah Project. However, the STPs are based on UASB technology and even after upgradation of the plants in December 2022, these may not be able to achieve the desired treated water quality standards. This issue was also flagged in DO letter to Chief Secretary. The recommendations made by IIT-Roorkee may be implemented.

DG, NMCG directed State may relook on the performance of technology adopted for the 4 STPs of 418 MLD.

6. Assam

Scientist B, NRCD informed that State generates 809 MLD of sewage, however no sewage treatment capacity exists. Proposals for setting up 3 STPs of 65 MLD, 62 MLD and 60 MLD capacity at Silsakoo Beel, near Borsola Beel and Paschim Boragaon respectively under JICA funding are awaiting DEA clearance. The status remains same since long. State also needs to expedite implementation of 2 MLD capacity at Nagaon, for which work order has been issued. Details of information such as proposed FSTP, Bharalu pollution abatement works, which were reported in previous MPRs, not provided in the recent MPRs, therefore State may

ensure proper & complete information in their MPR submission. State to highlight status of proposed STPs at Mangdaloi, Tezpur, Jorhat & Silchar. As per April 2022 MPR submission, Industrial Pollution Management details are being updated by the State. Out of total municipal solid waste generation of 1212 TPD, 412.5 TPD waste is reported to be processed and around 800 TPD of solid waste remains unprocessed. State to indicate status of 38 Waste to Compost plants of 169 TPD scheduled for completion in May, 2022. State to expedite early commissioning of 1 CBWTF at Barpeta and completion of other CBWTF at Tezpur. State lacks facility for treatment of 60 TPD hazardous waste generated.

Senior Consultant, NMCG highlighted that 44 polluted river stretches have been identified in Assam (second highest), no STP is existing and no STP have been implemented in the past two years.

Secretary (Urban & Housing), Assam informed that some incremental progress has been made in the 3 STPs of 187 MLD proposed for Guwahati. DEA has submitted the proposal to JICA, after which a team of JICA has visited the sites in June, 2022 and validation from JICA is expected soon. Work for 2 MLD STP at Nagaon could not be initiated due to incessant rain. Further, it was mentioned that DPR for another 5 STPs have been submitted to CPHEEO for consideration under SBM while 2 more STPs are proposed to be constructed under State's fund.

Official from Guwahati Municipal Corporation informed that work order for setting up of one solid waste processing plant at the cost of Rs.30.9 crore has been issued on 24.05.2022 and the plant is likely to be operational by February, 2023. For issues related to the 16.19 ha uncontrolled dump site at Paschim Boragaon that was closed as per NGT Matter in OA No. 472/2018 in August, 2021. It was informed that a new land with an area of 56 bigha has been identified in Boragaon as scientific landfill, outside the eco-senzitive zone proposed for Deepor Beel. Work order has been issued for laying of Rubber Membrane and construction of embankment in this new site.

Member Secretary, Assam Pollution Control Board informed that as per the CPCB Report of 2018, there are 44 polluted river stretches identified in the State. However, as per the latest assessment of water quality conducted in the State, 35 stretches are to be de-listed from the CPCB's list of polluted river stretches of 2018. With regard to the action taken against idol immersion, it was informed that policy has been framed and circulated to District Administrations for compliance. Water quality analysis pre and post idol immersion is being

carried out and data is being generated. With regard to hazardous waste management, a Gujarat based party was invited and acceptance letter was issued. But due to low quantity of hazardous waste generation, the deal between the Gujarat based party and State Govt. of Assam was called off. At present, some quantity of hazardous waste is being stored in captive storage while some is sent to Dalmia Cement Plant for incineration. Coordination with other industries has also been made for taking care of not only hazardous waste, but pharmaceutical wastes, non-recyclable waste such as plastics and other industrial wastes generated in the State.

State Government was advised to take precaution that incineration of hazardous waste in the cement plants does not lead to air pollution. The State Govt. assured that this has been taken care of and emissions are within the prescribed standards of CPCB.

Joint Adviser, CPHEEO informed that 2-3 proposals have been received from the State, however, as the proposals were not received through the proper route, the State was directed to submit the proposal again through SLTC.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS raised concern over non-existence of any sewage treatment facility in the State. It was directed that proposed STP plans may be approved at the earliest. A thorough review of the sewage generation in the State, town-wise sewage generation and classifying which towns to be considered either under SBM or AMRUT-II or NRCP to be done at NMCG. Post the review a team from NRCD should visit the State.

7. Sikkim

Scientist B, NRCD informed that total sewage generation in the State is 47.68 MLD (including rural), against which treatment capacity of 22.5 MLD exists. Gap of 28.9 MLD exists in sewage treatment capacity in the rural areas. Capacity utilization of the STPs is 54%, latest status of house connections to be provided by the State. State to expedite implementation of 3.25 MLD STP at Gangtok Zone III having 67 % progress with completion timeline of March 2023. State to expedite acquisition of land for 3.63 MLD STP at Namchi and 1.6 MLD STP at Jorethang. State to early materialize the proposals for 1.5 MLD STP at Rabong and 1 MLD STP at Soreng. State may also provide status with regard to progress of implementation of one project under NRCP at Gangtok Zone I. Status of implementation of 0.02 MLD ETP to be provided. State may indicate plan to bridge the gap of solid waste management which is 28.1 TPD.

Additional PCCF (Environment), Sikkim along with Secretary (UDD), Sikkim and Member Secretary, Sikkim Pollution Control Board and other officials attended

Secretary (UDD), Sikkim informed that the delay in implementation of 3.25 MLD STP at Gangtok Zone III was mainly due to land issue which has now been resolved. The overall progress of the ongoing project at Zone I under NRCP is now 30% complete and NRCD is requested to release the next installment of funds for smooth implementation and to meet the project completion timeline of September, 2023.

Member Secretary, Sikkim Pollution Control Board informed that works of 0.02 MLD ETP has been completed however OCEMS is yet to be connected to CPCB server.

Special Secretary (UDD), Sikkim informed that funds have been transferred for setting up of decentralized solid waste processing facilities such as RRCs, MRCs, etc in all ULBs. Proposal for approval of EOI for preparation of DPR for bioremediation of legacy waste is under consideration. Waste management agencies have been approached for recycling of plastic wastes.

8. Jammu & Kashmir

Director, NRCD informed that there are 9 polluted river stretches identified in J&K. Total sewage generation in the UT is 523 MLD, sewage treatment capacity of 139.40 MLD exists, leaving a gap of 394 MLD in sewage treatment. Out of the 15 existing STPs, 14 are operational and their utilization capacity is 88.18 MLD. 14 STPs are reported to be complying with the norms and one STP is under refurbishment. 10 STPs of 92.01 MLD are under construction (5 STPs in Jammu region & 5 STPs in Kashmir region) and 27 STPs of 123 MLD are proposed. The major issue is big gap of 384 MLD sewage treatment between sewage generation (523 MLD) and treatment capacity available. Even after considering the STPs in under construction and proposal stage, there remains a gap of 169 MLD. Another issue is the low capacity utilization of existing STP (88.18 MLD against installed of 139.40 MLD). To accomplish this, house service connection needs to be expedited for optimal utilization. Progress of Devika river project under NRCP and 10 under construction STPs to be expedited so as to meet the completion target.

There are 282 water polluting industries in J&K (178 in Jammu & 104 in Kashmir region). 242 industries have functional ETPs. Closure orders have been issued to 11 non-complying industries and closure proceeding have been initiated for 29 industries. There are 6 CETPs of 4.05 MLD, 5 CETPs are under construction and 10 CETPs are in proposal stage. There is a

big gap in solid waste management, total solid waste generation is 1498 TPD and processing facilities are available for 84 TPD of waste and 520 TPD of solid waste is dumped at landfill site at Achan in Srinagar. A waste to energy plant of capacity 5 MW has been proposed since long for solid waste management in Srinagar. Solid Waste Management facilities to be expedited to minimize the gap especially the Waste to Energy plant at Srinagar.

Chief Engineer (UED), J&K informed that 60 MLD STP at Noormagh will be commissioned by December 2022 and STP at Belicharana is 100% complete however some trunk sewer is under construction and is expected to be completed this year. Gap of 384 MLD in sewage generation is primarily because of the Srinagar and Jammu main projects of sewerage zonation. For which a DPR has been formulated for Srinagar city of 125 MLD and for Jammu city of 75 MLD, which is expected to be funded by JICA. The modality has been submitted to Jal Shakti (NRCP).

Commissioner (Environment), J&K informed that works of Banganga project started as money investment has been done from UT Capex. Another under construction STPs of 92.23 MLD will be completed by March, 2023 and 60 MLD STP at Palpura will be completed by December, 2022. There will be enhancement of 40 MLD in utilization capacity of the STPs by March, 2023 as works of house connections and some other missing parts have been taken up and are under progress. With regard to Municipal Solid Waste, 100% door to door collection has already been started in all the wards, around 60% of the segregation has also been accomplished. 100 % segregation will be achieved by December 2022/ January, 2023. Two major projects for Jammu for handling the solid waste processing, one at Bhalwal and other at Bhandurak are already commissioned. Rates are yet to be finalized by the authority for Waste to Energy project.

9. Maharashtra

Director, NRCD informed that there are 53 polluted river stretches identified in the State. Total sewage generation in the State is estimated at 9757 MLD which includes nearly 2500 MLD of sewage from Mumbai city. Sewage treatment capacity exists for 7747 MLD with 144 STPs installed and their utilization is 4326.8 MLD. Out of 144 STPs, 7 STPs of total capacity 227.56 MLD were reported to be non-operational. State Government was asked to take necessary action on priority to expedite commissioning of these STPs. Out of reported 70 non-compliant STPs, 4 major STPs of 757 MLD, 380 MLD, 280 MLD & 280 MLD are in

Mumbai. Maharashtra PCB to ensure proper functioning of all STPs in the State to meet the prescribed norms.

With regard to polluted river stretches, to address the said gap of 1023.26 MLD between sewage generation and treatment, 78 STPs of total capacity 1279.70 MLD are proposed in the identified towns. Out of it, 29 STPs of total capacity 396.6 MLD were reported to be under construction and scheduled for completion by December, 2021. However, there being minimal progress during last 3-4 months on these STPs, completion target has been revised to January-December, 2022. State Government to firm up the respective time lines vis-à-vis the actual progress on site. In case of remaining 49 STPs, State Government to inform the details in terms of STPs under tendering process, awaiting administrative/technical sanction and/or proposal yet under formulation.

Additional Commissioner (BMC) raised the issue of prescribed norms for discharge of treated effluent and informed that many of the STPs in Mumbai were complying with the discharge standards notified by MoEF&CC and require up-gradation to meet the stringent norms directed by NGT. Further, it was informed that work orders have been issued for new STPs of 2500 MLD for Mumbai, which shall be completed in 3-4 years. Tenders floated for bioremediation of aerated lagoons and work will start post monsoon. Work has been awarded for treatment of pollution along 4 polluted river stretches. IITs have been engaged for taking up work of treatment in major nallah and DPR shall be submitted shortly.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS directed State to provide the above said information and their updated status in their MPR submissions.

Joint Secretary (UDD), Maharashtra informed that out of 2010 MLD gap in sewage treatment, 700 MLD in Mumbai is being taken care, 120 MLD is under implementation and balance 1200 MLD is proposed to be taken under AMRUT 2.0.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti expressed concern over absence of senior officers of the State Govt not attending the meeting, and desired that all concerned organizations/officers in the State, responsible for sewage management and/or other directions involved, may be asked to attend the meeting for providing complete status.

10. <u>Odisha</u>

Director, NRCD informed that as per the last MPR received from the State, total sewage generation in the State is estimated at 880 MLD. However, in case of six major towns in the State (Bhubaneswar, Cuttack, Puri, Sambalpur, Rourkela and Talcher) covering 41% of the State population, it is reported to be 302 MLD. It was further informed that the issue was deliberated in the last CMC meeting also. In response, the State Govt has provided clarifications which would be taken up separately after detailed examination in house. It was informed that against total sewage generation of 302 MLD from six major towns, sewage treatment capacity created so far is 282.5 MLD with 11 STPs installed in these towns. Meanwhile, with more sewage treatment of 88 MLD and the FSTPs planned for these towns, there would be no gap between sewage generation and treatment. However, the same would not hold good for the State as a whole. Two STPs of total capacity 88 MLD were under construction from the resources mobilized by the State. These included STPs of 40 MLD at Dhanupalli, Sambalpur and one STP of 48 MLD at Rokat in Bhubaneswar. These STPs were earlier scheduled for completion by December, 2021, but now the revised target is June, 2022 respectively. The State Government was asked to expedite networking and/or house service connections to ensure adequate inflow to these STPs for their optimal utilization. Status with regard to bio-remediation not provided in the MPR. State is yet to submit Action Plan for Coastal Pollution Management. With regard to Kathajodi river (in its Cuttack stretch), the model river, State Government to indicate action taken and the achievements made in the MPRs.

Special Secretary (E&F), Odisha along with Additional Secretary (UDD), Odisha & Member Secretary, Odisha Pollution Control Board attended the meeting.

Additional Secretary (UDD), Odisha informed for treatment of grey water in the State, 119 FSTPs are proposed to cover all 114 ULBs in the State. Out of these, 104 FSTPs are operational in major ULBs/towns with the installed capacity of 1807 KLD. In the remaining ULBs, FSTPs of total capacity 230 KLD shall be completed by July,2022. With regard to solid waste management, it was informed that the State has adopted decentralized system of aerobic decomposting and engaged community partners.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti appreciated the efforts adopted by the State and directed that a team comprising of officials from SBM 2.0, NMCG/NRCD may visit the State for reviewing the matter and verify any deficiency.

Member Secretary, Odisha Pollution Control Board informed that Action Plan for Coastal Pollution Management has been prepared and circulated to other departments for comments/ observations. The same shall be submitted to CPCB by July, 2022. Action taken status with regard to prevention of idol immersion has been submitted. There are 1264 water polluting industries in the State, of which 1233 are having ETPs, closure directions issued to remaining 31 industries. Of the 72 industries inspected recently, 11 were found to be non-complying and show cause notices have been issued to them. With regard to Kathajodi river, 82 MLD of sewage is generated in the catchment area of the river, State has installed 3 STPs of 85 MLD, however utilization capacity is 52 MLD at present and house sewer connections will be addressed within a year.

11. <u>Tripura</u>

Director, NRCD informed that out of total sewage generation of 82.4 MLD in the State, sewage treatment capacity exists only for 8.72 MLD (8 MLD STP & 720 KLD FSTP at Agartala), and thus leaving the huge gap of 73.68 MLD in sewage treatment which needs to be addressed urgently. Low capacity utilization of existing STP of 8 MLD due to incomplete laterals/house service connections and slow progress on STP of 8 MLD (under construction) was also highlighted. Status with regard to bio-remediation remains same. There is gap in solid waste generated and processed.

Secretary (Urban Development), Tripura informed that capacity of the existing 8 MLD STP is being increased by utilizing cess-pools for Agartala and surrounding areas. House sewer connections will be taken up in AMRUT 2. Construction of new 8 MLD STP was delayed due to funding issue, the same is being taken up under State funding now and shall be completed within a year. For remaining 19 ULBs, DPR for FSTPs of 600 KLD has been prepared and is under tendering. Ministry of Jal Shakti was requested if funding for the same can be requested under AMRUT from Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs. Work has been awarded for bio-remediation of 5 drains to IIT and shall be initiated post monsoon in August, 2022. DPRs for remaining drains are ready and shall be implemented after positive results are received from the pilot project. 17 tertiary treatment plants for solid waste processing is in advance stage and shall be completed by December 2022 for bridging the gap.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti directed State to pursue funding for the FSTPs and to intimidated in the next meeting of CMC firm timelines for tackling the untreated sewage in the State.

12. <u>Goa</u>

Director, NRCD informed that 9 STPs of 78.35 MLD are installed in the State against total sewage generation of 112.53 MLD (based on actual assessment of waste water generation mainly from urban areas). All the STPs are complying and operational. 5 STPs of total capacity 35.5 MLD are under construction from the resources mobilized by the State. These are reported to be nearing completion in terms of civil works and were expected to be completed by May 2022. State directed to expedite completion of the ongoing STP projects. There is gap in solid waste processing facilities in the State. Regarding action plans for coastal areas/towns in the State, it was informed that CPCB has examined the same and returned to the State Government for implementation after approval by the River Rejuvenation Committee in the State.

Director (Environment) Goa informed that 9 STPs are operational and 4 STPs are under construction. 2 STPs are expected to be completed by October 2022 and 1 STP by December 2022. 3 STPs are proposed and land issues for the same are being sorted out by the State Government. Further, it was informed that 250 TPD solid waste processing facility at Saligao has been commissioned and made fully operational. The 100 TPD plant at Cacora will be completed by June 2022, trial run for the same has been started. 250 TPD Plant at Bainguinim is on hold due to court stay. Plant at Verna has started trial runs and land issue is to be cleared for Bicholim plant.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti raised concern over extension of completion timeline of the ongoing STP projects and informed that the issues will be highlighted to the Chief Secretary for resolving the land issues at the earliest.

13. Lakshadweep

Scientist E, NRCD highlighted that physical progress and scheduled completion timeline of STP at INS needs to be indicated and status of DPR for 4.5 KLD FSTP at Kavaratti is not reflected.

Official from UT Administration informed that 40% physical progress achieved with regard to the STP and due to monsoon season, movement of material is restricted till September end. Further, the STP is expected to be completed by December, 2022. The DPR for 4.5 KLD FSTP at Kavaratti was sent to NIT Calicut, observations have been received. Recommendation has been received that the cost of Rs. 2 crore have been highlighted to be on higher side as per various units and may not be viable for low population.

DG, NMCG recommended to explore any other cost effective treatment.

14. <u>Kerala</u>

Scientist E, NRCD highlighted that State needs to expedite the house sewer connections for 107 MLD STP at Muthathara, as the capacity utilization is 60% only. There is a gap in sewage treatment of 118.524 MLD in urban areas. State to provide action taken status against 1 non-operational CETP (0.25 MLD) & its member industries and 1 non-compliant CETP (1.6 MLD). No of water polluting industries in the State may be verified. There is gap in solid waste processing facility.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS highlighted that Kerala has a different geographical and socio-economic set up as compared to other States. Therefore State must indicate gap in sewage treatment in rural areas and should plan to bridge the gap in rural areas as well. State was directed to provide status on action taken for prevention of idol immersion in rivers/ water bodies.

ACS (Environment), Kerala informed that out of the 21 polluted river stretches identified in the State, only one river stretch Karmana is categorized in Priority – I and rest stretches are categorized as Priority – IV and V. Data for addressing the issue of pollution in Priority – I river has already been provided by the State. There is no issue of idol immersion in the State. It was justified that the no of water polluting industries in the State was accurate and the no of total industries in the State may also include MSME industries. With regard to the gap in sewage treatment of 118 MLD, it was informed that 59 STPs of 67 MLD are proposed & DPRs are being prepared and 11STPs of 22 MLD are under construction.

DG NMCG highlighted that a number of queries are being received with regard to pollution in the catchment area of River Pamba, probably during Sabrimala season and confirmed about the status of existing STP. State was directed to look into the matter and submit proposal for consideration.

ACS (LSG), Kerala informed that a strong system is in place for management of solid waste in the State. Individual households have adequate space in Kerala to manage their organic and liquid waste in their premises. Local government have been supported with composting units, institutional support and innoculum enterprises have been set up to address the issue.

Local Self Governments both urban & rural have come up with Action Plan for waste management, particularly for solid waste (inorganic and non-biodegradable). 30,000 Harita Karma sewa have been brought together clustered as enterprises. They are provided vehicles/ facilities and are supported by local governments. As per the feedback, household collection scenario is better than institution collection. Sufficient Material Collection facilities have been installed for segregation of solid waste. However, at few municipalities due to land issue/ lack of interest by LSG, Material Collection facilities could not be set up. These municipalities have been directed to set up the facilities. Resource Recovery Facility has been installed at least one per block and 80% municipalities have the facility. Private players are being engaged for MSW management. The Clean Kerala Company has been set up for collection of segregated municipal waste from the municipalities and for forward linkages. A guideline for domestic hazardous waste management is being prepared. There is no sanitary landfill site at present and zonal landfills sites are being identified. A World Bank project for MSW management covering 93 municipalities is coming up.

Official from Kerala Water Authority informed that at present the 107 MLD STP is being utilized at only 60 MLD. Works are in progress for augmenting the flow by 20.4 MLD within 3 months and works are in progress in 19 wards on priority and is expected to be completely shortly.

Due to limited time constrain, Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJs suggested State to provide comprehensive detail regarding SWM in their MPR submissions. Further, it was directed to update details with regard to sewage management both in urban and rural areas of the State in their MPR submissions so as to review the progress in next meeting.

15. Puducherry

Scientist E, NRCD highlighted that there exists a gap of 23.5 MLD in sewage treatment and 2 STPs of 3 MLD each are proposed. Status of the proposed STPs remains same and needs to

be expedited. EoI status for Selection of Consultant for Formulation of DPR for the Underground Sewerage scheme including STP for left out Urban and Peri Urban areas of Puducherry and New Project for the entire region of Karaikal, Mahe and Yanam of U.T. of Puducherry may be expedited and completion timeline be incorporated in MPR submission. State may indicate the measures taken for 2 non-operational STPs. Individual capacity utilization and compliance of existing STPs needs to be reported in MPRs. Action taken against 4 non- complying ETPs be indicated. Present solid waste processing capacity is 18% and remaining 333 TPD is unprocessed. State to submit the action taken with regard to immersion of idols and other items in rivers & other water bodies.

Secretary (Environment), Puducherry informed that with regard to action plan for coastal management, as per directions of CPCB, MoU to be signed with NCCR for monitoring the sea water quality. A RTWQMS has been installed and monitoring data is being generated for coastal regions. Out of 4, one ETP is now meeting the norms and remaining 3 ETPs have requested 3 months' time for compliance; thereafter action will be taken. With regard to development of Biodiversity park, it was informed that fencing and sign board was put up and Forest Department was notify it as a Biodiversity park through and the encroachment issues are being taken up by PWD and Revenue Department. Steps are being taken by UT for prevention of idols/ other materials in rivers/ water bodies as per the directions of CPCB. The manufacturing units are being inspected to ensure no prohibited materials are used in the manufacture of idols and public notices are being released in newspapers along with trainings.

Officials from PWD, Puducherry informed that the gap of 23.5 MLD in sewage treatment is due lack of UGD at Karaikal, Magaon and Enam. In Karaikal only onsite sanitation, soak pit and septic tank exists for sewage treatment. DPR will be ready soon for 6 MLD STPs.

Further, on enquire by DG, NMCG, it was reported generation in Karaikal is 23 MLD, for which 2 STPs of 3 MLD each have been proposed. As the 2 STPs shall not be able to bridge the gap, therefore an integrated system is being planned for both Puducherry and Karaikal on priority basis.

Director (LAD), Puducherry reported that Yana generates 20 MT of solid waste and the setting up of solid waste processing facility has been completed for treatment. Karaikal generates 100-120 MT of solid waste for which no facility exists and tenders have been floated for setting up of solid waste processing facility to treat the entire waste generated in

the region. Puduchery rural area generates 150 MT of solid waste, tenders were floated for setting up of solid waste processing facility, bidders identified and financials will be opened within a week. For treatment of the municipal waste of 360 MT generated from Puducherry, tenders have been floated for setting up of solid waste processing facility. Work for biomining of existing sanitary landfill has been awarded and completion is expected by December end 2022. Few sanitation parks for segregation and disposal of single use plastics are in place. 2 TPD solid waste is generated in Mahe, the wet waste is being composted care by the households themselves.

16. Telangana

Managing Director, HMWSSB informed that 1659 MLD of sewage is generated in Hyderabad city where Musi is the polluted river stretch. 772 MLD (46.4%) of sewage is treated and O&M for 355 MLD STPs are going on. OCEMS have been installed on all STPs. 31 new STP of 1259 MLD were proposed to be taken up however due to land issues, it has been reduced to 26, as 5 of the STPs have been cascaded into bigger STPs. With completion of these STP by March 2023, the treatment capacity will be 2031 MLD in Hyderabad. Work in progress for 18 STPs of 1090 MLD, work for 26 STPs held up due to litigation issues. Further, works of 116 MLD STPs are also held up due to apprehension by the locals. Works on 320 MLD STPs at Nabol, 212 MLD STP at Amberpet, 133 MLD at Fatenagar are going at fast pace and expected completion by February, 2023 while smaller STP are expected to be completed by October to December 2022. Installation of FSTPs has also been taken up. 79 septic tanks have been brought in to network so that septage are not directly let out into the lakes or rivers. About 65 MLD of treated waste water is reused. Industries are also encouraged to utilize treated waste water.

Member Secretary, Telangana Pollution Control Board informed that outside Hyderabad, 72 STPs are required, of which DPRs for 42 STPs are ready and administrative approval is awaited for STPs of 215.17 MLD capacity. DPRs are under preparation for 30 STPs of 99.85 MLD. 10414 TPD of solid waste is being generated in the State. Hyderabad GHMC Authority having treatment capacity of 7000 TPD is able to treat the entire quantum generated in Hyderabad. 4316 TPD of solid waste is generated in 141 municipals, of which 1870 TPD solid waste is treated. For the gap in treatment of 2441 TPD solid waste, tenders have been called. For legacy waste, 123 ULBs were grouped in 9 clusters and tenders were

called. Entire works is expected to be started. Outside GHMC, 118639 MT of legacy waste works has been completed.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR acknowledged the submission made by the State that sufficient sewage treatment capacity will be created by March 2023 in Hyderabad. However, State was directed to provide timelines and status for the already prepared 42 DPRs and 30 to be prepared DPRs in the next meeting of CMC.

17. Andhra Pradesh

Scientist E, NRCD highlighted that 516.65 MLD of STPs are existing in the State and only 382.81 MLD is being utilized.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS requested State to indicate the action proposed for bridging the gap in sewage treatment of more than 900 MLD at present.

Special Chief Secretary (Municipal Administration), Andhra Pradesh informed that 2 WTE projects of 1200 TPD at Guntur and 900 TPD at Vishakapatnam have been completed. 28 Waste to Compost projects have been completed and another 17 are under construction. For integrated solid waste management project, 37 projects have been awarded and tenders are going to be invited for 15 projects. These projects would cover 116 ULBs. State has started 100% door to door collection over the year, deploying more than 2500 diesel autos, user charge collection has been introduced that are used for running these autos. To ensure 100% segregation at source, dustbins have been distributed to all houses along with IEC activities. With regard to legacy waste, 2 projects have already been completed, 1 project is in progress, work order issued for 4 projects, 6 projects are in tender stage and tenders to be called for 19 projects.

With regard to the STPs, it was informed that 44 STPs of 516 MLD are operational in the State, 32 STPs are under progress and work of another 30 STPs will start in July, 2022. The 62 STPs will cover 533 MLD. For bridging the gap of 500 MLD in sewage treatment, DPRs are prepared and submitted to CPHEEO for approval. The tenders are expected to be called in July, 2022. This will cover 1500 MLD considering the future projection in the State. Further, 64 FSTPs of 915 KLD are under construction. The land issue at Nellore has been resolved. Utilization capacities of the 4 STPs were reported to be 0% due to change in site and lack of House Service Connection. Of which 11 FSTPs had to be retendered and DPRs for 10 FSTPs

are prepared and tendering would be conducted in July. 2 FSTP have been inaugurated and another 4 are ready for inauguration.

State has initiated Mission Godavari wherein a 55 MLD STP costing around Rs. 88 crores is to be set up. Cleaning of floating solids on Godavari and beautification projects have been taken up at Rs.120 crores.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS appreciated the response, however it was pointed out that in many STPs no progress is shown from Nov 2021 to April 2022. Further, it was directed to send updated MPR capturing the correct progress of the projects.

DG, NMCG highlighted that updated status of the STPs is not reported in the MPR submission (April 2022) made by the State. It was pointed out that the progress since November 2021 at Kalahasti progress is reported as 40%, at Madanpalli progress reported as 20%, Kurnool progress is stuck at 80% and 0% progress reported for Kadappa, Ananthapuram & Dharmavaram. Further it was highlighted that NRCD has approved the project for Godavari at Rajahmundry for which SNA had to be opened for transferring funds, State responded that SNA has been opened and State would confirm the details.

18. Mizoram

Scientist B, NRCD informed that against the total sewage generation of 68 MLD in the State, treatment capacity of about 10.8 MLD exists (10 MLD capacity STP and 0.8 MLD being treated through biodigester), leaving a gap of about 57 MLD in sewage treatment. The existing STP is underutilized and only 0.6 MLD of sewage is treated. So far, out of 19000 households only 4136 are connected to the STP while laying of sewerage network is 76% complete. Implementation works are reported to be on hold due to exhaustion of funds. State Government is to mention firm timelines for completion of the remaining works of this project in MPR. No progress in implementation of action plan for Tier-II towns. Out of total solid waste generation of 348 TPD in the State, a treatment capacity of 199 TPD exists.

Official from the State informed that the project for pending connections to the 10 MLD STP at Aizawl was under taken under North Eastern Region Capital Cities Development Programme under MoHUA which has been concluded in March, 2022. Later, Joint Secretary, MoHUA visited the State and took a review on the pending project. Subsequently, a report was submitted to Ministry of Finance for further consideration of additional fund to complete the remaining works of the project.

19. Manipur

Scientist B, NRCD highlighted that no MPR has been received from the State since January, 2022, therefore the status of the projects remain the same as discussed in the 12th meeting of CMC held on 4th February 2022. State may indicate the following:

- Action proposed for bridging the gap of 88 MLD in sewage treatment.
- Status of house sewer connections to the existing 27 MLD STP.
- Status of implementation of 1 MLD and 16 MLD capacity STPs at Imphal under NRCP having completion timeline of March, 2022.
- Status of the proposal for setting up 49 MLD capacity STP at Imphal under NDB funding.
- Information regarding total effluent generation from 34 water polluting industries in the State and its management.
- Status of rectification process of the non-operational 400 KLD CETP connected to 5 units of water polluting industries.

Additional Chief Secretary (Environment), Manipur informed that remaining house connections to the existing 27 MLD STP at Imphal will be completed by September 2022 and full utilization capacity is expected to be achieved by December, 2022. STPs of 1 MLD (53%) and 16MLD (91%) at Imphal are expected to be completed by December, 2022. Recently tender was floated and approval of NIT has been given for 49 MLD STP proposed under NDB funding. With regard to the industrial pollution, it was informed that one new CETP is proposed and Rs.1.77 crore is yet to be sanctioned by State Finance Department for the up-gradation of the non-functional 400 KLD CETP. However, the concerned Department in the State is pursuing the matter so that the project gets sanctioned in this current Financial Year. It was informed that 100% door to door collection of solid waste has been carried out in all 27 ULBs in the State. However, ward-wise segregation is 90% complete and expected to achieve 100% segregation in next two months. A treatment plant exists at Lamding. For other areas DPRs for six clusters is under preparation and expected to complete by June, 2022 thereafter the DPR will be submitted to Ministry for funding.

Further, State official informed that for installation of ETPs in all 44 health facilities in the State, Rs.1.78 crore will be required, out of which Rs.0.50 crore has been allocated in the State's Budget Plan for FY 2022-23.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS informed that issues highlighted in the meeting will be flagged to the Chief Secretaries of the States/UTs through DO letters and it is expected that the proposals requiring sanction from the State Finance Department shall be released for taking up the project.

20. Meghalaya

Scientist B, NRCD informed that out of 75 MLD of sewage generated in the State, treatment capacity of only 2.6 MLD exists and 72.4 MLD of sewage remains untreated. State needs to expedite the progress of implementation of 5 onsite STPs of 13.42 MLD capacity (40% complete) and one 0.105 MLD capacity which is under tendering at Shillong. State to expedite the progress of implementation of 0.35 MLD FSTP (75% complete) at Shillong and another 50 KLD capacity FSTP which is under tendering at Jowai. State to indicate reason for non-operation of the 0.04 MLD FSTP at Khliehriat even after one year of its completion. Status of work for In-Situ bio-remediation of Umkhrah and Umshyrpi rivers at Shillong needs to be provided. State may indicate status and timeline of completion of 5 ETPs of 0.002 MLD each at Tura. One unit of 2 TPD capacity Waste to Recovery Centre at Shillong could not be made operational even after one year of its completion. Status on action taken for rejuvenation of model river Nonbah to be provided.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS highlighted that the data with regard to sewage generation in hilly regions may be worked out.

Secretary (Environment), Meghalaya attended the meeting along with Secretary (Urban) and other State officials.

Joint Director (Urban), Meghalaya informed that the estimated sewage generation reported in the MPR is slightly on higher side and the same will be re-assessed. Further it was informed that considering the existing treatment capacity (2.6 MLD) and the facilities which are under implementation, the total treatment capacity in the State will be 16.46 MLD. However, still a huge gap of treatment capacity will exist. In order to bridge this gap, a sanitation acion plan under Swacch Bharat Mission (SBM-II) is under preparation in which septage treatment in all towns will be taken up. Regarding the utilization capacity of the recently completed 115 KLD capacity FSTP at Shillong, it was informed that 30 KLD of septage is now being treated at this FSTP. It was informed that the ongoing projects for setting up 5 onsite STPs (13.42 MLD total capacity) and 0.35 MLD FSTP at Shillong are likely to be completed by March,

2023. Similarly, for 50 KLD FSTP at Jowai, work order has been issued and expected to be completed in March, 2023.

The current utilization capacity of 170 TPD Waste to Compost facility at Shillong is 40 TPD. For the yet to be made operational 2 TPD capacity Waste to Recovery Centre at Shillong which has been constructed for more than a year now, the State informed that training of operator has just been recently completed and the plant will be made operational within a month's time. Further, it has been mentioned that Waste to compost facilities of 50 TPD at Tura and 15 TPD at Nongpoh and Composting plant of 0.1 TPD capacity at Khliehriat will be made operational shortly. On completion of these ongoing projects, the State will have a solid waste treatment capacity of 245 TPD.

With regard to the 5 ETPs of 0.002 MLD each which were reported to be under construction at Tura, the State informed that projects for 2 ETPs were cancelled while works for construction of the remaining 3 ETPs are ongoing. It was further informed that works for flood plain zonation and implementation of action plan for rejuvenation of model river Nonbah have already initiated.

21. Nagaland

No Representative from the State of Nagaland was present in the meeting.

22. Daman, Diu & Dadra Nagar Haveli

Scientist B, NRCD highlighted that MPRs were not received from the UT since November, 2021. Therefore UT was requested to indicate update status on following points:

- Present utilization capacity of 13 MLD STP at Silvassa and status of house connections to the STP.
- Status of implementation of 16 MLD STP at Nani Daman and 7 MLD STP at Diu
- Status of proposed standalone modular STPs in 04 panchyats including Damanwada, Magarwada, Pariyari and Patlara.
- Status of implementation of action plan for coastal management.

Engineer, DDDNH Pollution Committee informed that out of 24105 households, 6130 have been connected to the 13 MLD capacity STP at Silvassa. Further notices to 7383 households have been issued for connection to the sewerage network. Due to road construction being

carried out by PWD at Dadra Nagar Haveli, works for house connections have been affected. Work for issuing new notices will be started once the permission for road cutting is obtained. With regard to implementation of 16 MLD STP at Nani Daman, topographical survey has been completed and DPR is under preparation by PWD and Daman District Council. Topographical survey completed for stand alone STPs proposed at 4 panchyats including Damanwada, Magarwada, Pariyari and Patlara and DPRs are being prepared by District Panchayats. It was submitted that the updated status of the above proposals will be given in the next MPR.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS raised serious concern over the delay in implementation of the 16 MLD STP proposed at Nani Daman as the status remains the same since past two years.

23. Haryana

Director (Technical), NMCG informed that sufficient sewage treatment capacity is available in Haryana. There exists sewage treatment capacity of 1834 MLD against the sewage generation of 1495 MLD. In Yamuna basin, there is sewage generation of 1086 MLD for which 59 STPs of 1074 MLD are existing. Main issue in the State remains non-compliance of the existing STPs. Out of these 59 STPs, 32 STPs are reported to be non-complying and discharge from these STPs are also affecting the water quality in Delhi region. The STPs from Yamunanagar, Karnal, Panipat and Sonepat are discharging upstream of Wazirabad barrage which is critical to Delhi. The STP's discharge from Jhajjar, Bahadurgarh and Gurugram are discharged in Najafgarh drain via Mungespur drain i.e. downstream of Wazirabad barrage in Delhi. The STP's discharge from Faridabad and Palwal and Nuh are discharged into Yamuna river downstream of Okhla, Delhi, which is critical to Mathura and Vrindavan. The progress of under constructions of two STPs in Faridabad scheduled for completion in November 2022 is not satisfactory.

DG, NMCG raised concern over the issue of coordination of multiple agencies involved in operation of the STPs.

ACS (Environment), Haryana informed that the issue of non compliance is due to revision of norms upto 1/3rd of previous norms in 2020. Due to covid-19 issue, all STPs could not be upgraded to new norms but these are under process. The construction of two STP projects is constructed by MC, Faridabad and Chief Secretary is also reviewing regularly these projects

to complete the projects on time. In Haryana, 63 STPs are being upgraded as per new norms, upgradation of 28 STPs is in progress and upgradation of 33 STPs is under tendering as per new norms. There is no issue of coordination of different agencies (MC, HSVP, ULB and PHED). It was also apprised that during the review meeting of projects costing more than Rs 100 crore, Chief Minister, Haryana instructed that monitoring of all STPs projects will be done by PHED, Haryana. A real time monitoring portal will be prepared for monitoring purpose and access will be shared with NMCG. Idol immersion in river is banned in Haryana.

ED (Tech), NMCG cited examples of Panipat and Yamunanagar where issues of coordination among different departments exist. In Panipat, drain carrying excess sewage is managed by Irrigation department, underutilized STP is managed by PHED and similarly in Yamunanagar, there is Tejab Nala carrying toxic waste and there is underutilized Radaur road STP. So there is a definite coordination issues between departments and ultimately Yamuna river is victim. Three STPs are non-complying in FC norms. It was requested to submit detailed report on action taken for prevention of immersion of idols in rivers/ water bodies.

ACS (Environment), Haryana informed that drains near industrial areas in Yamunanagar also carry industrial effluent and it becomes difficult to treat the mixed effluent in the STPs. Though effluent treatment is a domain of industrial department however due to non-availability of land, PHED (Haryana) have engaged IIT Roorkee for preparation of DPR for the same.

Member Secretary, Haryana Pollution Control Board informed that most of the STPs are not complying with FC norms as in 2021 FC parameter in outlet of the STPs was notified as less than 100/MPN. To complying with the norms, chlorination is being done in STPs and other measures are being installed.

DG, NMCG expressed all coordination issues may be solved by next CMC review meetings and requested State to closely monitor the ongoing STP works so as to achieve the committed completion timelines.

24. <u>Delhi</u>

Director (Technical), NMCG informed that the estimated sewage generation in Delhi is 3491 MLD for which 34 STPs of 2,828 MLD capacity are in operation as per MPR of April 2022. The utilization capacity is reported to be 2,447 MLD (88%). In March 2022, only 8 STPs out

of 34 STPs are reported to be complying. In latest MPR of May 2022 received on 08.06.2022, 5 STPs are non-complying but 13 STPs are not meeting the design norms also. The issue is that number of non-complying of STPs as per design norms have been increased now. For example, Kondli Ph-IV STP is giving TSS- 80 mg/l against design norms of TSS-30 mg/l.

Member Drainage, Delhi Jal Board informed that due to commissioning of ISP project and diversion of sewage load to STPs, the existing STPs are not having sufficient capacity, so such problem of effluent parameters not meeting the design norms are being observed. The action plan for upgradation of the existing STPs is under process as per latest norms and by Dec 2022, the situation will improve. By June 2023, all the STPs will be upgraded. In STP at Kondli, the firm responsible has been debarred and new firm has been appointed so the situation shall improve now. The upgradation of the STPs in 5 packages are expected to be awarded by June 2022 with completion time line of June 2023. 42 decentralized STPs were planned in Delhi however due to land constrain, presently 33 decentralized STPs are scheduled. Land at 50% sites have been received from DDA and other agencies and balance land are being followed. Where land is made available, completion timeline has been indicated as June 2023, where land is expected & yet to be made available, timeline is indicated as Dec 2023.

DG, NMCG directed DJB to verify operation of the STPs and the reason for increase in number of non- complying STPs as per design norms may be submitted within a week's time. DJB to also submit action plan for upgradation of the STPs, technologies adopted with all time lines for action to be taken, also for construction of 42 decentralized-STPs, comprehensive reply of all action plans for drains.

Director (Technical), NMCG informed that out of 18 drains, 13 drains are reported as tapped. Issue of overflow in 7 of the tapped drains was observed and has been reported, joint team shall inspect the drains to verify the issue. Mori gate drain is being planned to be diverted and treated in Coronation Pillar STP. Timeline for the same is requested. Flow in Maharani Bagh and Barapullah drain are being planned to be diverted to Okhla STP by June 2023.

Member (Drainage), DJB informed that works for Mori Gate will be retendered and time line for completion of work is July 2023.

ED (Tech), NMCG informed that all the time lines for upgradation and construction of DSTPs in Delhi are over as per directions given by Hon'ble NGT. And Hon'ble NGT has prescribed a penalty of Rs 5 lakh per drain per month on the concerned department.

Director (Technical), NMCG highlighted that out of 13 CETPs, 8 CETPs are complying, 3 CETPs are non-complying and 1 CETP (Lawrence Road) is non-functional.

Chief Engineer, DSIIDC informed that all CETPs are functional and 4 CETPs are noncomplying with regard to one or two parameters. Lawrence Road CETP is functional but defaulting in certain parameters. CETP societies have been informed and action for improving their CETPs is been carried out accordingly.

ED (Tech), NMCG informed that NEERI has done adequacy report of all CETPs. The task of upgradation of all CETPs is given to DJB as informed in last Principal Committee meeting held in January 2022. The issue of non-compliance of CETPs and capacity utilization of CETPs remain an issue until a timeline has been fixed. In the last CMC meeting in February 2022, Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS directed very clearly to close all non-complying CETPs and its member industries. NMCG also issued directions to the 13 CETP societies.

With regard to upgradation of CETPs, Chief Engineer, DSIIDC informed that for transferring of CETPs to DJB, the approval of Hon'ble LG, Delhi is required and it is under progress. DPCC is continuously monitoring all CETP and issued notices to CETP societies.

ED (Tech), NMCG highlighted that Yamuna river being a special priority, a survey was done for entire Yamuna in Haryana, Delhi and UP, to identify which industry is consuming maximum amount of Nitrate and Ammonical Nitrogen. 10 types of industries like textiles, slaughter house were identified. Directions were issued by NMCG and CPCB also. DPCC has to get in touch with the industries to make an action plan to reduce use of Nitrate and ammonical nitrogen. An action plan is yet to be received.

Member Secretary, DPCC informed that the transfer of CETPs from DSIIDC to DJB is in process. DPCC had put penalty on 12 CETP societies for noncompliance/ functioning of CETPs. However, several societies approached to Hon'ble High Court and got stay on Environmental Compensation. Further, with regard to action plan to reduce of use of Nitrate and ammonical nitrogen, the response shall be submitted by DPCC within a week.

DG, NMCG directed DPCC to expedite the transfer of CETPs from DSIIDC to DJB and if not getting Environmental Compensation from the societies, then close the concerned CETPs and submit an action plan to reduce Nitrate and Ammonical nitrogen at the earliest.

25. <u>Himachal Pradesh</u>

Director (Technical), NMCG informed that latest MPR was received at night of 08.06.2022 due to which the MPR could not be reviewed and the same could not be updated in the presentation. All the States are requested to submit updated MPRs on monthly basis and well in advance before the CMC meetings.

As per the last MPR (December 2021), the estimated sewage generation in the HP State is 191 MLD for which 68 STPs of 121.24 MLD capacity are in operation. The utilization capacity is reported to be 81.35 MLD. Through alternative technology (Soak Pits, Septic Tank), 109 MLD of sewage is being treated. Only 5 STPs out of 68 STPs are reported to be non-complying with standards. As such there is no gap in sewage treatment. There is one 25 MLD CETP at Baddi which is complying. There is one CETP of 5 MLD at Kala Amb which is made operational in May 2022. In last few MPRs, water quality in 7 polluted stretches was observed in order (BOD< 3 mg/l). However in the latest MPR, BOD values have been observed to have increased from 2.2 mg/l to 60 mg/l in Sukhna Nala stretch and from 4.5 mg/l to 28 mg/l at Jatwala Nala in Markanda river stretch. This drastic change in BOD load needs to be examined.

Member Secretary, Himachal Pradesh Pollution Control Board informed that increase in BOD levels in Sukhna nala and Markanda river have been observed due to ongoing sewage connections works in their catchment and dry region in last periods. In Sukhna Nala catchment, there are two STPs, one STP (Zone-I) just commissioned and works of house service connections (HSCs) by Jal Shakti department are going on. Similarly, in Markanda river, works of HSCs are going on and dry period are the main reasons due to which there is increase in BOD levels. Very less natural flow was available in two stretches. After completion of HSCs works, there will be improvement of BOD values. The Paonta sahib STP Zone III has been commissioned and the concerned officers have been directed to make it fully operational by June 2022. Action against non-complying industries are being taken up as per regulatory norms. 2 MLD CETP at Paonta Sahib is under planning stage and is under process of getting funds from State Government.

26. Madhya Pradesh

Director (Technical), NMCG informed that since last meeting of CMC, 7 new STPs of 76 MLD capacity have been completed and under trail run. This is matter of satisfaction that more and more STPs are getting commissioned and as of now 1128 MLD capacity STPs are working and 76 MLD are under trail run. However, capacity utilization of the existing STPs has to be improved; only 632 MLD (56%) is being utilized. It is understood that many of these STPs are recently commissioned and thus HSCs work may be going on but there is an urgent need to monitor all such ongoing works which will improve the capacity utilization. There are 22 polluted river stretches in Madhya Pradesh and now water quality has achieved to satisfactory level in 19 river stretches and now attention should be paid on remaining 3 river stretches viz. Chambal river, Kahn river and Khispra river. With regard to the water quality monitoring data reported in the latest MPR, high BOD values have been observed downstream of Nagda town for River Chambal. Chambal River is one of cleanest river in Yamuna sub basin and this particular stretch appears to be affected by discharge from Nagda town. NMCG had agreed in principle to provide financial assistance for Nagda town pollution abatement works. State is requested to submit DPR for STP in Nagda town. At present, PFR has been submitted by the State and the same is being reviewed at NMCG. With regard to River Khan, BOD has been observed to be 36 mg/l, being the model river selected by the State, action needs to be initiated for addressing the issue. Similarly, River Kshipra near Ujjain, the water quality is not satisfactory, especially at Ujjain, which is a point of concern. State has submitted DPR for Indore town to seek financial assistance from NMCG. DPR has been examined and returned to state with minor observations for compliance.

E-in-C (Urban Admin), Madhya Pradesh informed that 1 STP would be completed by July 2022, 8 STPs by August 2022 and 16 STPs by September 2022. Under Namami Gange, DPR for STP at Indore and PFR for STPs at Ujjain and Nagda have been submitted for consideration. Remaining DPRs for STPs at Indore, Ujjain and Dewas are submitted for consideration under AMRUT 2.0 and survey is currently under progress. Efforts are being put in to complete the works of House sewer connections with the completion of the STPs, this shall improve utilization capacity of the STPs.

DG, NMCG appreciated the efforts of the State in enhancing the sewage treatment capacity. DG, NMCG directed State to submit good quality DPRs wherein land for STP should be

identified/ finalized and the same would be approved after physical verification by team from NMCG. Any deviation in cost estimation post approval to be borne by the State.

27. West Bengal

There are 17 identified polluted river stretches in West Bengal, Action Plans for restoration for the river stretches have been approved and implementation work has been assigned to one Nodal Agency for each river stretch. Out of these 17 stretches, works have been completed in 6 river stretches and results are satisfactory. Further work is about to complete in 2 other river stretches. Simultaneously work is going on all remaining stretches with priority on river Ganga.

Director Technical, NMCG apprised that 8 new STPs have been commissioned (7 rejuvenated and 1 no. newly built) since last meeting of CMC. NMCG has sanctioned the project for rejuvenation of existing STPs in Hooghly district and in North 24 Parganas district.

With regarding to the works being carried out in the catchment area of River Churni, Principal Secretary (Environment), West Bengal informed that the works are being executed by KMDA for construction of 3 STPs. Overall physical progress of 4 MLD STP at Sreenathpur is 5 % and 5.2 MLD STP at Chaitanyaghat is 2 %. Construction of 2.6 MLD STP at Silver Jubliee Road is in progress. Director Technical, NMCG requested State to expedite the pace of work in this project as the work progress is very slow.

DG, NMCG enquired about the hindrances in ongoing STP projects specially at Barrackpore that had the issue regarding laying of rising main in Kalyani Expressway.

Principal Secretary (Environment), West Bengal informed that the issue of laying of network already resolved. The remaining STPs which are rejuvenating in Hooghly district and North 24 Parganas district will be completed in June 2022. By end of June 2022, 7 more STPs shall be made functional (excluding above 8 STPs), which shall result completion of total 15 STPs through 5 different projects in 3 districts of North 24 Pargana, Hooghly and Nadia. It was also informed that the water quality data for 7 STPs is being uploaded on Ganga Tarang and for the rest process is going on. With regard to Tolly's nallah, it was informed that revision of DPR for 26.1 MLD proposed STP is being taking place. Further, it was informed that to fill the gap in sewage treatment, State is preparing the DPRs for I&D and STP proposal for 11 towns. Some DPRs have been finalized and shall be submitted once clear land titles with

NOC for proposed site is granted by ULBs/ concerned department. NMCG suggested that instead of sending all DPRs in one go, State may submit the DPRs in staggered way for ease of examination.

Govt of West Bengal have to upload the FSTP policy on UD&MA website and State informed that it is under process. NMCG has also sanctioned a FSTP project for Burdwan town for river Banka. Beside this, fecal sludge treatment as co-treatment is being taken with all new STPs proposals.

It was informed that 3 Electric Crematoria with support of funds from NMCG have already been completed at Bhatpara, Naihati and Garulia and handed over to the respective Municipalities during April and May 2021. All the Crematoriums are fully operational. Now construction of one new Electric Crematorium at Kalyani has recently been sanctioned. Further 6 Feasibility Reports for installation/ construction of new Electric Crematoria has been forwarded to NMCG. DG NMCG assured that all proposals shall be examined as per merit of the proposal.

There are 454 water polluting industries identified in the State and all the industries have ETPs. There are 8 No. of CETP with capacity of 5 MLD each are operational, out of which 4 are under trail run stage.

With regard to Solid Waste Management Intervention, Bio-mining of Legacy waste has already been undertaken in 78 legacy dumpsites (85.03 lakh MT) in the State out of 107 dumpsites (108.84 lakh MT). Further 97 % progress has been achieved in House to house collection of solid waste and 34% progress has been achieved in segregation at source. 2 FSTPs of each 50 KLD are being constructed at the 2 sites – Kharagpur and Siliguri, from where land has been reclaimed after removal of legacy dumpsites. Further, a detailed report has been submitted by the State recently with regard to action taken for prevention of immersion of idols/ other wastes in river/ water bodies. Action Plan for Coastal Pollution Management was returned back by CPCB with observation and the same was forwarded to State Urban Department and as soon as it comes back and is finalized by RRC/ CPCB, it shall be implemented.

State requested financial assistance from NMCG for repair of 3 Ghats for organizing a mini Kumbh and for installation of OCEMS on 47 STPs in the State. It was suggested that the proposal may be submitted to NMCG for reviewing the same.

28. Uttarakhand

Director Technical, NMCG informed that most of the STP projects on Ganga main stem have been completed and one project for kumaon region have been sanctioned. Due to nonavailability of land, works at 7 locations out of 9 of the Uddham Singh Nagar project have not been initiated. 5 STPs of small capacity have been reported to be non-complying. It was also highlighted that in Srinagar, the solid waste dumping ground is near to the STP, due to which the open solid waste burning at times lead to the premises of STP catching fire.

DG, NMCG directed State to ensure such fire incidents are not repeated at any STP premises. ED (Tech), NMCG highlighted that complaint with regard to dumping of solid waste in Bhagirathi river is being reported repeatedly.

Member Secretary, UEPPCB informed that DG's DO letter has been received and Chief Secretary, Uttarakhand has directed DM, Uddham Singh Nagar to expedite the process of acquiring land for STP. With regard to solid waste management, it was informed that 100 ULBs and 1152 wards in the State generates 1561 TPD of solid waste, door to door collection of waste started in 1152 wards and source segregation is taking place at 1040 wards. 30 Material Recovery Facilities have been created in the State. UEPPCB has given 56 compactors to ULBs and the ULBs have collected & sold Rs. 3.25 crore worth plastic waste in last year. At present 600 MTD of waste processing facility is operational. In smaller ULBs, after segregation, the biodegradable waste is being converted into organic manure. For managing the waste from floating population, CS (Uttarakhand) has directed all the DMs to ensure solid wastes being dumped along the roads are removed regularly. In this regard, UEPPCB has given Rs 1 crore to the districts. Along the Char dham route, a lot of plastic wastes have been obtained from forest area and State Forest Department is collecting the same. Further, NTCA has been requested to consider the activity of collection of plastic waste in forest area as eco-restoration of habitat activity so as to obtain funding from CAMPA. ULBs are ensuring prevention of solid wastes being dumped into the rivers and EOs have been directed to install solid waste processing facilities in their ULBs on cluster basis. UEPPCB has also taken action against EOs not complying with the directions. State ensured that fire incident due to solid waste burning shall not be repeated at any STP premises. With regard to wetland conservation, it was informed that brief document and management plan for wetlands in 4 districts of Haridwar, Chamoli, Udhamsingh Nagar and Uttarkashi is being prepared by WWF and is expected to be submitted shortly. Under

AMRUT Sarovar Yojana, the State Urban Development Department identified 68 wetlands in 18 ULBs and these are being rejuvenated.

Senior Consultant, NMCG suggested that the wetland conservation plan should be according to the guidelines notified by MoEF&CC and directed State to submit the same at the earliest.

DG, NMCG directed State to convene District Ganga Committee meetings on 10th June (second Friday of the month) and also ensure programmes are held on the Ghats on 21st June as a part of International Yoga Day celebrations.

ED (Tech), NMCG highlighted that while compiling the information for NGT Matter OA No 200/2014, it was observed that CETPs at Sitarganj and Pantnagar have been reported to be non-compliant by CPCB. Therefore, State needs to coordinate with CPCB and re-concile the data.

Official from the State informed that the CETPs were observed to be non-compliant during the month of February, 2022. The CETPs are currently complying with the standards and the same shall be confirmed with CPCB.

29. Uttar Pradesh

Senior Specialist, NMCG informed that estimated sewage generation is 5500 MLD against which sewage of 3655 MLD is being treated through 118 STPs. Since last meeting, 4 STPs of 95 MLD capacity (Bulandshahr- 40 MLD, Hapur – 30 MLD, Mirzapur – 7 MLD & Rae Bareilly – 18 MLD) have been completed and are under trail run. Another 34 STPs having 763 MLD capacity are under construction. In addition, 14 proposed STPs of 397 MLD capacity are under tendering. Further, critical issues were also highlighted such as (i) increase in number of non-compliant STPs from previously reported 21 to 25; (ii) increase in number of non-operational STPs (presently 10 nos.); (iii) non-completion of Baniyapurwa STP though physical progress reported as 98% since 2 years; (iv) non submission of MPRs on a monthly basis.

Managing Director, UPJN (Urban) informed that there are 29 STPs under the purview of UPJN (Urban) and 45 STPs under UPJN (Rural). All STPs under UPJN (Urban) were reported to be complying as per design parameters. However, to tackle Faecal Coliform parameter issue, concerned CEs have been directed to submit the proposals for upgradation of existing STPs. Further, 15 STPs were reported to be under construction in UPJN (Urban), out of which 6 have been completed & are under trial run. Except 3 STPs (Shahjahapur,

Azamgarh & Balia), remaining 6 are expected to be completed by December 2022. With respect to Baniyapurwa STP it was informed that due to collapsed trunk sewer line, the project is held up and a proposal to repair the same is submitted to State for consideration under State sector scheme. Bulandshahr STP was reported to be commissioned.

CE, UPJN (Rural) informed that Lucknow project (40 MLD STP) is being transferred to UPJN (Rural) and work shall be commenced soon. Member Secretary, UPPCB informed that STPs at Varanasi are not compliant due to directions given by CPCB regarding revised norms, however, these STPs are compliant as per their design parameters.

DG, NMCG indicated that revised guidelines regarding stringent outlet parameters have not yet been issued by MoEF&CC.

ED (Tech), NMCG clarified that for existing STPs, compliance shall be monitored based on design parameters and for new STPs, revised discharge parameters may be followed.

Additional Director, CPCB informed that CPCB has issued directions to follow NGT specified standards to STPs in Ganga towns.

ED (Tech), NMCG indicated that a joint sampling by UPPCB & CPCB may be carried out to check the compliance status and a report indicating compliance status as per (i) design parameters & (ii) NGT specified standards may be submitted to NMCG. A letter regarding the same to be issued by NMCG.

Senior Specialist, NMCG raised the issue of non-operational STPs (at Moradabad, Banda, Rampur (3 nos.), Sultanpur, Jhansi, Farrukhabad, Agra & Baniyapurwa - Kanpur).

CE, UPJN (Rural) informed that only 1 STP at Sultanpur under UPJN (Rural) is nonoperational which is under rehabilitation and rest 9 STPs are under UPJN (Urban). Senior Specialist, NMCG informed that similar to Baniyapurwa STP, Garhmukteshwar STP is also reported to be non-operational. State was directed to resolve the non-operational STPs issue and make them operational.

The status of directions issued by NMCG on non-complying industries was raised by DG, NMCG and it was informed that no update from UPPCB in this regard has been received so far. UPPCB was directed to inspect and submit a report on directions issued to Saraiya Distillery, Gorakhpur for non-compliance.

With respect to municipal solid waste, it was informed that out of total 14710 TPD MSW generated in the State, 10433 TPD is being processed. Timelines for 5 plants of 325 TPD

capacity at Fatehpur, Sambhal, Badaun, Mirzapur & Ballia have been revised to December 2022 from March 2022. Special Secretary, UDD, GoUP informed that Balia plant has gone into litigation. State was directed to submit the incremental progress of under construction MSW plants along with capacity utilization of exiting MSW plants in the MPR. Additionally, timelines for under construction C&D waste processing plants also to be provided in the MPR.

With respect to E-flow, Floodplain Zone Demarcation & identification of Model river no change in status was reported since last MPR.

The issue of works to be carried out on Varuna river at Varanasi (by Irrigation department) was also flagged. ED (Tech), NMCG informed that a sanction was issued in favor of Irrigation department through SMCG for construction of 8 wetlands on Kali East along with Varuna. Since the Irrigation department could not provide any DPR, the sanction was revised and UP Project Corporation Limited (UPPCL) was authorized to prepare the DPR. However, the work is stuck up as the letter is not endorsed to UPPCL. State was directed to look into the matter for necessary action and report in next MPR.

State was directed to take measures for addressing the issues highlighted in the meeting and report incremental progress on SWM plants under construction along with completion timelines in the MPR.

State was also directed to send updated monthly progress reports in a timely manner.

30. <u>Rajasthan</u>

Senior Specialist, NMCG informed that estimated sewage generation is 1551 MLD against which 1083 MLD is being treated through 109 STPs and 585 MLD treatment capacity through 54 STPs is under construction. The issue of poor capacity utilization (64%) and non-complying STPs (19 nos.) was flagged. Since last review, 2 STPs at Churu & Ramgarh Shekhawati of 3.5 MLD capacity have been completed. State was directed to ensure completion of 13 nos. of under construction STPs having achieved 90% progress as scheduled (i.e. by June'22).

With respect to industrial pollution, it was informed that against 15 CETPs, 2 at Sanganer & Pali Unit no. 3 are reported to be non-operational since more than 1 year. Additionally, data regarding capacity utilization of operational CETPs is not being reported in the MPRs. Against 5 non-complying CETPs, it has now been reported that only 2 are non-complying.

ED (Tech), NMCG informed that in Jodhpur 20 MLD CETP, conveyance of effluent to CETP due to choking of network is reportedly an issue and from the industries it has been reported that nearly 30 MLD untreated effluent is being discharged into river Jojhri. This needs to be looked into with priority.

Member Secretary, RSPCB informed that Jodhpur textile CETP is having capacity of 20 MLD, against which only 11 MLD is being treated. The DPR for pipeline upgradation has been prepared and submitted to industry department for approval. Another CETP of 0.6 MLD at Jaipur leather complex (6 tanneries are connected to it) is non-complying and necessary actions are being taken to make complying.

State was directed to expedite resolution of non-complying, non-operational CETPs and report on progress & capacity utilization of CETPs also.

ED (Tech), NMCG enquired about the plans to ensure no untreated effluent is discharged into the river Jhojhri, considering the fact that approval and work completion for pipeline upgradation may take significant time. State must have remediation plan for an interim period during which upgradation works would be completed. It was suggested that pilot remediation technologies for textile sector have been successfully tested by BARC in a few of industries in Surat (Gujarat) as well as in Jodhpur. These technologies may be studied by obtaining data from BARC and considered for implementation for the intermittent period till the time pipeline upgradation work is completed. The requisite information would be shared by NMCG in this regard.

ED (Tech), NMCG highlighted the issue of 7 non-complying STPs on account of CTO having not been provided by State Pollution Control Board. DG, NMCG directed State to look into the matter and issue the CTO at the earliest to make these STPs complying before next meeting.

In addition, DG, NMCG clarified that for existing STPs, the compliance shall be monitored against the design parameters and for under construction/ proposed STPs, the compliance shall be monitored against revised stringent parameters of Hon'ble NGT.

Further, Director (Technical), NMCG indicated that regarding Kota project, State has requested to utilize the savings in the project for House service connections (HSC), though charges for HSC seems to be on higher side. It was informed that the request for the same shall be reviewed and communicated.

Secretary, LSG informed that waste processing has improved from 46% to 49%. Regarding developing a mechanism for capacity utilization & compliance status of STPs/ CETPs, it was informed that OCEMS is being installed in existing/ new STPs/ CETPs. Regarding payment issues with contractor for Sriganganagar STPs, it was informed that work has commenced at 1 STP and for other STP, the issue will be resolved by month end.

State was directed to ensure that monthly progress reports are being sent timely and regularly.

31. <u>Bihar</u>

Managing Director, BUDICO informed that many projects have been sanctioned in the State and are in advance stages of implementation. Work is in progress for STP with I&D projects of 423 MLD and around 50 MLD STPs are in final tendering stages. Project at Dehri (Sone River) has been tendered, Barahiya submitted to NMCG for confirmation and final tender to be processed for Kahalgaon. 14 STP projects are expected to be completed by December 2022, network projects are also in advance stages and will eventually reduce the gap in sewage treatment. STP projects for 13 MLD are being taken under other schemes.

DG, NMCG highlighted that land acquisition remains a major issue in State which causes infinite delay in implementation of STP projects. DPRs should be submitted after land identification/ confirmation. Current status of the proposed STP projects was sought. State was directed to submit action take status with regard to prohibition of immersion of idols/ other materials in rivers/ water bodies.

Senior Environmental Specialist, NMCG informed that expect DPR for Raxaul, DPRs for 4 towns in the polluted river stretches have been submitted by the State. Land issue needs to be sorted for Fathua project. Status of proposed CETP and status of solid waste management in the State is not being updated in the MPR submissions. BUDICO to ensure update information is provided in the MPRs with regard to the sewerage projects.

Managing Director, BUDICO informed that land confirmations are being pursued with the concerned departments. It was confirmed that DPR for Raxaul will be submitted shortly.

32. Chhattisgarh

Senior Environmental Specialist, NMCG appreciated that 7 of the ongoing STPs in the State have been completed and are under trial run. Work in progress for 6 STPs and DPR under preparation for STP at Korba. 3.94 MLD of septage from 166 ULBS is being treated through FSTPs. Gap of 177 MLD in sewage treatment shall remain even after commissioning of the

proposed projects. Therefore it was suggested that STP projects may be undertaken at Bhilali and Durg. Model river is yet to be identified by the State. Updated status regarding industrial pollution management needs to be provided by the State in MPR submissions.

ED (Tech), NMCG suggested that State PCB be vigilant and ensure that no breach incidents are taking place due to Korba Thermal Power Plant.

Member Secretary, Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board informed that 5 STPs commissioned, 6 STPs are ongoing and issue with regard to Korba STP has been resolved and works shall begin soon.

33. Jharkhand

Senior Environmental Specialist, NMCG informed that 452 MLD of sewage is generated and 107 MLD STPs are operational in the State. House sewer connections for the STPs at Sahibganj and Rajmahal (funded under Namami Gange) is being carried out by a different agency and work is in progress. State to ensure the repair works with regard to Sahibanj STP may be completed before the monsoon. 89 MLD STPs are under construction and STPs of 442 MLD are proposed. 3 STP projects Dhanbad (144 MLD), Phusro (15 MLD) and Ramgarh (40) are proposed to be taken up under Namami Gange. Land issue for one SPS for the Ramgarh STP project is yet to be sorted, thereafter the DPR shall be forwarded for TPA. Funding yet to be sorted for 43 MLD STP at Mango. Status of the proposed 200 MLD STP at Ranchi remains same since past 6 months. State to ensure regular submission of MPR to NMCG. Updated status of the bioremediation project being undertaken by NEERI and the floodplain demarcation works undertaken by the State needs to be provided in the MPR.

Director (SUDA), Jharkhand informed that 16 MLD STP at Ranchi is 93% complete, 37 MLD STP at Ranchi is 73% complete and Administrative approval is being sought for hiring of Consultants for preparation of DPR for proposed 200 MLD STP at Ranchi. State approached Tata Steel for providing funding under CSR for installing 43 MLD STP at Mango and consent has been received. NEERI was engaged for preparation of DPRs for bioremediation works, however due to change in policy recently NEERI has intimated its reservations in continuing with the project, therefore State is now exploring alternatives. For bridging the gap in sewage treatment, State has prepared a comprehensive State level plan, funding to be managed from AMRUT 2.0/ SBM 2.0/ Namami Gange (for 3 projects)/ Externally Aided Funding. One septage management plan has been completed. With regard

to solid waste management, it was informed that 65% of the solid waste generated in the State is processed. Work of 3 processing facilities have been completed in 4 ULBs, 2 facilities are under trial run and work in progress for installing 21 plants by March 2023. Legacy waste in Ganga towns have been treated through bioremediation and for treatment of legacy waste in 11 towns, work is proposed to be taken under SBM 2.0.With regard to floodplain demarcation, it was informed that highest flood plain zoning has been done for River Ganga and River Damodar, risk proposals are being prepared by Water Resource Deaprtment. Details will be submitted in next MPR submissions. As per the water quality monitoring data of March 2022, only one stretch is observed to have BOD more than 3 mg/l.

DG, NMCG directed State submit detailed report with regard to action proposed for bridging the gap in sewage treatment along with proposed funding to NMCG.

Member Secretary, Jharkhand Pollution Control Board informed that ongoing 3.5 MLD CETP at Ranchi shall be completed by September 2022.

The meeting ended with thanks to the Chair.

Annexure-I

List of participants:

- 1. Shri Pankaj Kumar, Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti in Chair
- 2. Shri G Asok Kumar, Director General, NMCG cum Project Director, NRCD
- 3. Shri Anand Mohan, Joint Secretary, NRCD
- 4. Shri D.P. Mathuria, Executive Director (Technical), NMCG
- 5. Shri M H Khan, Additional Chief Secretary (Environment), Manipur
- 6. Shri Brijesh Sikka, Senior Consultant, NMCG
- 7. Dr. Pravin Kumar, Director Technical, NMCG
- 8. Shri A.Sudhakar, Additional Director, CPCB
- 9. Shri V.K.Chaurasia, Joint Adviser, MoHUA
- 10. Shri J.B.Ravinder, Deputy Adviser, MoHUA
- 11. Shri Ishwer Singh, Consultant (Legal) NMCG
- 12. Shri S.K. Srivastava, Director, NRCD
- 13. Shri A.P. Singh, Scientist E, NRCD
- 14. Dr. Sabita Madhvi Singh, Joint Director, NRCD
- 15. Shri Rajat Gupta, Senior Waste Management Specialist, NMCG
- 16. Shri Saumya Mukhopadhyay, Senior Environmental Specialist, NMCG
- 17. Dr. P.N.Rymbai, Scientist B, NRCD
- 18. Shri Vijay Kumar, Assistant Civil Engineer, NMCG
- 19. Shri Rachit Andley, Project Manager, NMCG
- 20. Shri Kumar Ajitabh, Project Officer Legal, NMCG
- 21. Mrs. Ruby Raju, Senior Project Engineer, NMCG
- 22. Ms. Preeti Sinha, Research Associate, NRCD
- 23. Shri Debarshi Ghosh, Research Associate, NRCD

KERALA STATE POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

DISTRICT OFFICE, 19/269 A, PERINTHALMANNA ROAD, UP HILL .P.O, MALAPPURAM - 676 506 കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്

ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, 19/269A, പെരിന്തൽമണ്ണ റോഡ്, കുന്നുമ്മൽ, പി.ഒ, മലപ്പുറം - 676 505 ഫോൺ (Phone): 0483-2733211, ഫാക്സ് (Far): 0483-2733211

PCB//MLPM/RIVER STRETCH/2019

Date: 18.06.2022

NGT MATTER VERY URGENT

From

Environmental Engineer

То

The Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Head Office, Thiruvananthapuram,

- Sub: Submission of monthly progress report for the month of May 2022 as per OA 673/2018- updated, after the DLTC meeting on 17.06.2022.
- Ref: DLTC meeting video conference conducted on 17.06.2022 regarding rejuvenation of Tirur, Ponnani river as per OA 873/2018.

Respected Madam,

The updated monthly progress report for the month of May 2022, Minutes of DLTC meeting (video conference) conducted on 17.06.2022 vide reference and Analysis Report of the polluted stretch river samples during the month of May 2022 are enclosed herewith. This is for information and further necessary action.

Yours faithfully, ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER

Enclosure: Minutes.

Copy to:

The Chief Environmental Engineer, Kerala State Pollution Control Board Regional Office, Kozhikode.

<u>OA 673 ൽ 17.08.2022 തീയ്യതിയിൽ സ്വപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്-</u> <u>നോർത്ത് സർക്കിളിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ ക്രോൺഫറൻസ് വഴി നടത്തിയ 250മത്</u> DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ്.

ഹാജമായവർ

- t. ശ്രീമതിക്കഞ്ജന, (ചേഴ്സണൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് ഓഫ് സുപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ,
- 2. ശ്രീമതിചഞ്ചൽ (അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മേജർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ ഡിവിഷൻ, തിരൂർ).
- 3. ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജ് (ഹെൽത്ത് സൂപ്പർവൈസർ, തിരൂർ മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി). 4. ശ്രീഹരിന്ദ്രനാഥ്.വിടി (അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എക്സിക്യൂട്ടിവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ (ഇറിഗേഷൻ
- ശ്രീ.ജോഷിലാൽ, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ (ഗ്രൗണ്ട് വാട്ടർ വകുപ്പ്, മലപ്പുറം).
- ശ്രീഹമീദ്, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ (മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി). 7. ശ്രീ.സുലൈമാൻ, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി (മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)
- 8. ശ്രീ, വിനോദ്, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി (ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാപേഞ്ചായത്ത്)
- ശ്രീ അജയ്കുമാർ, ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് (റവന്യൂ ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ്, തിരൂർ) നു. ശ്രീമതി സൗമ ഹരീദ് (എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന
- മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം). 11, ശ്രീമതി. ബീവി.വി.സി.
- അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സയന്റിസ്റ്റ്, (കേരള രലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, ലേപ്പുറം.) സംസ്ഥാന

DLTC ചെയർമാൻ (എസ്ഇഇ ഇറിഗേഷൻ)–റെറ്റ് അഭാവത്തിൽ അദ്ദേഹത്തിന്റെ പേഴ്സണൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജനയുടെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ 3.00 മണിക്ക് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് ആരംഭിച്ചു. ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ ് ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ് ആദ്യമായി വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. കൂട്ടായി റെഗുലേറ്ററിന്റെയും വർക്കിൽ പുരോഗതി ഒന്നും ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ല. തിരൂർ പൊന്നാനി പുഴയുടെ വലതുഭാഗത്തുളള ബണ്ട് ശക്തിപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിന് 28.6 ലക്ഷം രൂപയുടെ എസ്റ്റിമേറ്റ് തയ്യാറാക്കി സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും എന്നാൽ നാളിതുവരെ അനുക്തി കിട്ടിയിട്ടില്ലെന്ന് അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ശ്രീഹരിന്ദ്രനാഥ്.വിടി അറിയിച്ചു.

തിരുമ മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP-യുടെ വൈദ്യൂതീകരണം കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാരണന്നും, തിരൂർ നടന്നു മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ശ്രീജീവരാജ് ഫെൽത്ത് അറിയിച്ചു. സൂപ്പർവൈസർ കൂടാതെ Slaughter House-ang എത്തിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ആയത് സ്ഥാപിച്ച് കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാണെന്നും ഉപകരണങ്ങൾ അറിയിച്ചു. ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജ്

മത്സ്യമാർക്കറ്റിലെ ETP-യുടെ പ്രവർത്തനത്തിൽ പുരോഗതിയൊന്നും തന്നെ തിരൂർ തീയ്യതിയിലെ അറിയിച്ചു. ശ്രീജീവരാജ് 28.04.2022 എന്ന് ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ല സ.ഉ(സാധാ)നം.1058/2022/LSGD നമ്പർ സർക്കാർ ഉത്തരവ് പ്രകാരം DBOT (Design Build Operate and Transfer) മാതൃകയിൽ Fish market STP renovation-ന് ടെൻഡർ വിളിച്ച് ഒറ്റ കരാറുകാരനെ മുഴുവൻ പണിയും എൽപ്പിക്കുകയും (5 വർഷത്തെ operation and maintannce ഉൾപ്പെടെ) ചെയ്ത് ഏറ്റവും വേഗം ഫിഷ് മാർക്കറ്റ് STP പ്രവർത്തന DLMC യോഗത്തിൽ ചർച്ച സജ്ജമാക്കണമെന്ന് മേൽകാര്യം 15.08.2022-ലെ ജില്ലാതല എഞ്ചിനീയർ എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ തീരുമാനമായതാണെന്നും ചെയ്ത് ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി.

അടുത്തതായി Encroachment സർവ്വേയുടെ പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. പുഴയുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട Encroachment സർവ്വേ പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും തിരുർ സർവ്വേക്കല്ല് സ്ഥാപിച്ചുക്കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാണെന്നും റവന്യൂ ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസിലെ ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാർ അറിയിച്ചു. അവസാനമായി വിലയിരുത്തിയത് മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയുടെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ്. പ്ലാൻ ഫണ്ടിൽ നിന്ന് 5 ലക്ഷം രൂപയും Hotel and Restaurant സംഘടനയിൽ നിന്നും ഫണ്ട് ശേഖരിച്ച് STP കൂടാതെ അധൃക്ഷതയിൽ യോഗത്തിൽ ചേർന്ന ചെയർമാന്റെ പ്രവർത്തനയോഗ്യമാക്കാൻ തീരുമാനിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്ന് മലപ്പുറം ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ ശ്രീ.ഹമിദ് അറിയിച്ചു. STP പൊതുസ്ഥലങ്ങളിലേക്ക് വേസ്റ്റുകളൊന്നും തന്നെ പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നില്ലെങ്കിലും ഒഴുക്കുന്നില്ലെന്നും, കൂടാതെ ലികിഡ് വേസ്റ്റുകൾ അതാത് സ്ഥാപനങ്ങളുടെ സോക് പിറ്റുകളിലേക്കും സെപ്റ്റിക് ടാങ്കുകളിലേക്കും ഒഴുക്കുകയാണെന്നും ബയോ വേസ്റ്റുകൾ പന്നി ഫാമിലേക്ക് കൊടുക്കുകയാണെന്നും ശ്രീഹമീദ് അറിയിച്ചു. ഹോട്ടൽ ഡെലീഷ്യയ്ക്കു മാത്രമാണ് സ്വന്തമായി STP ഉളളതെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

3.30 pm-ന് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് അവസാനിച്ചു.

എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ

മലപ്പുറം 17.06.2022

<u>Meeting held by the Chief Secretary on 21.06.2022 in the Matter of NGT</u> <u>Order in OA No. 673/ 2018 – Action Taken / Status of AMRUT Projects</u>

Sl. No.	Discussion & Decision	Action Taken / Status
1a	Thrissur Corporation – Decentralized Sewerage Scheme (with 2.5 MLD STP): The Chief Secretary directed the ACS, LSGD to route the file to the competent authority for the decision in the matter of land issue	
	(Action: Local Self Government Department/ Revenue/, District Collector, Thrissur, Corporation Secretary, Thrissur)	
1b	Guruvayur Municipality – 100 KLD Septage Treatment Plant at Chakkamkandam: KWA informed that proposal for dilution tank	The 30th SHPSC of AMRUT held on
	and connected works for Rs.36 lakh was submitted for AS (Funding from RKI). The Chief Secretary directed to expedite the work. (Action: Finance/ Local Self Government Department/Kerala Water Authority)	05/07/22 decided to cancel the 100 KLD septage plant proposed under AMRUT at Chakkamkandam as KWA has taken up the project for co-treatment of septage at the
1c	FSTP at Yakkara, Palakkad: Municipal Secretary informed that WPCs connected to land transfer and proposed STP were heard by Hon'ble Court on 20.06.22 & reserved for final orders. Also informed that they are moving forward with the retender procedures as the contractors selected in the earlier have shown their reluctance to go with the project. Chief Secretary directed to expedite the project within the time limit.	Site visit & meeting were conducted with Consultant on 08/07/22 and the Consultant has agreed to give the necessary drawing & documents for submitting application to the
	(Action: Local Self Government Department/ Revenue/ Law Departments/ District Collector, Palakkad)	
1d	Kozhikode Corporation – Sewerage System in Zone A – Package A & Zone A–Package B:	
	(a) <u>Zone A - Package A</u> : Secretary, Kozhikode Corporation informed that work will commence on 23.06.2022 with adequate police protection. Chief Secretary directed the Corporation to expedite the work and to complete within time limit.	completed. Levels taken to be reported to CTE.
	(Action: Local Self Government Department/ Home Department/ District Collector, Kozhikode/SP, Kozhikode)	
	(b) <u>Zone A - Package B</u> : Stay was vacated with condition that construction of permanent structures can be undertaken only on the basis of judgment in WP. Only certain preliminary works for which	

Sl. No.	Discussion & Decision	Action Taken / Status
	permission was granted could be carried out. Final orders awaited.	
	(Action: Local Self Government Department/ Home Department/ District Collector, Kozhikode/ SP, Kozhikode)	
6	STP, Kureepuzha & Elamkulam:	
	Kureepuzha: DDC, Kollam conveyed that 80% of the work is completed. KWA also conveyed that the project is expected to be completed by the end of September 2022. (Action: KWA)	acquiring land for administrative building,
	Elamkulam: KWA conveyed that almost all works completed and trial run is being done. Some works connected with noise abatement is being looked into. Expected to be completed by the end of June 2022.	completed and trial run has been restarted. Physical Progress – 95%.
	(Action: KWA)	

KERALA STATE POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

DISTRICT OFFICE. 19/269 A, PERINTHALMANNA ROAD, UP HILL .P.O, MALAPPURAM - 676 505 കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്

ജില്ലാ ഓഫിസ്, 19/269A, പെരിന്തൽമണ്ണ റോഡ്, കുന്നുമാൽ. പി.ഒ, മലപ്പുറം - 676 505 ഫോൺ (Phone): (1483-2733211, ഫാക്സ് (Fax): (1483-2733211

PCB//MLPM/RIVER STRETCH/2019

Date: 18.07.2022

NGT MATTER VERY URGENT

From

ADDALA

When will the

电视器法

Environmental Engineer

Тο

The Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Head Office, Thiruvananthapuram,

- Sub: Submission of monthly progress report for the month of June 2022 as per OA 673/2018- updated, after the DLTC meeting on 14.07.2022.
- Ref: DLTC meeting video conference conducted on 14.07.2022 regarding rejuvenation of Tirur, Ponnani river as per OA 673/2018.

Respected Madam,

The updated monthly progress report for the month of June 2022, Minutes of DLTC meeting (video conference) conducted on 14.07.2022 vide reference and Analysis Report of the polluted stretch river samples during the month of June 2022 are enclosed herewith. This is for information and further necessary action.

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER

Enclosure: Minutes.

Copy to:

The Chief Environmental Engineer, Kerala State Pollution Control Board Regional Office, Kozhikode. OA 673 ൽ 14.07.2022 തീയ്യതിയിൽ സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്– നോർത്ത് സർക്കിളിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷമായ്രിൽ വ്രീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് വഴി നടത്തിയ 26 –ാമത് DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ്.

ഹാജരായവർ

- ശ്രീ.അനിൽകുമാർ (അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്, കോഴിക്കോട്).
- ശ്രീമതി.ചഞ്ചൽ (അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മേജർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ ഡിവിഷൻ, തിരൂർ).
- ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജ് (ഹെൽത്ത് സൂപ്പർവൈസർ, തിരൂർ മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- 4 ശ്രീ.ദിൽഷദ്.ദാവൂദ് (അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ സബ്ഡിവിഷൻ, തിരൂർ).
- 5 ശ്രീ. താജ് അബ്ദുൾ (സുപ്രണ്ട്, റവന്വു ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ്, തിരൂർ)
- 🤹 ശ്രീ.അബ്ദുൾ ഹമീദ്, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ (മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- 🦚 ശ്രീ.സുലൈമാൻ, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി (മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)
- േശ്രീ. വിനോട്, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി (ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)
- 🤹 ശ്രീ.ഗിരിഷ്ലാൽ, (സെക്രട്ടറി, തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്.)
- 10. ശ്രീ.വരുൺ നാരായണൻ.ജി, (എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം)<u>.</u>
- n. ശ്രീമതി. സൗദ ബീവി.വി.സി. അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സയന്റിസ്റ്റ്, (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)

3.00 Pm -ന് ഇറിഗേഷൻ സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ (ഇറിഗേഷൻ–നോർത്ത് സർക്കിൾ) ശ്രീ.ബാലകൃഷ്ണൻ വീഡിയോ മണ്ണാരക്കലിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ കോൺഫറൻസ് ആരംഭിച്ചു. മലപ്പുറം എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ശ്രീവരുൺ നാരായണൻ.ജീ സ്ഥയം പരിചയപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി. തുടർന്ന് 2019–ൽ തുടങ്ങിയ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാൻ OA 673 /2018ന്റെ ഭാഗമായി ഓരോ മാസവും DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങ് നടത്താറുണ്ടെന്നും, മലപ്പുറം ജില്ലയിൽ രണ്ട് polluted stretch ആണ് ഉള്ളതെന്നും (കടലുണ്ടിപ്പുഴ, തിരുർപ്പുഴ). രണ്ട് സ്ട്രച്ചസുകളുടേയും അനാലീസിസ് റിപ്പോർട്ടിൽ എല്ലാ പരാമീറ്ററുകളും ഊര പരിധിക്കുള്ളിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും പോസീറ്റിവ് ആയിട്ടുള്ള ഒരു മാറ്റം വന്നിട്ടുണ്ട്. എന്നാൽ അതുകൊണ്ട് മാത്രമായില്ലെന്നും ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിൽ പറഞ്ഞിട്ടുളള കാര്യങ്ങളെല്ലാം സമയബന്ധിതമായി നടപ്പിലാക്കേണ്ടതുണ്ടന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ പറയുകയുണ്ടായി.

ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന പൂരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്താൻ എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു. കൂട്ടായി റെഗുലേറ്ററിന്റെ വർക്കിൽ പുരോഗതി ഒന്നും ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെന്നും സെപ്തംബറിൽ ആണ് വർക്ക് തൂടങ്ങാൻ കഴിയുകയുള്ളൂ എന്നും ഇറിഗേഷൻ സബ്ഡിവിഷൻ, തിരൂർ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ ശ്രീ.ദിൽഷദ് ഭാവുര് അറിയിച്ചു. പൂഴയിലിറങ്ങി ബണ്ട് കെട്ടി ചെയ്യേണ്ടതുള്ളതുകൊണ്ട് മഴ മാറിയാൽ മാത്രമേ പണി തുടങ്ങാൻ കഴിയുകയുള്ളൂ എന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയും ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിൽ ഉൾപ്പെട്ടതായതുകൊണ്ട് എത്രയും പെട്ടെന്ന് ചെയ്ത് തീർക്കണം. എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശുപ്പെട്ടു.

അടുത്തരായി എൻക്രോച്ച്മെന്റ് സർവ്വേയുടെ പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. ജില്ലാ സർവ്വേ സൂപ്രണ്ടാണ് സർവ്വേ കൈകാര്വം ചെയ്യുന്നതെന്ന് റവന്റു സിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസിൽ നിന്നും സൂപ്രണ്ട് ശ്രീ. താജ് അബ്ദുൾ അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. സർവ്വേ കല്ല് സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതിനായിട്ടുള്ള ഫണ്ട് LSGDയിൽ നിന്നും ശേഖരിച്ച് ചെക്കായി ജില്ലാ സർവ്വേ സൂപ്രണ്ടിന് കൈമാറിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ജില്ലാ സർവ്വേ സൂപ്രണ്ടാണ് തുടർ നടപടികൾ സ്വീകരിക്കേണ്ടതെന്നും ശ്രീ.താജ് അബ്ദുൾ അറിയിച്ചു. NGTയുടെ കാരുമായതിനാൽ എത്രയും പെട്ടെന്ന് സർവ്വേ ചെയ്ത് തീർക്കണമെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. സർവ്വേ കല്ല് സ്ഥാപിക്കാനുള്ള നടപടികൾ ജില്ലാ സർവ്വേ സൂപ്രണ്ടിന്റെ നേതൃത്വത്തിൽ ഉടനെത്തന്നെ തുടങ്ങാനുള്ള തുടർ നടപടികൾ സ്വീകരിക്കുന്നതായിരിക്കുമെന്നും ശ്രീ.താജ് അബ്ദുൾ അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

തുടർന്ന് മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയുടെ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. 27.08.2022-ന് ജില്ലാ കളക്ടറുടെ നിർദ്ദേശ പ്രകാരം ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി കളക്ടറുടെ അധുക്ഷതയിൽ കൂടിയ മീറ്റിങ്ങിലെ നിർദ്ദേശ പ്രകാരം മലപ്പുറം STP യൂമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് റസ്റ്റോറന്റ് അസോസിയേഷനുമായി സഹകരിച്ച് നടത്തുന്ന അഞ്ച് ലക്ഷം ബോർഡിന്റേയും പദ്ധതി DPCയുടേയും, മലിനീകരണ നിയുന്തണ രൂപയുടെ അനുമതിക്കായി സമർപ്പിക്കാനും, സെപ്തംബർ 2022–നു മുമ്പ് പ്രവർത്തനക്ഷമമാക്കാനും ഇതിൽ പുരോഗതിയും ഉണ്ടായിട്ടുണ്ടോ എന്ന് നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. വല്ല എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ ശ്രീ.അബ്ദുൾ ഹമീദിനോട് ചോദിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി, മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ് കിട്ടിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും പദ്ധതി എത്രയും പെട്ടെന്ന് ചെയ്യാനുളള തുടർ നടപടികൾ സ്ഥീകരിക്കാമെന്നും ശ്രീഹമീദ് അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. കടലുണ്ടിപ്പുഴ സ്ട്രച്ച് വരുന്നതുകൊണ്ടു തന്നെ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിൽ ഉൾപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുളളതായതുകൊണ്ടും സമയബന്ധിതമായി ചെയ്ത് ഷ്യതയും വേഗം

തീർക്കണമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. ആടുത്തതായി ചെറിയമുണ്ടം പഞ്ചായത്തിന്റെ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. പുറംപോക്ക് ഭൂമി തരംതിരിച്ച് കിട്ടാനുളളതുകൊണ്ട് നിലവിൽ സർവ്വേ മാത്രമാണ് പൂർത്തീകരിക്കാനുളളതെന്നും ബാക്കിയുളള എല്ലാ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളും നേരത്തേ തന്നെ ചെയ്ത് തീർത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് ശ്രീ.വിനോദ് അറിയിച്ചു. സർവ്വേ കല്ല് സ്ഥാപിക്കാനുളള പണം അഭവാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ആത് സർവ്വേ വകുപ്പാണ് കൈകാര്യം ചെയ്യുന്നതെന്നും ശ്രീ.വിനോദ് അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് പൂഴയുടെ അതിർത്തി കെട്ടുന്നതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട പ്രവർത്തനം എകദേശം 70 ശതമാനം പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുളളതാണെന്നും, സിസിടിവി സ്ഥാപിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അതിന്റെ സർവ്വർ പഞ്ചായത്തിലാണ് ഉളളതെന്നും കൃത്യമായി മോണിറ്ററിങ്ങ് ചെയ്യുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി ശ്രീ.സുലൈമാൻ അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിന്റെ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ പ്രവർത്തനത്തിൽ സിസിടിവി കൂടി സ്ഥാപിക്കാനുണ്ടെന്ന് തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് സെക്രട്ടറി, ശ്രീ ഗിരീഷ്ലാൽ അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി ചെറിയമുണ്ടം, മംഗലം, തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിൽ drainകൾ വഴി മാലിനൃങ്ങൾ തിരുർ പുഴയിലേക്ക് എത്തിച്ചേരുന്നുണ്ടോ എന്നറിയാൻ സ്കാഡുകളുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം വിപുലപ്പെടുത്തണമെന്നും തലക്കാട് പഞ്ചായത്തിൽ സിസിടിവി ക്യാമറ വെയ്ക്കാനുളള നടപടി എത്രയും പെട്ടെന്ന് നടപ്പിലാക്കണമെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

അവസാനമായി തിരൂർ മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയുടെ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. 16.06.2022 തീയ്യതിയിൽ ചീഫ് സെക്രട്ടറിയുടെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ ചേർന്ന യോഗത്തിൽ തിരൂർ പുഴ achieve ചെയ്തിട്ടുള്ള ലിസ്റ്റിലാണുളളതെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തി. എന്നാൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP ഫിഷ് മാർക്കറ്റ് ETP പ്രവർത്തന രഹിതമാകുകയും ഫിഷ് മാർക്കറ്റിൽ നിന്നുളള വേസ്റ്റുകൾ പുഴയിലേക്ക് മഴവെള്ളം കലർന്ന് പോകുകയും പുഴയിൽ വേസ്റ്റൂകൾ കുമിഞ്ഞ് കൂടുകയും പുഴയുടെ കാളിറ്റി കുടുതൽ വഷളാവുകയും ചെയ്യുമെന്നും, ഇത്രയും നമ്മൾ നിലനിർത്തിക്കൊണ്ടു കാലം വന്നിട്ടുളള എല്ലാ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളും അവതാളത്തിലാകുമെന്നും ഇങ്ങനെപോയാൽ പുഴ വീണ്ടും പഴയ അവസ്ഥയിലേക്കു പോകുമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി. 08.07.2022 തീയ്യതിയിൽ മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസിൽ നിന്നും സാമ്പിൾ ശേഖരിക്കാൻ പോയപ്പോൾ അന്നാര സ്റ്റേഷനിൽ മാലിന്യങ്ങൾ കുന്നുകൂടി കിടക്കുന്നതായി ശ്രദ്ധയിൽപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, കൂടാതെ തിരൂർ മിഷൻ ഹോസ്പിറ്റലിൽ നിന്നുളള മലിനജലം അന്നാര drain വഴി പുഴയിൽ എത്തിച്ചേരുന്നതായിട്ടുള്ള ഒരു പരാതി ഈ ഓഫീസിൽ ലഭിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. അതുകൊണ്ട് അടിയന്തിരമായി മത്സ്യമാർക്കറ്റിലേയും ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റിലേയും STP–കൾ പ്രവർത്തന സജ്ജമാക്കണമെന്നും അതിനായി ഒരു നിർദ്ദേശ കത്ത് ഇറിഗേഷൻ നോർത്ത് സർക്കിൾ ഓഫീസിൽ നിന്നും തിരൂർ മൂനിസിപ്പൽ സെക്രട്ടറിയ്ക്ക് നൽകണമെന്ന് അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ ശ്രീ. അനിൽകുമാറിനോട് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു. മലിനജലം പുഴയിലേക്ക് എത്തിച്ചേരുന്നത് തടസ്സപ്പെടുത്താനുളള കർശന നടപടി ഉടൻ തന്നെ സ്ഥീകരിക്കണമെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ തിരുർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി സുപ്പർവൈസർ ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജിനോട് നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. ഹെൽത്ത് തിരുർ മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ്റ്റ് സ്റ്റാൻഡ് STP-യുടെ വൈദ്യൂതികരണം കഴിഞ്ഞുവെന്നും മെക്കാനിക്കൽ

വർക്ക് കുറച്ചുകൂടി ചെയ്യാനുണ്ടെന്നും ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജ് അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. തിരുർ മത്സ്യമാർക്കറ്റിലെ ETP-യുടെ renovation വർക്കിനായിട്ടുളള 20 ലക്ഷം രുപയുടെ പ്രോജക്ട് അംഗീകാരത്തിനായി DPC-യിൽ സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അംഗീകാരം കിട്ടിയാൽ ഉടൻ തന്നെ ടെൻഡർ വളിച്ച് പണി പൂർത്തീകരിക്കാനുളള നടപടി സ്വീകരിക്കാമെന്നും ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജ് അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി unauthorized discharge ചെയ്യുന്ന യൂണിറ്റുകൾക്ക് കാരണം കാണിക്കൽ നോട്ടീസ് നൽകണമെന്നും സ്ക്രാഡുകളുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം വിപുലീകരിക്കണമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ഹെൽത്ത് സൂപ്പർവൈസർ ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജിനോട് നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

3.60 pm-ന് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് അവസാനിച്ചു.

എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ

മലപ്പുറം 14.07.2022

Minutes of the 13th Meeting of the District Level Technical Committee (Kannur District) held on 28.06.2022 – constituted as per O.A 673/2018 of Hon'ble NGT for the Rejuvenation of Polluted River Stretches.

PRESENT

- 1. Sri. Chandrasekharan, JAS, District Collector, Kannur
- 2. Sri. P.P Divakaran, ADM, Kannur

Participants

- Sri. Sajeev Kumar, Executive Engineer, Irrigation Division, Thalassery
- Smt. Shimna.P. Technical Consultant, Suchitwa Mission
- Sri. Suresh Kumar.C, Health Inspector, Payyannur Municipality
- > Smt. Shabi.B, Ground Water Department, District Officer,
- Smt. Shelmaja.K.V, Assistant Engineer, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, District Office, Kannur
- Smt. Dhanya.P.K, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, District Office, Kannur
- Sri.Raja Sundaran.P, Assistant Secretary, Chapparapadavu Grama Panchayat
- > Sri. Dileep, Assistant Secretary, Cheruthazham
- Sri. P.S Radhakrishnan Nair, Assistant District Industry Officer, Kannur
- Smt. Smitha.P.P, Assistant Engineer, Irrigation Section, Kannur
- Sri.Khalisa Kozhithodu, Assistant Environmental Engineer, Irrigation Sub Division, Kannur
- Sri. Sreepad M.P, Assistant Engineer Irrigation Section, Payyannur
- Sri, K. Sivakasan Assistant Secretary, Madayi Grama Panchayat
- Sri, V.K Abijath, DRP, Haritha Keralam Mission
- Sri. Saji Sebastain.K, Assistant Secretary, Udayagiri Grama Panchayat

- > Sri, M.V. Chandran, Secretary, Pariyaram Grama Panchayat
- Sri, Anil Kumar, P.V. Assistant Secretary, Pattuvam Grama Panchayat
- > Sri. K Mohanan, Secretary, Kankol Aalapadamba
- > Sri. V Rajeevan, Secretary, Kadannappally
- Sri. Venu Gopalan A.K, Assistant Secretary, Eramam Kuttur Grama Panchayath
- Sri. Anil Kumar Padacheri, Assistant Secretary, Peringome Vayakkara Grama Panchayat
- Sri. Ajlth Kumar.V.P, Assistant Secretary, Naduvil Grama Panchayat
- Sri. Terans.J, Assistant Secretary, Aalakkode Grama Panchayat
- Sri.Sunil Kumar, Assistant Secretary, Kunhimangalam Grama Panchayat.
- Sri, Ashokan.N.E., Secretary, Ramanthali Grama Panchayat
- > Sri. Farook.M.K, Secretary, Mattool Grama Panchayat
- Sri, M.T Mridula, Assistant Secretary, Ezhome Grama Panchayat
- > Sri. Sreerag.M.S, Secretary, Taliparamba Municipality
- > Sri. A.P Seema, Head Clerk, Cherukunnu Grama Panchayat

13th Meeting of District Level Technical Committee (Kannur district) constituted as per OA 673/2018 of Hon'ble NGT for the rejuvenation of polluted river stretches to discuss the action taken by stakeholders/Members for the non achievement of bathing standards of Kavvayi and Ramapuram was held on 28.06.2022 in the chamber of District Collector, Kannur.

presided by. and was 3.00pm meeting started at The Sri. Chandrashekharan, IAS, District Collector, Kannur. All the other DLTC members, including the Secretaries of the municipal bodies responsible 4 river stretches, were welcomed by him. Additionally, he described the for. meeting's goal which was to discuss the failure of the two rivers to satisfy the bathing standards.

The Assistant Engineer of Pollution Control Board discussed the current state of the four rivers during the opening remarks. She also mentioned that from 2018 onwards, samples were collected from 52 drains and 4 rivers and was analysed from Board's Lab. According to the analysis results the BOD (Biological Oxygen Demand) level in Ramapuram and Kavvayi are high for bathing standards. It has been observed that the homes close to rivers and drains, as well as plywood industries, chicken stalls, fish stalls etc contribute significantly to river pollution. Junior Scientific Assistant, Pollution Control Board presented a short power point presentation of the four polluted river stretches revealing the pollution scenario at the time of joint inspection and sample collection.

Taliparamba 'Municipal Secretary, said that as a part of Thelineerozhukum Navakeralam, Mass awareness is given to the public. Additionally he claimed that during inspection, it was discovered that sewage pipes of numerous homes were running straight in to the rivers and this has been, stopped now. Additionally biobins are supplied for household waste and also CCTV's were installed.

District Collector enquired the stalus of water testing done by Suchitwa Mission. Suchitwa Mission said that the water has been examined as a part of Thelineerozhukum Navakeralam. According to the most recent reports the Kuppam rivers water is black in colour and has high bacterial prevalence.

Madayi Panchayat Secretary reported that after inspecting numerous homes, instructions were provided to those whose house hold waste was dumped into the waterways directly. Haritha Karma Sena is in charge of collecting plastic debris. Payyannur Municipal Secretary informed that all the drains were fully cleaned. Additionally they proposed 3 Sewage Treatment Plants, whose work will be completed within a month. The issue of outlet is not present anywhere because it was discovered that no sewage pipes were discharging directly into the river. He added that the water logging problems is found in some regions.

Kankol Alapadamba Panchayat Secretary informed that no direct outlets were observed in the river premises. The only issue is that certain plants, such as Kaitha and Munda are present in the drain and their removal is very challenging. As a result water cannot flow through the drain easily.

Ramanthali Grama Panchayat Secretary informed that all of the drains had been cleaned and there were no visible waste sources.

Peringome vayakkara Panchayat Secretary informed that all of the drains had been cleaned. No direct outlets were found. There are no obvious sewage or toilet waste problems.

The main concern that the Kadannapally Panchayat Secretary brought up is the medical college's Sewage Treatment Plant breakage which causes water to enter rivers and drains when it rains. No other problem, such as direct outlets are observed besides the Sewage Treatment Plant breakdown.

Mattul Panchayat Secretary reported that all the drains were cleaned as a part of premonsoon operations. Additionally he claimed that septic tank leaks are frequently observed during rainy season, which is why a significant level of coliform bacteria was detected on analysis of the water sample.

4

As an end note District Collector said that this matter, that is, Non achievement of bathing norms of 2 rivers should be taken quite seriously because the Chief Secretary was addressed it directly. Identification of the primary pollutant source and stringent enforcement of waste disposal regulations for rivers should be implemented. He concluded by stating that the district of kannur has high amount plastic waste, necessitating the enforcement of plastic waste.

Meeting ended by 4 p m

Convener DLTC

Environmental Engineer (KSPCB Kannur)

08.07.2022 ൽ DLMC യുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് ജില്ലാ അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റിന്റെ അദ്ധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ ചേർന്ന യോഗത്തിന്റെ നടപടിക്രമം.

ബഹു. എ.ഡി.എം ശ്രീ. രാധാകൃഷ്ണൻ ബി. യുടെ അദ്ധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ ചേർന്ന യോഗം 12.00 പി.എം ന് ആരംഭിച്ചു. യോഗത്തിൽ താഴെപ്പറയുന്നവർ പങ്കെടുത്തു.

- ശ്രീ. രാധാകൃഷ്ണൻ ബി, എ.ഡി.എം, പത്തനംതിട്ടം.
- ശ്രീ. പി. എസ്. കോശി, എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട
- 3) ശ്രീ മധു എം. പി, ജൂനിയർ സൂപ്രണ്ട്, ഡി.ഡി.പി ഓഫീസ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
- 4) ശ്രീ. സജി.എസ്.എൽ, ഡെപ്പൂട്ടി എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, പി.ഡബ്ല്യൂ.ഡി റോഡ്സ് ഡിവിഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട.
- ശ്രീമതി. സൗമ്യ ജി, അസി. എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള വാട്ടർ അതോറിറ്റി, പത്തനംതിട്ട
- 6) ശ്രീമതി. റീബാ ജേക്കബ്, അസി.എഎഞ്ചിനീയർ, പി.ഡബ്ല്യൂ.ഡി റോഡ് ഡിവിഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട.
- 7) ഡോ.ജ്യോതിഷ് ബാബു കെ, ജില്ലാ മൃഗസംരക്ഷണ വകുപ്പ് ഓഫീസർ, പത്തനംതിട്ട
- 8) ശ്രീമതി. അനിതാ പി.ഐ, എ.ഇ.ഒ, കോഴഞ്ചേരി
 - 9) ശ്രീമതി, നൈസി റഹ്മാൻ, ജില്ലാ കോ-ഓർഡിനേറ്റർ, ശുചിൽ മിഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - 10) ശ്രീ. ഉല്ലാസ് ജി, അസി, ജില്ലാ പ്ലാനിംങ് ഓഫീസർ, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - 11) ശ്രീ. അനിൽ കുമാർ എസ്, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, പന്തളം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി
 - 12) ശ്രീ. ആർ. കെ. സന്തോഷ്, സബ് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, പോലീസ്, നാർകോട്ടിക് സെൽ, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - 13) ശ്രീ. അജി. ജി, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, അടൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി
 - 14) ശ്രീ. മൂഹമ്മദ് ഫൈസൽ, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ, പത്തനംതിട്ട മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി
 - 15) ശ്രീ. ജോജി ജെയിംസ്, ആർ.എഫ്.ഒ, കോന്നി ഡിവിഷൻ
 - te) ശ്രീ. അനീഷ് എസ്, ഡി.എഫ്.ഒ, റാന്നി ഡിവിഷൻ
 - 17) ശ്രീമതി. വിദ്യാ മോഹൻ, ഓഫീസ് സ്റ്റാഫ്, ഹരിതകേരള മിഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - 18) ശ്രീമതി. സൂചിത്ര വി, പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - 19) ശ്രീമതിപ്രവിതാമോൾ റ്റി.എൻ, അസി. പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട

എ.ഡി.എം യോഗത്തിലേക്ക് എല്ലാവരെയും സ്വാഗതം ചെയ്തു. പരിസ്ഥിതി നിയമ ങ്ങൾ ഫലപ്രദമായി നടപ്പിലാക്കുക എന്ന ഉദ്ദേശത്തോടുകൂടി 06.05.2022 ലാണ് ഈ യോഗം അവസാനമായി കൂടിയതെന്നും, മാലിനു പരിപാലന ചട്ടങ്ങൾ 100 % ഫലപ്രദമായി നടപ്പിലാക്കുന്നതിനായി എല്ലാ വകുപ്പൂകൾക്കും ഉത്തരവാദിത്ഥമുണ്ടെന്നും, ആയത് ഫലപ്ര ദമാക്കുന്നതിനായി എല്ലാ വിഭാഗങ്ങളും ഒത്തു ചേർന്ന് പ്രവർത്തിക്കേണ്ടതായ ആവശുകത യുണ്ടെന്നും, പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക്കിന്റെ ഉപയോഗം നിയന്ത്രണ വിധേയമാക്കാൻ ഇതുവരെയും സാധി ച്ചിട്ടില്ലെന്നും, ആയത് ഫലപ്രദമാക്കുന്നതിന് തദ്ദേശ സ്വയംഭരണ സ്ഥാപനങ്ങളുടെ പങ്ക് വളരെ അധികം പ്രാധാന്യമർഹിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും എ.ഡി.എം അറിയിക്കയുണ്ടായി. ദേശീയഹരിത ട്രൈബ്യൂണൽ 2019 ജനുവരി, ഏപ്രിൽ മാസങ്ങളിൽ പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ച 2 ഉത്ത രവുകളിൽ, ഇത്തരത്തിലുള്ള യോഗങ്ങൾ എല്ലാ ജില്ലയിലും സജീവമായി നടത്തി പുരോഗ തികൾ വിലയിരുത്തണമെന്ന് നിഷ്കർഷിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതിന്റെ അടിസ്ഥാനത്തിലാണ് ഈ യോഗം ചേർന്നിട്ടുള്ളതെന്നും അദ്ദേഹം ആമുഖമായി കൂട്ടിച്ചേർക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

2021 സെപ്റ്റംബർ മാസത്തിൽ ജില്ലാതല പരിസ്ഥിതി പദ്ധതി (DEP) എല്ലാ വകുപ്പു കൾക്കും തയ്യാറാക്കി കൊടുത്തിരുന്നെന്നും ആയതിന്റെ നിലവിലെ പുരോഗതി മെയ് 31 നൂ മൂമ്പായി സമർപ്പിക്കേണ്ടതാണെന്നും എല്ലാ വകുപ്പുകളേയും അറിയിച്ചിരുന്നെന്നും, 2 പേർ മാത്രമാണ് പൂതുക്കിയ വിവരങ്ങൾ സമർപ്പിച്ചതെന്നും, മറ്റാരും നാളിതൂവരെ സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടില്ലയെന്നും, പഞ്ചായത്ത്, മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി എന്നിവർക്കാണ് കൂടുതൽ ചുമതല എന്നും, പുതുക്കിയ വിവരങ്ങൾ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തിയ ജില്ലാ പരിസ്ഥിതി പദ്ധതിയുടെയുടെ ഏകീകരിച്ച റിപ്പോർട്ട് 07.07.2022 ൽ ചീഫ് സെക്രട്ടറിയുടെ യോഗത്തിൽ സമർപ്പിക്കേണ്ടി യിരുന്നതാണെന്നും, പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് അറിയിച്ചു.

- 1) പത്തനംതിട്ട മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി : മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയിൽ മാലിന്യ സംസ്കരണം ഹരിത കർമ്മസേവ വഴി ഫലപ്രദമായ രീതിയിൽ നടക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, പ്രവർത്തന രഹിതമാ യിരുന്ന 40m³ ന്റെ ഒരു ബയോഗ്യാസ് പ്ലാന്റ് പുനർ നിർമ്മിച്ചത് പന്തയിൽ ഉടൻ ഉദ്ഘാടനം നടത്തി പ്രവർത്തനം ആരംഭിക്കുമെന്നും, കൂടാതെ ചന്തയിൽ തന്നെ ഉടൻ ഒരു MCF പ്രവർത്തനം ആരംഭിക്കുമെന്നും, ഒറ്റത്തവണ ഉപയോഗമുള്ള പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് വസ്തുക്കൾ 150 kg മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയിൽ നിന്നും പിടിച്ചെടുത്തെന്നും, ആദ്യ പരിശോധന ആയതിനാൽ പിഴ ഈടാക്കിയില്ല എന്നും മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി അറിയിച്ചു. പത്തനംതിട്ട മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയിൽ നടക്കുന്ന അനധികൃത കശാപ്പിനെതി രായി സ്വീകരിച്ച നടപടിക്കളപ്പറ്റി പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആരാഞ്ഞപ്പോൾ ആയത് പരിശോധിക്കാൻ പ്രത്യേകമായ സ്ക്വാഡ് ശനിയാഴ്ച ദിവസങ്ങളിൽ പ്രവർത്തിക്കു ന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, പെരുന്നാളിനോടനുബന്ധിച്ച് വീടുകളിൽ ചെറിയ രീതിയിലുള്ള അറവ് നടക്കുന്നതിനായി താല്ക്കാലിക അനുമതി നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, മുനിസിപ്പാ ലിറ്റി അറിയിച്ചു. കൂടാതെ DEP യുടെ പുതുക്കിയ റിപ്പോർട്ട് ഉടൻതന്നെ സമർപ്പിച്ചു കൊള്ളാമെന്നും, കൂടിച്ചേർക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.
- 2) അടൂർ മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി : 28 വാർഡുകളിലായി 2 ഹരിതകർമ്മസേനാ അംഗങ്ങൾ വീതം പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, നിലവിൽ മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയിൽ ഓരോ MCF, RRF വീതം പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, പുതുതായി ഓരോ MCF, RRF കളുടെ നിർമ്മാണം പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ആയതിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തനം ഉടൻ ആരംഭിക്കു നതാണെന്നും അറിയിച്ചു. ഒറ്റത്തവണ ഉപയോഗമൂള്ള പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് വസ്തുക്കളുടെ നിരോധനം ഉറപ്പാക്കുന്നതിനായി മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയിൽ 4 സ്ക്വാഡൂകൾ പരിശോധന ആരംഭിച്ചതായും നിലവിൽ പിഴ വാങ്ങിയിട്ടില്ലെന്നും, അടുത്ത പരിശോധന മുതൽ പിഴ ഈടാക്കുന്നതിന തീരുമാനമുണ്ടായിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി കൂട്ടിചേർക്കു കയുണ്ടായി.

- പന്തളം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി : 2021–2022 വാർഷിക പദ്ധതിയിൽ ജൈവ മാലിനു. സംസ്കരണത്തിനായി എയ്റോബിക് ബിൻ കമ്പോസ്റ്റ് യൂണിറ്റും, അജൈവ മാലി നൃത്തിനായി മെറ്റീരിയൽ റീക്കവറി ഫെസിലിറ്റിയും നടപ്പിൽ വരുത്തുന്നതിന് 1166400/- രൂപയുടെ പദ്ധതി തയ്യാറാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ട്. 648 വീടുകളിൽ ജൈവമാലിന്യം ഉറവിടത്തിൽ സംസ്കരിക്കുന്നതിന് ബയോ കമ്പോസ്റ്റ്സ് ബിൻ നൽകുന്ന നടപടി പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചെന്നും, അജൈവമാലിനു ശേഖരണത്തിനായി 66 ഹരിത കർമ്മസേ നയും I MCF ഉം നഗര സഭയിൽ പ്രവർത്തിച്ചുവരുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, തരം തിരിച്ച മാലിനും ക്ലീൻ കേരള കമ്പനി ശേഖരിച്ചു വരുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, മാലിന്യ സംസ്കരണ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ കാര്യക്ഷമമാക്കുന്നതിനായി ഹരിത കർമ്മ സേന അംഗങ്ങളും, കെൽട്രോണും ചേർന്ന് സ്മാർട്ട് ഗാർബേജ് മാനേജ്മെന്റ് സിസ്റ്റം എന്ന പേരിൽ പുതിയ ആപ്ലിക്കേഷൻ നടപ്പിലാക്കുകയും, അതിനായി നഗരസഭ 673000 രൂപ ആദ്യ ഘട്ടത്തിൽ ചെലവഴിക്കുകയും കൂടാതെ എസ്.ബി.എം അർബൻ പ്രോജക്ടിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തി 14900000/- രൂപ ജൈവ മാലിന്യ പ്ലാന്റിനും, ഖരമാലിന്യ പ്ലാന്റിനായി 2500000 രൂപയും വകയിരുത്തി കൗൺസിൽ അംഗീകാരം ലഭ്യമാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. വരുന്ന വർഷങ്ങളിൽ മാലിന്യ സംസ്കരണം 100% നേട്ടം കൈവരിക്കാൻ ആവശ്യമായ നടപടികൾ സ്ഥീകരിക്കുന്നതാണെന്നും മൂനിസിപ്പാലി റ്റിയിൽ നിന്ന് അറിയിച്ചു.
- 4) ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി ഡയറക്ടർ ഓഫ് പഞ്ചായത്ത് : 53 ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലായി നിലവിൽ 54 MCF കളും 675 Mini MCFകളും പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, എല്ലാ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായ ത്തുകളിലും MCFകളിൽ നിന്നുളള മാലിന്യങ്ങളുടെ അളവ് തിട്ടപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിനായി വേയിംങ് മെഷീൻ ഏർപ്പെടുത്തിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി അറിയിച്ചു. കൂടാതെ 1440 ഹരിതകർമ്മസേനാ അംഗങ്ങൾ ഫലപ്രദമായി തന്നെ പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നു ണ്ടെന്നും മെയ് യൂസർ ഫീ ഇനത്തിൽ വീടുകളിൽ നിന്നും മെയ് മാസത്തിൽ 1132195 തുപയും, സ്ഥാപണങ്ങളിൽ നിന്നും 403595 രൂപയും പിരിച്ചെടുത്തി ട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, മെയ് മാസത്തിൽ ഹരിത കർമ്മ സേനക്ക് വേതനം ഇനത്തിൽ 1046819 രൂപ നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അറിയിച്ചു. അതുപോലെ തന്നെ ജൂൺ മാസത്തിൽ യൂസർ ഫീ ഇനത്തിൽ ഉദ്ദേശം 423967 രൂപയും സ്ഥാപനങ്ങളിൽ നിന്ന് 82729 രൂപയും പിരിച്ചെടുത്തെന്നും വേതന ഇനത്തിൽ ഉദ്ദേശം 410454 രൂപ ഹരിതകർമ്മ സേനക്ക് നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്ന് അറിയിച്ചു. മെയ് മാസത്തൽ ക്ലീൻ കേരള കമ്പനിക്ക് 37134 kg പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് മാലിന്യങ്ങൾ നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ജില്ലാ പരിസ്ഥിതി പദ്ധതി യുടെ പുതുക്കിയ റിപ്പോർട്ട് ഉടൻ തന്നെ സമർപ്പിച്ചുകൊള്ളാമെന്നും മൂനീസിപ്പാലിറ്റി കൂട്ടിച്ചേർത്തു.
- 5) ഡി.എഫ്.ഒ, കോന്നി : നിലവിൽ മാലിന്യ നിർമ്മാർജ്ജന ചട്ടങ്ങൾ ലംഘിച്ചതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് കേസുകൾ ഒന്നും രജിസ്റ്റർ ചെയ്തിട്ടില്ലെന്നും, നിരന്തരം പെട്രോളിംഗ് ഊർജ്ജിതമാക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, വനസംരക്ഷണ സമിതിയുമായി ചേർന്ന് മാലിന്യ മുക്ത ക്യാമ്പയിൻ എല്ലാ വർഷവും കുറഞ്ഞത് 2 തവണ എങ്കിലും എല്ലാ റേഞ്ചുക ളിലും നടത്തുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, സ്കൂൾ/കോളേജ് വിദ്യാർത്ഥികൾ സ്വമേധയാ ക്യാമ്പ യിനിങ് നടത്താറുണ്ടെന്നും, അടവി എക്കോ ടൂറിസം, കോന്നി ആനക്കൂട് പോലെ

യുള്ള വിനോദ സഞ്ചാര മേഖലകളിലെ ചെറിയ രീതിയിലുള്ള മാലിനൃ നിക്ഷേപങ്ങൾ ജീവനക്കാരുടെയും, വനം സംരക്ഷണ സമിതിയുടെയും നേതൃത ത്തിൽ നിർമ്മാർജ്ജനം ചെയ്യുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, കൂടാതെ കൂടുതൽ പരിശോധനക്കായി കടുവക്കൂഴിയിലെ ജനറൽ ചെക്പോസ്റ്റിലും മറ്റും നിരീക്ഷണ ക്യാമറകൾ പ്രവർത്തി ക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും അറിയിച്ചു.

- 6) പോലീസ് ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെന്റ് : വാഹനത്തിൽ മാലിന്യങ്ങൾ കൊണ്ടുവന്ന് തോട്ടിലേക്ക് നിക്ഷേപിക്കുന്നതിന് അടൂരിൽ ഒരു വ്യക്തിക്കെതിരെ കേസെടുത്ത വിവരം അറിയിച്ചു. ഉപ്പറേഷിണിയുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് ശബ്ദമലിനീകരണം ഉണ്ടാകുന്നു വെന്ന പരാതികൾ കൂടുതൽ ഫലപ്പദമായി അന്വേഷിക്കുന്നതിനായി സൗണ്ട് ലെവൽ മീറ്റർ വാങ്ങി ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്നതിനായി ബോർഡിന്റെ നേതൃത്വത്തിൽ സംസ്ഥാന തലത്തിൽ പരിശീലനം നൽകിയിരുന്നുവെന്നും, പിന്നീട് ആയതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട വിവരങ്ങൾ ഒന്നുംതന്നെ അറിയാൻ സാധിച്ചിട്ടില്ലായെന്നും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ അഭിപ്രായപ്പെട്ടു.
- 2) ഡെപ്പൂട്ടി ഡയറക്ടർ ഓഫ് എഡ്യൂക്കേഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട: ജൂൺ 5 ലോക പരിസ്ഥിതി ദിനത്തിൽ സ്കൂൾ തലത്തിൽ വിദ്യാർത്ഥികൾക്കും ക്ഷിതാക്കൾക്കും പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് നിർമ്മാർജ്ജനവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് ബോധവൽക്കരണ ക്ലാസൂകൾ നടത്തിയ വിവരം അറിയിച്ചു.
- 6) പി.ഡബ്ല്യൂ.ഡി ബിൽഡിംഗ് ഡിവിഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ടം KSRTC പത്തനംതിട്ട ബസ് സ്റ്റാൻഡിലെ STP നിർമ്മാണം പൂരോഗതിയിലാണെന്നും കോഴഞ്ചേരി ജില്ലാ ആശൂപ ത്രിയിലെ STP യുടെ നിർമ്മാണം പൂർത്തിയായെന്നും ജില്ലാ ജയിലിൽ STP നിർമ്മി ക്കുന്നതിനായുള്ള അനുമതി ഇതുവരെയും ലഭിച്ചിട്ടില്ല എന്നും അറിയിച്ചു Construction and Demolition of Waste ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിന്റെ വിശദാംശം പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടപ്പോൾ ആയത് സംബന്ധിച്ച നിർദ്ദേശം ഇതുവരേയും ലഭി ച്ചിട്ടില്ലെന്നാണ് അറിയിച്ചത്.
- 9) എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ, പമ്പയുടെ DPR സമർപ്പിച്ചിരി ക്കുകയാണെന്നും, final DPR നൂ വേണ്ടി work നടക്കുകയാണെന്നും, മണിമലയുടെ e-flow study ചെയ്ത് റിപ്പോർട്ട് സമർപ്പിച്ചതായും, പമ്പയുടെ e-flow study നടന്നുകൊ ണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാണന്നും അറിയിച്ചു.
- 10) ശൂചിത്വ മിഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട : 44 പഞ്ചായത്തുകളിൽ സ്ഥിരമായും, 9 പഞ്ചായ ത്തുകളിൽ താൽക്കാലികമായും MCF കൾ പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും 9 മുനിസിപ്പാ ലിറ്റികളിൽ, അടൂർ, പത്തനംതിട്ട, തിരുവല്ല മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റികളിൽ 2 MCF കളും പന്തളം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയിൽ 1 MCF ഉം പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, ഇലന്തൂർ, മല്ലപ്പള്ളി, പന്തളം ബ്ലോക്ക് പഞ്ചായത്തൂകളിൽ നിലവിൽ RRF ഉണ്ടെന്നും പറക്കോട് നിർമ്മാണം പൂർത്തിയായി മെഷിനറി വാങ്ങിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, കോന്നിയിൽ മെഷി നറി വാങ്ങുന്നതിനുള്ള പ്രോജക്ടുകൾ തയ്യാറാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ശൂചിത്വ മിഷൻ

അറിയിച്ചു. കൂടാതെ SBM ഗ്രാമീൺ ഫണ്ട് ഉപയോഗിച്ച് പ്രോജക്ടുകൾ ഏറ്റെടു ക്കാൻ പഞ്ചായത്തുകൾക്ക് നിർദ്ദേശം നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, SBM - urban project എന്ന പേരിൽ മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റികളിലും 12 ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലുമായി ഹരിതകർമ്മ ണ്ടെന്നും 4 മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റികളിലും 12 ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളിലുമായി ഹരിതകർമ്മ സേനയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം കൂടുതൽ ഫലപ്രദമാക്കുന്നതിനായി ഹരിതമിത്രം ആപ്പ് കെൽട്രോണിന്റെ നേതൃയത്തിൽ ഉടൻ ആരംഭിക്കുമെന്നും ആയതിന്റെ സംസ്ഥാന തലത്തിലുള്ള പരിശീലനം പൂർത്തിയായെന്നും കൂടാതെ മലിനജലം ഉറവിടത്തിൽ തന്നെ സംസ്ക്കരിക്കുന്നതിനായി തദ്ദേശ സ്വയംഭേപണ സ്ഥാപനങ്ങൾക്ക് നിർദ്ദേശം നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും SBM ഗ്രാമീൺ ഫൺ വഴി അംഗൻവാടികളിലും, സ്കൂളുക ളിലും, ഹോസ്പിറ്റലുകളിലും വദ്ധതികൾ ഏറ്റെടുത്ത് സോക്ക്പിറ്റുകൾ നിർമ്മിക്കു നതിനുള്ള നിർദേശങ്ങൾ നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ശൂപിത്ര മിഷൻ അറിയിച്ചു.

- 1) മൃഗസംരക്ഷണ വകുപ്പ് : 61 മൃഗസംരക്ഷണ സ്ഥാപനങ്ങളിൽ 33 സ്ഥാപനങ്ങൾ ഇമേജുമായി കരാറിലേർപ്പെടുന്നതിനായി അപേക്ഷിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, അവയിൽ 20 എണ്ണത്തിന് അംഗീകാരം ലഭിച്ചെന്നും 13 എണ്ണം പ്രോസസ്സിംഗിലാണെന്നും, KEIL മായി കാരാറിൽ എർപ്പെടുന്നതിന് 25 സ്ഥാപനങ്ങൾ അപേക്ഷിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, 10 എണ്ണത്തിന് അംഗീകാരം ലഭിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അനുമതിക്കായി ബന്ധപ്പെടുമ്പോൾ KEIL ൽ നിന്നുള്ള പ്രതികരണം മോശമാണെന്നും 3 മാസത്തിനകം എല്ലാ സ്ഥാപന ങ്ങൾക്കും IMAGE/KEIL മായി കരാറിൽ ഏർപ്പെടുന്നതിനുള്ള നടപടിക്രമങ്ങൾ പൂർത്തിയാക്കിക്കൊള്ളാമെന്നും, മൃഗസംരക്ഷണ വകുപ്പ് അറിയിച്ചു. ലാബുകൾ ഉള്ള സ്ഥാപനങ്ങളിലെ മാലിന്വ സംസ്കരണത്തെപ്പറ്റി പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ അമ്പേച്ചിപ്പോൾ മഞ്ഞാടിയിൽ മാത്രമാണ് ലബോറെട്ടറി സൗകര്യം ഉള്ളതെന്നും അവിടെ നിന്നുള്ള മാലിനൃങ്ങൾ സംസ്കരിക്കുന്നതിനായി അവിടെ തന്നെ സംവിധാ നങ്ങൾ ഉണ്ടെന്നും മറുപടി നൽകുകയുണ്ടായി.
- 12) പിഡബ്ല്യൂഡി, റോഡ് ഡിവിഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട : 2017-2022 വരെ 126 MT shredded (പൊടിച്ച) പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക്മാലിന്യങ്ങൾ ഉപയോഗിച്ച് റോഡ് നിർമ്മിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്ന് അറിയിച്ചു
- 13) ഡി.പി.ഒ: നേരിട്ട് മാലിനു മുക്തവോമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളിൽ എർപ്പെ ടൂന്നില്ലെന്നും, തദ്ദേശ സ്വയംഭരണ സ്ഥാപനങ്ങൾ നിശ്ചിത ശതമാനം തുക മാലിനു സംസ്കരണക്കിന് ചിലവഴിക്കുന്നതിനായി വകയിരുത്തുന്നുണ്ടോ എന്ന് പരിശോധി ക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, മാലിനു മുക്ത ജില്ല എന്ന രീതിയിൽ എല്ലാ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തു കളും ബ്ലോക്ക് പഞ്ചായത്തുകളും മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റികളും സംയുക്തമായി ചേർന്ന് ഒരു പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് പദ്ധതി കഴിഞ്ഞ വർഷം ആരംഭിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അത് ഈ വർഷവും തുടരാനാണ് ഡി.ഡി.പി യുടെ തീരുമാനമെന്നും അറിയിച്ചു. മാലിനു മുക്തവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് എല്ലാ തദ്ദേശ സ്വയംഭരണ സ്ഥാപനങ്ങളും പദ്ധതികൾ പ്പറ്റെടുക്കണ മെന്ന ഡി.ഡി.പി യുടെ തീരുമാനമെന്നും അറിയിച്ചു. മാലിനു മുക്തവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് എല്ലാ തദ്ദേശ സ്വയംഭരണ സ്ഥാപനങ്ങളും പദ്ധതികൾ പ്പറ്റെടുക്കണ മെന്ന ഡി.ഡി.പി യുടെ കർശന നിർദ്ദേശം പാലിക്കപ്പെടുന്നുണ്ടോ എന്നത് പരിശോ ധിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, എല്ലാ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തുകളം CFT ഫണ്ടിന്റെ 60% ശുചിതും, കുടിവെള്ളം എന്നീ വിഭാഗങ്ങൾക്കായി വകയിരുത്തുന്നുണ്ടോ എന്നതും പരിശോധി ക്യാനുണ്ടെന്നും ഡി.പി.ഒ അറിയിച്ചു.

- 14) ഹരിതകേരള മിഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട : ഹരിത കർമ്മ സേനയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ വിലയിരുത്തുന്നതിനായി അവലോകന യോഗങ്ങൾ ചേരുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും ചെറുകോൽ പഞ്ചായത്തിൽ പ്രകോപനങ്ങളൊന്നുമില്ലാതെ ഒരു വ്യക്തി പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് മാലിന്യങ്ങൾ കൂടുതലായി നിക്ഷേപിച്ചിരുന്ന ഒരു മിനി MCF കത്തിച്ചതായുള്ള പരാതി ആറന്മുള സ്റ്റേഷനിൽ ചെറുകോൽ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ നിന്നും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ഇതേ പരാതി ഹരിതകർമ്മ സേനയുടെ ജില്ലാ കോർഡിനേറ്റർ വഴി എസ്.പി ഓഫീസിലൂം, കളക്ട്രേറ്റിലും നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.
- 15) ഡി.എഫ്.ഒ, റാന്നി: പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് ശേഖരണം നടക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, ഒരു വർഷത്തിനിട യിൽ 766 kg പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് ശേഖരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും കഴിഞ്ഞമാസം മാത്രം 21 kg ശേഖരിച്ചിട്ടു ണ്ടെന്നും മറ്റ് കേസുകൾ എടുക്കേണ്ട സാഹചര്യങ്ങൾ ഒന്നും തന്നെ നിലവിൽ വന്നിട്ടില്ലായെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

തറഴെപറയുന്ന അംഗങ്ങൾ യോഗത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുത്തിട്ടില്ലാത്തതാകുന്നു.

- ലീഗൽ സർവ്വീസ് അതോറിറ്റി, പത്തനംതിട്ട
- മ) തിരുവല്ല മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി

ജില്ലാ പരിസ്ഥിതി പദ്ധതിയുടെ പുതൂക്കിയ റിപ്പോർട്ട് എല്ലാ വകുപ്പുകളും സമയബന്ധി തമായി തന്നെ നൽകുന്നതിൽ പാളിച്ച വരുത്താൻ പാടില്ല എന്നും ADM നിർദ്ദേശിച്ചു.

യോഗത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുത്ത എല്ലാവർക്കും എ.ഡി.എം നന്ദി അറിയിച്ചു.

യോഗം 12.30 പി.എം ന് അവസാനിച്ചു.

അഡിഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസര്യട്ടറ്റ്

സെഎട്ടി മളക്ടർ അത്തിം അധിഷങ്ങൽ സിന്നിട്ടിന്റെ മല്സിട്ടേഗ്ഗ പത്തനംയിട്ട 08.07.2022 ൽ Polluted River Stretches മായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് പത്തനംതിട്ട കളക്ട്രേറ്റ് കോൺഫറൻസ് ഹാളിൽ വെച്ച് നടത്തിയ DLTC മീറ്റിംഗിന്റെ മിനിട്ട്സ്.

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, ശ്രീ. ബി. രാധാകൃഷ്ണൻ അവർകളുടെ അദ്ധ്യക്ഷത യിൽ ജൂലൈ മാസത്തെ അവലോകനയോഗം 11.35 am ന് ആരംഭിച്ചു. യോഗത്തിൽ താഴെപ്പറ യൂന്നവർ പങ്കെടുത്തു.

- ശ്രീ. ബി. രാധാകൃഷ്ണൻ അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
- ശ്രീ. പി. എസ്. കോശി എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട

5) ശ്രീ. എസ്. വിജയ്

7) ശ്രീ. അനസ് വൈ

8) ശ്രീ, മധു എര. പി

e) ശ്രീഫരികുമാർ എൻ,

ഭാര് പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യാന് പ്രത്യാന് പ്രത്യാന് പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യ പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യം പ്രത് പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യ പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യ പ്രത്ത്യം പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യായ പ്രത്യം പ പ്രത്യം പ്രത പ്രത്യം പാനം പ്ര പ്രത്യം പ പ്രത്യം പ പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം പ്രത്യം

10) ശ്രീ. അരൂൺദാസ് ബി

- 3) ശ്രീമതി. സൂചിത്ര വി പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
- 4) ശ്രീമതി, പ്രവിതാമോൾ റ്റി.എൻ അസി, പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, പത്തനംതിട്ടം
 - സെക്രട്ടറി, നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്
 - -അസി.സെക്രട്ടറി, മാന്നാർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്
 - സെക്രട്ടറി, കപ്രെ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്
 - ജൂനിയർ സൂപ്രണ്ട്, ഡി.ഡി.പി, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - ജില്ലാ കോ-ഓർഡിനേറ്റർ, ശൂചിത്വ മിഷൻ
 - ഹൈഡോ ജിയോളജിസ്റ്റ്, ഭൂജലവകുപ്പ്

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, പത്തനാതിട്ട, എല്ലാവരേയും യോഗത്തിലേക്ക് സ്വാഗതം ചെയ്തു. തുടർന്ന് കർമ്മ പദ്ധതികളുടെ പുരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്തി.

പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് കർമ്മ പദ്ധതി പ്രകാരം ബോർഡ് സ്വീകരിച്ചുവരുന്ന നടപടികളെപ്പറ്റി വിശദീകരിച്ചു. മലിനീകരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദീഭാഗങ്ങ ളുടെ കർമ്മപദ്ധതിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുന്ന മാന്നാർ മൂതൽ തകഴി വരെയുള്ള സ്റ്റേഷനുകളിൽ നിന്ന് ഏല്ലാ മാസവും സാമ്പിളുകൾ ശേഖരിച്ച് പരിശോധന നടത്തി വരുന്നതായും, പരിശോധ നാഹലം അനുസരിച്ച് ഈ സ്റ്റേഷനുകളിൽ ഗുണനിലവാരം ഉയർന്നിട്ടുള്ളതായും, കുടാതെ നദികളിൽ ജലം കുറവുള്ള സമയത്തും, പരിശോധനാഫലം അനുവദനീയ പരിധിക്കുള്ളി ലായിരുന്നുവെന്നും അതിനാൽ മലിനീകരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദീഭാഗങ്ങളുടെ പട്ടികയിൽ നിന്നും ഒഴിവാക്കണമെന്ന ആവശ്യം RRC ക്കു മൂമ്പിൽ അവതരിപ്പിക്കാമെന്നും അഭിപ്രായപ്പെട്ടു. എന്നാൽ കർമ്മപദ്ധതി പ്രകാരം എടുക്കുന്ന തീരുമാനങ്ങൾ പലതും നടപ്പിലാക്കിയിട്ടില്ലാ യെന്നും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു.

നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ ഖരമാലിനു സംസ്കരണത്തിനായി പ്രത്യേകം സംവിധാ നങ്ങൾ ഇല്ലെന്നും, വീടുകളിൽ നിന്നുള്ള മാലിനു ശേഖരണം മാത്രമാണ് ഉള്ളതെന്നും, MCF എല്ലാ വാർഡിലും ഉണ്ടെന്നും, RRF ബ്ലോക്ക് തലത്തിൽ മാത്രമേ പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നു ള്ളെന്നും സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു. നിരണം പഞ്ചായത്ത് ടൂറിസ്റ്റ് കേന്ദ്രമല്ലായെന്നും, നദിയി ലേക്ക് മാലിനുമൊഴുക്കുന്നത് ശ്രദ്ധയിൽപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ഉടനെ നടപടി സ്വീകരിക്കുന്ന താണെന്നും, വിവാഹം പോലുള്ള പൊതു ചടങ്ങുകളിൽ നിന്നുള്ള മലിനീകരണ പ്രശ്ന ങൾ ഉണ്ടാകുന്നതായും സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു. കൂടാതെ തൊഴിലുറപ്പ് പദ്ധതി പ്രകാരം പത്തോളം തോടുകൾ മെഷിനറി ഉപയോഗിച്ച് വൃത്തിയാക്കുന്നതായും സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു.

കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ MCF നന്നായി പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, STP നിലവിൽ ഇല്ലായെന്നും, door to door collection നന്നായി പോകുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, ജൂൺ 28 വരെ 1.46 ടൺ അജൈവ മാലിന്യങ്ങൾ ക്ലീൻ കേരള കമ്പനിക്കു കൈമാറിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, മാലിനു ങ്ങൾ നദികളിൽ ഒഴുക്കിവിടരുതെന്നാവശൃപ്പെട്ട് വീടുകളിലും, കടകളിലും നോട്ടീസ് വിത രണം ചെയ്തിട്ടുള്ളതായും സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു.

മാന്നാർ പഞ്ചായത്തിൽ നിലവിൽ STP ഇല്ലായെന്നും, ഹരിതകർമ്മ സേന വഴി പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് മാലിന്യങ്ങൾ ശേഖരിച്ച് ക്ലീൻ കേരള കമ്പനിക്ക് കൈമാറൂന്നതായും, മറ്റുള്ള മാലി നൃങ്ങൾ വീടുകളിൽ വച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ബയോകമ്പോസ്റ്റ് ബിൻ ഉപയോഗിച്ച് നീക്കം ചെയ്യുന്ന രായും അസി. സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു.

ഇറിശേഷൻ വകുപ്പിൽ, പമ്പാനദിയുടെ നവീകരണവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട DPR ന് അനു മതി ലഭിച്ചിട്ടില്ലായെന്നും, e-flow assessment നടക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും, കൂടാതെ നദിയിൽ നിക്ഷേ പിക്കപ്പെട്ട പാറയും, പെളിയും, മണ്ണും നീക്കം ചെയ്യുന്നതായും, സംരക്ഷണ വേലി നിർമ്മാണം, ക്യാമറ സ്ഥാപിക്കൽ തുടങ്ങിയവ DPR ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും എന്നാൽ അനുമതി ലഭിക്കാത്തതിനാൽ നടപ്പിലാക്കിയിട്ടില്ലെന്നും എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു.

ഭൂഗർഭ ജലവിലവ വകുപ്പിൽ 13 റീച്ചാർജ്ജ് പൂർത്തിയായെന്നൂം 5 എണ്ണത്തിന് പുതുതായി എസ്റ്റിമേറ്റ് എടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, മഴവെള്ള സംഭരണം നടക്കുന്നില്ലായെന്നും, മൂന്നുമാസം കൂടുമ്പോൾ ജല സാമ്പിളുകൾ ശേഖരിച്ച് പരിശോധന നടത്തിവരുന്നതായും ഹൈഡ്രോ ജിയോളജിസ്റ്റ് അറിയിച്ചു. താഴെപറയുന്ന വകുപ്പുകൾ യോഗത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുത്തിട്ടില്ലാത്തതാകുന്നു.

- കേരള വാട്ടർ അതോറിറ്റി, പത്തനംതിട്ട.
- ജില്ലo വ്യാവസായിക വകുപ്പ് പത്തനംതിട്ട

യോഗത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുത്ത എല്ലാവർക്കും പരിസ്ഥിതി എങ്ങിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് നന്ദി അറിയിച്ചു.

യോഗം 11.55 ന് അവസാനിച്ചു.

8 8 അഡിഷണൽ ജില്ലാ ക്ഷിസര്യട്ടറ്റ റെറ്റുള്ള് കളക്ടപ് (പോപ്)ര് അഡ്ഡ്ക്ൺൻ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്റ്റ് മയിസ്ട്രേറ്റ് പ്രാതംവിട്ട് തോംഗ്രം



Minutes of the RRC meeting held on 15.07.2022 by Additional Chief Secretary, Environment in the matter of NGT Order in O.A.No.673 of 2018

The RRC meeting via VC commenced at 3.30 pm with ACS, Environment Department presiding. Director, Urban Affairs, MD. KWA, Joint Director, Industries Department, Supt. Engineer, Irrigation Dept, Central Circle, Supt. Engineer, Irrigation Dept, Palakkad, and MS, KSPCB attended the meeting. The following matters were discussed and decisions were taken

1. Thrissur Corporation- Decentralized Sewage Treatment Scheme-The Director, DUA informed that a committee was constituted for evaluating the land issue and the committee will take a decision and submit report next week. He assured that the matter will be followed up.

(Action. Director, DUA)

2. Guruvayur Municipality -100 KLD Septage treatment plant at Chakkamkandam-

MD, KWA informed that A.S received from RKI for the construction of dilution tank and connected work in Guruvayoor STP for Rs 36 Lakhs on 23.6.2022. The process of issuing TS is in progress. TS will be issued by next week itself.

(Action- MD, KWA, Director, DUA)

3. Kozhikode Corporation- Sewarage system in Zone A- Package (a) & Zone A-Package (b)-

The Director, Urban Affairs informed that preliminary works have begun with the assistance of Police force. Nil progress is achieved except certain preliminary works like soil testing etc for which permission was granted by Hon'ble High Court of Kerala. ACS reminded to follow up the matter as per decision taken in the CS meetings.

(Action. Director, DUA)

4. STP at Yakkara, Palakkad-

KWA is moving forward with the re-tender procedures as the contractors selected in the earlier work have shown their reluctance to go with the project. Also referred a High Court case waiting for judgement. The case was heard by the Hon'ble High Court on 20.6.2022 and reserved for final judgement. Site visiting and meeting were conducted with Consultant on 08/07/22 and the consultant has agreed to give the necessary drawing & documents for submitting application to the KSPCB for consent to establish.

(Action-Director, DUA, KWA)

5. CETP-Edayar-

Joint Director, Industries informed that Administrative Sanction for the construction of Edayar CETP for 37.5 cr has been issued on 21.5.2022 and action is being taken to issue T.S and for tendering the work. DPR preparation is entrusted to KWA. MD, KWA informed that O & M(Operation and maintenance) is executed for one year only. Subsequent O & M can be executed based on the pollutants only. O & M shall be executed every year by Industries Department or CETP, Edayar with KWA as being done in the case of STP at Muttathara. Joint Director replied that action in this regard will be taken after communication is received from KWA. ACS asked MD, KWA to issue letter to Industries Dept. in this regard. M.S, KSPCB reported that District office of the Board has taken action to identify the polluting industries. Further action will be initiated at the earliest.

(Action- Director, Industries, Director, Urban Affairs, MD, KWA, M.S, KSPCB)

6. CETP-Aroor-

Counter affidavit was filed in WP(C)29163/2021 filed by JIS International Exports. Joint Director, Industries Dept. informed that the case was heard on 28.06.2022 by the Hon'ble High Court but no decision was taken. Next posting is in the next week. ACS directed to follow up the case.

(Action-Director, Industries, M.D,KWA)

7. CSTP-Kureepuzha & Elamkulam

Kureepuzha

MD, Kerala Water Authority informed that 62 % of the work has been completed. The slow progress of work is due to the water level in the area. Maximum effort is being taken to complete the construction in September 2022 itself. Land proposed for administrative building, generator room, lab etc not yet received from Corporation. Director, DUA informed that the file in connection with the land issue is pending with the Govt. MD, KWA requested to make available land for the construction of administrative block for the operation of the plant. ACS directed the LSGIs to take up the matter in consultation with KWA.

Elamkulam

M.D. KWA also informed that almost 92% of the work has been completed except electric connection. The capacity of the new plant is 4.5 MLD. An existing plant of 3 MLD is already functioning at the same place. The sewer network of the existing plant will carry 3 MLD waste water to the new plant. Proposal has been prepared for the balance 1.7 MLD. Further action will be initiated once the sanction is received. This will cater the waste water of nearby 3-4 wards on the western side of the plant. After commissioning the new plant the old existing plant will be dismantled and it is proposed to construct a 15 MLD plant at that place.

(Action, Director, DUA, M.D , KWA)

8. Karamana sewer network-

MD, KWA informed that the draft DPR of 6 wards received from M/s REPL , many discrepencies were found hence terminated the contract. KWA has taken action to prepare DPRs internally with prority for 19 abutting wards. DPR for 4 wards are under scrutiny. Will come to a conclusion on how it can be completed, within one month. ACS asked MD, KWA to review the matter and shall fix a time frame for the completion of the same.

(Action - M.D KWA, Director, DUA)9. Eviction of encroachment of rivers & e-flow calculation-

C.E, Irrigation has assigned 44 EEs to identify encroachments and to take action to evict encroachment. Supt. Engineer, Central Circle informed that no such encroachment found in connection with Periyar River. The encroachment in Puzhakkal river has been identified and the details were forwarded to Thahsildar, Thalappally Taluk. Supt. Engineer, Palakkad Circle informed that e- flow details of 8 rivers in that region has been submitted. Out of 10 rivers in that region, 8 achieved the bathing quality. Kallayi and Kuttiyadi are yet to achieve the quality. Action was already initiated to rejuvenate the rivers. No encroachments were reported till date. Survey has been started near Tirur river. ACS directed to submit compliance report from all the regions and also asked MS, KSPCB to discuss the matter with CEE, Irrigation.

(Action- C.E, Irrigation, M.S, KSPCB)

10. Financial assistance from Ministry of Jal Shakthi :

MD. KWA informed that the proposal for financial assistance from MoJS under NRCP are being progressed. ACS asked to submit the details to NRCD at the earliest.(Action- M.D, KWA)

11. Polluted river stretches:

MS,KSPCB informed that out of the 21 Polluted River Stretches (PRS), 10 rivers achieved water quality. The monthly progress report of the PRS those not achieved bathing quality was presented by the MS. ACS asked Director, DUA to look into the matter and asked MS to share the details with the officials concerned.(Action- MS KSPCB & DUA)

12. STP Projects in 28 ULBs

ACS asked to update the progress in this regard.

(Action- M.D, KWA, DUA)

Meeting ended at 4 p.m.

DR VENU V I A S ADDITIONAL CHIEF SECRETARY O/O ACS ENVIRONMENT

20.09.2022 ൽ Polluted River Stretches മായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് പത്തനംതിട്ട കളക്ട്രേറ്റ് കോൺഫറൻസ് ഹാളിൽ വെച്ച് നടത്തിയ DLTC മീറ്റിംഗിന്റെ മിനിട്ട്സ്.

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, ശ്രീ. ബി. രാധാകൃഷ്ണൻ അവർകളുടെ അദ്ധ്യക്ഷത യിൽ സെപ്റ്റംബർ മാസത്തെ അവലോകനയോഗം 11.50 am ന് ആരംഭിച്ചു. യോഗത്തിൽ താഴെപ്പറയുന്നവർ പങ്കെടുത്തു.

- അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - അസി. പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - ഇൻഡസ്ട്രീസ് എക്സ്റ്റൻഷൻ ഓഫീസർ, ജില്ലാ വ്യവസായ വകുപ്പ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട

- സെക്രട്ടറി, നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് -അസി.സെക്രട്ടറി, മാന്നാർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് - ജൂനിയർ സൂപ്രണ്ട്, ഡി.ഡി.പി, പത്തനംതിട്ട - ജില്ലാ കോ-ഓർഡിനേറ്റർ, ശുചിത്വ മിഷൻ

- 1) ശ്രീ. ബി. രാധാകൃഷ്ണൻ
- 2) ശ്രീ. പി. എസ്. കോശി
- 3) ശ്രീമതി. സുചിത്ര വി
- 4) ശ്രീമതി. പ്രവിതാമോൾ റ്റി.എൻ
- 5) ശ്രീമതി. ജനിഷ എസ്. മുഹമ്മദ്
- 6) ശ്രീ. എസ്. വിജയ്
- 7) ശ്രീ.ഹരികുമാർ എൻ.
- 8) ശ്രീ. ജിനു എബ്രഹാം
- 9) ശ്രീമതി. നൈസി റഹ്മാൻ
- 10) ശ്രീ. അരുൺദാസ് ബി

- ഹൈഡ്രോ ജിയോളജിസ്റ്റ്, ഭൂജലവകുപ്പ്

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട, എല്ലാവരേയും യോഗത്തിലേക്ക് ചെയ്തു. തുടർന്ന് എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, സ്വാഗതം മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ പദ്ധതിയുടെ പുരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്തി.

പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് കർമ്മ പദ്ധതി പ്രകാരം ബോർഡ് സ്വീകരിച്ചുവരുന്ന നടപടികളെപ്പറ്റി വിശദീകരിച്ചു. മലിനീകരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദീഭാഗങ്ങ ളുടെ കർമ്മപദ്ധതിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുന്ന മാന്നാർ മുതൽ തകഴി വരെയുള്ള സ്റ്റേഷനുകളിൽ നിന്ന് എല്ലാ മാസവും സാമ്പിളുകൾ ശേഖരിച്ച് പരിശോധന നടത്തി വരുന്നതായും, പരിശോധ നാഫലം അനുസരിച്ച് പരാമീറ്ററുകൾ എല്ലാം പരിധിക്കുള്ളിലാണെന്നും അതിനാൽ മലിനീ കരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദീഭാഗങ്ങളുടെ പട്ടികയിൽ നിന്നും ഒഴിവാക്കാൻ കേന്ദ്ര ഓഫീസിൽ നിന്നും ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുണ്ടെന്ന് പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു.

囊

കർമ്മ പദ്ധതി പ്രകാരമുള്ള പുരോഗതി റിപ്പോർട്ട് എല്ലാ മാസവും 10–ാം തീയതിക്കു മുമ്പ് തരേണ്ടതാണെന്നും, പഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ ഇതിൽ താമസം വരുത്തുന്നതായും, ഭൂജല വകുപ്പ്, ഇറിഗേഷൻ എന്നീ വകുപ്പുകൾ മാത്രമേ പറഞ്ഞ തീയതിക്കു മുമ്പ് അയച്ചു തരുന്നുള്ളൂവെന്നും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു. കോഴഞ്ചേരി പഞ്ചായത്തിൽ ഒഴുകുന്ന പൊങ്ങനാംതോട്ടിലേക്ക് പൈപ്പുകൾ വച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ഇത് പമ്പാ കൂടി നദിയിലേക്ക് എത്തിച്ചേരുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും ജലപരിശോധന നടത്തിയതിൽ കോളിഫോം സാന്നിധ്യം കൂടുതലാണെന്നും ഇത് സംബന്ധിച്ച് പഞ്ചായത്തിലേക്ക് കത്ത് അയച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെങ്കിലും, മറുപടി ഒന്നും തന്നിട്ടില്ലായെന്നും, അതിനാൽ DDP എത്രയും പെട്ടന്ന് ഇതിന്മേൽ ഒരു നടപടിയെടുക്കണമെന്നും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു.

(നടപടി : DDP)

നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ MCF എല്ലാ വാർഡിലും ഉണ്ടെന്നും, RRF ബ്ലോക്ക് തല ത്തിൽ പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുള്ളെന്നും മാത്രമേ door collection to door നന്നായി നടക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു. രണ്ടു മാസത്തിനു മുമ്പ് ഒരു സ്വകാര്യ വ്യക്തിയുടെ നിന്നും വീട്ടിൽ മലിനജലം നദിയിലേക്ക് ഒഴുകുന്നതായി ശ്രദ്ധിയിൽപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ഇതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് പോലീസിൽ പരാതി നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, അയാൾ ഇപ്പോൾ ഇവിടെ താമസമില്ലാത്തതിനാൽ മലിനജലം നദിയിലേക്ക് ഒഴുക്കുന്നില്ലായെന്നും സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു.

(നടപടി : സെക്രട്ടറി, നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)

നദിയിലേക്ക് മലിനജലം ഒഴുക്കുന്നത് നിർത്തിയെന്ന് ഉറപ്പുവരുത്തി റിപ്പോർട്ട് ചെയ്തതിനു ശേഷം ഈ പരാതി അവസാനിപ്പിച്ചാൽ മതിയെന്ന് എ.ഡി.എം അഭിപ്രായപ്പെട്ടു.

മാന്നാർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് പരിശോധന നല്ല രീതിയിൽ നടന്നു വരുന്നതായും ഏകദേശം 16,000 രൂപയോളം പിഴ അടപ്പിച്ചതായും, അസി.സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു. കൂടാതെ നദികളിലേക്ക് മലിനജലം ഒഴുക്കുന്ന സ്ഥാപനങ്ങൾക്കെതിരെയുള്ള പരാതിയിന്മേൽ നടപടി സ്വീകരിച്ചു വരുന്നതായും അസി.സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു.

ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിൽ, e-flow assessment മായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട കണക്കെടുപ്പ് കഴിഞ്ഞുവെന്നും പത്തനംതിട്ട ജില്ലയിൽ കൂടി ഒഴുകുന്ന വിവിധ നദികളിൽ പമ്പ 57%, അച്ചൻകോവിൽ 87%, മണിമല 41% എന്നിങ്ങനെ നദിയുടെ desilting work നടന്നു വരുന്നതായും മറ്റു വർക്കുകൾക്ക് സബ്മിഷൻ നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ അറിയിച്ചു. ഭൂഗർഭ ജലവിഭവ വകുപ്പിൽ 13 റീച്ചാർജ്ജിന് പുതുതായി നിർദ്ദേശം കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, നേരത്തേ കൊടുത്തതിൽ 5 എണ്ണത്തിന് അനുമതി ലഭിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ബാക്കി വർക്ക് ടെണ്ടർ ചെയ്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, കൂടാതെ 25.85 ലക്ഷം രൂപ റീചാർജ്ജിന് എസ്റ്റിമേറ്റ് കൊടുത്തുവെന്നും ഹൈഡ്രോ ജിയോളജിസ്റ്റ് അറിയിച്ചു.

മീറ്റിംഗിൽ പങ്കെടുക്കാത്ത വകുപ്പുകൾക്ക് വിശദീകരണം ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടുകൊണ്ട് കത്ത് അയക്കണമെന്ന് മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിനോട് എ.ഡി.എം ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു.

താഴെപ്പറയുന്ന വകുപ്പുകൾ യോഗത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുത്തിട്ടില്ലാത്തതാകുന്നു.

-) 1) കേരള വാട്ടർ അതോറിറ്റി, പത്തനംതിട്ട.
- 2) കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്

യോഗത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുത്ത എല്ലാവർക്കും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് നന്ദി അറിയിച്ചു.

യോഗം 12.10 ന് അവസാനിച്ചു.

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജീസ്ട്രേറ്റ് 🖌 ഡെപ്പുട്ടി കളക്ടർ (ജനറൽ)6 അഡിഷണൽ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്റ്റ് മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ് പത്തനംതിട്ട



KERALA STATE POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

DISTRICT OFFICE. 19/269 A, PERINTHALMANNA ROAD, UP HILL .P.O, MALAPPURAM - 676 505 കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്

ട്രില്ലാ ഓഫിസ്, പെരിന്തൽമണ്ണ റോഡ്, കുന്നുമ്മൽ പി.,െ മലപ്പുറം - 676 505 ഫോൺ (Phone): 0483-2733211, email:kspcbmlpm@gmail.com

PCB//MLPM/RIVER STRETCH/2019

Date: 23.08.2022

NGT MATTER VERY URGENT

From

M W P

Environmental Engineer

To

The Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Head Office, Thiruvananthapuram,

- Sub: Submission of monthly progress report for the month of July 2022 as per OA 673/2018- updated, after the DLTC meeting on 22.08.2022.
- Ref: DLTC meeting video conference conducted on 22.08.2022 regarding rejuvenation of Tirur, Ponnani river as per OA 673/2018.

Respected Madam,

The updated monthly progress report for the month of July 2022, Minutes of DLTC meeting (video conference) conducted on 22.08.2022 vide reference and Analysis Report of the polluted stretch river samples during the month of July 2022 are enclosed herewith. This is for information and further necessary action.

ï

Yours faithfully,

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER

Enclosure: Minutes.

Copy to:

The Chief Environmental Engineer, Kerala State Pollution Control Board Regional Office, Kozhikode. OA 673 ൽ 22.08.2022 തീയ്യതിയിൽ സുപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്– നോർത്ത് സർക്കിളിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് വഴി നടത്തിയ 27-ാമത് DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ്.

ഹാജരായവർ

- ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജന, (പേഴ്സണൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് ഓഫ് സുപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്).
- ശ്രീമതി.ചഞ്ചൽ (അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിന്നീയർ, മേജർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ ഡിവിഷൻ, തിരൂർ).
- ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജ് (ഹെൽത്ത് സൂപ്പർവൈസർ, തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- ശ്രീ.അബ്ദുൾ ഹമീദ്, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ (മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- 5. ന്ര്രീ, വിനോദ്, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി (ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)
- ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാർ, ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് (റവന്യു ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ്, തിരൂർ)
- 7. ശ്രീമതി അനിത നായർ (എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ശ്രൗണ്ട് വാട്ടർ വകുപ്പ് മലപ്പുറം).
- ശ്രീമതി.ലെറിഷപി (ഡ്രാഫ്റ്റ്മാൻ, നോർത്ത് സർക്കിൾ ഓഫീസ്)
- 9. ശ്രീമതി. വിബിത.എം.കെ (ഡ്രാഫ്റ്റ്മാൻ, നോർത്ത് സർക്കിൾ ഓഫീസ്)
- 10. ശ്രീമതി.സൂനിത.ആർപണിക്കർ (സെക്രട്ടറി, മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്.)
- n. ശ്രീ.വരുൺ നാരായണൻ.ജി, (എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം).
- 12. ശ്രീമതി. സൗദ ബീവി.വി.സി. അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സയന്റിസ്റ്റ്, (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)
- 13. ശ്രീ.വിഷ്ണു.പി, ഗ്രാജോറ്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ അപ്രന്റീസ്, (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ റെഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)

DLTC ചെയർമാൻ (എസ്ഇഇ ഇറിഗേഷൻ)-ന്റെ അഭാവത്തിൽ അദ്ദേഹത്തിന്റെ പേഴ്സണൽ അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജനയുടെ അധുക്ഷതയിൽ 3.00 മണിക്ക് വീഡിയോ ആരംഭിച്ചു. കോൺഫറൻസ് ആദ്യമായി ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. കൂട്ടായി റഗുലേറ്ററിന്റെ വർക്കിൽ യാതൊരു പുരോഗതിയും ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ല, അതിനായി പൂതിയ ഷെഡ്യൂൾ വന്നിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും മഴ കാരണം സെപ്തംബറിൽ ആണ് പണി തുടങ്ങാൻ കഴിയുകയുള്ളൂ എന്നും ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജന അറിയിച്ചു. തിരൂർ പൊന്നാനി പുഴയുടെ വലതുഭാഗത്തുള്ള ബങ്ങ് ശക്തിപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിന് ഫണ്ട് നാളിതുവരെ കിട്ടിയിട്ടില്ല. ഫണ്ട് കിട്ടിയാൽ ഉടൻ തന്നെ പണി തുടങ്ങാരെന്നും ത്രീമത്.ചഞ്ചൽ അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

അടുത്തതായി Encroachment സർവ്വേയുടെ പൂരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയതി തലക്കാട് വിദല്ലജ് ഒഴികെ ബാക്കി എല്ലാ വില്ലേജുകളിലും സർവ്വേ കല്ല് സ്ഥാപിച്ചതായി റവന്യു ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ് ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാർ അറിയിച്ചു. 26.08.2022-ഒാടു കൂടി തലക്കാട് വില്ലേജ് സർവ്വേ കല്ല് സ്ഥാപിച്ച് സർവ്വേ പൂർത്തികരിക്കുമെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ഹോട്ടൽ ആന്റ് റസ്റ്റോറന്റ് അസോസിയേഷനുമായി മലപ്പുറം സഹകരിച്ച് നിലവിലുളള STP revamp ചെയ്യുന്നതിനായി വാർഷിക പദ്ധതിയിൽ s ലക്ഷം രുപ വകയിരുത്തി പദ്ധതി തയ്യാറാക്കിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും എസ്റ്റിമേറ്റ് എടുക്കാൻ മലിനികരണ ബോർഡിന്റേയും ശുചിത മിഷന്റെയും സഹായം ആവശ്യമുണ്ടെന്നും നിയത്രണ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ ശ്രീ.അബ്ദ്യൾ ഹമീദ് അറിയിച്ചു.അതിനുശേഷം E-tender നടപടികൾ തുടങ്ങുമെന്നും രണ്ട്മുന്ന് മാസത്തിനുള്ളിൽ എല്ലാ നടപടികളും പൂർത്തീകരിച്ച് പ്രവർത്തിക്കാനാകുമെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. എത്രയും വേഗം STP പ്രർത്തനക്ഷമമാക്കണമെന്നും മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിന്റെ അനുമതിക്കായ നിന്നും ബോർഡിൽ സ്മർപ്പിക്കണമെന്നും മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ അപേക്ഷ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

തിരുർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയിലെ മത്സ്യമാർക്കറ്റിലെ STP പ്രർത്തനത്തിനായുളള 20 ലക്ഷ രൂപയുടെ പ്രൊജക്ട് ഡി.പി.സി അംഗീകരിച്ചതായി തിരൂർ ഹെൽത്ത് സൂപ്പർവൈസി ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജ് അറിയിച്ചു. ഇനി ടെൻഡർ വിളിച്ച് ഉടനടി പ്രവർത്തനം പൂർത്തികരിക്കാനുള നടപടി സ്ഥീകരിക്കാമെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. തുടർന്ന് തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയില ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP യുടെ പ്രർത്തനപുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്.നിലവിൽ -ശതമാനത്തോളം വർക്കുകൾ പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ഇപ്പോൾ മോട്ടോർ, ലാങ്കുകം സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതായും അതിനായുളള ഇലക്ട്രിഫിക്കേഷൻ വർക്ക് നടക്കുന്നതായും തിരു ഒാവർസിയർ ശ്രീ.ഹൈദരാലി അറിയിച്ചു. സെപ്തംബർ 30 -ഒാടു കൂടി പണ പൂർത്തീകരിച്ച് ട്രയൽ റൺ നടത്താനാകൂമെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. ഇത്തരത്തില പുഴയിലേഷ മലിനജലം നിന്നുളള മാർക്കറ്റിൽ മത്സ്യ തിരുർ കാലതാമസം വീണ്ടും മലിനീകരണത്തിലേക്ക് പോകുവാനും സാധ്യ എത്തിച്ചേരുവാനും പുഴ ആയതിനാൽ ത്വരിതഗതിയിൽ തന്നെ STP പ്രർത്തനസജ്ജമാക്കണമെന്ന ഉണ്ടാക്കുന്നു. അല്ലാത്ത പക്ഷം NGT അതിനെ ശക്തമായി വിമർശിക്കുമെന്നും ഭീമമായ തൂക പിഴ ആ അടക്കേണ്ടിവരുമെന്നും മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ิสสมเวลิก മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ഒാർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി.

ത്തിലാല പ്രവിത്ത് പ്രവിത്തിന്റെ പ്രവിത്തിന്റ

ഹൂർത്തീകരിച്ചതായി ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാപേഞ്ചായത്ത അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി ശ്രീപിനോദ് അറിയിച്ചു. ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ ഓരോ വകുപ്പിന്റേയും പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതി ഓരോ മാസവും <u>kspcbmlpm@gmail.com</u> എന്ന ഇമെയിലിലേക്ക് അയക്കണമെന്നും മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിൽ നിന്നും നിർദ്ദേശിച്ചു.

3.30 pm-ന് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് അവസാനിച്ചു.

എൻവയോട് ക്രമന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ

മലപ്പുറം 22.08.2022





GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Environment (A)Department

No.164/A2/2018/Envt

19-09-2022, Thiruvananthapuram

Additional Chief Secretary

To

The Additional Chief Secretary, Water Resources Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Local Self Government Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Finance Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Home Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Revenue Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Planning & Economic Affairs Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Agriculture Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Higher Education Department

The Principal Secretary, General Education Department

The Secretary, Public Works Department

The Secretary, Law Department

The Director, Directorate of Urban Affairs, Thiruvananthapuram

The Director, Directorate of Industries, Thiruvananthapuram

The Director, Directorate of Panchayat, Thiruvananthapuram

All District Collectors (through the Land Revenue Commissioner,

Land Revenue Commissionerate, Thiravananthapuram)

The Land Revenue Commissioner, Land Revenue

Commissionerate, Thiruvananthapuram

The Secretary, Municipal Corporation, Thiravananthapuram, Kollam, Thrissur, Palakkad, Guruvayur, Kozhikode, Kannur.

The Managing Director, Kerala Water Authority, Vellayambalam, Thiruvananthapuram

The Superintending Engineer, Irrigation(through the Chief Engineer Irrigation & Administration, Thiruvananthapuram)

The Commissioner for Rural Development, Nanthencode, Thiruvananthapuram

The City Police Commissioner, Ernakulam, Kozhikkode

The Executive Director, Suchithwa Mission, Thiruvananthapuram

The Mission Director(AMRUT)State Mission Management Unit, 4th Floor, Meenakshi Plaza, Artech Building, Opposite Government

Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram

The Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Thiruvananthapuram

Sir,

Sub: Environment Department- Chief Secretary's meeting with RRC/ Stakeholder department/Authorities in the matter of NGT Order in O.A.No.673/2018 held on 23-08-2022- Minutes forwarding of - Reg

Ref: Minutes of the meeting dated 23-08-2022

I am directed to invite your attention to the reference cited and to forward herewith a copy of the minutes of the meeting held by the Chief Secretary with RRC, Stakeholder Departments and Authorities on 23-08-2022 in the matter of NGT Order in OA No.673 of 2018 for urgent necessary action.

The action taken report may be furnished at the earliest.

Yours Faithfully, GEETHA GOPINATH UNDER SECRETARY

For Additional Chief Secretary

Approved for Issue,

Section Officer.

Copy to - Environment Monitoring Cell



Minutes of the monthly meeting chaired by the Chief Secretary with Department/Authorities concerned on 23/08/2022 to review the progress made in the projects taken up as per orders of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal in OA No. 673/2018 (PZ) and connected matters.

The meeting commenced at 10:30 AM with the Chief Secretary in chair. The following officials were present during the meeting: Additional Chief Secretaries of Local Self Government and Finance Departments, Principal Secretary, Industries Department, Additional Secretary, Revenue Department, Managing Director, Kerala Water Authority, Principal Director, LSGD, Directors of Panchayats, Urban Affairs, Suchitwa Mission, Environment Directorate and AMRUT, District Collectors / DDCs, DCP & SP, Kozhikkode, CE, Irrigation Department, Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Secretaries of local bodies and other officials concerned. Member Secretary, KSPCB made the presentation depicting the status of the projects and initiatives taken up as per the orders of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal. The progress made since the last monthly meeting (held on 21/06/2022) was reviewed.

Following decisions/suggestion were made after detailed discussions and deliberations:

1. STP/FSTP projects:

A) Thrissur Corporation- Decentralized Sewerage Treatment Scheme:

The Principal Director, LSGD informed that vide G.O (Rt) No.1926/2022/ LSGD dated 08/08/2022 a committee was constituted to re-assess the nature of the proposed land of STP. He conveyed that the proposed site was inspected along with the District Collector and Director Urban Affairs. PD, LSGD reiterated that the proposed land is paddy land as per the Notified Databank. The Conversion/filling up of the entire land (13 Acres) is not required, as Thrissur Corporation is planning for an overhead STP plant on pillars in 2 Cents. The PD, LSGD also highlighted that there is need to treat waste water of Thrissur Corporation and if STP is not provided environmental issues would arise. Chief Secretary directed the PD, LSGD to forward the detailed report to the appropriate authority for urgent necessary action. Thrissur Corporation is also directed to forward the reports to the PD, LSGD immediately for enabling them to furnish report.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Revenue, Agriculture, Director, Urban Affairs, District Collector, Thrissur, Thrissur Corporation)

(B) Guruvayur Municipality:

The MD, KWA informed that Administrative Sanction was received for the construction of dilution tank and connected work in Guruvayoor STP for Rs 36 Lakh on 23/06/2022 (vide G.O.(Rt) No.249/2022/P&EA dated 23/06/2022). Technical Sanction was also issued and work e-tendered with opening date on 10/08/2022, as no offers were received the tender was cancelled. MD, KWA brought to the notice that the contractors in this field are very few and it is often required to retender. Chief Secretary instructed KWA to retender the work and look into the possibility of vendor development.

(Action: Water Resources Department, Kerala Water Authority, Finance, Local Self Government Department, District Collector Thrissur)

(C) STP at Yakkara, Palakkad:

The DC, Palakkad informed that Municipality is waiting for the Judgment of the Hon'ble High Court for taking further action.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Revenue, Director, Urban Affairs, District Collector, Palakkad)

(D) Kozhikkode Corporation- Zone A- Package A & Zone A- Package B:

a) Zone A- Package A: The Secretary, Kozhikkode Corporation informed that soil testing, site clearance & fencing works were completed with Police protection amidst huge protest. Director, DUA informed that the project needs some design change in the foundation as per the latest soil test done. Chief Secretary enquired about the agency which prepared the DPR without collecting baseline data. Chief Secretary also expressed dissatisfaction in the way the agency had taken up the project without proper investigation. DPRs are to be prepared only after collecting and analysing all relevant baseline details. Chief Secretary directed to black list the empanelled agencies which are found incompetent to complete the projects assigned to them in a systematic, scientific and time bound manner. ACS, LSGD informed that Suchitwa Mission had empanelled the agencies and that instructions would be given to blacklist and disempanel incompetent/ non-complying agencies.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Home Department, Director, Urban Affairs, Suchitwa Mission, District Collector, Kozhikode, Superintend of Police Kozhikkode, Kozhikkode Corporation)

b) Zone A- Package B: Secretary, Kozhikkode Corporation informed that Hon'ble High Court had vacated the stay with certain conditions and that the Judgment is awaited.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs,

District Collector Kozhikode, Kozhikode Corporation)

(E) Karamana Sewer Network:

The MD, KWA informed that contract with M/S REPL was terminated owing to many discrepancies. M/S REPL had approached the Hon'ble High Court and obtained stay against the termination. MD, KWA also conveyed that action is being taken internally to prepare DPR. In this regard, higher priority is given to highly polluted 19 wards abutting Karamana River. DPR for Cluster-1 covering 4 wards which can be linked to existing STP will be submitted before 20/09/2022.

Chief Secretary observed that many projects/initiatives for setting up of STPs/CETPs/FSTPs for treatment/processing of various types of wastes are being stayed by the Hon'ble High Court. Chief Secretary instructed Departments/Authorities concerned to file proper affidavits and caveat before the Hon'ble High Court before taking up such important projects where objections are anticipated. Urgent communication may be issued to the Advocate General in this respect. LSGD may route file with details of all such stalled important Government projects to the undersigned immediately.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority, Local Self Government Department, Departments, Urban Affairs Director, Industries Department, Revenue Department)

2. STP Kureeppuzha & Elamkulam:

(a)Kureeppuzha: MD, KWA informed that 66% of the construction works of 12 MLD STP has so far been completed. Chief Secretary noted the progress and directed to expedite the project work.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority)

(b) Elamkulam: MD, KWA informed that construction of 5 MLD plant under AMRUT scheme is completed. KSEB connection is expected by the end of August 2022. Out of 5 MLD plant capacity only 3 MLD is being utilized. DPR for 1.75 MLD network for the full utilization of the Plant is revised into PRICE 3.0 for an amount of Rs. 63.91 Crores and will be submitted to RKI and Government.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority, Rebuild Kerala Initiative)

3. CETP- Edayar & Aroor:

(a) CETP- Edayar: Kerala Water Authority reported that as per revised estimate the total amount for establishment of CETP comes to Rs. 42 Crores. Industries Department conveyed that KWA informed that they can proceed with the tender only if additional Rs. 4.5 Crores is deposited with them. The

O&M cost of the CETP for the 1st 10 years will be 156.02 Crores and for the successful & smooth running of the plant, the entity taking up the construction tender may also be entrusted with the responsibility of initial

year's O&M. Hence cost of O&M of at least 1st year also be remitted to KWA. These two conditions were not present at the time of submission of AS proposal to the Government.

During the discussions with the industries in Edayar, they have conveyed that they are not in a position to meet the project cost. The O&M cost is also exorbitant. They expect it to be met by the Government. The Chief Secretary conveyed that the industrial units are duty bound to regulate pollution from their units. ACS, Finance Department conveyed that this project was considered to be funded by the Government as the matter was before the NGT and some solution had to be offered.

The Member Secretary, KSPCB informed that there are 330 industrial units functioning in Edayar region of which 72 units generate effluent; among those only 3 are major units, others being small/medium scale units. MS, KSPCB also conveyed that there are 3 outlets and 5 drains which discharges treated effluents into the Periyar River. There are already directions of the Supreme Court Monitoring Committee to provide a single discharge point from Edayar industrial area for releasing treated effluent to Periyar. It was also informed that all units have some facility to treat effluents and some are even reusing the treated effluents.

In the above scenario, MS, KSPCB suggested for reconsidering the design prepared by the KWA. The KWA had prepared the design considering the raw effluents as influent to CETP. As the industrial units have their own treatment facilities, and the primary/raw effluents are already treated in the industrial units itself, the CETP may take the treated effluent as influent for further treatment.

MD, KWA said it is unfair to suggest changes at a later change like this when the cost is released to KWA and the TS procedures are on. Chief Secretary asked KSPCB to continue with the monitoring process of industries and also to conduct a thorough study of the effluents from all the units around the region along with KWA and KWA shall accordingly remodel the DPR. The final treated effluent can be released through a single outlet with online monitoring facility. This may bring down the capital cost and O&M cost of the CETP and shall make the project more feasible. Three months time can be given for such a study to revise the DPR.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority, Industries Department, Director, I&C, Kerala State Pollution Control Board)

(b) CETP- Aroor: Additional Director, I&C informed that the case is posted on 25/08/2022. Chief Secretary directed to get the stay vacated and to complete the project at the earliest.

(Action: Industries, Industries & Commerce)

4. Eviction of encroachments: CE, Irrigation Department informed that no visible encroachments in rivers were reported. Also conveyed that around 60 encroachments in Ashtamudi Lake were identified and about 37 encroachments were evicted. Additional Secretary, Revenue Department had requested to hand over the list of identified encroachments to the District Collectors. AS, Revenue Department conveyed that the labour component of

MGNREGS can be utilized for the side protection of river banks. CE, Irrigation also informed that a joint survey with the local bodies is proposed to identify encroachments in river purambokke land and as discussed encroachments if any found can be reported to Revenue Department/MGNREGS.

(Action: C.E,IRRIGATION, Local Self Government Department, District Collectors, Water Resources Department, MGNREGS)

5. E-Flow of rivers: CE, Irrigation Department informed that E-flow calculation of 39 rivers have been completed and the remaining 1 will be completed soon. E-flow calculation of 4 rivers can't be taken up due to non-availability of data. Informed that there are e-flow in 14 rivers; structural interventions and non-structural interventions are required in 15 & 8 rivers respectively to ensure e-flow. Also informed that the DPR & cost estimation for maintaining e-flow of rivers is being prepared and will be completed within a month.

(Action: Water Resources Department, Chief Engineer, Irrigation)

6. Ranking of local bodies: Director, Urban Affairs informed that ranking of Ulbs was published in the website of Urban Affairs Department. Chief Secretary asked LSGD to felicitate good performers. Chief Secretary also directed Urban Affairs Department to monitor the performance of Ulbs at regular intervals and to use mass media for publicizing the performance of Ulbs.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs, Director, Panchayat ,Suchitwa Mission)

7. Land policy: Additional Secretary, Revenue Department informed that the draft land policy prepared by the Land Revenue Commissioner was submitted to the Hon'ble Revenue Minister. The Hon'ble Revenue Minister had proposed some modifications in the draft land policy and has asked to resubmit it with modifications. Chief Secretary directed the Revenue Department to resubmit the draft land policy after necessary modifications at the earliest. Meanwhile, DCs may give higher priority to find and provide lands for waste management activities, as these are very important public projects to be executed for environmental safety and safety of general public.

(Action: Revenue, Land Revenue Comnissioner, District Collectors)

8. STP projects in ULBs: All local bodies and also Revenue Department have to identify land available for waste management projects. DCs shall monitor the progress and report the same to LSGD. The land so far made available and the further requirements shall be assessed and updated by KWA and LSGD, DCs shall also render necessary help. ACS, LSGD suggested that the DCs may find and report the list of abandoned quarries for setting up of waste treatment facilities. Such quarries may have good road access, safe distance from habitations and may be economical to procure. Chief Secretary directed DCs to forward the list of abandoned quarries including Government owned ones to the LSGD. Chief Secretary directed KWA to consider providing decentralized plants in flat areas and centralized plants in places having feasible good contour, to minimize the cost.

Chief Secretary enquired about the funding source for the projects. The MD, KWA informed that AMRUT, RKI funding is being looked into. Also informed that Gol expressed willingness to provide financial assistance if the State submits good proposals before the Gol. This is also to be explored.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Kerala Water Authority, Rebuild Kerala Initiative, Director, Urban Affairs, Revenue, District Collectors)

9. Polluted River Stretches: MS, KSPCB conveyed that 10 out of the 21 Polluted River Stretches have achieved bathing quality. The remaining polluted river stretches are in the Districts viz. Trivandrum, Ernakulam, Thrissur, Kozhikkode & Kannur. Chief Secretary directed the DCs to periodically convene DLTC & DLMC meetings and monitor the progress made in action plan to achieve the prescribed water quality in the respective polluted river stretches. If needed, further measures may be taken up.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Water Resources Department, All District Collectors, Kerala State Pollution Control Board)

10. Elimination of Single Use Plastic: ACS, LSGD informed that Government have issued model Plastic Waste Management Bylaws and circulated to all LSGIs for customization and adoption. Instructions were also given to LSGIs to enforce the ban on single use plastics. Inspections were carried out from 1St July 2022 and 9.5 Tons of plastics were seized and Rs. 10.47 Lakhs imposed as fine. Director, Urban Affairs informed that the matter is being reviewed every month. Chief Secretary directed LSGIs to carry out regular inspections to find violators, seize SUPs and to fine them. The reassignment of works of officers in the local bodies may also be looked into for the effective implementation of the single use plastic ban. Revenue collection by LSGIs – building taxes, fining for violations etc. to be monitored and outstanding revenue shall be got collected. PD, LSGD informed that activities of LSGIs are reviewed monthly.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs, Director, Panchayat)

 Liquid Waste Management in ULBs: LSGD reported that instructions were given to all the Ulbs to identify land for STPs/ FSTPs within their jurisdiction.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs)

12. Financial assistance from Ministry of Jal Shakti: Water Resources Department reported that proposals for financial assistance from the Ministry of Jal Shakti under National River Conservation Plan (NRCP) is under Preparation.

(Action: Water Resources Department)

The meeting came to close by 11.30 AM

CHIEF SECRETARY



Minutes of the monthly meeting chaired by the Chief Secretary with Department/Authorities concerned on 23/08/2022 to review the progress made in the projects taken up as per orders of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal in OA No. 673/2018 (PZ) and connected matters.

The meeting commenced at 10:30 AM with the Chief Secretary in chair. The following officials were present during the meeting: Additional Chief Secretaries of Local Self Government and Finance Departments, Principal Additional Secretary, Industries Department, Secretary, Revenue Department, Managing Director, Kerala Water Authority, Principal Director, LSGD, Directors of Panchayats, Urban Affairs, Suchitwa Mission, Environment Directorate and AMRUT, District Collectors / DDCs, DCP & SP, Kozhikkode, CE, Irrigation Department, Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Secretaries of local bodies and other officials concerned. Member Secretary, KSPCB made the presentation depicting the status of the projects and initiatives taken up as per the orders of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal. The progress made since the last monthly meeting (held on 21/06/2022) was reviewed.

Following decisions/suggestion were made after detailed discussions and deliberations:

1. STP/FSTP projects:

A) Thrissur Corporation- Decentralized Sewerage Treatment Scheme:

The Principal Director, LSGD informed that vide G.O (Rt) No.1926/2022/ LSGD dated 08/08/2022 a committee was constituted to re-assess the nature of the proposed land of STP. He conveyed that the proposed site was inspected along with the District Collector and Director Urban Affairs. PD, LSGD reiterated that the proposed land is paddy land as per the Notified Databank. The Conversion/filling up of the entire land (13 Acres) is not required, as Thrissur Corporation is planning for an overhead STP plant on pillars in 2 Cents. The PD, LSGD also highlighted that there is need to treat waste water of Thrissur Corporation and if STP is not provided environmental issues would arise. Chief Secretary directed the PD, LSGD to forward the detailed report to the appropriate authority for urgent necessary action. Thrissur Corporation is also directed to forward the reports to the PD, LSGD immediately for enabling them to furnish report.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Revenue, Agriculture, Director, Urban Affairs, District Collector, Thrissur, Thrissur Corporation)

(B) Guruvayur Municipality:

The MD, KWA informed that Administrative Sanction was received for the construction of dilution tank and connected work in Guruvayoor STP for Rs 36 Lakh on 23/06/2022 (vide G.O.(Rt) No.249/2022/P&EA dated 23/06/2022). Technical Sanction was also issued and work e-tendered with opening date on 10/08/2022, as no offers were received the tender was cancelled. MD, KWA brought to the notice that the contractors in this field are very few and it is often required to retender. Chief Secretary instructed KWA to retender the work and look into the possibility of vendor development.

(Action: Water Resources Department, Kerala Water Authority, Finance, Local Self Government Department, District Collector Thrissur)

(C) STP at Yakkara, Palakkad:

The DC, Palakkad informed that Municipality is waiting for the Judgment of the Hon'ble High Court for taking further action.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Revenue, Director, Urban Affairs, District Collector, Palakkad)

(D) Kozhikkode Corporation- Zone A- Package A & Zone A- Package B:

a) Zone A- Package A: The Secretary, Kozhikkode Corporation informed that soil testing, site clearance & fencing works were completed with Police protection amidst huge protest. Director, DUA informed that the project needs some design change in the foundation as per the latest soil test done. Chief Secretary enquired about the agency which prepared the DPR without collecting baseline data. Chief Secretary also expressed dissatisfaction in the way the agency had taken up the project without proper investigation. DPRs are to be prepared only after collecting and analysing all relevant baseline details. Chief Secretary directed to black list the empanelled agencies which are found incompetent to complete the projects assigned to them in a systematic, scientific and time bound manner. ACS, LSGD informed that Suchitwa Mission had empanelled the agencies and that instructions would be given to blacklist and disempanel incompetent/ non-complying agencies.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Home Department, Director, Urban Affairs, Suchitwa Mission, District Collector, Kozhikode, Superintend of Police Kozhikkode, Kozhikkode Corporation)

b) Zone A- Package B: Secretary, Kozhikkode Corporation informed that Hon'ble High Court had vacated the stay with certain conditions and that the Judgment is awaited.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs,

District Collector Kozhikode, Kozhikode Corporation)

(E) Karamana Sewer Network:

The MD, KWA informed that contract with M/S REPL was terminated owing to many discrepancies. M/S REPL had approached the Hon'ble High Court and obtained stay against the termination. MD, KWA also conveyed that action is being taken internally to prepare DPR. In this regard, higher priority is given to highly polluted 19 wards abutting Karamana River. DPR for Cluster-1 covering 4 wards which can be linked to existing STP will be submitted before 20/09/2022.

Chief Secretary observed that many projects/initiatives for setting up of STPs/CETPs/FSTPs for treatment/processing of various types of wastes are being stayed by the Hon'ble High Court. Chief Secretary instructed Departments/Authorities concerned to file proper affidavits and caveat before the Hon'ble High Court before taking up such important projects where objections are anticipated. Urgent communication may be issued to the Advocate General in this respect. LSGD may route file with details of all such stalled important Government projects to the undersigned immediately.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority, Local Self Government Department, Departments, Urban Affairs Director, Industries Department, Revenue Department)

2. STP Kureeppuzha & Elamkulam:

(a)Kureeppuzha: MD, KWA informed that 66% of the construction works of 12 MLD STP has so far been completed. Chief Secretary noted the progress and directed to expedite the project work.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority)

(b) Elamkulam: MD, KWA informed that construction of 5 MLD plant under AMRUT scheme is completed. KSEB connection is expected by the end of August 2022. Out of 5 MLD plant capacity only 3 MLD is being utilized. DPR for 1.75 MLD network for the full utilization of the Plant is revised into PRICE 3.0 for an amount of Rs. 63.91 Crores and will be submitted to RKI and Government.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority, Rebuild Kerala Initiative)

3. CETP- Edayar & Aroor:

(a) **CETP- Edayar:** Kerala Water Authority reported that as per revised estimate the total amount for establishment of CETP comes to Rs. 42 Crores. Industries Department conveyed that KWA informed that they can proceed with the tender only if additional Rs. 4.5 Crores is deposited with them. The

O&M cost of the CETP for the 1st 10 years will be 156.02 Crores and for the successful & smooth running of the plant, the entity taking up the construction tender may also be entrusted with the responsibility of initial

year's O&M. Hence cost of O&M of at least 1st year also be remitted to KWA. These two conditions were not present at the time of submission of AS proposal to the Government.

During the discussions with the industries in Edayar, they have conveyed that they are not in a position to meet the project cost. The O&M cost is also exorbitant. They expect it to be met by the Government. The Chief Secretary conveyed that the industrial units are duty bound to regulate pollution from their units. ACS, Finance Department conveyed that this project was considered to be funded by the Government as the matter was before the NGT and some solution had to be offered.

The Member Secretary, KSPCB informed that there are 330 industrial units functioning in Edayar region of which 72 units generate effluent; among those only 3 are major units, others being small/medium scale units. MS, KSPCB also conveyed that there are 3 outlets and 5 drains which discharges treated effluents into the Periyar River. There are already directions of the Supreme Court Monitoring Committee to provide a single discharge point from Edayar industrial area for releasing treated effluent to Periyar. It was also informed that all units have some facility to treat effluents and some are even reusing the treated effluents.

In the above scenario, MS, KSPCB suggested for reconsidering the design prepared by the KWA. The KWA had prepared the design considering the raw effluents as influent to CETP. As the industrial units have their own treatment facilities, and the primary/raw effluents are already treated in the industrial units itself, the CETP may take the treated effluent as influent for further treatment.

MD, KWA said it is unfair to suggest changes at a later change like this when the cost is released to KWA and the TS procedures are on. Chief Secretary asked KSPCB to continue with the monitoring process of industries and also to conduct a thorough study of the effluents from all the units around the region along with KWA and KWA shall accordingly remodel the DPR. The final treated effluent can be released through a single outlet with online monitoring facility. This may bring down the capital cost and O&M cost of the CETP and shall make the project more feasible. Three months time can be given for such a study to revise the DPR.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority, Industries Department, Director, I&C, Kerala State Pollution Control Board)

(b) **CETP- Aroor:** Additional Director, I&C informed that the case is posted on 25/08/2022. Chief Secretary directed to get the stay vacated and to complete the project at the earliest.

(Action: Industries, Industries & Commerce)

4. Eviction of encroachments: CE, Irrigation Department informed that no visible encroachments in rivers were reported. Also conveyed that around 60 encroachments in Ashtamudi Lake were identified and about 37 encroachments were evicted. Additional Secretary, Revenue Department had requested to hand over the list of identified encroachments to the District Collectors. AS, Revenue Department conveyed that the labour component of

MGNREGS can be utilized for the side protection of river banks. CE, Irrigation also informed that a joint survey with the local bodies is proposed to identify encroachments in river purambokke land and as discussed encroachments if any found can be reported to Revenue Department/MGNREGS.

(Action: C.E, IRRIGATION, Local Self Government Department, District Collectors, Water Resources Department, MGNREGS)

5. E-Flow of rivers: CE, Irrigation Department informed that E-flow calculation of 39 rivers have been completed and the remaining 1 will be completed soon. E-flow calculation of 4 rivers can't be taken up due to non-availability of data. Informed that there are e-flow in 14 rivers; structural interventions and non-structural interventions are required in 15 & 8 rivers respectively to ensure e-flow. Also informed that the DPR & cost estimation for maintaining e-flow of rivers is being prepared and will be completed within a month.

(Action: Water Resources Department, Chief Engineer, Irrigation)

6. Ranking of local bodies: Director, Urban Affairs informed that ranking of Ulbs was published in the website of Urban Affairs Department. Chief Secretary asked LSGD to felicitate good performers. Chief Secretary also directed Urban Affairs Department to monitor the performance of Ulbs at regular intervals and to use mass media for publicizing the performance of Ulbs.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs, Director, Panchayat, Suchitwa Mission)

7. Land policy: Additional Secretary, Revenue Department informed that the draft land policy prepared by the Land Revenue Commissioner was submitted to the Hon'ble Revenue Minister. The Hon'ble Revenue Minister had proposed some modifications in the draft land policy and has asked to resubmit it with modifications. Chief Secretary directed the Revenue Department to resubmit the draft land policy after necessary modifications at the earliest. Meanwhile, DCs may give higher priority to find and provide lands for waste management activities, as these are very important public projects to be executed for environmental safety and safety of general public.

(Action: Revenue, Land Revenue Comnissioner, District Collectors)

8. STP projects in ULBs: All local bodies and also Revenue Department have to identify land available for waste management projects. DCs shall monitor the progress and report the same to LSGD. The land so far made available and the further requirements shall be assessed and updated by KWA and LSGD. DCs shall also render necessary help. ACS, LSGD suggested that the DCs may find and report the list of abandoned quarries for setting up of waste treatment facilities. Such quarries may have good road access, safe distance from habitations and may be economical to procure. Chief Secretary directed DCs to forward the list of abandoned quarries

including Government owned ones to the LSGD. Chief Secretary directed KWA to consider providing decentralized plants in flat areas and centralized plants in places having feasible good contour, to minimize the cost.

Chief Secretary enquired about the funding source for the projects. The MD, KWA informed that AMRUT, RKI funding is being looked into. Also informed that GoI expressed willingness to provide financial assistance if the State submits good proposals before the GoI. This is also to be explored.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Kerala Water Authority, Rebuild Kerala Initiative, Director, Urban Affairs, Revenue, District Collectors)

9. Polluted River Stretches: MS, KSPCB conveyed that 10 out of the 21 Polluted River Stretches have achieved bathing quality. The remaining polluted river stretches are in the Districts viz. Trivandrum, Ernakulam, Thrissur, Kozhikkode & Kannur. Chief Secretary directed the DCs to periodically convene DLTC & DLMC meetings and monitor the progress made in action plan to achieve the prescribed water quality in the respective polluted river stretches. If needed, further measures may be taken up.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Water Resources Department, All District Collectors, Kerala State Pollution Control Board)

10. Elimination of Single Use Plastic: ACS, LSGD informed that Government have issued model Plastic Waste Management Bylaws and circulated to all LSGIs for customization and adoption. Instructions were also given to LSGIs to enforce the ban on single use plastics. Inspections were carried out from 1^{St} July 2022 and 9.5 Tons of plastics were seized and Rs. 10.47 Lakhs imposed as fine. Director, Urban Affairs informed that the matter is being reviewed every month. Chief Secretary directed LSGIs to carry out regular inspections to find violators, seize SUPs and to fine them. The reassignment of works of officers in the local bodies may also be looked into for the effective implementation of the single use plastic ban. Revenue collection by LSGIs – building taxes, fining for violations etc. to be monitored and outstanding revenue shall be got collected. PD, LSGD informed that activities of LSGIs are reviewed monthly.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs, Director, Panchayat)

11. Liquid Waste Management in ULBs: LSGD reported that instructions were given to all the Ulbs to identify land for STPs/ FSTPs within their jurisdiction.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs)

12. Financial assistance from Ministry of Jal Shakti: Water Resources Department reported that proposals for financial assistance from the Ministry of Jal Shakti under National River Conservation Plan (NRCP) is under

preparation.

(Action: Water Resources Department,)

The meeting came to a close by 11:30 AM

DR V P JOY CHIEF SECRETARY O/O CHIEF SECRETARY OA 673 ൽ 20.09.2022 തീയ്യതിയിൽ സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്-<u>നോർത്ത് സർക്കിളിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീ</u>ഡിയോ കോൺഹറൻസ് വഴി നടത്തിയ <u>28–ാമത് DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ്.</u>

ഹാജരായവർ

1. ശ്രീ.ബാലകൃഷ്ണൻ മണ്ണാരക്കൽ (സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്)

 ശീമതിജീജ, (അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, നോർത്ത് സർക്കിൾ ഓഫീസ്).

3.ശ്രീ.അബ്ദുൾ ഹമീദ്, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ (മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി). 4.ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജ് (ഹെൽത്ത് സൂപ്പർവൈസർ, തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).

5.ശ്രീ. ഷാഹൂൽ ഹമീദ്, ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് (ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)

6.ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാർ, ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് (റവന്യൂ ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ്, തിരുര്)

7.ബീമാൻകുട്ടി, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി, വെട്ടം ഗ്രാമപങ്ങായത്ത്.

ല.ശ്രീവരുൺ നാരായണൻ.ജി, (എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഒറഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം<u>).</u>

9.ശ്രീമതി. സൗദ ബീവി,വി,സി. അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സയന്റിഗ്ഗ്, (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഹീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)

3.00 Pm-ന് ഇറിഗേഷൻ സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ (ഇറിഗേഷൻ-നോർത്ത് സർക്കിൾ). ശ്രീ,ബാലകൃഷ്ണൻ മണ്ണാരക്കലിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫാൻസ് ആരംഭിച്ചു.

ആദുമായി ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ് ആദ്യമായി വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. കൂട്ടായി റ**ഗുലേറ്ററിന്റെ വർക്കിൽ യാ**തൊരു പുരേദനതിയൂം ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ല. തന്നെ തുടങ്ങാമെന്നും സൂപ്രണ്ടിങ്ങ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ശ്രീ.ബാലകൂഷ്ണൽ അടുത്തു മണ്ണാരക്കൽ അറിയിച്ചു. കൂടാതെ തിരൂർ പൊന്നാനി പുഴയുടെ വല.തുരാഗത്തുളള ബണ്ട് ശക്തിപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിന് ഫണ്ട് ഇതുവരെ കിട്ടിയിട്ടില്ലെന്നും ആയതിനാൽ യാരതാരും പു**രോഗതിയും ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെന്നും ശ്രീ.ബാലകൃഷ്ണൻ മണ്ണാരക്കൽ ത്രറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി**. പൂരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്തുവാനായി അടുത്തതായി Encroachment സർവ്വേയുടെ എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ തിരൂർ റവന്യൂ ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ് പ്രതിനിധി ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാറിനോട് ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു. തലക്കാട് വിറ്റ്ലേജ് മാത്രമായിരുന്നു സർദ്ദേകല്ല് തലക്കാട് പഞ്ചായത്തും സർപ്പേകറ്റി ഇപ്പോൾ സ്ഥാപിക്കാനുണ്ടായിരുന്നതെന്നും പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചതായി ഹെഡ്ക്ലാർക്ക് സർവ്വേയും മുഴുവൻ സ്ഥാപിക്കുകയും, ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാർ അറിയിച്ചു.

തുടർന്ന് വെട്ടം ഗ്രാമ പഞ്ചായത്തിന്റെ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. ആശങ്ങ പ്ലാനിലെ എല്ലാ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളും നേരത്തേ പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതാണെന്ന് അസിസ്റ്റനു് സെക്രട്ടറി ശ്രീംബിമാൻ കൂട്ടി അറിയിച്ചു. സ്ക്രാഡുകളുടെ പ്രവർത്തനവും, സി.സി.ട സ്ഥാപിച്ചതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട വിവരങ്ങൾ എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനിയ അമ്പേഷിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

്ലൂരക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതി എല്ലാ മാസവും, അതാതു വകുപ്പുകൾ, പഞ്ചയെത്തുകൾ, മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റികൾ നിർബന്ധമായും സമയബന്ധിതമായി റിപ്പോർട്ട് ആയി kspcbmⁱpm@gmail.com എന്ന ഇമമയിയിലേക്ക് അയക്കേണ്ടതാണെന്ന് എൻവയോൺഗെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി.

ചെറിയമുണ്ടം അടുത്തരായി പഞ്ചായത്തിലെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതി എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെടുകയുണ്ടായി. വിലയിരുത്താൻ ചെറിയമുണ്ടം പഞ്ചായത്ത് ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ എല്ലാ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളും സമയബന്ധിതമായി പുർത്ത്കേരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതാണെന്നും അനധികൃതമായി വേസ്റ്റുകൾ പുഴയിലേക്ക് തള്ളുന്നത് നിരീക്ഷിക്കാൻ പഞ്ചായത്തുന്നവ സ്ക്രാഡുകൾ, സി.സി.ടി.വി എന്നിവ ്ര വർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് ശ്രീഷാഹുൽ ഹമീദ് അറിയിച്ചു. റെഎ്യൂ ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ് സർവ്വേ പൂർത്തികരിച്ച വിവരം ചെറിയമുണ്ടാ പഞ്ചായത്തിന് ലഭിച്ചിട്ടില്ലെന്നും അദ്ദേഹം സൂചിപ്പിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. എന്നാൽ ആർ.ഡി.ഒ ഓഫീസിൽ നിന്നും അറിയിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നാണ് ശ്രീക്തജയകുമാർ പറഞ്ഞത്. ഈ കാര്യം ചെറിയമുണ്ടം പഞ്ചായത്ത് ഒസ(കട്ടറിയുമായി വൃക്തത വരുത്തണമമന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിന"യർ ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാറിന് നിർദ്ദേശം നൽകുകയുണ്ടായി,

ഘവസാനമായി മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP യുടെ പ്രവർത്തനമാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. നിലവിൽ STP യുടെ പ്രവർത്തനത്തിൽ യാതൊരു പുരോഗതിയും ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെന്നാണ് ഹെരർത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ ശ്രീഹമീദ് അറിയിച്ചത്. പദ്ധതി അപ്രൂവൽ ആയി കഴിഞ്ഞായർ ഹോട്ടൽ ആന്റ് റെസ്റ്റോറന്റ് സംഘടനയുടെ ഒരു മീറ്റിംഗ് വിളിക്കാൻ തീരുമാനിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും നിലവിൽ വേസ്റ്റുകൾ ഒന്നും തന്നെ പുഴയിവേക്ക് വല`ച്ചെറിയുന്നില്ലെന്നും ശ്രീഹമീദ് അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി മലിന^{*}കരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിന്റെ സ്ഥാപനാനുമതിക്കായുള്ള അപേക്ഷ നാളിതുവരെ സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടില്ലെന്നും കടലുണ്ട്.-തിരൂർ പുഴയുടെ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിൽ NGT യുടെ കീഴിൽ 3 STP കളാണ് വരുന്നത്, NGT ഇതിന്റെ പുരോഗതി അമ്പേഷിച്ചുക്കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുമെന്നും പെട്ടെന്നായിരിക്കും പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചില്ല എന്ന് പറഞ്ഞ് വലിയ പിഴ അടക്കേണ്ടി വരികയെന്നും ്റ്റൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി. അതിനാൽ എത്രയും പ്രവർത്തനസജ്ജമാക്കാനുളള STP CGK0c നടപടികൾ സ്വീകരിക്കണമെന്നും നിർദ്യോരിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിൽ സ്ഥാപനാനുമതിക്കുളള അപേക്ഷ നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടോ എന്ന് പോദിച്ചാൽ നൽകിയിട്ടില്ല എന്ന് അതുപോലും പറയേണ്ടിവരുന്ന ഒരു അവസ്ഥയാണ് ഇപ്പോൾ മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയ്ക്ക് ഉള്ളതെന്നും എന്ഡാസാണ്ലെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി.

തിരൂർ മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി മീറ്റിങ്ങിൽ പങ്കെടുത്തെങ്കിലും നെറ്റ്വർക്ക് പ്രശ്നം കാരണം തൂടരാൻ കഴിഞ്ഞില്ല. ആയതിനാൽ തിരൂർ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP, ഫിഷ് മാർക്കറ്റ് STP എന്നിവയുടെ പ്രവർത്തന പൂരോഗതി ഫോൺ വഴി ചോദിച്ചറിയാമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ പറയുകയുണ്ടായി.

3.30 pm-ന് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് അവസാനിച്ചു.

mas

എൻവയോൺക്കെറ്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ

മലപ്പുറം 20.09.2022





GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Environment (A)Department

No.164/A2/2018/Envt

19-09-2022, Thiruvananthapuram

Additional Chief Secretary

To

The Additional Chief Secretary, Water Resources Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Local Self Government Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Finance Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Home Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Revenue Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Planning & Economic Affairs Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Agriculture Department

The Additional Chief Secretary, Higher Education Department

The Principal Secretary, General Education Department

The Secretary, Public Works Department

The Secretary, Law Department

The Director, Directorate of Urban Affairs, Thiruvananthapuram

The Director, Directorate of Industries, Thiruvananthapuram

The Director, Directorate of Panchayat, Thiruvananthapuram

All District Collectors (through the Land Revenue Commissioner,

Land Revenue Commissionerate, Thiravananthapuram)

The Land Revenue Commissioner, Land Revenue

Commissionerate, Thiruvananthapuram

The Secretary, Municipal Corporation, Thiravananthapuram, Kollam, Thrissur, Palakkad, Guruvayur, Kozhikode, Kannur.

The Managing Director, Kerala Water Authority, Vellayambalam, Thiruvananthapuram

The Superintending Engineer, Irrigation(through the Chief Engineer Irrigation & Administration, Thiruvananthapuram)

The Commissioner for Rural Development, Nanthencode, Thiruvananthapuram

The City Police Commissioner, Ernakulam, Kozhikkode

The Executive Director, Suchithwa Mission, Thiruvananthapuram

The Mission Director(AMRUT)State Mission Management Unit, 4th Floor, Meenakshi Plaza, Artech Building, Opposite Government

Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram

The Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Thiruvananthapuram

Sir,

Sub: Environment Department- Chief Secretary's meeting with RRC/ Stakeholder department/Authorities in the matter of NGT Order in O.A.No.673/2018 held on 23-08-2022- Minutes forwarding of - Reg

Ref: Minutes of the meeting dated 23-08-2022

I am directed to invite your attention to the reference cited and to forward herewith a copy of the minutes of the meeting held by the Chief Secretary with RRC, Stakeholder Departments and Authorities on 23-08-2022 in the matter of NGT Order in OA No.673 of 2018 for urgent necessary action.

The action taken report may be furnished at the earliest.

Yours Faithfully, GEETHA GOPINATH UNDER SECRETARY

For Additional Chief Secretary

Approved for Issue,

Section Officer.

Copy to - Environment Monitoring Cell



Minutes of the monthly meeting chaired by the Chief Secretary with Department/Authorities concerned on 23/08/2022 to review the progress made in the projects taken up as per orders of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal in OA No. 673/2018 (PZ) and connected matters.

The meeting commenced at 10:30 AM with the Chief Secretary in chair. The following officials were present during the meeting: Additional Chief Secretaries of Local Self Government and Finance Departments, Principal Secretary, Industries Department, Additional Secretary, Revenue Department, Managing Director, Kerala Water Authority, Principal Director, LSGD, Directors of Panchayats, Urban Affairs, Suchitwa Mission, Environment Directorate and AMRUT, District Collectors / DDCs, DCP & SP, Kozhikkode, CE, Irrigation Department, Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Secretaries of local bodies and other officials concerned. Member Secretary, KSPCB made the presentation depicting the status of the projects and initiatives taken up as per the orders of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal. The progress made since the last monthly meeting (held on 21/06/2022) was reviewed.

Following decisions/suggestion were made after detailed discussions and deliberations:

1. STP/FSTP projects:

A) Thrissur Corporation- Decentralized Sewerage Treatment Scheme:

The Principal Director, LSGD informed that vide G.O (Rt) No.1926/2022/ LSGD dated 08/08/2022 a committee was constituted to re-assess the nature of the proposed land of STP. He conveyed that the proposed site was inspected along with the District Collector and Director Urban Affairs. PD, LSGD reiterated that the proposed land is paddy land as per the Notified Databank. The Conversion/filling up of the entire land (13 Acres) is not required, as Thrissur Corporation is planning for an overhead STP plant on pillars in 2 Cents. The PD, LSGD also highlighted that there is need to treat waste water of Thrissur Corporation and if STP is not provided environmental issues would arise. Chief Secretary directed the PD, LSGD to forward the detailed report to the appropriate authority for urgent necessary action. Thrissur Corporation is also directed to forward the reports to the PD, LSGD immediately for enabling them to furnish report.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Revenue, Agriculture, Director, Urban Affairs, District Collector, Thrissur, Thrissur Corporation)

(B) Guruvayur Municipality:

The MD, KWA informed that Administrative Sanction was received for the construction of dilution tank and connected work in Guruvayoor STP for Rs 36 Lakh on 23/06/2022 (vide G.O.(Rt) No.249/2022/P&EA dated 23/06/2022). Technical Sanction was also issued and work e-tendered with opening date on 10/08/2022, as no offers were received the tender was cancelled. MD, KWA brought to the notice that the contractors in this field are very few and it is often required to retender. Chief Secretary instructed KWA to retender the work and look into the possibility of vendor development.

(Action: Water Resources Department, Kerala Water Authority, Finance, Local Self Government Department, District Collector Thrissur)

(C) STP at Yakkara, Palakkad:

The DC, Palakkad informed that Municipality is waiting for the Judgment of the Hon'ble High Court for taking further action.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Revenue, Director, Urban Affairs, District Collector, Palakkad)

(D) Kozhikkode Corporation- Zone A- Package A & Zone A- Package B:

a) Zone A- Package A: The Secretary, Kozhikkode Corporation informed that soil testing, site clearance & fencing works were completed with Police protection amidst huge protest. Director, DUA informed that the project needs some design change in the foundation as per the latest soil test done. Chief Secretary enquired about the agency which prepared the DPR without collecting baseline data. Chief Secretary also expressed dissatisfaction in the way the agency had taken up the project without proper investigation. DPRs are to be prepared only after collecting and analysing all relevant baseline details. Chief Secretary directed to black list the empanelled agencies which are found incompetent to complete the projects assigned to them in a systematic, scientific and time bound manner. ACS, LSGD informed that Suchitwa Mission had empanelled the agencies and that instructions would be given to blacklist and disempanel incompetent/ non-complying agencies.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Home Department, Director, Urban Affairs, Suchitwa Mission, District Collector, Kozhikode, Superintend of Police Kozhikkode, Kozhikkode Corporation)

b) Zone A- Package B: Secretary, Kozhikkode Corporation informed that Hon'ble High Court had vacated the stay with certain conditions and that the Judgment is awaited.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs,

District Collector Kozhikode, Kozhikode Corporation)

(E) Karamana Sewer Network:

The MD, KWA informed that contract with M/S REPL was terminated owing to many discrepancies. M/S REPL had approached the Hon'ble High Court and obtained stay against the termination. MD, KWA also conveyed that action is being taken internally to prepare DPR. In this regard, higher priority is given to highly polluted 19 wards abutting Karamana River. DPR for Cluster-1 covering 4 wards which can be linked to existing STP will be submitted before 20/09/2022.

Chief Secretary observed that many projects/initiatives for setting up of STPs/CETPs/FSTPs for treatment/processing of various types of wastes are being stayed by the Hon'ble High Court. Chief Secretary instructed Departments/Authorities concerned to file proper affidavits and caveat before the Hon'ble High Court before taking up such important projects where objections are anticipated. Urgent communication may be issued to the Advocate General in this respect. LSGD may route file with details of all such stalled important Government projects to the undersigned immediately.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority, Local Self Government Department, Departments, Urban Affairs Director, Industries Department, Revenue Department)

2. STP Kureeppuzha & Elamkulam:

(a)Kureeppuzha: MD, KWA informed that 66% of the construction works of 12 MLD STP has so far been completed. Chief Secretary noted the progress and directed to expedite the project work.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority)

(b) Elamkulam: MD, KWA informed that construction of 5 MLD plant under AMRUT scheme is completed. KSEB connection is expected by the end of August 2022. Out of 5 MLD plant capacity only 3 MLD is being utilized. DPR for 1.75 MLD network for the full utilization of the Plant is revised into PRICE 3.0 for an amount of Rs. 63.91 Crores and will be submitted to RKI and Government.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority, Rebuild Kerala Initiative)

3. CETP- Edayar & Aroor:

(a) CETP- Edayar: Kerala Water Authority reported that as per revised estimate the total amount for establishment of CETP comes to Rs. 42 Crores. Industries Department conveyed that KWA informed that they can proceed with the tender only if additional Rs. 4.5 Crores is deposited with them. The

O&M cost of the CETP for the 1st 10 years will be 156.02 Crores and for the successful & smooth running of the plant, the entity taking up the construction tender may also be entrusted with the responsibility of initial

year's O&M. Hence cost of O&M of at least 1st year also be remitted to KWA. These two conditions were not present at the time of submission of AS proposal to the Government.

During the discussions with the industries in Edayar, they have conveyed that they are not in a position to meet the project cost. The O&M cost is also exorbitant. They expect it to be met by the Government. The Chief Secretary conveyed that the industrial units are duty bound to regulate pollution from their units. ACS, Finance Department conveyed that this project was considered to be funded by the Government as the matter was before the NGT and some solution had to be offered.

The Member Secretary, KSPCB informed that there are 330 industrial units functioning in Edayar region of which 72 units generate effluent; among those only 3 are major units, others being small/medium scale units. MS, KSPCB also conveyed that there are 3 outlets and 5 drains which discharges treated effluents into the Periyar River. There are already directions of the Supreme Court Monitoring Committee to provide a single discharge point from Edayar industrial area for releasing treated effluent to Periyar. It was also informed that all units have some facility to treat effluents and some are even reusing the treated effluents.

In the above scenario, MS, KSPCB suggested for reconsidering the design prepared by the KWA. The KWA had prepared the design considering the raw effluents as influent to CETP. As the industrial units have their own treatment facilities, and the primary/raw effluents are already treated in the industrial units itself, the CETP may take the treated effluent as influent for further treatment.

MD, KWA said it is unfair to suggest changes at a later change like this when the cost is released to KWA and the TS procedures are on. Chief Secretary asked KSPCB to continue with the monitoring process of industries and also to conduct a thorough study of the effluents from all the units around the region along with KWA and KWA shall accordingly remodel the DPR. The final treated effluent can be released through a single outlet with online monitoring facility. This may bring down the capital cost and O&M cost of the CETP and shall make the project more feasible. Three months time can be given for such a study to revise the DPR.

(Action: Kerala Water Authority, Industries Department, Director, I&C, Kerala State Pollution Control Board)

(b) CETP- Aroor: Additional Director, I&C informed that the case is posted on 25/08/2022. Chief Secretary directed to get the stay vacated and to complete the project at the earliest.

(Action: Industries, Industries & Commerce)

4. Eviction of encroachments: CE, Irrigation Department informed that no visible encroachments in rivers were reported. Also conveyed that around 60 encroachments in Ashtamudi Lake were identified and about 37 encroachments were evicted. Additional Secretary, Revenue Department had requested to hand over the list of identified encroachments to the District Collectors. AS, Revenue Department conveyed that the labour component of

MGNREGS can be utilized for the side protection of river banks. CE, Irrigation also informed that a joint survey with the local bodies is proposed to identify encroachments in river purambokke land and as discussed encroachments if any found can be reported to Revenue Department/MGNREGS.

(Action: C.E,IRRIGATION, Local Self Government Department, District Collectors, Water Resources Department, MGNREGS)

5. E-Flow of rivers: CE, Irrigation Department informed that E-flow calculation of 39 rivers have been completed and the remaining 1 will be completed soon. E-flow calculation of 4 rivers can't be taken up due to non-availability of data. Informed that there are e-flow in 14 rivers; structural interventions and non-structural interventions are required in 15 & 8 rivers respectively to ensure e-flow. Also informed that the DPR & cost estimation for maintaining e-flow of rivers is being prepared and will be completed within a month.

(Action: Water Resources Department, Chief Engineer, Irrigation)

6. Ranking of local bodies: Director, Urban Affairs informed that ranking of Ulbs was published in the website of Urban Affairs Department. Chief Secretary asked LSGD to felicitate good performers. Chief Secretary also directed Urban Affairs Department to monitor the performance of Ulbs at regular intervals and to use mass media for publicizing the performance of Ulbs.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs, Director, Panchayat ,Suchitwa Mission)

7. Land policy: Additional Secretary, Revenue Department informed that the draft land policy prepared by the Land Revenue Commissioner was submitted to the Hon'ble Revenue Minister. The Hon'ble Revenue Minister had proposed some modifications in the draft land policy and has asked to resubmit it with modifications. Chief Secretary directed the Revenue Department to resubmit the draft land policy after necessary modifications at the earliest. Meanwhile, DCs may give higher priority to find and provide lands for waste management activities, as these are very important public projects to be executed for environmental safety and safety of general public.

(Action: Revenue, Land Revenue Comnissioner, District Collectors)

8. STP projects in ULBs: All local bodies and also Revenue Department have to identify land available for waste management projects. DCs shall monitor the progress and report the same to LSGD. The land so far made available and the further requirements shall be assessed and updated by KWA and LSGD, DCs shall also render necessary help. ACS, LSGD suggested that the DCs may find and report the list of abandoned quarries for setting up of waste treatment facilities. Such quarries may have good road access, safe distance from habitations and may be economical to procure. Chief Secretary directed DCs to forward the list of abandoned quarries including Government owned ones to the LSGD. Chief Secretary directed KWA to consider providing decentralized plants in flat areas and centralized plants in places having feasible good contour, to minimize the cost.

Chief Secretary enquired about the funding source for the projects. The MD, KWA informed that AMRUT, RKI funding is being looked into. Also informed that Gol expressed willingness to provide financial assistance if the State submits good proposals before the Gol. This is also to be explored.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Kerala Water Authority, Rebuild Kerala Initiative, Director, Urban Affairs, Revenue, District Collectors)

9. Polluted River Stretches: MS, KSPCB conveyed that 10 out of the 21 Polluted River Stretches have achieved bathing quality. The remaining polluted river stretches are in the Districts viz. Trivandrum, Ernakulam, Thrissur, Kozhikkode & Kannur. Chief Secretary directed the DCs to periodically convene DLTC & DLMC meetings and monitor the progress made in action plan to achieve the prescribed water quality in the respective polluted river stretches. If needed, further measures may be taken up.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Water Resources Department, All District Collectors, Kerala State Pollution Control Board)

10. Elimination of Single Use Plastic: ACS, LSGD informed that Government have issued model Plastic Waste Management Bylaws and circulated to all LSGIs for customization and adoption. Instructions were also given to LSGIs to enforce the ban on single use plastics. Inspections were carried out from 1St July 2022 and 9.5 Tons of plastics were seized and Rs. 10.47 Lakhs imposed as fine. Director, Urban Affairs informed that the matter is being reviewed every month. Chief Secretary directed LSGIs to carry out regular inspections to find violators, seize SUPs and to fine them. The reassignment of works of officers in the local bodies may also be looked into for the effective implementation of the single use plastic ban. Revenue collection by LSGIs – building taxes, fining for violations etc. to be monitored and outstanding revenue shall be got collected. PD, LSGD informed that activities of LSGIs are reviewed monthly.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs, Director, Panchayat)

 Liquid Waste Management in ULBs: LSGD reported that instructions were given to all the Ulbs to identify land for STPs/ FSTPs within their jurisdiction.

(Action: Local Self Government Department, Director, Urban Affairs)

12. Financial assistance from Ministry of Jal Shakti: Water Resources Department reported that proposals for financial assistance from the Ministry of Jal Shakti under National River Conservation Plan (NRCP) is under Preparation.

(Action: Water Resources Department)

The meeting came to close by 11.30 AM

CHIEF SECRETARY

20.09.2022 ൽ Polluted River Stretches മായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് പത്തനംതിട്ട കളക്ട്രേറ്റ് കോൺഫറൻസ് ഹാളിൽ വെച്ച് നടത്തിയ DLTC മീറ്റിംഗിന്റെ മിനിട്ട്സ്.

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, ശ്രീ. ബി. രാധാകൃഷ്ണൻ അവർകളുടെ അദ്ധ്യക്ഷത യിൽ സെപ്റ്റംബർ മാസത്തെ അവലോകനയോഗം 11.50 am ന് ആരംഭിച്ചു. യോഗത്തിൽ താഴെപ്പറയുന്നവർ പങ്കെടുത്തു.

- അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - അസി. പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട
 - ഇൻഡസ്ട്രീസ് എക്സ്റ്റൻഷൻ ഓഫീസർ, ജില്ലാ വ്യവസായ വകുപ്പ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട

- സെക്രട്ടറി, നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് -അസി.സെക്രട്ടറി, മാന്നാർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് - ജൂനിയർ സൂപ്രണ്ട്, ഡി.ഡി.പി, പത്തനംതിട്ട - ജില്ലാ കോ-ഓർഡിനേറ്റർ, ശുചിത്വ മിഷൻ

- 1) ശ്രീ. ബി. രാധാകൃഷ്ണൻ
- 2) ശ്രീ. പി. എസ്. കോശി
- 3) ശ്രീമതി. സുചിത്ര വി
- 4) ശ്രീമതി. പ്രവിതാമോൾ റ്റി.എൻ
- 5) ശ്രീമതി. ജനിഷ എസ്. മുഹമ്മദ്
- 6) ശ്രീ. എസ്. വിജയ്
- 7) ശ്രീ.ഹരികുമാർ എൻ.
- 8) ശ്രീ. ജിനു എബ്രഹാം
- 9) ശ്രീമതി. നൈസി റഹ്മാൻ
- 10) ശ്രീ. അരുൺദാസ് ബി

- ഹൈഡ്രോ ജിയോളജിസ്റ്റ്, ഭൂജലവകുപ്പ്

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ്, പത്തനംതിട്ട, എല്ലാവരേയും യോഗത്തിലേക്ക് ചെയ്തു. തുടർന്ന് എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, സ്വാഗതം മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ പദ്ധതിയുടെ പുരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്തി.

പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് കർമ്മ പദ്ധതി പ്രകാരം ബോർഡ് സ്വീകരിച്ചുവരുന്ന നടപടികളെപ്പറ്റി വിശദീകരിച്ചു. മലിനീകരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദീഭാഗങ്ങ ളുടെ കർമ്മപദ്ധതിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുന്ന മാന്നാർ മുതൽ തകഴി വരെയുള്ള സ്റ്റേഷനുകളിൽ നിന്ന് എല്ലാ മാസവും സാമ്പിളുകൾ ശേഖരിച്ച് പരിശോധന നടത്തി വരുന്നതായും, പരിശോധ നാഫലം അനുസരിച്ച് പരാമീറ്ററുകൾ എല്ലാം പരിധിക്കുള്ളിലാണെന്നും അതിനാൽ മലിനീ കരിക്കപ്പെട്ട നദീഭാഗങ്ങളുടെ പട്ടികയിൽ നിന്നും ഒഴിവാക്കാൻ കേന്ദ്ര ഓഫീസിൽ നിന്നും ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുണ്ടെന്ന് പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു.

囊

കർമ്മ പദ്ധതി പ്രകാരമുള്ള പുരോഗതി റിപ്പോർട്ട് എല്ലാ മാസവും 10–ാം തീയതിക്കു മുമ്പ് തരേണ്ടതാണെന്നും, പഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ ഇതിൽ താമസം വരുത്തുന്നതായും, ഭൂജല വകുപ്പ്, ഇറിഗേഷൻ എന്നീ വകുപ്പുകൾ മാത്രമേ പറഞ്ഞ തീയതിക്കു മുമ്പ് അയച്ചു തരുന്നുള്ളൂവെന്നും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു. കോഴഞ്ചേരി പഞ്ചായത്തിൽ ഒഴുകുന്ന പൊങ്ങനാംതോട്ടിലേക്ക് പൈപ്പുകൾ വച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ഇത് പമ്പാ കൂടി നദിയിലേക്ക് എത്തിച്ചേരുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും ജലപരിശോധന നടത്തിയതിൽ കോളിഫോം സാന്നിധ്യം കൂടുതലാണെന്നും ഇത് സംബന്ധിച്ച് പഞ്ചായത്തിലേക്ക് കത്ത് അയച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെങ്കിലും, മറുപടി ഒന്നും തന്നിട്ടില്ലായെന്നും, അതിനാൽ DDP എത്രയും പെട്ടന്ന് ഇതിന്മേൽ ഒരു നടപടിയെടുക്കണമെന്നും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു.

(നടപടി : DDP)

നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ MCF എല്ലാ വാർഡിലും ഉണ്ടെന്നും, RRF ബ്ലോക്ക് തല ത്തിൽ പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുള്ളെന്നും മാത്രമേ door collection to door നന്നായി നടക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു. രണ്ടു മാസത്തിനു മുമ്പ് ഒരു സ്വകാര്യ വ്യക്തിയുടെ നിന്നും വീട്ടിൽ മലിനജലം നദിയിലേക്ക് ഒഴുകുന്നതായി ശ്രദ്ധിയിൽപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ഇതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് പോലീസിൽ പരാതി നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, അയാൾ ഇപ്പോൾ ഇവിടെ താമസമില്ലാത്തതിനാൽ മലിനജലം നദിയിലേക്ക് ഒഴുക്കുന്നില്ലായെന്നും സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു.

(നടപടി : സെക്രട്ടറി, നിരണം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)

നദിയിലേക്ക് മലിനജലം ഒഴുക്കുന്നത് നിർത്തിയെന്ന് ഉറപ്പുവരുത്തി റിപ്പോർട്ട് ചെയ്തതിനു ശേഷം ഈ പരാതി അവസാനിപ്പിച്ചാൽ മതിയെന്ന് എ.ഡി.എം അഭിപ്രായപ്പെട്ടു.

മാന്നാർ ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിൽ പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക് പരിശോധന നല്ല രീതിയിൽ നടന്നു വരുന്നതായും ഏകദേശം 16,000 രൂപയോളം പിഴ അടപ്പിച്ചതായും, അസി.സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു. കൂടാതെ നദികളിലേക്ക് മലിനജലം ഒഴുക്കുന്ന സ്ഥാപനങ്ങൾക്കെതിരെയുള്ള പരാതിയിന്മേൽ നടപടി സ്വീകരിച്ചു വരുന്നതായും അസി.സെക്രട്ടറി അറിയിച്ചു.

ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിൽ, e-flow assessment മായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട കണക്കെടുപ്പ് കഴിഞ്ഞുവെന്നും പത്തനംതിട്ട ജില്ലയിൽ കൂടി ഒഴുകുന്ന വിവിധ നദികളിൽ പമ്പ 57%, അച്ചൻകോവിൽ 87%, മണിമല 41% എന്നിങ്ങനെ നദിയുടെ desilting work നടന്നു വരുന്നതായും മറ്റു വർക്കുകൾക്ക് സബ്മിഷൻ നൽകിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ മൈനർ ഇറിഗേഷൻ അറിയിച്ചു. ഭൂഗർഭ ജലവിഭവ വകുപ്പിൽ 13 റീച്ചാർജ്ജിന് പുതുതായി നിർദ്ദേശം കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, നേരത്തേ കൊടുത്തതിൽ 5 എണ്ണത്തിന് അനുമതി ലഭിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, ബാക്കി വർക്ക് ടെണ്ടർ ചെയ്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും, കൂടാതെ 25.85 ലക്ഷം രൂപ റീചാർജ്ജിന് എസ്റ്റിമേറ്റ് കൊടുത്തുവെന്നും ഹൈഡ്രോ ജിയോളജിസ്റ്റ് അറിയിച്ചു.

മീറ്റിംഗിൽ പങ്കെടുക്കാത്ത വകുപ്പുകൾക്ക് വിശദീകരണം ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടുകൊണ്ട് കത്ത് അയക്കണമെന്ന് മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിനോട് എ.ഡി.എം ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു.

താഴെപ്പറയുന്ന വകുപ്പുകൾ യോഗത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുത്തിട്ടില്ലാത്തതാകുന്നു.

-) 1) കേരള വാട്ടർ അതോറിറ്റി, പത്തനംതിട്ട.
- 2) കടപ്ര ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്

യോഗത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുത്ത എല്ലാവർക്കും പരിസ്ഥിതി എഞ്ചിനീയർ, മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ് നന്ദി അറിയിച്ചു.

യോഗം 12.10 ന് അവസാനിച്ചു.

അഡീഷണൽ ജില്ലാ മജീസ്ട്രേറ്റ് 🖌 ഡെപ്പുട്ടി കളക്ടർ (ജനറൽ)6 അഡിഷണൽ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്റ്റ് മജിസ്ട്രേറ്റ് പത്തനംതിട്ട



Legal/DA673/2018/NMCG/2019 National Mission for Clean Ganga Department of Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation, Ministry of Jal Shakti

lst Floar. Major Dhyan Chand National Stadium India Gate, New Delhi-110002 Dated: 7th October, 2022

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Minutes of the 14th meeting of Central Monitoring Committee in the NGT Matter OA No.673 of 2018 held on 20.09.2022 from 10.30 AM on-wards

A copy of Minutes of the 14th Moeting of Central Monitoring Committee in the NGT matter O.A. No. 673 of 2018 held through Video Conferencing on 20.09.2022 from 10.30 AM on-wards, under the Chairmanship of Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti is forwarded herewith for information/ necessary action.

(D. P. Mathuria) X. J. U Executive Director-Technical, NMCG ed-technical@nmcg.nic.in

Encl: As above.

Τо,

- Chief Secretary, Government of Andhra Pradesh, Tst Block, A.P. Scoretariat Office, Velagapudi 522503
- Chief Sceretary, Government of Assam, Block, C. 3rd Floor, Assam Sachivalaya, Dispur -781006, Guwahati
- 3. Chief Secretary, Government of Bihar, Main Secretariat, Patna 800015
- Chief Secretary, Government of Chhattisgarh, Mahanadi Bhawan, Mantralaya, Naya, Raipur 492002
- 5. Chief Secretary, Government of Goa, Secretariat, Porvroim, Bardez, Goa 403521
- Chief Secretary, Government of Gujarat, 1^s. Block, 5th Floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar 382010
- Chief Secretary, Government of Haryana, 4th Floor, Haryana Civil Secretariat, Scelor-1, Chandigarh – 160019
- 8. Chief Secretary, Government of Himachal Pradesh, II P Secretariat, Shinla-171002
- Chief Scoretary, Government of Jammu & Kashmir, R. No. 2/7, 2nd Floor, Main Building, Civil Scoretariat, Jammu -180001

- Chief Secretary, Government of Jharkhand, 1st Floor, Project Building, Dhurwa, Ranchi-834004
- Chief Secretary, Government of Kamataka, Room No. 320, 3rd Floor, Vidhana Soudha, Bengaluru -560001
- 12. Chief Secretary, Government of Kerala, Scoretariat, Thiruvananthapuram -695001
- Chief Secretary, Government of Madhya Pradesh, MP Mantralaya, Vallabh Bhavan, Bhopal --462004
- Chief Secretary, Government of Maharashtra, CS office main Building, Mantralaya, 6th floor, Madame Cama Road, Mumbai 400032
- 15. Chief Secretary, Government of Manipur, South Block, Old Secretariat, Imphal 795001
- Chief Secretary, Government of Maghalaya. Main Secretariat Building, Room no 316, Shitlong – 793001
- 17. Chief Secretary, Government of Mizoram, New Secretariat Complex, Aizwal 796001
- 18. Chief Secretary, Government of Nagaland, Civil Secretariat, Kohima 797004
- Chief Secretary, Government of Odisha, General Administration Department, Odisha Secretariat, Bhubaneswar 751001
- 20. Chief Secretary, Government of Punjah, Chandigarh 160001
- Chief Secretary, Government of Rajasthan, Secretariat, Jaipur 302005.
- 22. Chief Secretary, Government of Sikkim, New Secretariat, Gangtok 737101
- 23. Chief Secretary, Government of Tamil Nadu, Secretariat, Chennai-600009
- Chief Scorctary, Government of Telangana, Block C, 3rd floor, Telangana Secretariat Khairatabad, Hyderabad, Telangana
- Chief Socretary, Government of Tripura, New Secretariat Complex Secretariat 799010, Agartala, West Tripura
- 26. Chief Secretary, Government of Uttar Pradesh, 1^a floor, Room No. 110, Lal bahadur Sastri Bhawan, Uttar Pradesh Secretariat, Lucknow - 226001
- Chief Secretary, Government of Utlarakhaud, 4 Subhash Road, Utlarakhaud, Secretariat Debradun – 248001
- Chief Socretary, Government of West Bengal, Nahanna, 13th Floor, 325, Sarat Chauerjee Road, Mandirtala, Shibpur, Howrab – 711102
- 29. Administrator, Daman & Din and Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Secretariat, Meti. Daman -396220
- 30. Chief Secretary, Govi, of NCT of Delhi, Delhi Secretariat, IP Estate, New Delhi 110002
- 31. Chief Secretary, Govt. of Puducherry, Main Building, Chief Secretariat, Puducherry-605001.
- 32. Chief Scorotary, Andaman & Nicobar, Secretariat, Port Blair
- 33. Administrator, Lakshadweep

Copy To:

- Secretary, Department of Porest, Ecology & Environment, J&K, Room no. 2/33-34, Main Building, Civil Secretariat. J&K, Jammu.
- Secretary, Department of Environment, Science and Lechnology Paryavaran Bhawan, Near US Club, Shimla, Himachal Pradesh-171001
- Principal Secretary, MGSIPA Complex. Sector-26, adjacent Sacred Heart School, Chandigarh, 160019

- Additional Chief Secretary to Govt. of Haryana, Environment Department of Environment & Climate Change, R.No. 108, 70) Floor, Main Secretariat Sec16, Chandigarh 160017
- Principal Secretary, Department of Environment, U.P., Room No. 601, Bapu Bhawan Secretarint, Vidhan Sabha Marg, Lucknow – 226001.
- Special Chief Secretary, Department of Environment, Forest, Science & technology, 4th Block, Ground Floor, Room No:268, A.P. Secretariat Office, Velagapudi
- Scoretary, Department of Environment and Forest, H-Block, 2nd Floor Janata Bhawan, Dispur, Guwahati 781006, Assam
- Principal Secretary, Department of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Van Vihhag Rd, Nehru Nagar, Patliputra Colony, Patua, Bihar \$00013
- Additional Chief Secretary (Forests & Environment), Forests & Environment, Department, Block 14, 8 th floor, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar - 382 010 Gujarat.
- Principal Secretary, Department of Environment, Room No. S-2/23, Mahanadi bhawan, Mantralayii, Nava Raipur, Atal Nagar, Raipur - 492001
- Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Forest, Environment and Ecology, Department, Kamataka Government Secretariat, Room No. 447, 4th Floor, Gate no. 2, Multi-storey Building, Bangalore-560001.
- Principal Sceretary, Department of Environment, Room No. 406 4th Floor Annex II. Secretariat, Kerala Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala, PIN- 695001
- [3, Principal Secretary Department of Housing and Environment, Government of Madhya Pradesh, Paryavaran Parisar, E- 5, Arera Colony, Bhopai, Madhya Pradesh, 462016
- Principal Secretary, Environment Department, Maharashtra 15th Ploor, New Administrative Building, Madam Cama Ruad, Mantralaya, Mumbai - 400032
- Additional Secretary, Forests & Environment Deptt, Secretariat Building, North Range, Forest Colony, Khasi Hills, Shillong, Meghalaya 793001
- Deputy Conservator of Forest (Headquarters) Environment, Forests & Climate Change Department Tuikhuahtlang, Aizawi Mizoram.
- Principal Secretary, Department of Environment, Forest & Climate Change, New Secretariat, Kohima, Nagaland Tel.- 0370-2243025
- Additional Chief Secretary, State Silvicultural garden, Khandagiri, Bhubaneswar, Odisha 751003
- Principal Secretary, Forest and Environment Department, Rajasthan 4 Jhalana Institutional Area, Jhalana Doongri, Jaipur, Rajasthan 302004
- 20. Principal Secretary, Chief Project Director (SBFP-JICA), Forests, Environment & Wildlife Management Department, Government of Sikkim
- 21. Principal Secretary, Namakkal Kavignar Maaligai, Fort St. George, Chennal 600 009
- Secretary, Department of Science, Technology & Environment, Vigyan Prajukti O Paribesh Bhawan, P.N. Comptex, Gorkhabasti, Agartala, West Tripura, PIN-799006
- Special, Chief Secretary, TSCOST, 4th Floor, Aranya Bhavan, Saifabad, Hyderabal, Tolangana State, Pio – 500004
- Deputy Conservator of Forests, (Territorial Division), Department of Environment & Forest Office of the Deputy Conservator of Forest, Daman, Fort Area, Post Office Moti Doman Daman

- Deputy Conservator of Forests, (Territorial Division), Van Bhavan, Dadra and Nagar Hayeli
- Secretary, Department of Environment, Govt. of NCT of Delhi, 6th Floor, Delhi Secretariat, IP Estate, New Delhi 110002
- Secretary, Environment & Forest, Govt. of Uttarakhand, 4 Subhash Road, Secretariat, Forth Floor, New Building Dehradun, Pin code-248001
- Joint Secretary, Department of Science, Technology & Environment, 1st Floor, Pandit Deendayal Upadhay Bhayan, Behind Pundalik Devasthan, Near Sanjay School, Porvorim, Bardez - Gea
- Scoretary, Environment, Office of Environment, Chief Secretariat, Goubert Avenue, Puducherry 605001
- Principal Socretary, Department of Environment, 5th Floor, Pranisampad Bhawan, Block LB-II, Salt Lake, Sector III, Bidhannagar, Kolkata – 700 106
- Additional Chief Secretary Forest, Environment & Climate Change Deptt., Nepal House, Doranda, Ranchi-834002, Jharkhand
- Additional Chief Secretary, Forest and Environment Department, Government of Manipur, Secretariat, Imphal- 705001
- The Member Secretary, Assam Pollution Control Board, Baraunimaidam, Guwahati 781021
- The Member Secretary, Andhra Pradesh Pollution Control Board D.No. 33-26-14 D/2, Near Sunrise Hospital, Pushpa Hotel Centre, Chalamalavari Street, Kasturibaipet, Vijayawada 520 010
- The Member Secretary, Bihar State Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhawan, Plot No. NS-B/2 Paliputra Industrial Area, Patliputra, Patna (Bihar) - 800 010
- The Member Secretary, Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board, Paryavas Bhavan, North Block Sector-19, Atal Nagar Dist- Kaipur (C.G.) 492002
- The Member Secretary, Delhi Pollution Control Committee, Government of N.C.T. Delhi 4th Floor, ISBT Building, Kashmere Gate, Delhi-110006
- The Member Secretary, Daman, Diu & Dadra Nagar Haveli Pollution Control Committee, Office of the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Port Area. Court Compound, Moti Daman, Daman-396220
- The Member Secretary, Goa State Pollution Control Board, 1st Floor, Dempo Tower, EDC Patto Plaza, Panaji, Goa-403 001
- The Member Secretary, Gujarat Pollution Control Board Paryavan Bhavan, Sector 10- A, Gandhinagar – 382.043
- The Member Secretary, Haryana State Pollution Control Board, C-11, Sector-6, Panchkula-134109, Haryana
- 42. The Member Secretary, Himachal Pradesh Pollution Control Board, Him Parivesh, Phase-III, New Shimla, Himachal Pradesh 171009
- 43. The Member Secretary, Jammu & Kashmir Starc Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhawan, Forest Complex, Gladni, Narwal, transport Nagar, Jammu, Jammu and Kashmir 180004
- 44. The Member Secretary, Jammu & Kashmir State Pollution Control Board, Shiekh-ul-Campus, behind GovL Silk Factory, Raj Bagh, Srinagar (J&K)

- The Member Sceretary, Joardand Pollution Control Board, T.A Building, HEC. P.O. Dhurwill Ranchi – 834004
- The Member Secretary, Karnataka State Pollution Control Board, Parisara Bhavan, 4th & 5th Floor, # 49, Church St., Bengaluru-S60 001
- The Member Secretary, Kerala State Pollution Control Board, Plemoodu Jn., Pattom Palace P.O. Thiruvananthapuram - 695 004
- The Member Secretary, Manipur Pollution Control Board, Lamphelpal, Imphal West D.C. Office Complex Imphal – 795004
- The Member Secretary Meghalaya Pollution Control Board Arden- Lumpyngngad Shillong: 793014
- The Member Secretary, Nagaland Pollution Control Board, Signal Peint, Dimapur Nagaland – 797112
- The Member Secretary, Mathya Pradesh Pollution Control Board, E-5. Arera Colony, Paryavaran Parisar, Bhopal - 462 016, Madhya Pradesh
- The Member Secretary, Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Kalpataru Point, 2nd 4th Floor Opp. Cinc Planet Cinema, Nr. Sinn Circle, Sion (B) Mumbai – 400 022
- 53. The Member Secretary, Mizoram Pollution Control Board, New Secretariat Complex, Khaila Thiannual Peng, Khaila, Aizawi, Mizoram: 796001
- The Member Secretary, Puducherry Pollution Control Committee, Housing Board Complex, Anna Nagar, Puducherry -600 005
- The Member Secretary, Punjab Pollution Control Board, Vatavaran Bhawan, Nabha Road, Patiala, Punjab 147001
- The Member Scoretary, Odisha Pollution Control Board, A-118, Nilakanta Nagar, Unit VID, Bhuhaneshwar - 751012
- S7. The Member Secretary, Rajasthan Pollution Control Board, 4, Jhalana Institutional Arca, Jhalana Doongri, Jaipur (Rajasthan) - 302 004
- 58. The Member Secretary, Sikkim State Pollution Control Board, Department of Forest, Environment & Wildlife Management Government of Sikkim, Deorali, Gangtok, -737102
- The Member Secretary, Telangana State Pollution Control Board, Paryavaten Bhawan, A-3, I.F. Sanath Nagar, Hyderabad-500 018
- The Member Sceretary, Tripura Pollution Control Board, Vigyan Bhawan, Pandit Nehru Complex, Gorkhabasti, PO: Kunjaban Agartala – 799006
- The Member Secretary, Tamii Nadu Pollution Control Board, 76, Mount Salai, Guindy, Chemiai-600 032
- The Member Secretary, Uttarakhand Environmental Protection & Pollution Control Board, 29/20, Nemi Road, Dehradun, Uttarakhand 248001
- The Member Secretary, Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board, Building.No. TC-12V, Vibbuti Khand, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow-226 010
- The Member Secretary, West Bengal Pollution Control Board, Paribesh Bhavan, 10A, Block-L.A., Sector III, Salt Lake City, Kolkata - 700 106
- The Member Secretary, Andaman & Nicobar Islands Pollution Control Committee, Department of Science & Technology, Dollygunj Van Sadan, Haddo P.O., Port Blair – 744102

 The Member Secretary, Lakshadweep Pollution Control Committee, Department of Science, Technology & Environment, Kavarati-682555

Copy for kind information:

- PPS to Secretary, Department of Water Resources, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Shram Shakti Bhavan, Rafi Marg, Sansad Marg Area, New Delhi- 110001
- 2. PS to Director General, NMCG cum Project Director NRCD
- PS to Additional Scoretary, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, Nirman Bhawan, Maulana Azad Road, New Delhi – U0011.
- Joint Secretary, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, Jorbagh Road, New Delhi – 110003
- Member Secretary, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar, Dolhi-110032
- 6. PS to LD (Projects), NMCG
- 7. Joint Secretary, NRCD
- Director (SPM-III), Department of Drinking Water and Sanitation, Government of India,4th Floor, Pt. Deendayal Antyodaya Bhawan, CGO Complex, Ladhi Road, New Delhi - 110003.

Minutes of the 14th meeting of the Central Monitoring Committee held on 20.09.2022 through Video Conferencing regarding 351 polluted river stretches based on the directions of Hon'ble NGT in the matter OA No. 673 of 2018

The 14th meeting of the Central Monitoring Committee (CMC) constituted by Hon'ble NGT in the matter OA No. 673 of 2018 was held through video conferencing with the States on 20.09.2022 from 10.30 AM onwards in Conference Room, NMCG under the Chairmanship of Secretary, DoWR,RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti (MoJS). The list of participants of NMCG, NRCD, DW&S, MoHUA and CPCB present at the meeting is at *Annexure-I*.

II. Director General, NMCG welcomed all the participants. Secretary, DoWR,RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti highlighted that the States are already lagging behind the timelines stipulated by NGT for setting up of STPs. Several States have significant gap in sewage treatment capacity, though STP projects are being taken up in many States to bridge the gap. States were requested to take up projects on urgent basis through AMRUT/ NRCD/ NMCG/ State funds for treatment of sewage and to prevent discharge of untreated waste, so that there is no gap left in sewage treatment. AMRUT 2.0 has provision of treatment of wastewater and in 500 AMRUT cities target is to achieve no untreated sewage discharge. Information sought from many States as regards compliance of directions on idol immersion are also awaited. MPR from many States are not being received regularly, which may be looked into. Quite often MPRs have been found not to be capturing complete and updated information. Timelines for sewerage projects which have already been lapsed have not been updated in MPRs. Special focus may also be kept on providing MPR in time with updated information.

States were also directed to ensure compliance with the directions of the Ministry with regard to prevention of idol immersion during the upcoming festival season.

III. Subsequently, State-wise discussions held are as follows:

Through a presentation, progress made by the States was highlighted and the issues related to sewage, industrial and solid waste management, etc. in the States based on the information submitted in MPRs were brought out for review.

1. <u>Gujarat</u>

Joint Director, NRCD informed that as per the MPR for July, 2022 submitted by the State, the entire sewage generation in the State is being addressed through the existing 73 STPs of

3485 MLD, 54 under-trial STPs of 1226.7 MLD, 102 under construction STPs of 1075.63 MLD and 22 proposed STPs of 701.47 MLD. With regard to the on-going STP projects, no progress has been indicated for 6 STPs with I&D / HSC (house service connections) projects. Out of the total 127 STPs, 30 STPs are reported to be non-complying, including 7 STPs which are yet to obtain CTO/CTE. This also includes 3 major STPs of 205 MLD in Vinzol area, 3 STPs of 346 MLD in Pirana, 3 STPs of 401 MLD in Vasna and 3 STPs of 88 MLD in Gandhinagar, cumulating to about 1040 MLD of suboptimal discharge into River Sabarmati. As pollution in River Sabarmati is being highlighted in the media, the State was directed to provide their response. Number of water polluting industries in the State has increased from 12,815 to 13,239. It is reported that 12,942 industries have installed ETPs, of which 246 ETPs are found to be non-complying. 6483 industries are connected to 36 CETPs of 800.23 MLD capacity. 16 CETPs of 263.35 MLD are proposed/under construction and 3 CETPs of 45.5 MLD are under expansion. There is reduction in number of non-complying existing CETPs from 16 to 10. Action taken against the industries connected to the non-complying CETPs is to be provided by the State. State needs to expedite the submission of Action Plan for coastal and marine pollution as well as provide status with regard to Action Plan for deep sea disposal for industrial pollution management.

With regard to the non-compliance of the STPs, the State official informed that the State has taken up campaign for all STPs to apply for CTE & CTO from the Board. 15 STPs are without CTE and 29 units without CTO. In next 1 month, all non-functional STPs are expected to have CTE & CTO from the Board. Most of the new STPs are under stabilization. Further, with regard to non-compliance of STPs in catchment area of Sabarmati River, it was informed that the Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation is working with World Bank for Resilient City project under which up-gradation of non-performing STPs is underway. With regard to the performance of the CETPs in Sabarmati River catchment, NEERI has been engaged for evaluation of effluent disposal from all CETPs insto the river. The draft report is in final stage under the Joint Task Force constituted by Hon'ble High Court. All the recommendations and suggestions by NEERI would be implemented by the State in a time bound manner.

Additional City Engineer, AMC informed that STPs in Vinzol area are non-complying majorly due to mixing of industrial effluent. Therefore, a drive has been taken up to close all the industrial connections. 529 industrial connections through which discharge was received

have been removed. In Pirana area, 126 MLD UASB and 240 MLD ASP based STPs are underway for up gradation through World Bank funding and are currently under tender evaluation. To address the bypassed discharge, 126 MLD UASB plant is planned to be augmented to 375 MLD. Similarly, at new Pirana campus 180 MLD plant is planned to be augmented to 420 MLD. 1300 MLD of sewage is generated in AMC area for which there are 14 STPs of 1245 MLD capacity. Works are in progress for 4 new STPs of 122 MLD capacity and are expected to be completed by March, 2023. 92% physical progress of 30 MLD CETP has been achieved and is expected to be completed by 2022. 2 new STPs are under planning.

Secretary, DoWR, RD & GR, MoJS raised concern over the large number of non-complying STPs in Ahmedabad.

DG, NMCG enquired from the State the standards (MoEF&CC/ NGT orders) on the basis of which the Board reports non-compliance of the STPs.

Additional City Engineer, AMC responded that the old STPs are designed on MoEF&CC parameters of BOD <30 mg/l and TSS <100 mg/l, for which up-gradation is underway to achieve the standards as prescribed by NGT.

Secretary, DoWR, RD & GR, MoJS suggested that stringent standards as per the directions of NGT should be followed. States should take up measures to upgrade the old STPs so as to achieve the revised standards.

ED Technical, NMCG highlighted that in the last meeting of the CMC held in June 2022, State was directed to identify the reason for non-compliance of the STPs, and whether it was due to operational deficiencies or technical deficiencies. State is yet to submit its response.

Secretary, DoWR, RD & GR MoJS directed State to submit a report containing concrete steps proposed to be taken for overcoming the issue of non-compliance of STPs in the State in a time bound manner.

With regard to the deep sea disposal proposal, State informed that within one month the report shall be submitted.

DG, NMCG enquired about the status of Tapi Sudhhikaran project as Hon'ble Prime Minister proposes to inaugurate the project.

City Engineer, Surat MC informed that under the project, 1 STP of 43.21 MLD has been completed in Valak, which shall be inaugurated by Hon'ble PM on 29th September, 2022.

Further, 10 STPs are under construction, of which one STP is to be completed within the next 3-4 months and the remaining 9 STPs shall be completed as per the timelines.

2. Tamil Nadu

Joint Director, NRCD informed that the capacity utilization of existing STPs in the State is 55% only and gap in sewage treatment is 1225.15 MLD. 32 STPs of 868.67 MLD and 25 FSTPs of 0.585 MLD are under construction. 38 new STPs are proposed in the State. Action taken report with regard to the model river Bhavani has not provided separately in the MPR. 2 CETPs out of 36 are reported to be non-compliant, of which 1 CETP with 62 industrial member units has been closed down. 10 CETPs of 41 MLD are in proposal stage from past 2 years. 5 FSTPs are in proposal stage since long. Action taken with regard to 26 drains falling into water bodies needs to be reported. State needs to take action in bridging the gap of 6979 TPD in solid waste processing. State is yet to submit Action plan for Coastal Pollution. Since last review meeting, no information has been provided with regard to idol immersion. Incremental progress has been provided for 10 under construction STPs only, while the progress with regard to the remaining 22 STPs needs to be provided in the next MPR.

ACS (Environment & Climate Change), Tamil Nadu attended the meeting with other State officials. Chief Engineer, DMA informed that total solid waste generation in the State is 14,998 TPD, for which 9585 TPD of solid waste processing facility is existing, having 8019 TPD utilization capacity. 112 SWM processing units of 1573 TPD are under construction and 7 incinerator plants of 35 TPD and 9 pyrolysis plants of 0.9 TPD have been completed. 10 SWM processing units of 36.5 TPD have been proposed.

DG, NMCG raised concern over the proposed 10 CETPs of 41 MLD which are pending for a long time.

ACS (Environment), TN informed that the Chief Secretary, TN has already taken a meeting and directed immediate action for completion.

Secretary, DoWR, RD & GR, MoJS highlighted that a gap of around 400 MLD in sewage treatment capacity is still existing. Similarly, around 4000 TPD of gap in SWM exists. Projects to bridge the gap needs to be implemented at the earliest. State was directed to submit details of plan for tapping 29 drains falling into water bodies and plan to expedite the implementation of the proposed 10 CETPs.

ACS (Environment), TN informed that State has proposed construction of additional STPs of 546 MLD to address the gap. 1573 projects are under consideration for addressing the gap in MSW. It was assured that detailed review report shall be submitted at the earliest by the State. It was informed that detailed report with regard to Idol immersion has already been submitted by the State.

DG, NMCG highlighted that Action Plan for Coastal Pollution needs to be addressed on priority. Also, State may provide in the MPRs the incremental progress with regard to the on-going projects.

ACS (Environment), TN informed that NIOT, Chennai has been identified for preparation of the coastal zone management plan. A draft report has been prepared by NCSCM, based on which State is entering into MoU with NIOT. Due to a large coastal area, 5-6 months are required for preparation of the report.

3. Karnataka

Joint Director, NRCD informed the capacity utilization of STPs in the State is 69% and gap of 569.27 MLD exists in sewage treatment capacity at present. 10 STPs of 37 MLD are reported to be non-operational due to non-completion of the HSCs and 5 STPs are reported to be non-compliant. 50 FSSMs approved projects are still in DPR preparation stage since last 1 year. 3423 industries have installed ETPs, of which 168 ETPs are reported to be non-complying. 60 industrial units have no ETPs. There is a gap of 3018 TPD in SWM. 146 drains are reported to be falling into 17 rivers and details of in-situ bio-remediation initiated on these needs to be provided. 1 CETP of 1000 KLD has been reported closed. Incremental progress with regard to on-going projects needs to be provided.

ED (Tech), NMCG highlighted that even during the previous meeting of CMC, 10 STPs were reported to be non-operational due to lack of UGD, and the State had committed that it would be completed by July, 2022. However, the status remains the same even in September.

Member Secretary, KSPCB informed that the State is trying to resolve the issue of capacity utilization of the existing STPs. Efforts put in by the State to resolve the issue of non-operational STPs and house service connections was briefed. It was informed that in Bagalkote area, Rs. 8.7 crore has been earmarked under SBM 2 and work has started. In Gadag, Rs.19.35 crore has been earmarked for works related to 4.18 MLD STP and work

shall start soon. In Kalburgi, for 3.25 MLD STP, Rs. 5.83 crore has been earmarked under SBM 2. In Tumkur, a DPR amounting to Rs. 10 crore for providing 2nd Stage UGD scheme to Turuvekere town has been submitted to State Government for approval. For Ramdurga region, DPR has been submitted to State Government. For Guledgudda, Rs 4.18 crore has been earmarked for 4 MLD STP under Nagrot Thana Phase IV. In Dakshin Kannada, to upgrade the HSC connections under SBM, work is under progress.

With regard to the non-complying STPs, it was informed that the 2.25 MLD STP at Mysuru based on waste stabilization pond is being upgraded to Sequential Batch Reactor of 3.8 MLD. In Shivamogga, Bhadravati WSP STP is being upgraded to natural endogenous bioreactor technology. In Belagavi, Chikodi WSP is being upgraded under SBM-2. In Bangalore Rural, works are under progress and initially aerators are being installed for enhancing DO level. With regard to the non-operational ETPs, it was informed that 46 industries without ETPs have been closed. 61 industries have closed down due to their own reasons. 60 units are KSRTC Bus Depots, not industrial units, which are to be covered by the STPs. With regard to the issue of no in-situ remediation for pollution of drains that are directly falling into polluted river stretches, MS KSPCB informed that Haveri Grey Water Treatment project has been awarded under Atmanirbhar Bharat Innovation Award 2022 by Ministry of Jal Shakti. Thus, the State Government is addressing the issues.

DG, NMCG highlighted that small modular units called Johkasou / Decentralized STPs are being manufactured in India now as per the MoU between India and Japan, which may be useful for cities like Bangalore. Capacity building programmes can be arranged by MoHUA for the States. As the O&M cost is comparatively low, State can explore such options as well. Further, State was directed to provide written submission with regard to the action proposed against non-operational and non-complying STPs.

4. Andaman & Nicobar

Joint Director, NRCD highlighted that last MPR was submitted by UT in April, 2022 and the status was reviewed in last meeting of CMC held in June, 2022. Another major issue with the UT is that it is yet to submit Action Plan for Coastal Pollution to CPCB.

DG, NMCG directed the UT Administration to submit the MPRs every month in a timely manner and well in advance before the CMC meetings so as to monitor the progress

UT Administration informed that the Action Plan for Coastal Pollution shall be submitted within 15 days.

5. Punjab

Director, NRCD informed that there are 4 polluted river stretches identified in Punjab. Total sewage generation in the State is 2128 MLD for which 1834 MLD treatment capacity is available. Out of 133 existing STPs, 132 are operational and their utilization capacity is 80% on an average. Since, last CMC meeting, 2 STPs of 6 MLD & 0.5 MLD have been commissioned. Out of the 106 STPs monitored, 76 STPs are complying and 30 STPs are noncompliant. There are 6 CETPs of 110.53 MLD total capacity of which 3 major CETPs of 15 MLD, 40 MLD & 50 MLD are in Ludhiana catering to textile dying units. These 3 CETPs are reported to be non-compliant. With regard to the Buddha Nallah rejuvenation project, it was informed that progress of new 225 MLD STP at Jamalpur in last three months has been 14% and for the 60 new MLD STP at Balloke was 13%. The cumulative progress of the 225 MLD STP is 74% and for 60 MLD STP at Balloke is 24%. Refurbished STPs of 50 MLD and 105 MLD are under trial run while the progress for 152 MLD STP is 16%. However, progress remained stagnant with regard to the 111 MLD STP at Bhatia. Work for installation of 2 ETPs (2.25 MLD & 3.75 MLD) for dairy complexes has started and is expected to be completed by June, 2023. Work has been awarded for installation of Compressed Biogas Plant with October 2024 as completion timeline.

Major issue in the State is the gap of 570 MLD in sewage treatment and the progress of 52 under-construction STPs needs to be expedited. Land issues are there in 4 under-construction STPs and 20 proposed STPs. Work for 0.15 MLD CETP has been stopped due to litigation in Punjab High Court. There is gap of 26% in MSW processing.

Actionable points from the meeting held between Hon'ble Minister of Jal Shakti and Chief Minister, Punjab in July, 2022 with regard to issue of Buddha Nallah pollution were highlighted. Expediting the works of on-going new STPs (Dec 2022 & June 2023) and refurbishment of existing STPs as per the committed timelines (Dec 2022); regular monitoring of CETPs and individual ETPs in the catchment of Buddha Nallah for ensuring proper functioning and compliance; for control from diaries – installation/commissioning of bio-methanization plant and ETPs of adequate capacities.

Principal Secretary (LSG), Punjab informed that financial arrangements have been made for the STP projects and State is endeavouring to resolve the land issues. The gap in sewage treatment will be addressed completely after commissioning of the planned STPs.

Disciplinary action is being taken against non-complying STPs with FC norms and it is expected that the monitoring in upcoming months shall have improved results. Further, BOD levels in treated effluent discharge have been notified as 10 mg/l by PPCB in the State. As few STPs are based on old technologies and achieving BOD level of below 10 mg/l is difficult, therefore technological interventions are being explored. With regard to Solid Waste Management in the State, a meeting has been conducted with SBM 2, funds have been tied up and work is in progress.

With regard to the Buddha Nallah Project, it was informed that 60 MLD new STP was delayed and efforts are being put up to complete the project by June 2023. Further, issues with the locals have been resolved and STP works have started. For the remaining works under the project, State is trying to complete the works by December, 2022. As per the decision taken in the meeting held with Hon'ble Minister of Jal Shakti, a Committee was constituted by CS, Punjab with Secretary (Science and Technology) Punjab as Chairman, Municipal Commissioner and Chief Executive Officer, Punjab Water Supply & Sewerage Board. The study has been completed, for which the final report is awaited. However, the Municipal Corporation feels the original estimate prepared is taking into account all the capacities. If there is any deviation, tender shall be floated for the same.

Secretary DoWR, RD & GR raised concern over State Governments response with regard to the non-complying STPs. NRCD was directed to look into the matter and provide appropriate recommendations to the State Government. By the next meeting, State needs to come up with a concrete plan for up-gradation of STPs in order to make them compliant. It was remarked that State Pollution Control Board and Industries Dept. have significant role in ensuring compliance of the CETPs in highly polluting textile clusters. A credible strategy is to be framed to make non- compliant CETPs complaint. State needs to stick to the committed timelines with regard to the Buddha Nallah Project and may take necessary action for completing the 60 MLD STP before June 2023.

Joint Secretary, NRCD informed that a team comprising of officials from NRCD, CWC, CPCB along with the State officials including Member Secretary, PPCB undertook visit to

STPs and CETPs in Buddha Nala catchment in May, 2022. Non- compliance of the CETPs was noticed during the visit and State was directed to take action against the same.

ED (Tech), NMCG highlighted that every industry should have a functional primary treatment unit so as to ensure input to the CETP conforms to the inflow design standards. Consent has to be given by State PCB to the primary units in the industries and it shall meet the CETP standards.

Member Secretary, PPCB informed that till April, 2022, EC of 77 lakhs has been imposed on the 15 MLD CETP. Upgradation of system is under way and by this month end the work shall be completed. BOD & COD standards are being achieved in the 40 MLD CETP but the CETP is unable to achieve the TDS level of 2100 mg/l. The 50 MLD CETP is under stabilization, but there is an issue regarding the share allotment and excessive discharge. PCB has closed down 50% capacity of few of the industries to stabilize the CETP.

6. Maharashtra

Director, NRCD informed that the State has maximum number of polluted river stretches. The estimated sewage generation is 9757 MLD for which 144 STPs of 7747 MLD total treatment capacity exists. The gap in sewage treatment is 2010 MLD. The capacity utilization of the STPs is 4336.31 MLD. 137 STPs are operational of which 72 STPs are reported to be complying and 62 STPs are non-complying. 7 STPs of 171.2 MLD are non-operational. As per sewage treatment gap analysis in the polluted river stretches, treatment capacity exists for 2024.16 MLD against the sewage generation of 2728.65 MLD. To meet the gap, 78 STPs are proposed of total capacity 1279.70 MLD. 29 STPs of 396.6 MLD were reported under construction earlier, but as per latest MPR 23 STPs of 312 MLD are reported under construction. The completion timeline of most of the STPs under construction are January to December, 2022. This needs to be revised vis-à-vis the actual progress. Status of remaining STPs under various stages needs to be informed. In case of Mumbai, works for 7 STPs of 2464 MLD have been awarded. These works needs to expedited and monitored rigorously. Recently, NGT has directed the State to pay EC of Rs.12000 crore for improper management of solid and liquid waste. NGT has taken cognizance of the treatment gap. Commissioning of proposed CETP needs to be expedited. 81 drains have been identified which are discharging waste water along P-I & P-II stretches. These need to be provided with interim measures taken to tackle the discharge.

Secretary DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS highlighted that State needs to be have concrete plan to bridge the substantial gap in sewage treatment. Also, the State to upgrade the large capacity STPs reported to be non-compliant. Issue of industrial pollution also needs to be addressed. Still, a large number of drains are discharging untreated waste water into the water bodies. Serious concern was raised regarding absence of senior representation in the Central Monitoring Committee meetings.

Member Secretary, Maharashtra Pollution Control Board informed that low capacity utilization of the STPs is due to connection issues and works are underway to resolve the issue. Chief Secretary, Maharashtra has taken cognizance of the low capacity utilization prior to the NGT order. 2 meeting were held with regard to management of sewage, municipal solid waste and legacy waste across the State. . Chief Secretary reviewed the status ULB wise and provisions for about Rs. 21000 crore for addressing the issues has been submitted to GoI. With regard to the gap in sewage treatment capacity of 2010 MLD, it was informed that 1600 MLD of gap is on account of Mumbai, Pune, Thane, Nagpur and Vasai-Virar Municipal Corporations. Plans are in place for these 5 cities and Chief Secretary has directed Principal Secretary, Urban Development to address each Municipal Corporation and frame a realistic timeline for making the STPs functional to their optimum utilization. With respect to Mumbai, a gap of 720 MLD exists and work orders have been issued for 8 STPs of 2464 MLD. These STPs are to be completed by 2026-27, though Chief Secretary has directed to expedite the completion. A gap of 275 MLD exists in Pune, for which 11 STPs under JICA assistance are in progress. Regarding gap of 130 MLD in Nagpur, JICA is funding to tackle the deficit. For bridging the gap in Vasai-Virar, plans are proposed for funding under AMRUT 2 / SBM 2 /own funding.

Though the NGT has issued directions to ringfence Rs.12000 crore for treatment and utilise for the purpose, therefore budgetary provisions has been made accordingly. There are 144 STPs of capacity 7800 MLD in the State, of which 5 are non-operational. The non-operational STPs are in Kalyan Dombivali MC, Mira- Bhaindar MC, Daund MC, Bhiwandi MC and 1 STP is taken for upgradation in Aurangabad Municipal Corporation. Out of 139 STPs, 73 are complying and 63 are non-complying. Non-compliance of the STPs is majorly due to old STPs having BOD design parameters of 30 mg/l and are unable to achieve the revised stringent BOD standards of 10mg/l. Show cause notices for upgrading the STPs and

improving the O&M have been issued. In Mumbai, entire project of revamping STPs is underway.

It was informed that due to continuous efforts, as per the monitoring data there is improvement in water quality of the polluted river stretches in Maharashtra. At present only 1 stretch remains in Priority - I and 8 stretches have been shifted to PIII & PIV. There are no stretches in Priority - II. There is reduction in number of polluted river stretches in Priority–III from 14 to 11.

With regard to the discrepancy observed in the data related to proposed STPs, State assured to submit the reconciled data early. At present, there are 25 STPs of 349 MLD capacity under construction. 15 FSTPs exists along polluted river stretches. 70 new STPs of 3908 MLD are proposed. 24 CETPs are functional out of 26 existing CETPs in the State. 1 CETP is closed due to non-compliance and another is under up-gradation. 23 CETPs reported are complying. One non-complying CETP is preparing the upgradation plan.

With regard to the Municipal Solid waste, it was informed that 98.86% of the MSW generated in the State is being collected. Quantity of MSW processed is 83.97%. For the gap of 7% which is 1776 MT in generation and processing, Chief Secretary has directed to identify the ULBs and start the processing facility. 3.94 crore MT legacy waste is still to be processed, of which about 3 crore is from Mumbai Corporation. 120 dumpsites have been cleared this year. State has committed to NGT to clear the dumpsites at the earliest. MCGM is in process to provide the bioremediation measures to the 81 drains discharging into water bodies.

Secretary DoWR, RD&GR directed NRCD to put up a DO letter to Chief Secretary, highlighting issues like treatment gap and time bound action plan to bridge this gap, problem of polluted water discharged through the drains, non-complying CETPs and other issues as discussed.

7. Odisha

Director, NRCD highlighted that there are 19 polluted river stretches. Total sewage generation in the State is 880 MLD, of which 302 MLD is from six major towns catering to 41% of the population. Treatment capacity of 372.56 MLD is available. Thus, there is a huge gap in sewage treatment. The capacity utilization is 109.12 MLD against the operational

capacity of 282 MLD. This is due to non-completion of I&D works and HSC for newly commissioned STPs. Status of 18 drains identified for bioremediation has not been mentioned in MPRs. The Kathajodi river has been chosen a model river, but the HSC needs to be expedited to achieve the desired water quality. Action Plan for Coastal Pollution was submitted after July, 2022 to CPCB.

Principal Secretary (Environment), Odisha attended the meeting along with other State officials. Special Secretary (Housing and Urban) cum Mission Director, SBM (Odisha) informed that faceal sludge treatment plants have been initiated since 2019 to manage the faecal matter and black water. Of the targeted 119 FSTPs, 108 FSTPs have been completed and remaining 11 FSTPs shall be completed by March 2023. State has initiated pilot project for used water treatment in 2 ULBs. Many officials from different States have visited Odisha regarding waste water management. The actual sewage treatment has increased from 109.12 MLD to 133.35 MLD. Main challenge is the House hold connections for which community partners are appraising the households for connections. For bioremediation works, NEERI was approached by the State, but no assistance has been received. Therefore, CMC was requested to provide assistance with regard to bioremediation of drains. With regard to river Kathajodi, it was informed that in last three months, 404 household connections have been achieved so far.

The State has adopted decentralized solid waste management system through 248 microcomposting centres which process bio-degradable and wet waste for generating compost. In the last financial year, 1270 MT of compost has been generated. Hon'ble Chief Minister of the State has approved the rate of the compost at Rs.20 per kilo. It has been distributed to various departments and Rs.2.58 crore has been generated. This amount goes as honorarium to community centres, thereby establishing a circular economy at field level.

Odisha Water Supply & Sewerage Board official informed that grey water management is on track and the State has plans to saturate the ULBs with the same management system.

Member Secretary, Odisha Pollution Control Board informed that Action Plan for Coastal Pollution has been submitted to CPCB. There are no CETPs in the State, 48 industries have been inspected amongst which 16 industrial units were found to be non-compliant. 14 non-complying units were issued show cause notices, one unit has been closed and another unit is

under investigation. Rules for idol immersion has been framed and being implemented since last year.

DG, NMCG highlighted that out of 19 polluted river stretches identified in the State, 13 river stretches are in Priority V (Mahanadi, Brahmani, Kusumi, Nuna, Ratnachira, Rushikuli, Sabulia, Serua, etc.). Small interventions can lead to improvement in these river stretches.

Member Secretary, Odisha Pollution Control Board informed that as per the draft report of CPCB, 12 out 19 stretches can now be notified as non-polluted based on the latest water quality monitoring data. Further, 1 river passing through Bhubaneswar is in priority - I, 3 river stretches are in priority - IV and 3 river stretches are in priority - V. State has requested CPCB to de-list the rivers.

DG, NMCG informed that under Namami Gange, selling of compost to the farmers is being initiated and suggested that a team shall visit to understand the mechanism adopted by the State.

Special Secretary (UDD), Odisha informed that community driven mechanism has been adopted and the price has been fixed by the State Government. The concerned department gets the compost from the nearest ULB and delivers it to the farmers/ plantation programmes.

8. <u>Tripura</u>

Director, NRCD informed that all the 6 identified polluted river stretches in the State are in priority-V. As per MPR submitted by the State, sewage generation is 82 MLD, but as per CPCB report it is 237 MLD. State needs to reconcile this data. There is only one STP of 8 MLD existing in the State, leading to huge gap in sewage treatment facility. The capacity utilization of the STP is only 3 MLD. Another STP of 8 MLD at Agartala is under construction through Smart Cities Mission, the work for which was awarded in February 2020 and so far only piling work has been taken up. The proposed works for combined FSTPs and STPs for 20 ULBs needs to be expedited. In-situ bioremediation has been proposed for 210 drains in the State, and its present status and timeline needs to be informed by the State. On pilot basis, the work order for bio-remediation was issued in July 2022 and the work needs to be expedited. Action taken with regard to the model River Haora needs to be reported in the MPR separately. 256 TPD solid waste processing facility exists against the

total MSW generation of 411 TPD. State needs to provide action proposed for management of this gap in MSW.

Director (Science & Technology), Tripura along with Member Secretary, Tripura PCB and other State Officials attended the meeting. It was informed that in 2016 the rivers were not achieving the desired bathing water quality. However, as per the monitoring data post 2016, the rivers were achieving the desired water quality. Due to fund constraint, the State could not take up any measures on time to bridge the gap of 74 MLD in sewage treatment. State Urban Development Department has planned to install combined FSTP and STP in all the Municipal Corporations. Accordingly, DPRs for 12 ULBs are being prepared for funding under ADB. Action plan for 8 ULBs has already been sent to Swachh Bharat Mission.

To enhance the capacity utilization of existing STP, 104.5 kms. sewerage lines have been connected with the STP, including 9 pumping stations. Septage from Agartala city and surrounding areas are carried in by cesspool emptier vehicle and treated at this plant. For coverage of the remaining part of the area (provision of 34.16 kms. sewerage line and 1590 nos. household connection) to this STP plant, a DPR has been prepared and financial tie up is being explored. With regard to the 8 MLD on-going STP, it was informed that while initially there were some delay, the issue has been resolved and work started. Mobilisation work is on-going for the pilot taken up for insitu bioremediation. Floodplain Zones of 6 polluted river stretches are already identified and illegal encroachments removed. Bamboo plantation on sides of the river banks has been done in collaboration with Forest Department, Tripura.

Secretary, DoWR, RD & GR, MoJS highlighted international border issue of pollution due to polluted river discharging from Tripura into Bangladesh. State may take necessary action to resolve the issue.

ED (Tech), NMCG informed that Bangladesh has raised the issue of pollution from Akhaura entering into their country. It was made a part of the Agenda of the Joint River Commission meeting recently held. State had given input that a 8 MLD STP is under construction at Akhaura, the work for which was awarded in 2020 and started in February, 2022. The delay was due to funding problem. State has committed to complete the work by December, 2022. It was also learnt that the pollution in Akhaura enters through two other sources namely Kalapania and Katakhal. Therefore, pollution from all three locations/ sources needs to be addressed and State may apprise the plan initiated or proposed.

Due to connectivity issue, response from the State could not be properly recorded. State was directed to provide its submission in written to the Ministry and was directed to adhere to the committed timeline for completion of the on-going STP at Akhaura.

Secretary DoWR, RD & GR, MoJS directed NRCD to highlight in DO letter to CS, Tripura the issue of pollution from Tripura going into Bangladesh and State to take appropriate action on priority.

9. <u>Goa</u>

Director, NRCD informed that there are 11 polluted river stretches in the State. Sewage generation in the State is 112.53 MLD. 9 STPs of 78.35 MLD are operational and complying. 5 STPs of 35.5 MLD are under construction and are in final stages of completion. State may closely monitor the progress of these STPs so as to ensure timely completion. There are 3 proposed STPs of 43 MLD. The low capacity utilization of the existing STPs (51 MLD) is due to non-completion of on-going HSC works and the State needs to expedite the projects for optimum utilization of the STPs. MSW generation in the State is 766 TPD for which processing facility available is only 200 TPD. On-going and proposed SWM projects may be expedited to meet the gap in MSW management. Present status of Model river Sal needs to be provided in detail in the MPR. Status of Action Plan for Coastal Pollution needs to be mentioned in the MPR.

Director (Environment), Goa informed that 350 TPD Solid waste processing facilities are available in the State. Some municipalities are disposing 204 TPD at their level, 10 TPD is being disposed at village level, 225 TPD is being disposed at Panchayat level. In total, 589 TPD is being disposed out of 766 TPD. Gap of 177 TPD exists. Stay order has been issued by Supreme Court for the plan at Daikini and public consultation needs be conducted for the plan at Waina. The implementation of these plans shall resolve the gap in solid waste management.

DG, NMCG enquired about the completion timeline of the 5 STPs in final stage and the local issues being faced at Bandora and Purovarum.

Director (Environment), Goa informed that STPs at Panaji, Baga and Mapusa will be completed by October 2022 and STPs at Kavlem and Colva will be completed by December,

2022. With regard to the proposed STPs, it was informed that local people were reluctant to set up STPs at the identified sites and efforts are being put in to resolve the issue.

10. Andhra Pradesh

Additional Director, NRCD informed that there are 5 polluted river stretches in the State. Total sewage generation in the State is 1503.20 MLD and 45 STP of 535.45 MLD are operational, thus leaving a gap of 967.75 MLD. MPRs are not being received timely. No significant incremental progress has been observed in case of under construction STPs. Even after considering the ongoing and proposed STP projects, there exists a gap of 425.48 MLD in sewage treatment. No progress has been indicated with respect to the STPs of 1302 MLD proposed for 120 ULBs & municipalities. Progress need to be expedited for the 2 CETPs of 3 MLD and house service connection works for 11 MLD STP at Drivers Colony, Nellore. Also, State needs to indicate the Model River selected by the State & Action Plan for Coastal Pollution needs to be submitted.

DG, NMCG indicated that major issue seems to be stagnant incremental progress being reported in the MPR by the State since November, 2021. State may verify the same. Details of other relevant issues such as ground water regulation, floodplain demarcation, etc. needs to be incorporated in the MPR submission.

Special Chief Secretary (Municipal Administration), Andhra Pradesh stated that the existing STP capacity against the 1503.20 MLD sewage generated by State is only 535.45 MLD. Another 506 MLD of sewage will be covered by the 62 under construction STPs. There has been some incremental progress in these STPs and by the next CMC meeting there will be further substantial progress and the same will be updated in the next MPR submissions. Further to bridge the gap of 425 MLD in sewage treatment, STPs are proposed to be installed at 221 locations. Currently State is working on acquisition of lands (~251 acres) for setting up these proposed STPs. Upon completion of these 221 STPs, 100% coverage of liquid waste will be ensured. With regard to the Drivers Colony STP at Nellore, it was informed that State has planned for 1500 house service connection and will ensure its completion by the next CMC meeting.

State generates 6890 TPD of solid waste spread over 123 ULBs of which 4340 TPD is actually being processed. 1420 TPD is processed by waste to composting and Bio CNG plant, 800 TPD through MRF and 2120 TPD through Waste to Energy plants which have been

commissioned in Guntur and Vishakhapatnam. This leaves a gap of 2550 TPD, for which the State is planning for Waste to Compost plant and Waste to Energy plant at Rajahmundry which has been given clearance by Energy Department. 15 independent projects for treating dry and wet waste and 37 integrated solid waste management projects have been awarded. Some of them have site issues which will be sorted out soon and 17 waste to compost plants are in progress. State has a plan to treat 2550 TPD waste. State is trying to clear up all the legacy waste dump yards, some of which are in tendering process and for some works have been awarded and this will be cleared up totally in one and half year time.

DG, NMCG highlighted that for rejuvenation of River Godavari, some financial assistance is being provided by NRCD, which requires opening of SNA account. Further, it was suggested that if State can expedite the clearing up of legacy waste within one year, it can be a show case as one of the successful programmes in Andhra Pradesh.

Additional Director, NRCD informed that SNA account has been opened but they are not able to link it with the PFMS. This needs to be checked on priority basis for release of funds.

11. Telangana

Additional Director, NRCD informed that there are 8 polluted river stretches in the State. Total sewage generation in the State is 2750 MLD and there exists 35 STPs of 905 MLD thus leaving a gap of 1844.95 MLD. MPR is not being received regularly. Site issue with regard to the 100 MLD STP at Reddypuram needs to be resolved. There exists a gap of 2398 TPD in solid waste management. State may update about the management of e-flows in the rivers as it has been reported that all the rivers in the State are rain fed and non-perennial, due to which e-flow management is not possible.

DG, NMCG stated that the State's submission with regard to all rivers being non-perennial is not correct & may be reviewed.

Member Secretary, Telangana Pollution Control Board informed that on-going STPs will be expedited. HMWSS has proposed completion timeline of the ongoing projects up to June, 2023. Out of 15 STPs, 2 STPs have been dropped because of submergence issue and the proposed effluent shall be diverted to other STPs. With regard to Warangal STP, action has been taken for shifting the site to another location. Commissioner and Director, Municipal Administrator has written a letter to Special Chief Secretary requesting for an amount of Rs. 19 crore for acquiring the land. Except for Reddypuram, all the STPs works have been

started. With regard to proposed STPs, there are issues in 10 STPs at GHMC level, HMWSS is requesting for Administrative Sanction and it is under active consideration of Special CS. For STPs beyond HMWSS region, Administrative Sanction has been given and M/s Design Green Environmental Services has been appointed for the preparation of DPRs for 72 STPs. There is no gap in industrial pollution management and solid waste management in GHMC area. For other municipalities, Commissioner has already called for tenders. Action is being taken with regard to legacy waste, waste generation and faecal treatment, etc.

Commissioner and Director, CDMA informed that to bridge the gap of 2346 TPD in solid waste, tenders have been called for processing facilities of 2974 TPD capacity for 129 municipal clusters. In GHMC area, Waste to Energy plants and pulverization has been proposed and in other municipalities, pulverization and bio-methanation has been proposed. 7 municipalities have taken up the work on their own. Technical and financial evaluation has been done and price negotiation is in process at Government level and shortly it will be completed. The Bio-remediation works got delayed due to rain, and work will be started soon in 73 municipalities.

ED, HMWSSB informed that 2 new large STPs of 312 MLD & 220 MLD capacities (based on SBR) are being taken up at Nagole and Amberpet to bridge the gap in sewage treatment. By June 2023 all the STPs are planned to be grounded.

On enquiey by DG, NMCG, it was informed that 772 MLD STPs are existing in GHMC and STPs of 1259 MLD are being taken up, totalling to 2031 MLD. A 51 MLD STP already exists at Attapur, and a 64 MLD STP is also being taken up at the same location. Bulkumpet nallah which pollutes Hussain Sagar Lake, shall be tapped and treated at the nearing completion 133 MLD STP at Fatehnagar and treated water shall be released into Hussain Sagar.

DG, NMCG directed State to keep up with the committed timelines.

12. Lakshadweep

Additional Director, NRCD informed that the major issues with the UT are MPRs not being submitted regularly, gap of 2.77 MLD existing in sewage treatment and status of the 4.5 KLD capacity FSTP remains the same since last 6 months.

Member Secretary, Lakshadweep Pollution Control Committee informed that MPR upto August, 2022 was submitted on 19.09.2022. With regard to gap in sewage treatment, it was informed that Navi is setting up a STP. Tender has also been floated for 5 KLD STP under Kavarati Smart City and the tender opening date is 27.09.2022.

DG, NMCG raised concern over delay in submission of MPRs. It was directed that MPRs be submitted every month and well in advance before the CMC meetings so as to monitor the progress.

13. <u>Kerala</u>

Additional Director, NRCD informed that there are 21 polluted river stretches in the State. Total sewage generation is 317 MLD and there exists 19 common STPs of 129.476 MLD capacity, leaving a gap of 118.13 MLD. As per the MPR, sewage treatment gap is reported to be 51.314 MLD, but the actual gap is calculated to be 118.13 MLD {317-(129.476+0.21+69)}. 107 MLD STP at Muthathara, Thiruvanathapuram remains underutilized due to inadequate sewer network. There remains a gap of 342 TPD in Solid Waste Management as no significant progress has been achieved with respect to the proposed 8 Waste to Energy plants. The State has requested for expert advice for in-situ treatment.

ACS (Environment), Kerala highlighted that much of sewage management in the State is through fairly efficient and universal system of septic tanks and soak pits. The density and peculiar distribution of population settlement across the State prevents it from establishing extensive sewerage system through piped sewerage. Therefore, it was requested that the same may be considered along with the data submitted for gap in treatment as reported in the MPR.

Member Secretary, Kerala Pollution Control Board informed that 21 polluted river stretches were identified in Kerala of which 1 was in priority-I and others were in priority – IV & V. However, as per the draft report prepared by CPCB, wherein the list of polluted river stretches have been revised based on the latest water quality data, out of 21 stretches, 11 stretches can be de-listed and for the remaining stretches there has been a considerable change in the priorities, depicting improvement in water quality. Further, State is having septic tank system in individual households as per the IS code and that also needs to be considered to reduce the gap in the sewage treatment. For the first time non capping biomining has been done in the State in Kureepuzha and has been completed. There are 298 large scale and medium scale water polluting industries and 11000 small scale units. ETPs

have been installed for all these industrial units and consent for the same is given only after the installation of ETPs by the industrial units. Further, Guidance was requested with regard to phyto-remediation and constructed wetlands projects from the Ministry.

ED (Tech), NMCG remarked that largely the septic tanks are being used for individual sewage management in the State and it is quoted that 1011 MLD is being treated through septic tanks and soak pits. State was directed to provide method adopted by the State for assessing the quantity of sewage being treated through the septic tanks. Efficacy of this system needs to be ascertained by the State. Compliance status of the existing STPs needs to be provided in the MPRs. No significant progress has been achieved in on-going STPs.

Scientist D, CPCB informed that the river water qualities for the years 2019 and 2021 have been assessed at CPCB and a draft report was prepared. The draft report was shared with the States for comments. The rivers have not been de-listed at present. After considering the comments from the State, the report shall be finalized and published.

14. Puducherry

Additional Director, NRCD highlighted that there are 2 polluted river stretches in the UT. Total sewage generation is 92 MLD and there exists 5 STPs of 56 MLD and one oxidation pond of 12.5 MLD, leaving a gap of 23.5 MLD in sewage treatment. MPRs are not being received timely and to avoid delay the State may send the MPRs through mail as well. Status of the 2 proposed STPs each of capacity 3 MLD at Puducuherry and Karikal remains same. Status of the 2 non-operational STPs is not reported in the MPR. Action taken with regard to 4 non-complaint ETPs needs to be provided. State may indicate directions issued with respect to immersion of idols, puja materials, etc.

DG, NMCG directed UT to expedite the works of the proposed STP projects. Action taken with respect to immersion of idols, puja materials, etc in rivers was sought.

Secretary (Environment) cum Chairman, Puducherry Pollution Control Committee informed that DPRs are ready for the proposed STPs and shall be taken up under AMRUT. These shall be completed by March, 2023. It was assured that MPRs will be submitted regularly on time. Further, it was informed that closure directions have been issued to 2 non-complying ETPs and remaining 2 non-complying ETPs have complied with the discharge norms. With regard

to the Solid Waste Management, it was informed that out of 416 TPD of MSW generated, work order has been issued for installing processing facilities of 217 TPD and it shall be commissioned soon. For treatment of remaining waste, tenders are being prepared and will be floated shortly. It was informed that the idols and pooja materials are immersed in the sea and directions received from the Ministry shall be complied with.

15. <u>Assam</u>

Scientist B, NRCD informed that State has proposed 3 STPs of 187 MLD under JICA funding. Land acquisition has been completed and action for hiring of Project Management Consultancy (PMC) is being undertaken. The project is expected to be completed in 2 year duration. State needs to provide completion timeline for under construction 2 MLD capacity STP at Nagaon and six other ULBs. State Government needs to expedite action for the proposed 2 MLD capacity each STP cum FSTPs at Mangdaloi, Tezpur, Jorhat proposed under SBM, which are currently in DPR stage. Similarly, project for 2 MLD STP capacity cum 10 KLD FSTP and 11 km sewerage for Silchar, currently in DPR stage proposed under AMRUT 2.0 needs to be expedited. Out of 408 water polluting industries, only 344 units have ETPs of total 28.78 MLD. Action taken against remaining 64 units needs to be indicated. Total MSW generation in Guwahati is about 550 TPD and only 12.5 TPD treatment capacity exists. RDF-Compost Plant has been proposed with capacity of treating 150 TPD in phase-I, for which tender has been already floated. Work has started at Belortol Pachim Boragaon. This needs to be expedited. In previous MPRs it was submitted that 38 Waste to Compost plants of 169 TPD will be completed in May, 2022. State may indicate the present status of the same. 1 CBWTF at Barpeta was to be commissioned in June 2022 and 1 CBWTF is proposed at Tezpur. State Govt. may indicate its present status.

Commissioner Secretary (Environment), Assam along with Commissioner Secretary (Urban) and Member Secretary (Assam PCB) attended the meeting. It was informed that State Government of Assam had submitted a request to CPCB for de-listing 35 polluted river stretches as highlighted in the 2018 report of CPCB. Of the remaining 9 polluted river stretches, 5 are in Guwahati. It was also informed that there has been improvement in the water quality of Borsola in Guwahati where the priority has changed from priority-I to priority-III due to efforts put up by Development Authority for the last one year by diverting the sewage and installation of large number of silt traps.

With regard to JICA funded projects for construction of 3 STPs of 65 MLD, 62 MLD and 60 MLD capacity at Silsakoo Beel, near Borsola Beel and Paschim Boragaon respectively, it was informed that clearance from DEA has been received and preliminary works have started. As the STP project will be completed within 7 years, parallelly the State Government has started work for implementation of FSTP in Guwahati.

DG, NMCG directed the State Government to revisit the proposed duration of these projects as the timelines were too long. Commissioner Secretary (Urban), Assam further informed that work for implementation of 2 MLD STP at Nagaon has started under State's own resources. However, it was mentioned that for Silchar and Dibrugarh, STP works are being proposed under AMRUT 2 and 3 respectively. Clearance from the Apex Committee meeting of AMRUT Mission following which, preparation of DPR will commence. For six other towns, STPs of 12.5 MLD have been proposed under SBM 2, clearance from CPHEEO has been received and approval of MoHUA is awaited.

Deputy Adviser, MoHUA informed that approval has been cleared for funding and is in approval file for first funding installment.

DG, NMCG directed MoHUA to give Assam priority as there is no sewage treatment capacity available in the State.

Commissioner Secretary (Urban), Assam informed that 150 TPD plant at Belortol Pachim Boragaon has started with completion timeline of 18 months. 119 TPD processing facilities were supposed to be completed by May 2022, of which 100 TPD has been completed and remaining 19 TPD (organic waste converter) for 38 ULBs shall be commissioned within 3 months.

State official informed that 1 CBWTF at Barpeta is already commissioned. With regard to the 64 industries where no ETPs were installed, it was informed that these are small units such as pathological laboratories and hotels that have not applied for the consent to operate. The State informed that action in this regard has been taken and the issue is expected to be resolved in a month's time. With regard to hazardous waste management, it was informed that presently hazardous waste is being sent to Dalmia Cement Plant for incineration. Discussions with Oil India Limited and with West Bengal Pollution Control Board are being carried out for sending the hazardous waste to TSDF site at Haldia, West Bengal.

DG, NMCG suggested that State may also consider setting up of decentralized modular STPs with Johkasou technology for small towns with lesser sewage generation. It was directed to expedite implementation of all ongoing projects in the State to meet the timelines of NGT.

16. <u>Sikkim</u>

Scientist B, NRCD highlighted that 3.25 MLD STP at Gangtok Zone III is having 72% progress and has of completion timeline of December, 2023. State may expedite the works. State also needs to expedite implementation of projects for Mangan (0.98 MLD STP), Geyzing (1.8 MLD STP) & Chungthang (0.72 MLD STP) sanctioned recently under NRCP. Land acquisition for proposed 3.63 MLD STP at Namchi and 1.6 MLD STP at Jorethang may also be expedited. Effort needs to be put in for early commissioning of 0.02 MLD ETP.

DG, NMCG highlighted the issue of land allocation to Central Water Commission at Gangtok. State was directed to resolve the long pending issue as the same is being regularly pursued by Hon'ble Minster of Jal Shakti. This also led to delay in releasing funds for the ongoing projects under NRCP in Sikkim.

Chief Secretary, Sikkim attended the meeting along with the State officials. It was informed that on 19.09.2022, officials of State Government along with CWC officials inspected land belonging to Animal Husbandry Department which has been recommended for allotment for construction of CWC building. Approval from Chief Minister, Sikkim is awaited.

Secretary (PHED), Sikkim requested for early release of funds for the ongoing projects for their timely completion. With regard to 3.63 MLD STP at Namchi, it was informed that there has been opposition from the locals and the State is doing its best to acquire the land. With regard to land for 1.6 MLD STP at Jorethang, forest clearance is in process. For proposed STPs at Rabong and Soreng, source of funding is being explored.

Further, it was informed that 4 polluted river stretches (all in priority V) in the State were identified by CPCB in its report of 2018. However, as per the latest draft report of CPCB with revised polluted river stretches, all the rivers in the State are achieving the desired bathing water quality and no river is categorized as polluted.

17. Mizoram

Principal Secretary (Environment), Mizoram informed that solid waste processing facility at Kolasib is already completed and operational. Similarly for Champhai, substantial amount of work for SW facility has been done and there are some problems associated with land, which is being sorted out. About 50% of the gap in solid waste treatment lies in Aizawl, and for addressing the issue, DPR is almost ready. In other towns - Serchhip, Mamit, Saitual, Khawzawl and Hnahthial, construction of solid waste treatment facilities have been completed and State Urban Department has been asked to submit list of machineries within a month's time. It is expected that by early 2023, all these SWM facilities will be fully operational. However, not much MSW work has been taken up in rural area. Therefore, a Committee has been constituted for framing road map and action plan to tackle solid waste problem in rural areas. Industrial pollution is negligible in the State as most of the industrial units are small scale and are equipped with ETPs. Further, it was informed that a River Protection Bill that will provide a framework for combining developmental needs with river water protection from pollution is being developed and is in final stage. The Bill is expected to be passed in the next Assembly session.

18. Manipur

Scientist B, NRCD highlighted that there exists a gap of 88 MLD in sewage treatment. State needs to ensure the ongoing STPs of 1 MLD (60% progress) and 16 MLD (98% progress) at Imphal are completed within the committed timeline of December, 2022. The 49 MLD STP at Imphal, reported to be under tendering needs to be implemented expeditiously. MPR needs to clearly depict the total quantity of industrial effluent generated from the 31 water polluting industries. Despite having 34 water polluting industrial units operating in the State, there is no ETP installed so far. Implementation of 3 ETPs proposed at Takyelpat, Tera Urak & Kuraopokpi needs to be accelerated. Construction of drainage system from 5 industrial units to Common Effluent Treatment Plant at Nilakuthi Food Park may also be expedited. Status of proposal for rectification of existing non-operational 400 KLD capacity CETP may be apprised. Completion timeline for under construction 137 TPD MSW plants may be indicated.

Additional Chief Secretary (Environment), Manipur informed that 1 MLD under construction STP is 65% complete while the 16 MLD STP is 98% complete and is under trial run. Tender was floated for 49 MLD STP proposed under NDB funding and in a matter of a week the final compilation of bidding will be done for sending to High Tender Committee and by first week of October, 2022, tender will be finalized. 31 water polluting industries not having ETPs have been closed down. However, DPRs have been completed for setting up 3 ETPs

proposed at Takyelpat, Tera Urak & Kuraopokpi. Proposal for construction of drainage system from 5 industrial units and for rectification of non-functional 400 KLD capacity CETP amounting to Rs.1.77 crore is now pending with the State Finance Department for more than three months. Finance Secretary was requested to consider this matter on top priority so that implementation starts at the earliest. Out of under construction 137 TPD MSW facilities in the State, 100 TPD Waste to Compost plant at Lamdeng is complete and will be fully operational from October, 2022. Of the remaining 37 TPD of Compost pits and segregation sheds, 22 TPD is completed and the remaining 15 TPD will be completed by December, 2022. Further, it was informed that out of 9564 house connections to the existing 27 MLD STP at Imphal, 6144 connections have been completed and the remaining 35% house connections will be completed by October, 2022.

DG, NMCG requested State to expedite completion of 16 MLD STP as the same is likely to be inaugurated by Hon'ble Minister of Jal Shakti.

19. Meghalaya

Scientist B, NRCD highlighted that against 75 MLD of sewage generated in the State, treatment capacity of 2.6 MLD only exists. 0.04 MLD FSSM plant at Khliehriat is yet to be made operational. State needs to expedite implementation of 5 STPs of total capacity 13.42 MLD & 1 FSSM of 0.35 MLD at Shillong and 50 KLD FSTP at Jowai. Phyco-remediation funded project under MEPRF (Meghalaya Environment Protection and Restoration Fund) is complete for Lukha river but yet to be commissioned. Similar work has started for Kyrhukhla River. Status of the 5 ETPs of 0.002 MLD each at Tura is reported to be under construction since long. 4 Waste to Recovery Centres at Shillong of 2 TPD capacity each are existing. 1 unit is yet to be made operational. Status of the 2 Waste to Compost facilities– 50 TPD at Tura & 15 TPD at Nongpoh is same since past one year and these are yet to be made operational. Similarly, 1 Composting Plant of 0.1 TPD at Khliehriat is under trial since past one year.

State official informed that 75 MLD of sewage generation reported previously by the State was found to be on a higher side. The same was reworked by the State and came out to be 51 MLD and will be placed before the State Technical Level for approval. Thus, taking this revised total sewage generation in the State, the gap in sewage treatment will be 21.86 MLD after taking into account the ongoing and proposed sewerage projects of 30.86 MLD.

Updated data will be submitted in the next MPR. The 0.04 MLD FSTP at Khliehriat is now operational and cess pool vehicles are already in place. The progress of setting up 5 onsite STPs (13.42 MLD total capacity) is now 50% and expected to complete by March, 2023. 0.35 MLD FSTP at Shillong is 80% complete and is expected to be completed before March, 2023. 50 KLD FSTP at Jowai is having 35% progress and is expected to be completed by March, 2023. Work is under way for Phyco-remediation of Lukha river and Kyrhukhla river, as there has been extension of stretch by 36 km. Progress of work also got affected by heavy monsoon. All 4 Waste to Recovery Centres of 2 TPD capacity each at Shillong are operational. A new Waste to Energy facility is also going to be installed in the same location as 50 TPD Waste to Compost facility at Tura and an agreement has been made with the private agency for operation and maintenance of the same. Not much progress has been achieved with regard to 15 TPD compost plant at Nongpoh, training of operators will be completed at the earliest for making it operational. Composting Plant of 0.1 TPD capacity at Khliehriat is now operational. The State Government has requested NRCD to consider the new proposal submitted for insitu treatment of 11 drains at Jowai amounting to Rs.19.42 crore.

State needs to provide updated information in their MPRs. Regarding the proposal submitted by the State for insitu treatment of 11 drains, it was informed that the proposal has been examined at NRCD and observations of the same have been communicated to the State for necessary action.

20. Nagaland

It was informed that due to State Legislative Assembly, higher officials of the State could not attend the CMC meeting. As the last MPR from the State was received for the month of February 2022, which has already been discussed in previous meetings of CMC, State was not taken up for consideration and was directed to ensure timely submission of MPRs.

21. Daman, Diu & Dadra Nagar Haveli

The last MPR received from the UT was for November, 2021. Issue remains with regard to underutilized 13 MLD STP at DDNH, status of the proposed 16 MLD STP at Nani Daman and submission of Action Plan for Coastal Pollution. **UT was directed to ensure timely**

submission of updated MPRs and representation of higher officials of the UT in the CMC meetings.

22. Jammu & Kashmir

Director, NRCD informed that there are 9 polluted river stretches in the U.T. Sewage generation in the UT is 523 MLD for which there are 15 STPs of 139.40 MLD. The capacity utilization of the existing STPs is 88 MLD due to low coverage of HSC and other lateral sewers yet to be taken up. 86 MLD STPs are under construction and 123 MLD STPs are proposed. Huge gap of 384 MLD in sewage treatment exists at present. Considering the under construction and proposed STPs, the gap shall reduce to 175 MLD. State needs to indicate action proposed to bridge the gap in sewage treatment.

The status of 3 STPs in Jammu remains the same since long. The 10 MLD STP is under refurbishment while the utilization of other 27 MLD and 30 MLD STP is one third of its capacity. With regard to the Devika river project, it was informed that a site visit was undertaken by NRCD on 13^{th} September, 2022. STP at Zone - 2 (4 MLD) & STP at Zone - 3 (1.6 MLD) are likely to be made operational by end of September, 2022 while works of STP at Zone – 1 (8 MLD) would remain in progress. 5 IPS are operational and within 15 to 30 days another 4 IPS would be made operational. The fund release for Devika project is on hold as UT needs to update the PFMS portal. 60 MLD under construction STP at Noorbag, Srinagar was previously funded through JNNURM is now being taken up by the UT from their funds. For making the plant operational, HSC and sewer network needs to be expedited. Solid waste generation in UT is 1500 TPD and the treatment facility is limited to 500 TPD.

Chief Engineer, UED informed that gap in sewage treatment is proposed to be fulfilled through JICA funding under Integrated Water Supply and Sewerage Management Scheme for Jammu & Srinagar, wherein 125 MLD treatment capacity for Kashmir Valley and 75 MLD for Jammu city are proposed to be taken up. The projects have been flagged in the meeting under the Chairmanship of Secretary, Planning & Development Department. The projects are expected to start from next financial year. To resolve the issue of low capacity utilization of STPs, UT has floated 3-4 project under AMRUT 2 and UT Capex that envisage the balance of the HSC for sewerage networks. There are also projects being taken up for I&D of 13 nallahs. The civil works for STP 1 of the Devika river project is almost complete. The

sewerage scheme for 60 MLD STP at Noorbag is under execution and expected to be operational by December 2022.

The issue of PFMS portal related to transfer of funds has been taken up with NIC and Finance Department of the State and an official shall be deputed to the Central Government to finalize the issue, which is expected to be resolved within a few days.

On enquiry by DG NMCG, CE UED informed that the proposed 200 MLD STPs could not be taken up under AMRUT 2 as only Rs.856 crore was available under the sewerage, water supply, rejuvenation and administrative and office expenses under AMRUT 2.

DG, NMCG highlighted that one proposal for Banganga is with NRCD. With regard to the proposal, CE UED informed that land has been acquired from Shri Vaishnu Devi Mata Shrine Board and tenders floated for Project Management Consultants. The other plot is available from Katra Development Authority.

ED (Tech) NMCG highlighted that for industries without ETPs, closure orders were issued for 11 industries and proceedings were initiated for another 29 units. UT was directed to indicate the status for those 29 industries.

Commissioner Secretary (Forest), J&K informed that closure orders were issued to industries not complying with standards and without ETPs. 8 more units were further closed. CTO was not issued to those remaining industries without ETPs.

With regard to the 200 MLD proposed STPs, DG NMCG suggested that JICA funding is a time taking financial assistance and State may explore other options as well.

Secretary, DOWR, RD & GR, MoJS directed NRCD to write DO letter to Chief Secretary, J&K regarding the huge gap of sewage treatment in the UT. Though STPs are being proposed under JICA funding, however the issue needs to be reviewed and monitored regularly at CS level. As per the obligation in respect to the NGT order, the gap in sewage treatment should not have been there in the first place and since the gap persists, UT may take very quick steps to close this gap. The letter to also indicate that all the water polluting industries operating without ETPs should be closed down.

Commissioner Secretary (Forest), J&K further informed that 11 out of 34 industries without ETP have already been closed and closure proceeding for remaining 23 industries in Kashmir and 6 units in Jammu region, has been initiated.

23. Haryana

Senior Monitoring Expert, NMCG informed that State needs to submit MPRs regularly and timely. As per the MPR (May 2022), Haryana has sufficient sewage treatment capacity available. There is sewage generation of 1495 MLD in the State against the existing treatment capacity of 1834 MLD. In Yamuna basin, there is sewage generation of 1086 MLD against the existing 59 STPs of 1074 MLD. The main issue is non-compliance of STPs. Out of these 59 STPs, 26 STPs of 374 MLD are reported to be non-complying and discharge from these STPs is also affecting Delhi region. Of the 26 non-complying STPs (374 MLD) reported in Yamuna basin, 1 STPs in Kurkshetra, 4 STPs in Panipat, 4 STPs in Sonipat, 5 STPs in Rohtak, 5 STPs in Jhajjar/ Bahadurgarh, 8 STPs in Nuh & Palwal, 1 STP in Faridabad and 2 STPs in Gurugram are reported to be non-complying. Many STPs are non-complying with regard to Fecal Coliform (FC). The progress of two under-construction STPs in Faridabad is not satisfactory. Timelines for completion of projects are observed unrealistic, which needs to be revised on actual basis. Similarly, in Ghaggar river, 22 STPs out of 62 STPs are noncomplying and in other areas, 20 STPs out of 35 STPs are non-complying. Also, many of the STPs are non-complying with regard to Fecal Coliform (FC). For industrial pollution, 19 CETPs of 190.1 MLD are operational and complying and 5 CETPs of 22 MLD are under construction and 5 CETPs of 145.5 MLD are at proposal stage.

ED (Tech), NMCG raised an issue of huge discharge of untreated municipal and industrial wastewater from Faridabad, Palwal & Hodal through drains into river Yamuna, which is affecting water quality of river Yamuna at Mathura-Vrindavan. Faridabad is generating approx. 200 MLD of municipal and industrial wastewater. There are two STPs of 52.5 (45+7.5) MLD and out of 2 STP, 45 MLD STP is non-complying. Similarly, Palwal is generating approx. 100 MLD wastewater flow and discharging into river Yamuna through Gaunchi drain. Palwal has 3 STPs of 16.5 MLD, all of which are non-complying. Same case is with Hodal also. There is an urgent need to add sufficient treatment capacity in these cities. Other issue is non- compliance of STPs w.r.t. Fecal Coliform. There are also coordination issues among different agencies (PHED, MCF, HSVP, ULB, Irrigation) in Haryana. For solid waste management, Haryana is processing 3115 TPD against generation of 5523 TPD of municipal solid waste (MSW). So there is a gap of 2408 TPD in processing of MSW.

DG, NMCG asked the Haryana State agency to clarify on the above issues.

Member Secretary, Haryana State Pollution Control Board informed that progress of all projects are reviewed regularly at the level of Chief Secretary, Haryana and all projects will be completed on time. HSPCB also informed that regular sampling of STPs are taken by their Regional Officers (ROs) and suitable actions have been taken against faulty plants.

Secretary, DoWR,RD&GR, MoJS suggested that a DO letter to Chief Secretary, Haryana may be put up highlighting the issues of gap in sewage treatment in few cities affecting the river water quality and non-compliance of the STPs.

24. Delhi

Senior Monitoring Expert, NMCG informed that estimated sewage generation in Delhi is 3491 MLD for which 35 STPs of 2874 MLD are in operation as per MPR of August 2022. The utilization capacity is reported to be 2410 MLD (84%). There is a gap of 618 MLD in sewage treatment at present and 1082 MLD untreated discharge is going into river Yamuna. In March 2022, only 8 STPs out of 34 STPs are reported to be complying. In current MPR (Aug, 2022), 22 STPs of 1936 MLD out of 33 STPs are reported to be non-complying and 04 STPs (Kondli IV, Nilothi-I, Pappankala-II, Mehrauli) are not meeting the design norms also. For industrial effluent control, 3 CETPs (Badli, Jhilmil and Lawrence Road) out of 13 are non-complying. Compliance of CETPs remains an issue. Now NEERI has submitted all reports and the upgradation work of all CETPs have to be transferred to DJB for further implementation of works. In solid waste management, Delhi is generating 11357 TPD municipal solid waste. Delhi is processing 5283 TPD against the existing processing facility of 5361 TPD. So there is a gap of 6074 TPD in MSW processing.

ED (Tech), NMCG added an issue of non-compliance of STPs and discharge of 3018 MLD (1082 MLD untreated + 1936 MLD from non-compliance STPs) into river Yamuna.

Delhi was directed to provide clarifications with regard observations made in the presentation.

Member Drainage, Delhi Jal Board informed that the sewage generation in Delhi is 768 MGD against the existing installed treatment capacity of 632 MGD and Delhi will have total treatment capacity of 931 MGD by Dec 2023. Till Dec 2022, 97 MGD treatment capacity through ongoing rehabilitation of STP projects will be added to have total 729 MGD treatment capacity in Delhi. As far as issue of non-compliance of STPs, these STPs were

designed on old norms. DJB has invited tenders of 5 packages for upgradation and enhancement of these STPs at design parameters of BOD-10 and TSS -10 mg/l. The work of two packages (I & III) was awarded on 14/07/2022 and scheduled to be completed by Aug 2023. Rest packages are under process of award. DJB has planned for upgradation and augmentation of all old existing STPs by Dec 2023 as per new norms through adding integrated fixed film activated sludge (IFAS), increased aeration, Disc Filter, UV disc filter, UV disc filter, UV disinfection & odour control. The utilization capacity of the STPs shall increase after completion of the sewer lines in un-sewered areas.

DG, NMCG asked DJB about the status of ongoing Rithala, Okhla and Kondli STPs and status of installing around 50 decentralized modular STPs (DSTPs) based on Johkasou in different areas in Delhi.

Member Drainage, DJB informed that proposal of DSTPs work is in initial stage. Ongoing works of Okhla and Kondli will be completed by December 2022 and Rithala STP by March 2023.

ED (Tech), NMCG also asked status of transferring of all CETPs to DJB for management and upgradation of CETPs.

Commissioner (Industries), Delhi informed that approval of Hon'ble LG, Delhi has been received for transferring of CETPs to DJB and they are issuing notices to all CETP's societies within 15 days after handing over to DJB.

DG, NMCG directed DJB to take up works of upgradation of CETPs immediately and asked about the status of notices to pollution industries and closing or penalty on noncompliance of industries.

Member Secretary, DPCC informed that earlier they had imposed environmental compensation on 10 CETPs, and now non-compliance cases of CETPs have reduced to 3. Several societies have approached Hon'ble High Court and got the stay on environmental compensation.

25. Himachal Pradesh

Senior Monitoring Expert, NMCG informed that as per the MPR (August 2022), the estimated sewage generation in the State is 191 MLD for which 76 STPs of 126.02 MLD capacity (addition of 8 new STPs of total 4.783 MLD) are in operation. The utilization

capacity is reported to be 84.72 MLD. There is a gap of 64.5 MLD in treatment capacity. Through alternative technology (Soak Pits, Septic Tank), 106 MLD of sewage is being treated due to prevailing geographical conditions. Only 3 STPs out of 76 STPs are reported to be non-complying with HPPCB norms. For industrial effluent, 52.41 MLD treatment capacity (including 25 MLD CETP at Baddi) is available against the generation of 45.42 MLD industrial effluent in HP. There is one 25 MLD CETP at Baddi which is operational and complying. There is one CETP of 5 MLD at Kala Amb which is commissioned in May 2022. One CETP of 2 MLD capacity at Paonta Sahib is in proposal stage. In Markanda River polluted stretch, FC values are observed out of range.

Member Secretary, Himachal Pradesh Pollution Control Board informed that a gap of 64.5 MLD in treatment capacity is due to rural population and not from the urban population, which is being treated by alternative technology (Septic tanks, etc). Due to geographical locations, treatment of sewage from these rural areas are not viable to connect with existing STP in that area. In urban areas, more STPs are coming up and under approval stage. There is no direct discharge of sewage flow from urban area. There are 7 polluted river stretches (1 in Priority I, II & III each and 4 in Priority V) and as per latest monitoring data in all stretches, BOD values are less than 3. There is improvement in 2 polluted stretches i.e. Markanda river and Sirsa river, both connected to Haryana border. Further, the proposal of 2 MLD CETP at Paonta Sahib is in pipeline and is under process of getting funds from State Government. The connected ETPs in that area are monitored from time to time.

26. Madhya Pradesh

Assistant Civil Engineer, NMCG informed that the total sewage generation in the State is 2183.65 MLD. 51 STPs of total 1175.49 MLD capacity are operational. The present treatment capacity gap in the State is 1008.16 MLD. 54 STPs of 581.29 MLD are under construction, of which 6 STPs of 110 MLD are under trial run and 6 STPs of 30.05 MLD are under proposal/tender stage. A gap of 380 MLD in sewage treatment capacity exists, even after considering the under construction and proposed STPs. Functioning of the existing STPs are being reported to be satisfactory. However, 2 STPs at Indore (12 and 78 MLD) are reported to be non-complying. With regard to industrial pollution and solid waste management, the status is reported to be same as submitted in previous CMC meeting. There are 22 polluted river stretches in the State. As per the MPR for the month of July 2022

submitted by the State, water quality is not satisfactory in the stretch of river Betwa, river Chambal, river Kailsot, river Khan and river Kshipra. Water quality data is not reported for river Mandakini and river Kolar.

State official informed that 1 STP has recently completed in Bhopal of 20 MLD capacity, and thus the number of existing STPs has increased from 51 to 52 and treatment capacity increased from 1175.49 to 1195.49 MLD. To bridge the gap of 380 MLD in sewage treatment, projects will be taken up under AMRUT-2.

Secretary, DoWR,RD&GR, MoJS enquired whether the DPRs have been sanctioned or not for projects proposed under AMRUT 2. It was instructed that details about proposed plan may also be reflected in the MPRs.

State official informed that DPRs have been prepared, but in first phase water supply projects will be sanctioned and in second & third phase sewerage projects will be sanctioned. The 2 STPs at Indore reported to be non-compliant are stabilization ponds based on old treatment technologies. The same shall be dismantled and new STPs shall be constructed under AMRUT 2. State informed that DPRs for 3 I&D with STP projects for towns - Indore, Ujjain and Nagda have been submitted to NMCG.

DG, NMCG informed that a team of NMCG will visit the project sites to review the proposed works at Indore, Ujjain and Nagda. Based on the site visit report, NMCG shall take necessary action. Further, State needs to submit updated MPRs for proper review in the meetings.

27. West Bengal

State informed that there were 17 polluted river stretches in the State, out of which 1 river stretch falls in priority I (River Vidyadhari), 1 river stretch falls in priority II (River Mahananda), 3 river stretch fall in priority III (Churni, Dwarka & Ganga), 4 river stretches fall in priority IV (River Damodar, Kansi, Jalangi & Mathabhanga) & 8 river stretches fall in priority V (river Barakar, Silabati, Rupnarayan, Dwarkeswar, Mayurakshi, Kaljani, Karola & Teesta). Due to the continuous monitoring and supervision work, it is indicated in the latest draft CPCB report that West Bengal has been successful in de-listing 4 polluted river stretches, namely Kaljani, Karola, Mayurakshi and Silabati. The State is now having 13 polluted river stretches.

The total sewage generation in the State is 2758.07 MLD. A total of 46 STPs, including EKW, with cumulative capacity of 1745.35 MLD are operational, 11 nos. STPs (196.85 MLD) are under construction, 6 nos. STPs (246.70 MLD) are under renovation and 30 nos. STPs (678 MLD) are under proposal/tender stage. The present treatment capacity gap in the State is 569.45 MLD. It was informed that after completing the STPs which are under proposal/tender stage, the capacity gap will be filled. 20 MLD STP capacity exists as private STP of an industrial township and housing complex.

State informed that Karola River has been adopted as Model River for in-situ treatment process, which has been successfully completed and disinfection process is going on. Similar in-situ treatment for pollution abatement of other 8 rivers have been replicated for treating 95 MLD, namely Kaljani/ Karola/ Mayurakshi/ Dwarkeswar/ Shilabati / Kansi/ Rupnarayan/ Jalangi Rivers.

State informed that Department of UD & MA has framed a policy on Faecal Sludge and Septage Management for the urban areas of West Bengal. As pilot projects, two FSTPs will be setup in Kharagpur and Siliguri with technical guidance of IIT-Kharagpur.

With regard to Ghat projects, it was informed that 11 nos. of Ghats have been completed in Garulia (Executed by EPIL), Kalna (Executed by KMDA) and Katwa (Executed by KMDA) and have already been handed over to the respective Municipalities during quarter June 2021. Two Ghats under KMDA execution at Agradwip and Dainhat are in progress.

With regard to Solid Waste Management intervention, bio-mining of legacy waste has already been undertaken in 90 out of 107 legacy dumpsites in the State. House to house collection of solid waste has already reached 99% level and segregation at source has reached 45% so far. DG, NMCG enquired about the legacy dump of Kamarhati-Baranagar STP site. Principal Secretary, UD&MA informed that removal of legacy dump next to Baranagar in Promod Nagar has started.

Principal Secretary, UD&MA raised the issue that since the calorific value of solid waste is very low, they are not getting the good partners for RDF Pellet technology for waste to wealth plants. It was also informed that 6 nos. STPs have been sanctioned in AMRUT 2 nos. for Mahananda, 1 each for Vidhyadhari, Baranagar, South Dum-Dum and North Dum-Dum.

DG, NMCG stated that an alternative option may also be explored, e.g. pavement bricks can be made through solid waste and may be used in ongoing construction works. It was also informed that an MoU is being signed with Power Ministry by NMCG for re-using the treated wastewater.

PS, UD&MA also raised the issue of RDF fuel being generated in solid waste processing. It was also suggested that utilization of the fuel may also be stressed with the energy utilizing Power Plant sectors.

ED (Tech), NMCG raised the issue about the water quality of Ganga stretch in West Bengal which has high BOD and unacceptable faecal coliform levels and there is not much significant improvement in this area. In West Bengal, 220 nos drains have been tapped and 477 nos drains are yet to be tapped. This has been made part of report submitted to NGT. Action Plan may be submitted for tapping these 477 drains. Further, there are number of projects going on, State may provide the details of drains being tapped in these projects.

Principal Secretary (UD&MA), West Bengal stated that earlier the liquid waste was treated at STPs and sludge was dumped to open land. The treatment of septage and transportation of septage from septic tank was not in good condition. Fecal coliform is really the matter of concern and to treat the septage, State has adopted the FSTP policy to treat the septage and this will help to reduce the faecal coliform levels. DPRs for 2 FSTPs have been submitted to NMCG.

DG, NMCG stated that State may look-up the feasibility of FSTP as due to heavy rainfall in West Bengal, FSTP may not suitable for the location. PS, UD&MA informed that two FSTPs are functional one in Pramod Nagar and other is North Dum Dum capacity 30 KLD each and both are functioning well. 1 FSTP at Baidyabati of capacity of 120 KLD to cater to nearby 6 Municipalities is under repairing stage. Faecal Sludge is now being co-treated in the existing STPs at Barrackpore and Gayeshpur Municipalities.

28. Uttarakhand

Senior Environment Specialist, NMCG informed that the State generates approximately 329 MLD of sewage. 67 STPs of 397 MLD exist, which are being utilized at 236 MLD capacity (approx. 60%). Out of 67, 64 STPs are reported to be operational and 63 STPs are compliant. 3 STPs are non-operational, of which 1 STP at Rudrapryag was damaged due to natural calamity. Over all treatment of 236 MLD is quite satisfactory. 16 STPs of 135 MLD are under construction, 6 STPs of 15.05 MLD are under tendering and 9 STPs of 11.06 MLD are

proposed. Further, it is informed that all 3 CETPs existing in the State are complying. It is also informed that NMCG has provided financial approval for restoration of the affected units of STPs damaged due to natural calamity at Devprayag, Karanprayag, Nandprayag and Chamoli-Gopeshwar.

ED (Tech), NMCG informed that all 63 STPs are found to be complying with standard notified by MoEF &CC. However as per standard prescribed by Hon'ble NGT, 50 STPs are complying with the discharge norms, while 14 STPs with majority in Kumaon Mandal (10 old STPs) are non-complying to the parameters of BOD, TSS & Fecal Coliform as per norm prescribed by Hon'ble NGT. It is also directed that SPMG /UKPJN should organise surprise inspection of Hotels/ Restaurants & Dharmsalas/ Ashrams close to the river bank and issue show cause notices to the defaulter Hotels & Dharmasalas / Ashrams discharging waste water directly into Ganga & its tributaries.

DG, NMCG expressed his displeasure over the unavailability of land for 3 STP sites at Kichha, Sitarganj & Hempur Ismile, which still remains unresolved in the ongoing project of Udham Singh Nagar under Namami Gange programme and directed that SPMG/ UKPJN should ensure availability of required land with proper approach road for STP/SPS and I&D project prior to the bidding. Status of solid waste management in the State, especially with regard to solid waste dumps in Uttarkashi was sought.

Member Secretary, Uttarakhand Pollution Control Board informed that UPJN has conducted surprise inspection visit on regular basis and till now show cause notices have been issued to defaulting five Hotels. With respect to Udham Singh Nagar project, land has been identified at 08 STP sites and 07 STP sites handed over to executing agency, 01 STP site is to be transferred from Pantngar Agriculture University. Land for Kichha STP will be purchased by October, 2022. State PCB had allotted funds to all District Magistrates and as per the directions of Chief Secretary, Uttarakhand a drive was carried out with regard to solid waste dumps along the road side.

Official from Urban Development Department, Uttarakhand informed that solid waste dumps in Uttarkashi is being taken to alternate land at Ghazipur and boundary has been made at the existing site. Manpower has also been deployed for segregation of waste and transferred 200 tonnes of compost soil to gardens and parks. DG, NMCG suggested that SPMG /UKPJN may prepare a master list of DPR on priority basis, especially for Kumaon Mandal. The prepared DPR should have basic and bankable data for necessitating conceptualization of project for abatement of pollution in river Yamuna. It is also instructed that State may explore the sites wherever STPs based on Johkasou technology can be installed.

29. Uttar Pradesh

ED (Tech), NMCG informed that against estimated sewage generation of 5500 MLD, 3659 MLD is being treated through 118 STPs. Out of these 118 STPs, 114 STPs are operational with 78% capacity utilization. 27 projects (47 STPs) having 962 MLD capacity are under construction. Another 2 STPs at Meerut & Saharanpur of 355 MLD are under tendering, thereby leaving a treatment capacity gap of 508 MLD. To bridge the gap, 16 projects of 969 MLD are under DPR preparation stage.

Further, critical issues were also highlighted such as (i) increase in number of non-compliant STPs from previously reported 25 to 30; (ii) non submission of MPRs on a monthly basis; (iii) timelines for completion of 10 STPs of 328 MLD capacity by Sep/ Dec'22 (needs close monitoring).

With respect to industrial pollution management, it was informed that 4 CETPs out of 7 are reported to be compliant and 1 CETP at Jajmau is under construction. However, ED (Tech), NMCG indicated that as per inspections carried by CPCB, only 1 CETP at Pilkhaun, Hapur is compliant. This implies variation in data between CPCB and State PCB

With respect to municipal solid waste, it was informed that out of total 14710 TPD MSW generation, 10433 TPD is being processed. 18 waste processing plants are functional having 6020 TPD treatment capacity. 5 plants of 325 TPD capacity at Fatehpur, Sambhal, Badaun, Mirzapur & Ballia are reported to in dispute with the operator and revival plans for Sambhal, Badaun, Mirzapur & Ballia are being prepared by C&DS – Jal Nigam. The land disputes for 2 plants at Kasganj & Basti are being resolved. Further, 36 plants of 4305 TPD capacity are under construction for which timelines have been revised from Dec'22 to Mar'23.

Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS highlighted about the plan for Hindon project, projects at Prayagraj & Lucknow and requested State to respond on the progress of these projects.

With respect to E-flow, no change has been reported since last review. Regarding floodplain demarcation, it was indicated that 12648 out of 15293 pillars have been placed from Kannauj to Unnao and floodplains have been decided for river Hindon, Yamuna, Varuna, Gomti, Kali East, Ramganga, Betwa, Ghagra, Rapti, Sai & Sarayu. Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, MoJS requested that details of demarcation may be shared with Commissioner (FM), MoJS.

With respect to projects undertaken though alternate technologies, it was informed that (i) bio-remediation is being carried out in 110 drains of Prayagraj, Varanasi, Kanpur Nagar, Noida, Raebareily, Ghazipur, Sonbhadra, Mirzapur & Pratapgarh; (ii) 1 wetland pilot project by Noida authority through UP Irrigation department has been completed; (iii) work is in progress for 2 in-situ remediation wetlands in Noida, scheduled for completion by Dec'22; and (iv) appointment of NEERI by Noida for preparation of DPR for construction of in-situ/ ex-situ wetland and construction of minor STPs over drains.

CE – Ganga, UPJN (Rural) informed that 31 STPs are under the purview of UPJN (Rural) and another 3 STPs have been commissioned but trial run has not started. It was further informed that 44 STPs are being maintained by UPJN (Urban) whereas 39 STPs are maintained by various development authorities. Regarding non-complying STPs, it was informed that majority of STPs under Development Authorities are not complying. Against the sewage treatment gap, it was indicated that 41 STPs of 684 MLD are under construction and 2 STPs of 355 MLD are under tendering. Further, 15 DPRs have been submitted to NMCG and another 17 DPRs are under preparation & will be submitted within a month. The DPRs for Prayagraj have been submitted to NMCG and for Lucknow, 1 DPR has been submitted to NMCG while another DPR is under revision & 1 DPR is under preparation.

JMD, UPJN (Urban) informed that there are 50 STPs under the purview of UPJN (Urban) and presently 46 STPs are operational. All STPs were reported to be complying. 4 STPs (3 at Rampur & 1 at Baniyapurwa) were non-operational due to collapsed trunk sewer line and proposal to repair the same is under consideration. 9 STPs were reported to be under construction and are progressing as per scheduled timelines.

DG, NMCG appreciated the efforts of State and re-iterated that the DPRs being sent to NMCG must be comprehensive and must ensure that all drains are tapped, capacity requirement & water quality of drains is properly assessed. Further, any variation due to land non-availability/ change in scope of work will be borne by the State Govt.

CE– Ganga, UPJN (Rural), informed that pollution in Hindon river is primarily due to discharge of untreated sewage in Kali River. Post completion of projects in Budhana, Muzzafarnagar, Kairana, Saharanpur & Meerut the pollution abatement in Hindon will be achieved. Further, it was informed that about 25 drains having industrial waste are discharging into river Hindon, for which CETP needs to be installed.

Secretary, DoWR,RD&GR, MoJS directed that a plan for Hindon river must be submitted indicating responsibilities of various agencies involved and a meeting with Chief Secretary, GoUP may be held along with concerned agencies to tackle the pollution in Hindon river in a defined timeframe.

ED (Tech), NMCG informed that 496 drains have been tapped through sewerage intervention projects and 174 drains from Ganga or its tributaries are yet to be tapped. State was requested to indicate the status of 174 untapped drains through the projects being planned/ proposed. DG, NMCG further indicated that District Ganga Committees may also verify the status of drains flowing into Ganga or its tributaries.

30. Rajasthan

ED (Tech), NMCG informed that against estimated sewage generation of 1551 MLD, 1084 MLD is being treated through 110 STPs and 1 STP has been completed since last review. In addition, 64 STPs of 638 MLD have been reported under construction, of which (i) 43 are under construction; (ii) 1 is held up due to Court case; (iii) 6 are ready for commissioning/ under commissioning; and (iv) 14 are under tendering. The capacity utilization was reported to be 64.5% (~700 MLD capacity is being utilized). 15 STPs have been reported non-complying against which (i) 3 STPs at Ajmer, Fatehpur Shekhawati & Kushalgarh are complying since last review; (ii) CTO is pending for 3 STPs at Balotra, Deedwana & Makrana; (iii) 1 STP at Nagaur is being upgraded under AMRUT; (iv) 4 STPs will be upgraded under AMRUT/RUIDP; and (v) upgradation of 7 STPs is yet to be proposed under AMRUT/RUIDP.

Further critical issues were highlighted such as (i) non-compliant STPs (15 nos.) and CETPs (3 nos.); (ii) only 54% processing of municipal solid waste; (iii) development of mechanism for assessment & reporting of capacity utilization & compliance status of STPs/ CETPS; (iv) payment/ legal/ land allotment issues for STPs; (v) no progress for 6 under construction

STPs; (vi) revision in timelines of 13 under construction STPs; and (vii) completion of 4 STPs having achieved more than 90% progress.

Secretary (LSG), Rajasthan informed that 14 new STP projects have been tendered since last review. Regarding 15 non-compliant STPs, upgradation of 12 STPs have been taken up under AMRUT/ ADB and are expected to be completed within 1 year. For the remaining 3 STPs, the issue of funding towards O&M have been resolved and will be compliant by 15th October 2022. Regarding land allotment issue, it was informed that land has been allotted for Kota project and for Sadar Shahr project, the land will be allotted within a week. Further, regarding developing a mechanism for capacity utilization & compliance status of STPs/ CETPs, it was informed that OCEMS is being installed in existing/ new STPs/ CETPs and necessary training for concerned senior officials has been completed. It was also informed that the waste processing has increased and during the last SHPC of Swaccha Bharat Mission, processing plants for remaining ULBs have been approved. The timelines for these projects will be shared in the MPR.

Member Secretary, RSPCB informed that for existing CETPs, OCEMS are already in place and regular monitoring is being done. Regarding 3 non-operational CETPs, it was informed that the CETPs and the connecting units have been shut down. Out of these, 1 has requested for operating the CETP, and permission for operating the CETP and related units will be approved.

ED (Tech), NMCG indicated that though on a macro level, the status appears to be satisfactory but the rivers in major towns appears to be drains. The status of monitoring of STPs on river Dravyavati and water quality in Jaipur was sought from the State by DG, NMCG.

Member Secretary, RSPCB informed that though STPs are functioning properly and regular monitoring is being done but during certain period the STPs do not comply and necessary notices are being issued to make them complaint.

Secretary, LSG informed that 3 STPs of capacities 62.5 MLD, 90 MLD and 62.5 MLD have been sanctioned on the bank of river Dravyavati, out of which 1 STP of 62.5 MLD has been completed and 2 STPs of 90 & 62.5 MLD are under construction. It was further informed that the work for river Ayad in Udaipur has been taken up under Udaipur Smart City Limited. Regarding Jojri river in Jodhpur, it was informed that post completion of projects in Jodhpur,

the water quality of Jojri river would improve. Recently sewerage projects for Rs. 3000 Crore have been sanctioned for Jodhpur with financial assistance from ADB and post completion of the projects, all sewage draining into the river would be tapped.

31. <u>Bihar</u>

Senior Environmental Specialist, NMCG highlighted that approximately 1100 MLD of sewage is generated in the State. Under Namami Gange, 7 new STPs of 224.5 MLD have been completed, of which 4 STPs are operational and 3 STPs are recently commissioned. 444.5 MLD STPs are further sanctioned under Namami Gange and 113 MLD STPs are sanctioned under other schemes. STPs of 396 MLD are ongoing, 49 MLD STPs are under tendering and for bridging the gap, STPs/ FSSM projects of 396 MLD are proposed for remaining towns. Further, 541 MLD of sewage (in 89 drains) is proposed to be treated through bio-remediation. Land NOC is a common problem in all the projects in Bihar; DPR can be sanctioned once the land NOC is available under Namami Gange – II. DPR for the PRS stretch Raxaul is yet to be finalized. Work needs to be expedited for the Phulwarishariff and Fatuha projects. Updated status with regard to present and proposed solid waste management facilities needs to be provided in the MPR.

MD, BUIDCO informed that the sanctioned projects are being expedited and land is being ensured for projects at proposal stage. It was assured that DPR for Raxaul shall be finalized soon and submitted. Works of Phulwarishariff and Fatuha projects shall be expedited.

Director General, NMCG directed State to ensure the quality of the DPRs being submitted for sanctioning. Any deviation in cost of the project due to poor quality of DPRs after sanctioning of the project is to be borne by the State. It was also highlighted that sewer network projects need to be taken up by the State municipalities. For smaller towns, decentralized STPs can be adopted.

32. Chhattisgarh

Senior Environmental Specialist, NMCG highlighted that the installed sewage treatment capacity has increased from 71 MLD to 236.1 MLD in the past one year. However, due to pending 2.77 kms sewer line network connections (expected by December 2022), the utilization capacity of the STPs is 109.9 MLD. STPs of 106 MLD have just been completed

and needs to be commissioned. 2 STPs of 100.5 MLD are proposed and 3.94 MLD of septage from 166 ULBs is treated through FSTP. **Model River is yet to be identified by the State.**

DG, NMCG directed to provide details of action proposed for bridging the gap in sewage treatment and to identify Model River in the State as per the directions of NGT.

Member Secretary, Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board attended the meeting along with State officials. Chief Engineer, UAD, Chhattisgarh informed that under AMRUT 2.0, STPs of approximately 200 MLD capacity are proposed in 04 AMRUT cities namely Durb, Bhilai, Risali and Ambikapur.

33. Jharkhand

Senior Environmental Specialist, NMCG informed that 452 MLD of sewage is generated in the State. 35 STPs of 123.74 MLD are operational with total 69% utilization capacity. 89 MLD STPs are under construction and 442 MLD capacity STPs are proposed. The gap in sewage treatment capacity shall be addressed by ongoing and proposed projects. Not much progress has been observed in the ongoing projects. Status of revised DPR and details of Alternative Funding for Mango town and Ranchi 200 MLD proposed STP are not clear. **Details of floodplain management, e-flow management and water quality monitoring data of the rivers are not provided in the MPR.**

Director, SUDA informed that 16 MLD on-going STP at Ranchi is almost complete and trial run of the STP shall start next month. 37 MLD STP at Ranchi and 36 MLD STP at Adityapur shall be completed by February and March 2023 respectively. In smaller 34 ULBs, 17 FSTP projects are being taken up under State funds. DPR for Ramgarh shall be taken up in 45th EC meeting of NMCG for funding under Namami Gange and it was requested that DPR for Dhanbad, which is currently under TPA may also be taken up in the upcoming 45th EC meeting of NMCG. DPR for STP at Mango is proposed to be funded under EAP as financial assistance could not be sought from TATA Steel. It was also informed that floodplain mapping of River Ganga and Damodar have been completed by State WRD and for remaining rivers, it is proposed to be taken up under National Hydrology Project. With regard to water quality monitoring data, it was informed that the data is received monthly from State PCB and only River Garga has BOD of 5 mg/l and rest 6 river stretches are achieving BOD of less than 3 mg/l. 65 % of the municipal solid waste generated in the State is being

processed. For remaining, 4 Integrated SWM and bioremediation of legacy wastes is proposed to be taken up under SBM-II.

Director General, NMCG highlighted that DPR for STP at Dhanbad may be expedited.

The meeting ended with thanks to the Chair.

Annexure-I

List of participants:

- 1. Shri Pankaj Kumar, Secretary, DoWR, RD&GR, Ministry of Jal Shakti in Chair
- 2. Shri G Asok Kumar, Director General, NMCG cum Project Director, NRCD
- 3. Shri Anand Mohan, Joint Secretary, NRCD
- 4. Shri Himanshu Badoni, Executive Director (Project), NMCG
- 5. Shri D.P. Mathuria, Executive Director (Technical), NMCG
- 6. Shri Brijesh Sikka, Senior Consultant, NMCG
- 7. Dr. Anupama, Director (SBM-III), Drinking Water & Sanitation, MoJS
- 8. Shri P K Mishra, Scientist E, CPCB
- 9. Shri Vishal Gandhi, Scientist D, CPCB
- 10. Shri J.B.Ravinder, Deputy Adviser, MoHUA
- 11. Shri S.K. Srivastava, Director, NRCD
- 12. Shri A.P. Singh, Additional Director, NRCD
- 13. Dr. Sabita Madhvi Singh, Joint Director, NRCD
- 14. Shri Saumya Mukhopadhyay, Senior Environmental Specialist, NMCG
- 15. Dr. P.N.Rymbai, Scientist B, NRCD
- 16. Shri Vijay Kumar, Assistant Civil Engineer, NMCG
- 17. Shri Sandeep Gupta, Senior Monitoring Expert, NMCG
- 18. Shri Mahender Singh, Monitoring Expert, NMCG
- 19. Shri Rachit Andley, Project Manager, NMCG
- 20. Mrs. Ruby Raju, Senior Project Engineer, NMCG
- 21. Ms. Preeti Sinha, Research Associate, NRCD
- 22. Shri Debarshi Ghosh, Research Associate, NRCD

OA 673 ൽ 18.10.2022 തീയ്യതിയിൽ എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്– നോർത്ത് സർക്കിളിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് <u>വഴി നട</u>ത്തി<u>യ</u> 29–ാമത് DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ്.

ഹാജരായവർ

- ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജന. (എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്).
- ശ്രീഷംസുദ്ദീൻ, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ (മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- ശ്രീ.ഹൈദരാലി (ഓവർസിയർ, തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- ശ്രീ. ടി.കെ.ബാബു, സെക്രട്ടറിം(ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)
- 5. ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാർ, ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് (റവന്യു ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ്, തിരുർ)
- ശ്രീ.സുലൈമാൻ, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി (മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)
- ശ്രീ.രാജീവ്, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി, തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്.
- ശ്രീ.ബീരാൻകൂട്ടി, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി, വെട്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്.
- ശ്രീ.വരുൺ നാരായണൻ.ജി, (എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഹീസ്, മലപ്പുറം).
- സ. ശ്രീമതി, സൗദ ബീവി.വി.സി. അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സയന്റിസ്റ്റ്, (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)
- ന. ശ്രീ.മുഹമ്മദ് അജ്സൽ, (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)

3.00 Pm-ന് ഇറിഗേഷൻ എക്സിക്യുട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ (ഇറിഗേഷൻ-നോർത്ത് സർക്കിൾ) ശ്രീമതി,അഞ്ജനയുടെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് ആരംഭിച്ചു.

ആദ്യമായി എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ എല്ലാവരേയും മീറ്റിങ്ങിലേക്ക് സ്വാഗതം ചെയ്തു. കഴിഞ്ഞ 20.09.2022 തീയ്യതിയിലായിരുന്നു അവസാനമായി DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങ് നടത്തിയതെന്നും അതിനു ശേഷമുള്ള ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ പുരോഗതി ചർച്ച ചെയ്യാമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന പൂരോഗതിയാണ് ആദ്യമായി വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. കുട്ടായി റഗുലേറ്ററിന്റെ വർക്കിന്റെ കാലാവധി വീണ്ടും ദീർഘിപ്പിക്കാനുളള നടപടി നടന്നുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാണെന്നും മെക്കാനിക്കൽ വർക്ക് 40ശതമാനം പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചതായും, ഫണ്ട് കിട്ടാത്തതിനാൽ തിരൂർ പൊന്നാനി പുഴയുടെ വലതു ശക്തിപ്പെടുത്തുന്ന ഭാഗത്തുളള ബണ്ട് വർക്കിൽ യാതൊരു പൂരോഗതിയുപ ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലെന്നും എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ ശ്രീമതി.അഞ്ജന അറിയിച്ചു.

അടുത്തതായി Encroachment സർവ്വേയുടെ പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. കഴിഞ്ഞ മീറ്റിങ്ങിൽ സർവ്വേ പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചതായി അറിയിച്ചിരുന്നെന്നും എന്നാൽ ചെറിയമുണ്ടം പഞ്ചായത്തിൽ സ്റ്റർവ്വേ പൂർത്തികരിച്ച വിവം അറിയിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടായിരുന്നില്ലയെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എണ്ട്ട്പിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി. ചെറിയമുണ്ടം പഞ്ചായത്തിന് ഇമെയിൽ അയച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്ന്

തിരൂർ റവന്യൂ ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഫീസ് പ്രതിനിധി ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാർ അറിയിച്ചു. തുടർന്ന് തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP യുടെയും മത്സ്യമാർക്കറ്റ് STP യൂടെയും പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP യുടെ സിവിൽ വർക്ക് പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതാണെന്നും, മെക്കാനിക്കൽ വർക്ക് കുറച്ചുകുടി ചെയ്യാനുണ്ടെന്നും അതിനായി ത്രീഫേസ് കണക്ഷനുവേണ്ടി കെ.എസ്.ഇ.ബിയിലേക്ക് അപേക്ഷ സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ഓവർസിയർ ശ്രീ,ഹൈദരാലി അറിയിച്ചു. NGT വിഷയം ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് കെ.എസ്.ഇ.ബിയുമായി എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. മത്സ്യമാർക്കറ്റിലെ STP യുടെ ആയതുകൊണ്ട് റിനോവേഷൻ വർക്കിനായി. ടെൻഡർ വിളിക്കുകയും എന്നാൽ ആരും തന്നെ ടെൻഡറിൽ പങ്കെടുക്കാത്തതിനാൽ പ്രവർത്തി നേരിട്ട് ഏറ്റെടുക്കുന്നതിനുവേണ്ടി ഐ.ആർ.ടി.സി.യ്ക്ക് ്രൻീ,ഹൈദരാലി ചെയ്യാമെന്നും വേഗര കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും എത്രയും രിറ്റിങ്ങ് കളക്ടറുടെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ ഒരു കത്ത് ഡെപ്യൂട്ടി കുടിയിരുന്നെന്നും അതിൽ ഒക്ടോബർ മാസത്തിൽ STP പ്രവർത്തനസള്ജമാക്കാമെന്നു അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി. ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിൽ ഉൾപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുളള ഒന്നായതിനാൽ ഇതിന്റെ വർക്ക് നീണ്ട് പോകുന്നതിനാൽ അതൃപ്തി രേഖപ്പെടുത്തുകയും എത്രയും വേഗം പ്രവർത്തനസജജമാക്കാൻ കഴിയാത്ത പക്ഷം NGT ഫൈൻ ഈടാക്കുമെന്നുമുളള വസ്തുത എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറവുശാലയുടെ - മെക്കാനിക്കൽ, ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തൂകയുണ്ടായി, മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയിലെ അറിയിച്ചു. ആയത് വർക്ക് നടന്നുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാണെന്നും ഹൈദരാലി ആധുനിക അറവു ശാലയാണെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ സിവിൽ ബോർഡിന്റെ അനുമതിക്കായി അപേക്ഷ സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടോ എന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ അപേക്ഷ ഇല്ലെങ്കിൽ പോദിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. എഞ്ചിനീയർ സമർപ്പിക്കണെമെന്നും നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

സമർപ്പിക്കണെമെന്നും നിശദ്ദേശിക്കും... കഴിഞ്ഞതവണ DLTC യൂടെ ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാൻ എല്ലാ പഞ്ചായത്തുകൾ, മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റികളും ഈ ഓഫീസിലേക്ക് സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ഇത് എല്ലാ മാസവും മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റികളും ഈ ഓഫീസിലേക്ക് സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ഇത് എല്ലാ മാസവും

രുന്നത്തും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. ആടുത്തതായി വെട്ടം പഞ്ചായത്തിലെ പ്രവർത്തന സ്പൂരോഗതിയാണ് ൻലയിരുത്തിയത്. സ്ക്വാഡുകളുംടെ പ്രവർത്തനം, സിസിടിവി എന്നിവയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളെക്കൂറിച്ച് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ചോദിച്ചറിയുകയുണ്ടായി. പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളെക്കൂറിച്ച് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ചോദിച്ചറിയുകയുണ്ടായി. ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ എല്ലാ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളും നേരത്തെ പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതാണെന്നും നിലവിൽ സിസിടിവി റീചാർത്ത് പെയ്യാൻ വേണ്ടിയിട്ടുള്ള പ്രൊജക്ട് സമർപ്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടനേറും അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി, ശ്രീ ബീരാൻകുട്ടി അറിയിച്ചു.അതിന്റെ തൂടർ നടപടികൾ പെട്ടെന്ന് സ്ഥീകരിക്കണമെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

അടുത്തതായി മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയുടെ പ്രവർത്തന പൂക്കാഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. 15,10.2022-ന് മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ചെയർമാന്റെ ചേമ്പറിൽ വെച്ച് നടന്ന മിറ്റിങ്ങിൽ പങ്കെടുത്തിരുന്നെന്നും എന്നാൽ ഇതുവരെ STP സംബന്ധിച്ച പ്രൊപ്പോസൽ ആയിട്ടോ അപേക്ഷയോ മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിലേക്ക് നൽകിയിട്ടില്ലെന്നും ആയതിനു വൃക്തത വന്നിട്ടില്ലെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഇതുവരെ അറിയിച്ചു.അതുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട കാരുങ്ങൾ യുദ്ധകാല അടിസ്ഥാനത്തിൽ ചെയ്യാൻ എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. മലപ്പൂറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി STP യൂടെ ഒരു രേഖയും ഈ ഓഫീസിൽ ഇല്ലെന്നും എന്നാൽ തിരൂർ മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി മലിന്നീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിന്റെ അനുമതിക്കായി അപേക്ഷ സമർപ്പിക്കുകയെങ്കിലും ചെയ്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഓർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായി. സമർപ്പിക്കുന്നതൃമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട കാര്യങ്ങൾ ചർച്ച ചെയ്യുന്നതിനായി അപേക്ഷ മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ഓഫീസിൽ നാളെ വരാനിരിക്കുകയുണെന്നും എത്രയും വേഗം അപേക്ഷ സമർപ്പിക്കാനുളള നടപടി സ്വീകരിക്കാമെന്നും മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ ശ്രീഷംസുദ്ദീൻ അറിയിച്ചു.

സംരക്ഷണവുമായി പുഴ ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് സർവ്വേയ്ക്കുവേണ്ടിയുളള ഫണ്ട് കൈമാറിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും എന്നാൽ സിസിടിവി സ്ഥാപിക്കാനുളള ഒരു പ്രൊജക്ട് ചെയ്യാനുണ്ടെന്നും സ്ഥാപിക്കാനുളള അനുയോജ്യമായ സ്ഥലം കണ്ടെത്താത്തതിനാലാണ് വൈകുന്നതെന്നും തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് അസിസ്റ്റററ്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി ശ്രീ.രാജീവ് അറിയിച്ചു. ഏറ്റവും കൂടുതൽ പൊതുജനങ്ങൾ പ്രവേശിക്കാൻ സാധ്യതയുള്ളത് എവിടെയാണോ അവിടെയാണ് ഡിസിടിവി വെയ്ക്കേണ്ടതെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു. _ ¤ංඤා: දේ ක්) ബ്രിഡ്ജിന്റെ സൈഡിൽ നേരത്തെ തന്നെ സിസിടിവി വെച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും സ്ക്രാഡുകളുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം. മോണിറ്ററിങ്ങ് ഇവ നന്നായി പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും ്ശ്രീ.രാജീവ് അറിയിക്കുകുയുണ്ടായി.

ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന അടുത്തതാവി മാഗലം പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. രണ്ട് പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളാണ് മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായരന്തിൽ ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നതെന്നും, സി.സി.ടിവി ഒന്ന് സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതായിരുന്നെന്നും അത് പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും രണ്ടാമതായി തിരുർ പൊന്നാനി പുഴയുടെ സൈഡ് പ്രോട്ടക്ഷനുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളായിരുന്നെന്നും എന്നാൽ ഇതിൻന്റെ വർക്ക് പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടില്ലെന്നും മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി ശ്രീ.സുലൈമാൻ അറിയിച്ചു. Unauthorised disposalനെക്കുറിച്ച് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ചോദിച്ചറിയുകയുണ്ടായി. എന്നാൽ അനധികൃതമായി വേസ്റ്റുകൾ, ഔട്ട്ലെറ്റുകൾ

എന്നിവയൊന്നും പുഴയിലേക്ക് പോകുന്നില്ലെന്തും ശ്രീ.സുലൈമാൻ അറിയിച്ചു. മീറ്റിങ്ങിൽ പങ്കെടുത്ത എല്ലാറാർക്കും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നന്ദി അറിയിച്ചു.

3.35 pm-ന് വീഡിയോ കോൺഫാൻസ് അവസാനിച്ചു.

Vorg എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ

മലപ്പൂറം 18.10.2022

OA 673 ൽ 17.11.2022 തീയ്യതിയിൽ സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്– നോർത്ത് സർക്കിളിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് വഴി നടത്തിയ 30–ാമത് DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങിന്റെ മിനുട്സ്.

ഹാജരായവർ

- ശ്രീ,ബാലകൃഷ്ണൻ മണ്ണാരക്കൽ (സുപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ഞിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്)
- ശ്രീമതി.അജ്മൽ, (എക്സിക്യുട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പ്).
- ശ്രീ. അബ്ദുൽ ഹമീദ്, ഹെൽത്ത് ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ (മലപ്പുറം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- ഗ്രീ, ജീവരാജ് (ഹെൽത്ത് സൂപ്പർവൈസർ, തിരൂർ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി).
- 5. ശ്രീ. ഷാഹൂൽ ഹമീദ്, ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക്, (ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)
- 6. ശ്രീ.അജയ്കുമാര്, ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് (റവന്യു ഡിവിഷണൽ ഓഹീനാ്, തിമൂർ)
- 7. ശ്രീ.സുലൈമാൻ, അസിസ്റ്റൻ്റ്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി (മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്)
- ശ്രീരാജീവ്, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി, തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത്.
- ശ്രീ.ജോഷിലാൽ, അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ, (ഗ്രൗണ്ട് വാട്ടർ വകുപ്പ്)
- 13. ശ്രീവരുൺ നാരായണൻ.ജി, (എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ, കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഒഫിസ്, മലപ്പുറം),
- n. ശ്രീമതി. സൗദ ബീവി.വി.സി. അന്ധിസ്റ്റന്റ് സയന്റിസ്റ്റ്. (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഓഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)
- 12. ശ്രീമതി.മിനി.പി. അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ഞിനീയർ (കേരള സംസ്ഥാന മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡ്, ജില്ലാ ഒാഫീസ്, മലപ്പുറം.)

11.30 am-ന് ഇറിഗേഷൻ സുപ്രണ്ടിംഗ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ (ഇറിഗേഷൻ-നോർത്ത് സർക്കിൾ) ശ്രീ.ബാലകൃഷ്ണൻ മണ്ണാരക്കലിന്റെ അധ്യക്ഷതയിൽ വീഡിയോ കോൺഫറൻസ് ആരംഭിച്ചു.

എല്ലാവരേയും മീറ്റിങ്ങിലേക്ക് എഞ്ച്നിയർ എൻവയോണ്ട്മെന്റൽ ആദ്യമായി സ്വാഗത്ന ചെയ്തു. ചേറിയമുണ്ടം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ഞായത്തിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ് ആദ്യമായി വിലയിമുത്തിയത്. കഴിഞ്ഞ DLTC മീറ്റിങ്ങ് 18.10.20222-ന് കൂടിയതാണെന്നും അതിനു ഭശഷമുള്ള പ്രവർത്തന പൂരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്താൻ എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനിയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു. തിരൂർ പൊന്നാനി പുഴയുടെ പീരിയോഡിക്കൽ പരിശോധന പ്ലാനിലെ നടത്തിവരുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും ആക്ഷൻ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളും പെയ്ത് എല്ലാ ഹൗീദ് അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി(ചെറിയമുണ്ടം ശ്രീഷാഹുൽ തീർത്തിട്ടുളളയാണെന്നും ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്ത് ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക്). കുടാതെ സ്കാഡുകളുടേയും, സി.സി.ടി.റ്റിയുടേയും പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളെക്കാറിച് എൻവയോണ്ട്മെൻൽ എഞ്ചിന്.യർ ചോദിച്ചറിയുകയുണ്ടായി. അടുത്തതായി തലക്കാട് ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതി വിലയിരുത്താൻ എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടു. ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിലെ സി.സി.ടി.വി സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്നതിനായുളള തുക വകയിരുത്തിയിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും പ്രൊജക്ടിനായുളള ടെക്നിക്കൽ അനുമതി കിട്ടാനുളള സാകേതിക തടസ്റ്റമുളളതുകൊണ്ടാണ് വൈകുന്നതെന്നും ടെക്നിക്കൽ അനുമതി കിട്ടാനുളള സാകേതിക തടസ്റ്റമുളളതുകൊണ്ടാണ് വൈകുന്നതെന്നും ടെക്നിക്കൽ അനുമതി കിട്ടായാൽ ഉടനെത്തന്നെ സി.സി.ടി.വി സ്ഥാപിക്കുമെന്നും അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി ശ്രീ.രാജീവ് അറിയിച്ചു. മാങ്ങാട്ടിരി ബ്രിഡ്ജിന്റെ സമീപത്താണ് സി.സി.ടി.വി സ്ഥാപിക്കാൻ ഉദ്ദേശിക്കുന്നതെന്നും അറിയിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി കൂടാതെ പുഴ സംരക്ഷണവുമായി ബന്ധപ്പെട്ട് സ്ക്ലാഡുകൾ, മോണിറ്ററിങ്ങ് എന്നിവയുടെ പ്രാ.ര്ത്തനങ്ങൾ ഭംഗിയായി നടക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നും ശ്രീ.രാജീവ് അറിയിച്ചു.

തുടർന്ന് മംഗലം ഗ്രാമപഞ്ചായത്തിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയ് രുത്തിയത്. ഏകദേശം ഒരു വർഷത്തോളമായി monthly progress report-ൽ തിരുർ പുഴയുടെ side protection wall 70 ശയമാനം പുർത്തീകരിച്ചയായുള്ള റിപ്പോർട്ടാണ് നൽകിക്കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്നതെന്നും അതിൽ യാതൊരു മറ്ററപ്പം ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലേ എന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ചേദിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. വെള്ളത്തിന്റെ പ്രശ്നം ഉജ്ളതുകൊണ്ടാണ് side protection wall ന്റെ പ്രവർത്തനം പൂർത്തികരിക്കാത്തതെന്ന് ശ്രീസുലൈമാൻ അറിയിച്ചു. എത്രയും വേഗം പരിഹരിച്ച് നടപടി സ്ഥികരിക്കുണമെന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി, ഹര്ത്രകർമ്മ സേനയുടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൻ, സിസ്വീടി.വി എന്നിറായുടെ പ്രവർത്തന്തെക്കുറിച്ച് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ചോറിപ്പറിയുകയുണ്ടായി, നല്ല രിതിയിൽ പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നാണ് ശ്രീസുലൈമാൻ അറിയിച്ചുകയുണ്ടായി, നല്ല രിതിയിൽ പ്രവർത്തിക്കുന്നുണ്ടെന്നാണ്

അടുത്തനായി മലപ്പുരം മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയുടെ ഗ്രവർത്തന പുമോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്.മലപ്പുറം മൂനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റി ചെയർമാന്റെ ചേന്വറിൽ കഴിഞ്ഞതവണ മീറ്റിങ്ങ് കൂടിയിരുന്നെന്നും അതിനൂശേഷം ബസ് സ്റ്റാൻഡ് STP യുടെ പ്രവർത്തന പൂരോഗതി എത്രത്തോളമായി എന്ന് എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ചോദിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി. സർവ്വേ നിന്നും എംപാനൽഡ് കണ്ടന്നൾട്ടന്റ് ലിസ്റ്റ് നടത്തുന്നതിനായി ശൂചിത്വശിഷനിൽ ആവശൃപ്പെട്ടുകൊണ്ട് ഒരു കത്ത് കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ആയര് നടപടിയൊന്നും ഉണ്ടായിട്ടില്ലഎന്നും ശ്രീഹമീദ് അറിയിച്ചു. ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിൽ ഉൾപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുജ്ജ മുന്ന് STP കളിൽ ഒന്നാണ് മലപ്പൂറം STP യെന്നും STP യുടെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതി അറിയാൻ കഴിഞ്ഞ ദിവസം ബോർഡിന്റെ മൂഖൃകാദ്യവയത്തിൽ നിന്നും വിളിച്ച് അമ്പേഷിച്ചിരുന്നു എന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു. നോറർഡിന്റെ അനുമതിക്കറതി അപേക്ഷ സമർപ്പിക്കുകയോ പ്രൊപ്പോസൽ നൽകുകയോ ചെയ്തിട്ടില്ലെന്നാണ് ഇവിടുന്ന് ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിൽ ഉൾപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുള്ള കാര്യങ്ങളായതിനാൽ എത്രയും വേഗം അറിയിച്ചത്. തീർക്കണമെന്ന്, കെഡ്ത് ആവർത്തിച്ച് പറഞ്ഞ് കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്ന കാര്യമാണെന്ന്

ഹരിരകർമ്മസോയപ്പടെ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങളെക്കുറിച്ചും എന്നായോൺമെന്റൽ എങ്ങിനീയർ **മൂനിസി**പ്പാലിറ്റിയിൽ നിലവിൽ മൊത്തം 40 അന്വേഷിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി 2EIപ്പൂറം വാര്ഡുകളഇലായി പാരിതകർമ്മറേഗനയിൽ 28 ദേരഗങ്ങളാണ് ഉള്ളതെന്നും പരമാവധി ഒരു കുടുബത്രീയിൽ നിന്നും ന്ദ്രാഭപക്ഷ നിയമിക്കാനായി Cetra Galais പാർവിൽ ക്ഷണിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ശ്രീ.അബ്ദുൾ ഹമീര് അറിതിച്ചു. MCF, RRF എന്നിവയുടെ ശവാർത്തനങ്ങളെക്കൂറിച്ചും എൻവയോടെ6മെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ പോദിച്ചറിയുകയുണ്ടായി. പുടയിലേക്ക് മാലിനുങ്ങൾ ഒഴുക്കാത്ത രീതിയിലുളള പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ കൈക്കൊള്ളാനും ചിക്കുന്ന ഗ്ലോൾ, അറവൂശാലയിലെ വേസ്റ്റുകൾ പുഴയിലേക്ക് കലരാത്ത തീതിയിലുളള വരുത്തണമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ ഉറപ്പു และเป็นแพลเลเพ unauthorized disposal ഉണ്ടെങ്കിൽ spot fine നിർദ്ദ്യാറിക്കുട്ടുണ്ടായ്. കൂടാതെ ഇതാക്ക്ത്നപ്പെന്നും ആ വിവരം മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിനെ അറിയിക്കണമെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനിയർ ഭാർമ്മപ്പെടുത്തി. അനധികൃതമായ അറവുശാലകളുടെ പ്രവർത്തനം നിരോധിക്കാൻ തനുഷ്യാവകാശ കമ്മിഷന്റെ ഓർഡർ ഉണ്ടെന്നും അത് DLMC മീറ്റിങ്ങിൽ ചർപ്പ ചെയ്യണമെന്ന് കളക്ടർ പറഞ്ഞിട്ടുള്ളതായി എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയര് അറിയിച്ചു:

രുടുത്തതായി Encroachment സർവ്വേയുടെ പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലതിരുത്തിയത് Encroachment സർവ്വേ മുഴുവൻ പുർത്തികരിച്ചതായി ശ്രീംഅജയ്കൂമാർ, ഹെഡ് ക്ലാർക്ക് വെന്യൂ ഡിവിഷണൽ ഭാഫീസ്, തിരുർ അറിയിച്ചു

തുടർന്ന് തിരുർ മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബന്ന് സ്റ്റാന്ട് STP യുടെയും മത്സ്യമാർക്കറ്റ് S1P യുടെയും പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗതിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്. മുനിസിപ്പൽ ബസ് സ്റ്റാന്റ് STP പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചിട്ടുളളതാണെന്നും, ത്രീഫേസ് കണക്ഷനുവേണ്ടി. യുടെ സിവിൽ വർക്ക് ഒക.എന്ന്.ഇ.ലെയിലേക്ക് അപേക്ഷ സമർപ്പിക്കുകയും ആയതിന്റെ അടിസ്ഥാനത്തിൽ കെ.എസ്.ഇ.ബി പരിനോധന നടത്തു്ഡിരുന്നെന്നും നിലവിലുള്ള വയറിങ്ങ് സംവിധാനം മുഴുവൻ മാറ്റിയതിന് ശേഷം മാത്രമേ ത്രീഫേസ് കണക്ഷൻ നൽകാൻ കഴിയുകയുള്ളു എന്നാണ് അറിയിച്ചത്. ആയതിനായി തുടർ നടപടികൾ മുനിസിപ്പാലിറ്റിയിൽ നിന്നും സൂപ്പർവൈസർ അറിയിച്ചു. തിനുര് നംികരിക്കുന്നതായി (ശ്രീജീവരാജ് ഫെൽത്ത് മുതിന്ധിപ്പാലിട്ടിയിക്ക് മലിനീകരണഗ്രിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിന്റെ MSW ഭാതമൊസേഷൻ ലഭിപ്പിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും അത് വട്ടെന്നു ക്നെയാണെന്നും എന്നാഭയാണ്മെന്റൽ എങ്കിനിയർ അറിയിച്ചു. സെഗുമാന്കഴു് STP യുടെ വർക്ക് സർക്കാൻ ബംഗ്രീകൃത എടുൻസിയാനം IRTC-ക്ക് കൈരാഗിലിട്ടാണാന്റെ എസ്റ്റിമേറ്റ് നൽകിലിട്ടുംബാന്നും ശ്രീ. നിറശാജ് അറിലിച്ചു ന്നത്തില്ലാന് കടിതികത്തെ നിത്രത്തനെ അഫിസിൽ നിന്നും പതിനോധനം നടത്തിലത്തിന്റെ accimumulas STP agus alidentati (exudipational പുരോഗങ്ങു ക്രോസില്കുന്നതാലാണ് അവിതാനി കഴിക്കത്. എന്നവൽ മത്സുമാർക്കറ്റ് STP

മത്സ്യമാർക്കറ്റ് STP യിൽ എത്തിച്ചേരുന്നതായാണ് കാണാൻ കഴിഞ്ഞത് അറവുശാലയിൽ നടത്തിയ പരിശോധനയിൽ നിർമ്മാണ പ്രവർത്തനങ്ങൾ പുരോഗമിച്ചുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്നതായി കാണപ്പെട്ടതെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു. അറവുശാലക്കായുളള ബയോഗ്യാസ് പ്ലാന്റ് , ETP എന്നിവയുടെ അനുമതി ശുച്തതിഷൻ ടെക്നിക്കൽ നൽകിയിട്ടില്ലെന്നും അത് റിവൈസ് ചെയ്ത് കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ടെന്നും ശ്രീ.ജീവരാജ് അറിയിച്ചു. മലിനീകരണ നിയന്ത്രണ ബോർഡിന്റെ മുഖ്യ കാര്യാലയത്തിൽ നിന്നും STP യുടെ പ്രവർത്തന പൂരോഗതി അനേഷിച്ച് വിളിച്ചിരുന്നെന്നും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നിയന്ത്രണ അറിയിച്ചു. ബോർഡിന്റെ അനുമതിക്കായി മലിനീകരണ അപേക്ഷ സമർപ്പിക്കുകയും എത്രയും പെട്ടെന്ന് പ്രവർത്തന സജ്ജമാക്കാനും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിന് യർ നിർദ്ദേശിക്കുകയുണ്ടായി.

അവസാനമായി ഇറിഗേഷൻ വകുപ്പിന്റെ പ്രവർത്തന പുരോഗശിയാണ് വിലയിരുത്തിയത്, കുട്ടായി റെഗുലേറ്ററിന്റെ മെക്കാനിക്കൽ വർക്ക് 10 ശതമാസം പൂർത്തീകരിച്ചതായി എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എങ്ങിനീയർ ശ്രീ.അജ്മൽ അറിയിച്ചു. തിരൂർ പൊന്നാനി പുഴയുടെ വലത് ഭാഗത്തുളള ബണ്ട് ശക്തിപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിനായി ഫണ്ട് നാളിതുവരെ ലഭിച്ചിട്ടില്ലെന്നും എക്സിക്യൂട്ടീവ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ അറിയിച്ചു.

ഗ്രനണ്ട് വാട്ടർ വകുപ്പിന് ആക്ഷൻ പ്ലാനിൽ പ്രത്യേകിച്ചൊന്നും ചെയ്യാനില്ലെന്നാണ് അസിസ്റ്റന്റ് എഞ്ചിനീയർ ശ്രീ.ജോഷിലാൽ അറിയിച്ചത്. മീറ്റിങ്ങിൽ പങ്കെടുത്ത എല്ലാവർക്കും എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എഞ്ചിനീയർ നന്ദി അറിയിച്ചു.

12.10 pm–ന് വീഡിയോ കോൺഹറൻസ് അവസാനിച്ചു.

എൻവയോൺമെന്റൽ എങ്ങിനീയർ

മലപ്പൂറം 17.11.2022